

United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region I
POLLUTION REPORT

Date: Thursday, September 18, 2008

From: Melanie Morash

Subject: Progress Report

Birch Swamp Road Site
Birch Swamp Road, Warren, RI
Latitude: 41.7453000
Longitude: -71.2586000

POLREP No.:	2	Site #:	01ER
Reporting Period:		D.O. #:	85
Start Date:	8/5/2008	Response Authority:	CERCLA
Mob Date:	8/5/2008	Response Type:	Time-Critical
Demob Date:		NPL Status:	Non NPL
Completion Date:		Incident Category:	Removal Action
CERCLIS ID #:	RIN000105871	Contract #	68-W-03-037
RCRIS ID #:			

Site Description

The one acre Birch Swamp Road Site (the Site) is located in Warren, Rhode Island, off of an unnamed, unpaved access road that runs east-to-west, intersecting Birch Swamp Road to the west.

EPA conducted environmental investigations at the Site in July 2007, April and August 2008. Sampling results indicated elevated levels of heavy metals (including lead) and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) to be present in surface soils at the Site, exceeding the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management's (RIDEM) most stringent residential cleanup criteria. For additional information on the Site background please refer to "POLREP #1 – Initiation of Action."

The current EPA cleanup is addressing the lead- and PCB-contaminated surface soils on the property.

Current Activities

Excavation work began during the first week of September, with contaminated soils being stockpiled in a staging area located within the foundation footprint.

The contaminated area has been divided into 22 square or rectangular grids. Each grid is excavated down to 6 inches below ground surface (bgs) and subsequently sampled along the floor and perimeter sidewalls. Additional rounds of 6 inch excavations and sampling are performed if sample results do not meet the cleanup criteria, up to a maximum of 3 feet bgs.

To date, 5 of the 22 grids have been completed, achieving the site cleanup criteria. These grids were excavated to depths ranging from 6 inches to 2 feet bgs.

The Warren Department of Public Works (DPW) is sharing their water source with EPA for the cleanup. EPA's water truck refills daily at the DPW and is used to keep all road and soil surfaces moist and from dust. The effectiveness of the dust controls is being verified by air monitoring. To date, no exceedences of any site air quality criteria have occurred.

Next Steps

Once excavation work is completed, the following activities will be undertaken as part of the cleanup action:

- Test pitting in areas suspected to contain buried metal debris (e.g., drums) that may be causing or contributing to the soil contamination;
- Backfilling of excavations with clean fill materials;
- Removal of contaminated materials for off-site disposal at EPA-approved disposal facilities; and
- Repairs to areas disturbed by site activities, for example, by applying topsoil, re-seeding, and plantings.

Key Issues

The funding ceiling for the Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team (START) contractor was increased from the project's contingency fund, from \$27,000 to \$99,699. This additional funding was necessary to cover costs associated with the magnetometer survey work and soil sampling.

A magnetometer and "terrain conductivity" survey of the Site took place on August 18 and 19, 2008, resulting in the identification of several areas on the Site suspected to contain subsurface metal debris that might be causing or contributing to the surface soil contamination.

Test pitting was conducted on September 17, 2008 in one of the suspect areas, under the supervision of ordnance experts, who were retained as a precautionary measure based on information provided by a neighbor who had recalled that specific area being used as a sorting and possible disposal site for spent munitions. In exploring this area no ordnance material was found, however crews did uncover miscellaneous construction and demolition debris (scrap metal, metal piping and sheeting, asphalt, brick, concrete, etc.) and numerous tires (many still containing the steel rims), the metal in which is the likely source of the anomalies detected during the magnetometer survey.

Estimated Costs *

	Budgeted	Total To Date	Remaining	% Remaining
Extramural Costs				
ERRS - Cleanup Contractor - SHAW	\$600,000.00	\$68,718.00	\$531,282.00	88.55%
START - Superfund Tech. Asst. Contractor - Weston	\$99,699.00	\$55,316.00	\$44,383.00	44.52%
Contingency	\$52,701.00	\$0.00	\$52,701.00	100.00%
ESAT - Environmental Services Contractor - TECHLAW	\$756.41	\$756.41	\$0.00	0.00%
Intramural Costs				
USEPA - Direct (Region, HQ)	\$11,993.75	\$11,993.75	\$0.00	0.00%
USEPA - InDirect	\$15,485.89	\$15,485.89	\$0.00	0.00%
Total Site Costs	\$780,636.05	\$152,270.05	\$628,366.00	80.49%

* The above accounting of expenditures is an estimate based on figures known to the OSC at the time this report was written. The OSC does not necessarily receive specific figures on final payments made to any contractor(s). Other financial data which the OSC must rely upon may not be entirely up-to-date. The cost accounting provided in this report does not necessarily represent an exact monetary figure which the government may include in any claim for cost recovery.

response.epa.gov/birchswamp

POLREP #2 Last Updated 9/22/2008