United States Environmental Protection Agency Region V POLLUTION REPORT

Date: Tuesday, September 8, 2009

From: Steven Renninger, On-Scene Coordinator

Subject: Initial POLREP (OU#4)

Behr Dayton Thermal Products VOC Plume Site

1600 Webster Street, Dayton, OH

Latitude: 39.7828173 Longitude: -84.1823135

POLREP No.: 1 Site #: B5FH

Reporting August 5 through September 4,

Period: 2009

Response

Start Date: 8/5/2009 Response Type: PRP Oversight

D.O. #:

Demob Date: NPL Status: NPL

Completion Date: Incident Category: Removal Action

CERCLIS ID #: Contract #

RCRIS ID #:

Site Description

The Behr Dayton Thermal Products Facility (Behr-Dayton facility) is located at 1600 Webster Street, Dayton, Montgomery County, Ohio. The Behr-Dayton facility manufactures vehicle air conditioning and engine cooling systems at the facility. Old Carco LLC (f/k/a Chrysler LLC) owned and operated the Behr-Dayton facility from at least 1937 until April of 2002.

In April 2002, Behr Dayton Thermal Systems, LLC purchased and began operation at the facility.

During the years that Old Carco operated at the facility, the chemical trichloroethylene (TCE) was stored in underground storage tanks (USTs) and used for various processes. Over the years, TCE was released from the USTs and contaminated the shallow groundwater beneath the facility.

Due to the contamination, Old Carco contracted Earth Tech to design, install, and operate two systems for the remediation of soil and groundwater contamination under the Behr-Dayton facility, with TCE as the main contaminant of concern. Earth Tech installed a Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) system on the Behr-Dayton facility property for soil remediation and began operation in October 2003. The system was operated through December 2005. Earth Tech installed a groundwater remediation system on the Behr-Dayton facility property and began operation in June 2004.

The TCE-contaminated ground water is migrating to the south/southwest through residential and commercial areas. The Site extends in a south-southwesterly direction towards State Route 4 and Interstate 75.

Earth Tech has conducted groundwater monitoring on a network of 75 on-site and off-site groundwater monitoring wells since 2001. In 2003, the following monitoring wells were sampled and contained elevated levels of TCE: MW010s (17,000 ppb), MW028s (9,600 ppb), and MW029s (16,000 ppb). These monitoring wells are located along the southern perimeter of the Behr-Dayton facility (MW010s) or in the adjacent neighborhood (MW028s and MW029s).

On September 28, 2006, Earth Tech submitted quarterly groundwater sampling results to Ohio EPA. In the report, Earth Tech stated that one shallow groundwater monitoring well, MW038s, which is located at the intersection of Daniel Street and Lamar Street (residential area south of Behr Dayton facility), contained a TCE concentration of 3,900 ppb. Groundwater in the area of the Behr-Dayton facility is located approximately 20 feet below ground surface.

On October 16, 2006, Ohio EPA installed a total of seven soil gas probes along Daniel Street, Lamar Street and Milburn Avenue to evaluate potential risk posed by vapor intrusion from the TCE groundwater plume. Vapor intrusion is the migration of volatile chemicals from the subsurface into overlying buildings

(Note - A fact sheet for Vapor Intrusion can be viewed in the Documents Section of the Site Website). The depth of the soil gas probes were approximately one to two feet above the depth of groundwater (20 feet bgs).

Ohio EPA soil gas analytical results detected TCE concentrations at the following levels:

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SG-1 = 120,000 parts per billion by volume (ppbv)

SG-2 = 70,000 ppbv

SG-3 = 160,000 ppbv

SG-4 = 140,000 ppbv

SG-5 = 13,000 ppbv

SG-6 = 16,000 ppbv

SG-7 = 12,000 ppbv
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Ohio EPA observed TCE concentrations in the shallow soil gas as high as 160,000 and 140,000 ppbv, in samples SG-3 and SG-4, respectively.

In November, 2006, U.S. EPA requested the assistance of the Ohio Department of Health (ODH) and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) to recommend residential and commercial vapor intrusion sub-slab and indoor air screening levels for TCE. The following TCE screening levels were established for the site:

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Residential Sub-Slab = 4 ppbv
Residential Indoor Air = 0.4 ppbv
Commercial Sub-Slab = 17 ppbv
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Commercial Indoor Air = 1.7 ppbv

On November 6, 2006, Ohio EPA requested assistance from U.S. EPA to conduct a vapor intrusion investigation south of the Behr-Dayton facility. In October and November 2006, the U.S. EPA collected sub-slab air samples from eight residences located along Milburn Avenue, Daniel Street and Leo Street. TCE concentrations were detected at the following concentrations:

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EPA-01 (dup) = 980 ppbv

EPA-02 = 18,000 ppbv

EPA-03 = 16,000 ppbv

EPA-04 = 260 ppbv

EPA-05 = 62,000 ppbv

EPA-06 = 3,700 ppbv

EPA-07 = 49 ppbv

EPA-08 = 62,000 ppbv
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EPA-01 = 14,000 ppbv

The results of the sub-slab testing indicated that eight samples exceeded the ODH and ATSDR residential TCE sub-slab screening level of 4 ppbv, with a maximum TCE concentration of 62,000 ppbv in samples EPA-03 and EPA-08.

Based on ODH and ATSDR recommendations, the U.S. EPA followed sub-slab air sampling with indoor air sampling at the eight residential locations in November 2006. TCE concentrations were detected at the following concentrations:

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EPA-01 = 1.2 ppbv
EPA-02 = 180 ppbv
EPA-03 = 130 ppbv
EPA-04 = 13 ppbv
EPA-05 = 260 ppbv
EPA-06 = 7.5 ppbv
EPA-07 = 0.4 ppbv
EPA-08 = 49 ppbv
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The results of the indoor air sampling indicated that seven samples exceeded the ODH and ATSDR residential TCE indoor air screening level of 0.4 ppbv, with a maximum TCE indoor air concentration of 260 ppbv in sample EPA-05.

On December 19, 2006, an Administrative Order by Consent (AOC) was signed between U.S. EPA and

Chrysler (aka Old Carco). Under the AOC, Chrysler conducted the following activities under two U.S. EPA-approved work plans from December 2006 through July 2009:

- 1) Developed and implemented a Site Health and Safety Plan, including an Emergency Contingency Plan;
- 2) Conducted vapor intrusion sampling at a combination of 118 residential, commercial and industrial properties;
- 3) Installed interior TCE vapor abatement systems in 56 structures impacted by TCE where the applicable Indoor Air Screening Level for TCE was exceeded. Abatement systems include installation of a sub-slab vapor removal system, sealing cracks in walls and floor of the basement, and/or sealing or fixing drains that could be a pathway;
- 4) Developed and implemented a vapor abatement system proficiency sampling plan to confirm that the applicable Indoor Air Screening Level was achieved for TCE following installation of the vapor abatement systems; and
- 5) Installed a residential SVE system that supplements the vapor abatement systems that were installed in properties bounded by Leo Street, Daniel Street, Lamar Street and Milburn Avenue.

From November 2007 through September 2008, U.S. EPA conducted a U.S. EPA-funded removal action in areas south, southwest and west of the Behr-Dayton facility following a formal dispute with Old Carco as to the exact location of the TCE plume. During the removal action, U.S. EPA completed the following activities:

- 1) Collected vapor intrusion samples from 277 residential properties; and
- 2) Installed 149 vapor abatement mitigation systems in residential properties that showed sub-slab TCE concentrations greater than the residential screening level established by ODH and ATSDR.

On July 2, 2009, Old Carco notified its environmental consultant, AECOM (f/k/a Earth Tech) that all work would be terminated at the site due to company bankruptcy.

On July 17, 2009, a Unilateral Administrative Order (UAO) was issued by U.S. EPA to Behr Dayton Thermal Products LLC (Behr Dayton). The UAO effective date was July 31, 2009.

Under the July 2009 UAO, Behr Dayton agreed to perform the following activities under a Phase III Work Plan:

- 1) Develop and implement a Site Health and Safety Plan, including an Emergency Contingency Plan;
- 2) Operate and maintain the residential neighborhood SVE system located in the Amvets' parking lot;
- 3) Conduct annual inspections of the existing 205 vapor abatement mitigation systems located at the Site;
- 4) Upgrade the existing vapor abatement mitigation systems, as necessary, to be protective to the residents and/or occupants;
- 5) If additional locations are identified by the U.S. EPA (including but not limited to retesting of locations and newly identified locations), conduct vapor intrusion sampling. If vapor intrusion sampling indicates levels above ODH and ATSDR sub-slab screening levels, install a vapor abatement mitigation system at that location and conduct performance sampling; and
- 6) Conduct indoor air sampling at the newly constructed Salvation Army complex located at 1000 Keowee

Current Activities

On August 5, 2009, Behr Dayton issued a letter to U.S. EPA stating that it intends to comply, to the extent of its ability, with the terms of the UAO.

On August 6, 2009, Behr Dayton issued a letter to U.S. EPA formally identifying its Project Coordinator (Billy Huston) and formally designating its Contractor (AECOM).

On August 13, 2009, U.S. EPA and Behr Dayton began weekly meetings to discuss project updates. U.S. EPA also conducted a meeting with representatives from Behr VOC Area Leaders (BVOCAL) to update the local community group on the project status.

During the week of August 17, 2009, U.S. EPA distributed over 700 fact sheets in the McCook Field Neighborhood announcing the September 1st EPA public meeting. The fact sheets explained the importance of the meeting and the need to have property owners and tenants (if applicable) sign new access agreements to give U.S. EPA and Behr Dayton personnel permission to enter the property for inspection and/or sampling activities. A copy of the U.S. EPA mailer is included in the Documents Section of the Site Website.

On August 24, 2009, Behr Dayton submitted a DRAFT Phase III work plan.

On August 27, 2009, a project command post was establisted at 919 North Keowee. In addition, Behr

Dayton submitted a revised DRAFT Phase III work plan.

On September 1, 2009, U.S. EPA conducted a public meeting at Kiser Elementary School. Approximately 100 people attended the meeting. EPA RPM Stacey Coburn updated the status of the site remedial investigation and EPA OSC Steve Renninger updated the status of the on-going removal action with Behr Dayton.

On September 3, 2009, U.S. EPA issued a letter to Behr Dayton formally approving the final version of the Phase III work plan. A complete copy of the Phase III work plan can be found in the documents section of the Site Website.

On September 3, 2009, AECOM began inspecting properties where a vapor abatement system was installed. Inspection activities include the following, but not limited to:

- System vacuum/pressure readings (header and sub-slab probe)
- Confirm operation of the blower fan
- Confirm padlock is attached to the on/off switch
- Visual inspection of system piping and components
- Inspection of floor and wall seals
- Confirm operation with residents
- · Confirm a copy of the Operation and Maintenance manual is in the residence and updated as necessary

AECOM continued weekly inspections of the residential SVE system and completed collecting an SVE system effluent air sample.

Planned Removal Actions

- 1) Operate and conduct weekly inspections of the residential SVE system located in the Amvets' parking lot.
- 2) Collect monthly SVE system effluent air samples through 2009 and then twice a year (June and December) starting in 2010.
- 3) Conduct annual inspections of the existing 205 vapor abatement mitigation systems located at the Site;
- 4) Upgrade the existing vapor abatement mitigation systems, as necessary, to be protective to the residents and/or occupants;
- 5) In properties that were previously sampled once by either U.S. EPA or Chrysler and determined not to require a system, collect up to two additional sub-slab samples every other year (2009 and 2011). If the sub-slab sample shows a TCE concentration greater than the TCE sub-slab screening level, a mitigation system will be installed. If three consecutive sub-slab samples (for example 2007, 2009 and 2011) show TCE levels below the TCE sub-slab screening level, there will be No Further Action at the property.
- 6) If newly identified locations are identified by the U.S. EPA, conduct sub-slab vapor intrusion sampling. If vapor intrusion sampling indicates levels above ODH and ATSDR sub-slab screening levels, install a vapor abatement mitigation system at that location and conduct performance sampling; and
- 7) Conduct indoor air sampling at the newly constructed Salvation Army complex located at 1000 Keowee

Next Steps

- 1) AECOM to continue system inspections.
- 2) U.S. EPA to continue weekly meetings with Behr Dayton and with BVOCAL representatives.
- 3) U.S. EPA to mail out a cover letter and access agreement form along with a pre-postage envelope to the 160+ properties who have yet to sign an access agreement allowing AECOM to inspect its vapor abatement mitigation system.
- 4) U.S. EPA to mail out a cover letter and access agreement form along with a pre-postage envelope to properties who are eligible to be RE-TESTED and to properties that are eligible to be tested who have never been sampled. The location of these properties are within the Area of Concern Map which can be viewed in the Documents Section of the Site Website.

Key Issues

A project command post has been set up at:

U.S. EPA Command Post 919 North Keowee Street Dayton, OH 45404 (937) 222-2125

The command post hours of operation are Thursdays 9am to 6 pm.

