

RECORD OF DECISION

**BAGHURST SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY,
PENNSYLVANIA**



**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION III
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA
MAY 2022**

**BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
RECORD OF DECISION**

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AR	Administrative Record
ARARs	Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements
AUL	Activity and Use Limitations
bgs	Below Ground Surface
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended
COC	Contaminant of Concern
COPC	Contaminant of Potential Concern
CSM	Conceptual Site Model
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
FS	Feasibility Study
FYR	Five-Year Review
GWCS	Groundwater Cleanup Standard
HHRA	Human Health Risk Assessment
HI	Hazard Index
HQ	Hazard Quotient
ICs	Institutional Controls
ISCO	In Situ Chemical Oxidation
ISTR	In Situ Thermal Remediation
MCHD	Montgomery County Health Department
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
mg/kg	Milligrams per Kilogram
mg/L	Milligrams per Liter
MW	Monitoring Well
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NCP	National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan
NPL	National Priorities List
O&M	Operation and Maintenance
PADEP	Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection
PCE	perchloroethylene
PRAP	Proposed Remedial Action Plan
PSG	Passive Soil Gas
RA	Remedial Action
RAO	Remedial Action Objective
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RD	Remedial Design
RG	Remediation Goal
RI	Remedial Investigation
ROD	Record of Decision
RSL	Regional Screening Levels
SLERA	Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment
SVOC	Semi-Volatile Organic Compound
TCE	Trichloroethylene
TBC	To Be Considered
UECA	Pennsylvania Uniform Environmental Covenants Act
UU/UE	Unlimited Use/Unrestricted Exposure

µg/dL	Micrograms per Deciliter
µg/L	Micrograms per Liter
µg/m ³	Micrograms per Cubic Meter
VI	Vapor Intrusion
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
1,1-DCA	1,1-dichloroethane
1,1-DCE	1,1-dichloroethene
1,1,1-TCA	1,1,1-trichloroethane

I. DECLARATION

**BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

RECORD OF DECISION

**RECORD OF DECISION
BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE**

DECLARATION

Site Name and Location

Baghurst Drive Superfund Site
Upper Salford Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania
CERCLIS ID Number PAN000306939

Statement of Basis and Purpose

This decision document presents the Selected Remedy for the Baghurst Drive Superfund Site (Site) located in Upper Salford Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania (see Figure 1). The Selected Remedy was chosen in accordance with the requirements of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601 *et seq.*, and the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 C.F.R. Part 300. This decision document explains the factual and legal basis for choosing the Selected Remedy.

This decision document is based on the Administrative Record (AR) file for the Site, which was developed in accordance with Section 113 (k) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. § 9613(k)). This AR file is available for review online at <https://semspub.epa.gov/src/collection/03/AR63703>, at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region (EPA) III Records Center in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and at the Indian Valley Public Library. The AR file index (Appendix A) identifies each document contained in the AR file upon which the selection of the remedy is based.

The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) concurred with the Selected Remedy in a letter dated May 11, 2022, Appendix D.

Assessment of the Site

The Selected Remedy in this Record of Decision (ROD) is necessary to protect the public health or welfare or the environment from actual or threatened releases of hazardous substances into the environment.

Description of the Selected Remedy

The Selected Remedy in this ROD will address contaminated sub-surface soil and groundwater at the Site. The goal of the Selected Remedy is to prevent future potential human exposure to volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the groundwater, soil, and soil gas and to prevent future release of VOCs to the environment from the impacted soil that would result in groundwater contamination in excess of the cleanup standards.

EPA, with assistance from its contractor, Tetra Tech, completed a Remedial Investigation (RI) in 2019. A Feasibility Study (FS) was completed in December 2020. The RI/FS identified unacceptable risk associated with exposure to contaminants of concern (COCs) in sub-surface soil and groundwater. The

Selected Remedy in this ROD addresses the threat from contaminated sub-surface soil and groundwater at the Site. The major components of the Selected Remedy are:

- In Situ Thermal Remediation (ISTR) to treat sub-surface soils and groundwater;
- In Situ Chemical Oxidation (ISCO) to treat groundwater hot-spot areas;
- Groundwater and vapor intrusion monitoring; and
- Institutional Controls (ICs) to prohibit the installation of new groundwater wells at the Site, to prevent disturbance of any component of the Remedial Action, and to require that new structures intended for human use or occupancy at the Site receive prior written approval from EPA, in consultation with PADEP, to ensure that any necessary vapor intrusion (VI) mitigation measures are included in this construction.

The estimated present worth cost of the Selected Remedial Action is \$6,362,000.

Statutory Determinations

The Selected Remedy is protective of human health and the environment, complies with Federal and State requirements that are applicable or relevant and appropriate to the remedial action (ARARs), is cost-effective, and utilizes permanent solutions and alternative treatment technologies to the maximum extent practicable.

The Selected Remedy will meet the statutory preference for treatment as a principal element. This remedy utilizes permanent solutions to the maximum extent practicable by treating soil and groundwater that exceed established cleanup levels.

Because the Selected Remedy will result in hazardous substances remaining at the Site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure (UU/UE) until performance standards are met, a policy review will be conducted every five years after initiation of the remedial action to ensure that the Selected Remedy is protective of human health and the environment pursuant to CERCLA Section 121(c) and 40 C.F.R. § 300.430(f)(4)(ii).

Data Certification Checklist

The following information is included in the Decision Summary of this ROD. Additional information can be found in the AR file for this remedial action.

ROD CERTIFICATION CHECKLIST	
Information	Location/Page Number
Chemicals of Concern	Section 5, pages 12-16; Section 7, page 17
Baseline risk	Section 7, page 16
Clean-up levels established for Chemicals of Concern	Section 7, page 17; Table 1, page 19
Current and reasonably anticipated future land use	Section 6, page 16

assumptions	
Potential future land and groundwater use that will be available at the Site as a result of the implementation of the Selected Remedy	Section 11, page 32
Estimated Selected Remedy cost	Section 9, page 26; Section 11, page 33
Key factors that led to selecting the remedy	Section 11, page 30

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Date: 2022.05.18 15:47:54 -05'00'

Paul Leonard, Director
Superfund and Emergency Management Division
EPA Region III

II. DECISION SUMMARY

**BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

RECORD OF DECISION

1.0 SITE NAME, LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The Baghurst Drive Superfund Site (Site) is located within the northwestern portion of Upper Salford Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania (Figure 1). The geographic coordinates of the Site are 40°17' 58.14" (40.299483) north latitude and 75°27' 18.48" (75.455133) west longitude, as measured at the intersection of Hendricks Road and Baghurst Drive. The Site includes real property located at 1926 Hendricks Road (the Farm property) and an adjacent parcel of real property located at 2110 Hendricks Road, just northwest of the Farm property (together referred to as the Hendricks Road properties), the Baghurst Drive residential community to the south of the Farm property (Figure 2), and the areal extent of a contaminated groundwater plume emanating from the Hendricks Road properties. The Farm property was formerly used for agricultural purposes and consists of nearly 52 acres adjacent to the Perkiomen Creek. The Farm property may also have been used for waste disposal by a former owner.

2.0 SITE HISTORY AND ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES

In 1999, a newly installed residential well at one of the homes in the Baghurst Drive residential community was sampled per Montgomery County Health Department (MCHD) (now known as the Montgomery County Office of Public Health) requirements for obtaining a potable use permit. The analytical results included concentrations of 1,1,1-trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA) greater than the maximum contaminant level (MCL) permitted for this contaminant under the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act. Based on this result, MCHD sampled several neighboring private wells between June and October 1999 and determined that most were also contaminated with multiple volatile organic compounds (VOCs) at levels that exceeded the applicable MCLs. Additional residential wells were subsequently sampled and found to be similarly contaminated. MCHD then requested assistance from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP), which provided laboratory services to MCHD to increase the number of homes sampled in the area.

PADEP's Hazardous Sites Cleanup Program initiated further investigation at the Site in November 1999 due to the number of residential wells impacted by the groundwater contamination. The initial investigation focused on further identifying the residences affected by the groundwater contamination and providing those affected with an alternative potable water source. PADEP immediately began supplying 27 residences with bottled drinking water, and subsequently equipped the homes with carbon filtration systems. These residences included 17 individual drinking wells and one common well that collectively served 10 additional residences. PADEP began analyzing Site groundwater for 1,4-dioxane in 2004; it was subsequently detected in several of the contaminated residential wells. PADEP began delivery of bottled drinking water to residences affected by 1,4-dioxane because that compound is typically not completely captured by carbon filtration systems due to its high degree of solubility in water.

EPA released its Hazardous Ranking System report for the Site in May 2014. This report documented that the risk to human health and the environment created by the groundwater contamination was sufficiently high to make the Site eligible for inclusion on the National Priorities List (NPL) under Section 105 of CERCLA. The Site was added to the NPL in September 2014. In June 2014, EPA performed a removal site evaluation for the residential wells impacted by the groundwater plume, including the common well serving 10 residences. Sampling conducted for this evaluation detected 1,1,1-TCA at concentrations above its Superfund removal action level of 1,000 micrograms per liter ($\mu\text{g/L}$) in two wells. 1,4-dioxane was also detected in post-carbon (treated) water at multiple residences. This evaluation prompted EPA to initiate a time-critical removal action in 2014 that included ongoing operation and maintenance of the treatment systems installed by PADEP, ongoing provision of

bottled water to the impacted residences, construction of an extension to a public water line, and installation of new lateral lines to the affected residences. In January 2022, EPA began construction of a waterline that will ultimately connect 27 homes to a local municipal water system operated by the Schwenksville Authority. Construction of the waterline is expected to be completed in late 2022.

PADEP conducted multiple Site investigations between 1999 and 2013. These investigations included sampling of multiple media, including groundwater, surface water, sediment, surface soil, and subsurface soil. In 2014, EPA directed its contractor, HydroGeoLogic, Inc. (HGL) to assemble the analytical data generated by these investigations and to construct a conceptual site model for the Site (HGL, 2014). The HGL report, which is included in the AR for this Selected Remedy, includes a detailed description of all Site activities conducted prior to the Site's inclusion on the NPL, including the installation of on-site and off-site monitoring wells and soil borings, the performance of several aquifer pumping tests, and preliminary groundwater modeling.

Since that time, EPA has evaluated remedial alternatives for the Site that would be protective of human health and the environment, comply with regulations, and address all stakeholder concerns. In May 2021, EPA completed a proposed remedial action plan (PRAP), identifying and soliciting public comment on EPA's Preferred Alternative, which is the Selected Remedy in this ROD.

3.0 COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

The RI, FS, and other AR file documents relating to the Site, are available to the public. They are located in the AR file, which can be viewed at <http://www.epa.gov/arweb>. In addition, the detailed AR file can be examined at the following locations:

U.S. EPA Administrative Records Room Administrative Records Coordinator 4 Penn Center 1600 JFK Boulevard Philadelphia, PA 19103 Phone: (215) 814-3157 Hours: Monday-Friday 8:30a.m. to 4:30p.m. By appointment	Indian Valley Public Library 100 East Church Road Avenue Telford, Pennsylvania 18969 Phone: (215) 723-9109
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General information on the Baghurst Drive Site can be found at EPA's website:
<https://semspub.epa.gov/src/collection/03/AR63703>.

The notice of availability of these documents was published in *The Lansdale Reporter* on May 11, 2021.

From May 11, 2021, to June 11, 2021, EPA held a 30-day public comment period to accept public comments on the remedial alternatives presented in the PRAP and the other documents contained within the AR file for the Site. Due to public health concerns, an in-person public meeting was not held. EPA recorded a video presentation that was published in place of a public meeting to inform local officials, interested citizens and other stakeholders about EPA's proposed cleanup plan, the Superfund process, and to receive comments on the PRAP. During the public comment period, EPA accepted written comments and responded to the comments in the Responsiveness Summary section, which is included as Section III of this ROD. The prerecorded presentation is available at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BPnk9k9VXcM>.

Cultural Investigation and National Historic Preservation Act Consultation

In 2021, EPA began consultation under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (NHPA), 54 U.S.C. § 300101 *et seq.* In a letter dated August 4, 2021, NHPA concluded that the Selected Remedy as proposed in the ROD had no effect on historic properties on the Site.

Environmental Justice

An Environmental Justice (EJ) screen was conducted for the Site on March 30, 2022. The area around the Site is not considered to be an area of potential EJ concern. EPA has worked closely with the Municipality to keep the community informed during the planning and installation of the public waterline. EPA will continue to identify additional future outreach opportunities for the Site during the RA.

4.0 SCOPE AND ROLE OF THE RESPONSE ACTION

This ROD identifies the Selected Remedy to address sub-surface soil and groundwater contamination at the Site. The Selected Remedy, described herein, will prevent current and potential future exposure to contaminated groundwater, sub-surface soil, and soil vapor through a combination of treatment and institutional controls. It will have the capability to address contaminant mass that is in the groundwater, sub-surface soils, and bedrock matrix (the pore space of the rock). It will address principal threat waste through treatment to permanently reduce the toxicity, mobility, and volume of COCs, and therefore satisfies the statutory preference for treatment as a principal element of Superfund remedial actions. It will restore groundwater at the Site for maximum beneficial use.

The Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs) are described in additional detail in Section 8 of this ROD.

5.0 SITE CHARACTERISTICS

Surface Features

The topographic high spot on the Site is located on the northern end of the Farm property and generally slopes downward west (towards the Perkiomen Creek), east (towards Stream 1), and south (towards the Baghurst Drive residential community). The Farm property is zoned Rural Residential and is not currently being used for farming. The Farm property is bounded by private residences, wooded areas, and farmland.

Site Geology and Hydrogeology

The Site geology was established from drilling activities conducted as part of the RI. The Site-specific subsurface geology is consistent with regional geologic maps produced by the United States Geological Survey and the Pennsylvania Geological Survey.

The Site is immediately underlain by a thin soil layer that is typically less than 10-feet thick until the top of bedrock. The geologic formations beneath the Site are the Brunswick and Lockatong Formations (Figure 3). The bedrock layers underlying the Site dip or tilt to the southwest at rates ranging from 14° to 19°.

The thin layer of overburden soil is not saturated and serves primarily as a medium for the temporary

storage of stormwater that infiltrates downward from the land surface. The water table (the top of the saturation zone below which the open spaces contain water) occurs within the underlying bedrock.

Rock formations can have both primary porosity (also called "matrix porosity") and secondary porosity. Primary porosity, the air-filled voids present when a rock forms, is a function of the rock's texture. Secondary porosity develops after the rock has formed by fracturing or physical breaks in the rock (e.g., joints, faults, and bedding planes). Groundwater flow in bedrock is largely controlled by this fracture network.

Groundwater flows laterally and vertically through the bedrock fractures, flowing higher elevations at the Hendricks Road properties towards the Perkiomen Creek and Stream 1, and to greater vertical depths underlying the surface water bodies.

Surface Hydrology

The direction of surface water flow is controlled by the slope of the ground surface. With exception of Stream 1 (bordering the eastern side of the Farm property), surface water on the Site is largely a result of precipitation from storm events. The Hendricks Road properties are divided by a subtle north-south ridge that bisects the Farm property. East of the ridge, the flow is toward the east and Stream 1. West of the ridge, the flow is toward the west and the Perkiomen Creek.

The Perkiomen Creek is a perennial stream (meaning water flows in it throughout the year) that flows to the south and is a major regional surface water body. The upper reach of Stream 1 is intermittent (meaning that it is sometimes dry), with flow only occurring following storm events and during the spring season. Stream 1 becomes perennial at a location adjacent to the Site. From there, it also flows to the south before joining another local stream, and eventually flowing into the Perkiomen Creek.

Nature and Extent of Contamination

Between 2015 and 2019, EPA, with assistance from its contractor, Tetra Tech, conducted a RI at the Site. The RI included a passive soil gas investigation, soil and bedrock sampling, groundwater sampling, surface water and sediment sampling, vapor intrusion sampling, and completion of a human health risk assessment (HHRA) and baseline ecological risk assessment.

Passive Soil Gas Investigation

Soil gas is gas that occurs in the dry air spaces between soil particles. EPA conducted a passive soil gas (PSG) investigation during the RI to aid in the identification of suspected contaminant hotspots at the Hendricks Road properties. In a PSG investigation, gas samplers are buried in the ground for a period of about two weeks to collect samples of the soil gas. The PSG investigation indicated that the dominant VOCs at the Site are 1,1,1-TCA; 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE); 1,1-dichloroethane (1,1-DCA); trichloroethylene (TCE); and perchloroethylene (PCE). Consistent with previous Site investigations conducted by PADEP, the principal Site VOC contaminant is 1,1,1-TCA, which was detected in the soil gas throughout all but the southwestern quadrant of the Farm property. The highest 1,1,1-TCA mass concentrations were focused in three hot-spot areas. Hot spots¹ were identified where VOC concentrations at specific locations are notably higher than the concentrations in the rest of the sample

¹ The RI identified three Hot Spot Areas: Hot Spot 1, Hot Spot 2, and Hot Spot 3. The FS renamed the Hot Spot Areas identified in the RI: Hot Spot 1 = Hot Spot Area B, Hot Spot 2 = Source Area, Hot Spot 3 = Hot Spot Area A. The FS also identified an additional Hot Spot at the southern end of the Farm Property, Hot Spot Area C. See Figure 9.

population. The largest hot spot (Hot Spot Area B) occurs along the entire eastern border of the Farm property adjacent and parallel to Stream 1. The Source Area is located along and within the tree line in the northwestern quadrant of the Farm property. Hot Spot Area A is much smaller and is located east of the tree line, near the Source Area.

The PSG investigation also indicated that the overall distribution pattern of 1,1-DCE is nearly identical to that for 1,1,1-TCA. 1,1-DCE forms through the abiotic (non-bacterial) dechlorination (breakdown) of 1,1,1-TCA, indicating that abiotic degradation is an important process at the Site. TCE, PCE, and 1,1-DCA are neither widespread nor abundant at the Site and are detected at low concentrations only within the 1,1,1-TCA Hot Spot locations. While 1,4-dioxane is present in groundwater, it was not identified during the PSG investigation, likely due to its higher solubility in groundwater (meaning it readily dissolves in groundwater).

Soil

During the RI, the condition of the soils located within the VOC Hot Spots was investigated through drilling 18 soil borings completely through the soils and to the top of bedrock within the Hot Spots (See Figure 4). Overall, the highest VOC concentrations were detected in the soil immediately overlying the top of bedrock.

For the soil investigation, the Source Area was divided into an eastern segment (located on the Farm property) and a western segment (located up to and across the property line of the Farm property and onto an adjacent property). In the eastern segment the maximum detected soil concentrations included TCE at 24 micrograms per kilogram ($\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$), PCE at 3.3 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$, 1,1-DCE at 11 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$, 1,1-DCA at 0.9 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$, and 1,1,1-TCA at 20 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$. The SVOC, 1,4-dioxane, was also detected here at a concentration of 1.4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ at the soil/bedrock interface. The maximum concentrations of VOCs in the western segment of the Source Area included 1,1,1-TCA at 10,000 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$; 1,1-DCE at 2,300 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$; and TCE at 1,100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$. Again, all detections were from the soil collected just above the top of bedrock. 1,4-dioxane, was not detected in the western segment soil borings.

At Hot Spot Area A, the maximum VOC concentrations included 1,1,1-TCA at 630 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$; 1,1-DCE at 31 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$, and 1,1-DCA at 0.85 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$. Soil contamination was less widespread in Hot Spot Area B where 1,1,1-TCA was detected at a maximum concentration of 37 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$.

Sampling results demonstrate a correlation between the specific VOCs detected in the soil/bedrock interface and those detected through the PSG investigation. The VOC concentrations in the soil are low and are not indicative of contaminated source areas that are capable of creating a groundwater plume of the magnitude that occurs at this Site. In addition, the shallower soil at any location is typically not contaminated, and the highest VOC concentrations consistently occur at the soil/bedrock interface, suggesting that either the Hot Spots are not the areas where the chemicals were originally disposed of, or that over time the VOCs that were originally concentrated near the surface have dissolved into the infiltrating storm water or traveled downward as free product and accumulated near the top of bedrock, where the water encounters fewer pathways within which to travel.

An evaluation was done to determine whether metals detected in on-site soils were statistically significantly greater than background. The evaluation concluded that aluminum, chromium, thallium, and vanadium were within Site-specific background concentrations and were not Site-related. Therefore, these metals have not been included as COCs for the Site.

Bedrock

EPA conducted a bedrock matrix diffusion investigation to determine if VOC contamination may have diffused into the bedrock matrix (pore spaces within rock) in the shallow bedrock. To do this investigation, continuous cores of the bedrock were drilled, brought to the surface, crushed, and sampled for VOCs. The core locations included the VOC Hot Spots identified through the PSG investigation, areas in proximity to VOC Hot Spots identified in the shallow groundwater, and potential upstream source areas suggested by the analysis of the Site's groundwater flow patterns and directions (See Figure 5).

The bedrock core drilled within the Source Area revealed that this area is located at or very near the original source of contamination. 1,1,1-TCA was detected in the bedrock matrix at concentrations as high as 15,500 µg/kg. Based on the physical characteristics of the bedrock, this VOC level will produce an estimated water concentration as high as 65,000 micrograms per liter (µg/L), if the 1,1,1-TCA back-diffuses from the rock matrix into the groundwater. This estimated concentration is consistent with the highest concentrations that have been measured in the Site monitoring wells (See Figure 5), and strongly indicates that the Source Area is the primary source area for the Site contamination.

Dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) is present at the Site and primarily composed of the COC 1,1,1-TCA. The "dense" refers to the fact that the chemical is denser than water and will sink when placed in water, and the concentration of the chemical is as high as it can physically reach. DNAPL acts as a continuing source of groundwater contamination as it contributes to dissolved-phase contamination. DNAPL has not been directly observed during the Site investigation, but the high detections near the Source Area (which are greater than 1% of the compound's effective solubility, or 13,340 µg/L) is an indication that DNAPL may actually be present in the immediate Source Area. This indication is significant because DNAPL is considered a principal threat waste that will continue to act as a source of contamination as long as it remains present.

At the other bedrock coring locations, the VOC concentrations within the shallowest bedrock matrix and groundwater are generally low and not indicative of major source areas. Importantly, the highest VOC concentrations at these locations are found deeper in the bedrock, below the water table, within fractures through which the groundwater is traveling. These VOC concentrations strongly indicate that, rather than being disposed of at these locations, the contaminants have traveled here from the Source Area as a dissolved phase chemical within the flowing groundwater plume.

Groundwater

The principal constituents of the groundwater plume are 1,1,1-TCA, 1,1-DCE, 1,1-DCA, TCE, and PCE, and 1,4-dioxane. Metals are present in groundwater at the Site. Their presence and concentrations do not exhibit a strong correlation with the VOCs and, unlike the VOCs, their distributions do not form a discernible plume.

The lateral extent of the groundwater plume was delineated by mapping the concentrations of selected Site contaminants in the shallow and deep groundwater as measured in the October 2017 sampling event. The VOC, 1,1,1-TCA, was selected for mapping because it is the most abundant and widespread Site contaminant, and the SVOC, 1,4-dioxane, was also selected because it extends furthest laterally in the aquifer. The groundwater plume map is included as Figure 6.

The plume map indicates that a plume of contaminated groundwater originates at the Hendricks Road

properties and extends southward and downgradient into the neighboring residential community, for a lateral distance of approximately 3,000 feet. EPA installed a pair of shallow and deep “sentinel” wells at a location approximately 3,400 feet downgradient from the suspected Source Area. No Site chemicals were detected in these wells, so the downgradient or farthest extent of the groundwater plume has likely been defined.

As discussed above, the shallow groundwater within the eastern portion of the VOC plume flows to the east and discharges, or flows, into Stream 1. Stream 1 is the eastern boundary of the Site and the VOC plume. The western and southwestern portion of the VOC plume is hypothesized to discharge to Perkiomen Creek, as regional groundwater flow patterns indicate that the plume does not flow beneath the Creek.

Surface Water

Site-related VOCs were detected at multiple locations within Stream 1 (See Figure 7). The highest concentrations were detected at the locations where the VOC groundwater plume likely discharges into the stream, demonstrating a direct connection between the groundwater and the surface water in this area. No VOCs were detected upstream of this area, indicating that the northern segment of the stream is not impacted by the plume and reinforcing the conclusion that the groundwater plume is the source of the VOCs detected in the southern portion of the stream. The SVOC 1,4-dioxane was also detected at the locations containing the highest VOC concentrations, reinforcing the conclusion that the 1,4-dioxane is migrating in the groundwater plume with the VOCs. No VOCs were detected within Perkiomen Creek (Creek). Low concentrations of 1,4-dioxane were detected at three locations within the Creek, but two of these locations are upstream of the Site indicating these detections are not attributable to the Site and making the origin of the third detection uncertain.

The composition and concentrations of inorganics (metals) in surface water are very similar to those found in groundwater, suggesting that the discharge of area groundwater into surface water exerts a strong influence on the chemistry of the surface water. In addition, surface water concentrations detected at upstream sampling locations are similar to those detected in samples located downstream of the Site, indicating that these are naturally occurring metals and are not related to the disposal of Site wastes.

Sediment

1,1-DCA was detected at one sediment sampling location (See Figure 8) where the groundwater plume likely discharges within Stream 1. Methylene chloride was also detected at multiple locations within Stream 1 sediment at locations where other Site-related VOCs were detected in either surface water or at the groundwater/surface water interface. 1,4-dioxane was consistently detected in Stream 1 sediment both upstream and downstream of the Site. The upstream 1,4-dioxane detections occur several hundred feet upstream of the first detections of other Site COCs. Similar to the conclusions drawn for the surface water, it appears that, although 1,4-dioxane has been shown to be a chemical that was deposited at the Site, there appear to be additional source(s) of 1,4-dioxane in the area.

1,4-Dioxane was not detected in sediment samples collected from the Perkiomen Creek. However, multiple other SVOCs were detected in the Creek sediment. Although these SVOCs were also detected in Site soil (suggesting that their detections in sediment may be Site-related), many of the sediment detections occur upstream of the Site. Many of these SVOCs are a common by-product of human activity, such as burning fuels such as wood, coal, and gasoline.

Similarly, metals concentrations in sediment frequently exceeded project screening criteria, but the distribution of the metals in sediment does not suggest that their occurrence is related to or caused by the disposal of the Site-related wastes and does suggest that they are naturally occurring in the environment. Many of the elevated metals detections occur upstream of site-related detections of COCs.

Vapor Intrusion

Subslab vapor, indoor air, and outdoor (ambient) air samples were collected throughout the project area to determine the impact of the Site groundwater plume on the subslab vapor and air, and to identify and assess any individual residential risks created by this contaminant migration pathway. The source of the subslab vapor is the groundwater plume, where the VOCs migrate from groundwater into soil gas and become trapped below the structural slabs on their way into the atmosphere. VOC vapor has the potential to travel through cracks in the slabs and move into the living or breathing areas of the residences.

EPA delineated the vapor intrusion project area based on the defined extent of the groundwater plume, which included residences along Baghurst Drive and Hendricks Road. Two rounds of subslab vapor, indoor air, and outdoor air sampling were conducted to assess the potential impacts of the groundwater plume on the nearby residences located above its path. The subslab vapor samples measure the concentrations of the vapor that could potentially enter a residence. The indoor air samples measure the concentrations of vapors that may have entered a residence. The outdoor air sampling determines if any VOCs detected in the indoor air might be there because they are also present in the outdoor air rather than having migrated from beneath the building slab. In a number of indoor sample locations, 1,2-DCA, bromodichloromethane, chloroform, PCE, and TCE were present in indoor air at concentrations greater than the EPA's indoor air regional screening level. However, none of these compounds were detected in sub-slab vapor at concentrations greater than their sub-slab Vapor Intrusion Screening Level (VISLs), rendering the potential for significant vapor intrusion unlikely. Both rounds were conducted during the heating season (January and March 2016) to maximize the subslab and indoor air concentrations that may be present.

As discussed above, the groundwater contamination is present at depth in the fractured bedrock aquifer. The groundwater contaminant plume migrates from the Hendricks Road properties in the direction of the downgradient residential neighborhood. However, the contamination follows the fracture network and ultimately is present at depths extending 300 feet below ground surface in the residential area. Additionally, the groundwater contaminant plume is attenuated by the bedrock matrix, and processes such as dilution and dispersion of the groundwater plume. For these reasons, the homes in the residential neighborhood are not impacted by potential vapors emanating from the VOC plume.

Conceptual Site Model

A Conceptual Site Model (CSM) diagrams contaminant sources, contaminant release mechanisms and migration routes, exposure pathways, and potential human and ecological receptors. It documents what is known about human and environmental exposure under current and potential future Site conditions. The CSM was developed to identify if there are current, or potential future, complete human pathways. The following discussion identifies complete pathways for potential on-Site and off-Site receptors.

No source has been formally identified for on-site VOC contamination. Aerial photographs taken between 1958 and 1999 were analyzed, and earthen mounds, ground scars, probable trenches, a possible pit, a pond, and an area with distressed vegetation were identified in one or more photographs over that

time that provide evidence related to the contamination source.

Because VOCs are present in the subsurface soil and bedrock, groundwater has also become contaminated. As the groundwater migrates through the Site, downgradient subsurface soil, groundwater, surface water, and sediment may also be impacted. Overburden consisting of silt with some weathered bedrock is generally thin in the area and reaches a thickness of approximately 20 feet near the barns west of the farmhouse. This cover may limit infiltration of stormwater into the subsurface during precipitation events. Surface water flow is generally toward Stream 1 and toward the Perkiomen Creek on the western side of the Site. Groundwater generally migrates in a southern direction toward the Baghurst Drive residential community.

Generally, VOCs released to soil are readily lost by volatilization or transported to groundwater by dissolution in infiltrating precipitation. Once in the groundwater, VOCs are transported with groundwater movement through advection and dispersion. The contaminants migrate at different rates because of contaminant-specific interactions with the geologic matrix that retard their movement and diffusion into the bedrock matrix. In addition, different zones of dominant chemical compounds may appear in the contaminant plume as COCs degrade into simpler chemical compounds. The chlorinated VOCs, in particular, are subject to anaerobic degradation commonly promoted in groundwater plumes by prevailing geochemical conditions. The degradation products may be more or less toxic than the parent compounds from which they derive. Eventually, chemicals at the leading edge of the contaminant plume will be converted to non-toxic chemicals. With continued degradation, the contaminant plume will ultimately dissipate, leaving no toxic chemicals in the groundwater. Induction of additives such as lactate can accelerate the rate of degradation.

6.0 CURRENT AND POTENTIAL FUTURE LAND AND RESOURCE USES

The Farm property is zoned Rural Residential and is bounded by a mixture of private residences, wooded areas, and farmland. The Farm property is not currently used for farming and is occupied by a resident living in the farmhouse. The Farm property is actively used for hunting by a local resident via an agreement with the property owner. The Baghurst Drive residential community to the south consists of approximately 27 residences. Residents in the area obtain drinking water from privately owned wells or from a community well, which serves 10 homes. As part of a Superfund-financed removal action under CERCLA § 104(a), EPA has been supplying property owners, whose wells have been impacted by Site COCs, with carbon-filtration treatment systems and bottled water since 2014.² The removal action will also include construction of an extension to a public waterline operated by the Schwenksville Authority and installation of new lateral lines to the affected residences. Construction of the waterline extension began in January 2022 and will be completed later in 2022.

7.0 SUMMARY OF SITE RISKS

Summary of Human Health Risk Assessment

A HHRA was prepared as part of the RI to evaluate the potential human health impacts that could result from exposure to soil, sediment, surface water, and groundwater. An HHRA involves assessing the toxicity, or degree of hazard, posed by hazardous substances related to a particular site, and describes the routes by which humans could come into contact with these substances.

² PADEP supplied these homeowners with treatment systems and bottled water from 1999-2014.

The HHRA for the Site identified an unacceptable human health risk associated with the contamination in the groundwater at the Site under current and future exposure scenarios. EPA has determined that the Selected Remedy identified in this ROD is necessary to protect public health and welfare and the environment from actual or threatened releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, and contaminants into the environment.

Exposure Assessment

In accordance with EPA Region 3 guidance, risk-based screening was performed to identify contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) in the groundwater, soil, and sediment that required further evaluation during the HHRA and to determine if they are COCs. Potential receptors for this Site under current land use are trespassers, recreational users, and on-Site residents. Potential receptors evaluated in the HHRA for future land use are construction workers, trespassers, recreational users, farmers, off-site residents, and on-site residents. EPA has set a target risk range of 1×10^{-4} to 1×10^{-6} for a lifetime excess carcinogenic risk. For non-carcinogenic contaminant risks, EPA sets a target of a Hazard Index (HI) of no greater than 1.0.

Identification of Contaminants of Concern

The NCP establishes a range of acceptable cancer risk for Superfund sites from one in ten thousand to one in one million additional cancer cases, expressed in scientific notation as 1×10^{-4} to 1×10^{-6} , over a lifetime exposure to site-related contaminants. A 1×10^{-4} carcinogenic risk means that one person in ten thousand would have an increased risk for cancer, while a 1×10^{-6} carcinogenic risk means that one person in one million would have an increased risk for cancer over a lifetime exposure to site-related COCs.

Additionally, chemicals that are ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin may present non-cancer risks to different organs of the human body. The non-carcinogenic risks, or toxic effects, are expressed as a Hazard Quotient (HQ) calculated for the effect of each COPC on each target human organ; the cumulative risk is expressed as an HI. If an HI is less than 1.0, then exposure to site conditions is not expected to result in adverse effects during a lifetime or part of a lifetime. The NCP establishes an HI exceeding 1.0 as an unacceptable non-carcinogenic risk.

The COCs are determined by performing a site-specific risk analysis for each COPC and each pathway to indicate areas of current or potential future risk that exceed EPA's acceptable risk range of 1×10^{-4} to 1×10^{-6} for carcinogens or exceed an HI of 1.0 for non- carcinogens.

These risks and hazard levels indicate that there is significant potential risk to children and adults from direct exposure to contaminated groundwater. Based on the unacceptable human health risk, the Site-related COCs in groundwater include:

- 1,1,1-TCA
- 1,1,2-TCA
- 1,1-DCA
- 1,1-DCE
- 1,2-DCA
- 1,4-dioxane
- chloroform
- TCE

- vinyl chloride

Risk Characterization

Carcinogenic Risk:

Cumulative incremental lifetime cancer risks for future farmers (2×10^{-3}), future off-site residents (9×10^{-4}), and future on-site residents (1×10^{-4}) exceeded the acceptable level of 1×10^{-4} . The unacceptable risks are due to Site-related contamination in groundwater. No potentially unacceptable current or future human health risks associated with exposure to sediment or surface water were identified.

Noncarcinogenic risk:

EPA also evaluates the risks of effects other than cancer (noncarcinogenic effects) from chemical exposure. These noncarcinogenic risks are assessed using the HQ.

The HQ is calculated for each chemical, and the HQs are added for a total HI. Ultimately, only chemicals that affect the same target organs are added together and the goal is for the target organ HI to be 1.0 or less. The NCP establishes an HI exceeding 1.0 as an unacceptable non-carcinogenic risk.

Under the reasonable maximum exposure scenarios for current and future land use, the cumulative HIs for future child farmers (HI=10), future adult farmers (HI=27), future off-site child residents (HI=7), future off-site adult residents (HI=26), future on-site child residents (HI=10), and future on-site adult residents (HI=26) exceeded the acceptable level of 1. The unacceptable risks summarized above are due to Site-related contamination in groundwater. No potentially unacceptable current or future human health risks associated with exposure to sediment or surface water were identified. An unacceptable risk for exposure to manganese in soil was identified for a future on-Site construction worker, but this risk is attributable to background conditions and is not related to contaminant release at the Site.

Summary of Ecological Risk Assessment

An ecological risk assessment (ERA) was conducted to evaluate the potential for adverse ecological impacts from Site-related contamination and to determine the need for further investigation or remedial action. The ERA evaluated Site soil data, and surface water and sediment data from the Perkiomen Creek and Stream 1. The initial screening of the analytical data identified several chemicals as COPCs because they were detected at concentrations exceeding conservative screening levels, because they had ecological effects quotients greater than 1.0 in the conservative food chain model, or because they did not have screening levels.

The selected chemicals were further quantitatively evaluated to refine the list of COPCs and to better characterize risks to ecological receptors. Risks to terrestrial plants, soil invertebrates, sediment invertebrates, aquatic organisms, birds, or mammals were evaluated. No ecological risks were identified in the Screening-Level ERA.

8.0 REMEDIAL ACTION OBJECTIVES

The RAOs for the Site have been developed to address the COCs, media and exposure pathways listed in the previous section. These RAOs will be the basis for evaluation of remedial alternatives for the Site.

The RAOs describe both the exposure pathway to be addressed as well as the acceptable risk criteria that serve as the basis for the cleanup level. The RAOs developed for groundwater, sub-surface soil and groundwater are as follows:

- Remedial Action Objectives- Groundwater/sub-surface soils:
 - Prevent future human ingestion, inhalation, or dermal contact exposure with impacted soil and groundwater with COC concentrations that present unacceptable risk to human receptors;
 - Remove principal threat waste through treatment in the Source Area;
 - Restore the groundwater aquifer to its beneficial use by reducing COC concentrations to the groundwater remediation cleanup goals (Remediation Goals or RGs), as identified for each COC in Table 1, and by ensuring long-term protectiveness;
 - Prevent migration of the groundwater contaminant plume; and
 - Prevent any discharge (either from migration of the plume or treatment of the plume) from posing an unacceptable risk to ecological receptors in the surface water at or near the Site.

- Remedial Action Objectives - Soil Vapor:
 - Prevent future human inhalation exposure due to intrusion of soil vapor COC concentrations that would result in an unacceptable risk to human health.

When it has been determined that all Remediation Goals have been achieved, residual risks from exposure to Site contaminants must be re-evaluated to ensure long-term protectiveness has been achieved. The evaluation will be based on an assessment of the cumulative risk across all applicable exposure routes for all COCs remaining in groundwater following achievement of the remedial goals.

Table 1. Groundwater Remediation Goal

COC	Remediation Goal (RG) in $\mu\text{g/L}$	Basis
1,1,1-TCA	200	MCL
1,1,2-TCA	5	MCL
1,1-DCA	31	MSC
1,1-DCE	7	MCL
1,2-DCA	5	MCL
1,4-dioxane	6.4	MSC
chloroform	80	MCL
TCE	5	MCL
vinyl Chloride	2	MCL

MCL - Maximum contaminant level (Federal).

MSC - Medium-specific concentration for organic regulated substances in groundwater (Pennsylvania).

9.0 DESCRIPTION OF REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES

The remedial alternatives, presented below in Table 2, were evaluated in consideration of the RAOs listed in the previous section. CERCLA and the NCP require that the alternative chosen to clean up a contaminated site meet several criteria. The alternative must protect human health and the environment

and attain ARARs. Permanent solutions to contamination, which reduce the volume, toxicity, or mobility of the contaminants, should be developed wherever possible. Emphasis is also placed on treating the wastes at a site whenever possible, and on applying innovative technologies to clean up the contaminants.

Table 2. Remedial Alternatives Evaluated

Alternative	Description
1	No Action
2	Groundwater Extraction
3	In Situ Chemical Oxidation of Source Area
4	In Situ Thermal Remediation of Source Area
5	In Situ Chemical Oxidation of Hot Spot Areas
6	In Situ Thermal Remediation of Source Area, and In Situ Chemical Oxidation of Hot Spot Areas

Common Elements

Each of the remedial alternatives, with the exception of *Alternative 1: No Action*, include the following common components:

Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring

Groundwater monitoring will be conducted until groundwater Remediation Goals are achieved. Groundwater samples will be collected and analyzed for 1,1,1-TCA, 1,4-dioxane, and other Site-related VOCs. Monitoring wells will be placed upgradient of the source and high-concentration areas, within the source and high-concentration areas, within the plume, and near the downgradient edge of the plume. Wells will be placed in the deep portions of the bedrock where relatively high concentrations of 1,1,1-TCA and 1,4-dioxane have been observed. A long-term monitoring plan will be prepared to identify the wells to be sampled and then analyzed. During implementation of the Remedial Action groundwater will be monitored to ensure that no discharges of the ISCO injectate occur.

Groundwater monitoring will also be used to ensure that vapor intrusion does not become an issue at the Site. As described in the *Nature and Extent of Contamination* section of this ROD, the results from the 2016 VI investigation showed that the groundwater plume was not at that time a source of subsurface vapor intrusion within the Baghurst Drive residential community. However, EPA will evaluate the need for additional VI sampling if new structures intended for human use or occupancy are proposed above or within 100 feet of the contaminated groundwater plume, or if groundwater monitoring shows COC concentrations near existing residential structures at the Site have increased by an order of magnitude, or 10 times, the current concentration for any COC.

Institutional Controls

ICs are non-engineered instruments, such as administrative and legal controls that help minimize the potential for exposure to contamination or protect the integrity of a response action. ICs typically are designed to limit land or resource use by providing information that modifies or guides people's behavior at a site. ICs for this Site will be instituted to: (i) prohibit the installation of new groundwater wells at the Site without the prior written approval of EPA, in consultation with PADEP, to minimize human exposure to unacceptable levels of contamination in groundwater; (ii) prohibit the disturbance of

any component of the Remedial Action without the prior written approval of EPA, in consultation with DEP, to ensure the integrity of the remedial action; and (iii) require the prior written approval of EPA, in consultation with DEP, for the construction of any new structures intended for human use and occupancy at the Site to minimize human exposure to unacceptable levels of vapor intrusion. Consistent with EPA policy, the activity- and use-limitations (AULs) described above will be implemented by one or more of the following categories of ICs: (a) proprietary controls, such as environmental covenants under the Pennsylvania Uniform Environmental Covenants Act (PA UECA); (b) governmental controls, such as zoning, building codes, or state or local groundwater use regulations; (c) enforcement tools, such as administrative orders under CERCLA or Pennsylvania law; or (d) informational devices, such as deed notices in county property records, listing of properties affected by Site COCs in the Pennsylvania AUL Registry, advisories, such as publicly issued warnings by federal or state health agencies to owners of private wells at the Site about COCs in groundwater at levels posing a threat to human health, or outreach to the local community and other interested persons.

Five-Year Reviews

In accordance with CERCLA Section 121(c), 42 U.S.C. § 9621(c), a performance evaluation must be conducted at least every five years when a remedial action results in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining on-Site. In addition, as a matter of policy, EPA will conduct a Five-Year Review (FYR) for any remedial action that, upon completion, will not leave hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants on-site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, but requires five years or more to complete.

For this Site, a FYR will be conducted every five years from the start of on-Site construction of the Remedial Action until the Remediation Goals have been met and a cumulative risk assessment concludes that the Remedy is protective and that unlimited use and unrestricted exposure are allowed. For the purpose of estimating costs only, a period of 30 years has been assumed. Therefore, EPA estimates that at least six FYRs will be performed for the Site within this 30-year period and will continue to be conducted after 30 years, as necessary, until Remediation Goals are achieved and a cumulative risk assessment concludes that the Selected Remedy is protective and that unlimited use and unrestricted exposure are allowed.

In addition to the common elements of the remedial alternatives discussed above, the following sections describe the additional components of each remedial alternative that EPA considered.

Description of Remedial Alternatives

The following remedial alternatives were developed and described in the FS. Total present worth costs were calculated for each alternative using an annual discount rate of 7%.

Alternative 1: No Action

<i>Capital Cost:</i>	<i>\$0</i>
<i>Total O&M Costs (30 Years Net Present Worth (NPW) Costs):</i>	<i>\$129,000</i>
<i>Total Present Worth Cost:</i>	<i>\$129,000</i>

Under Alternative 1, no action would be taken at the Site. This “no action” alternative is included because the NCP requires that a “no action” alternative be retained as a baseline alternative to which the other alternatives may be compared. This alternative would not reduce human health risks to acceptable levels and would not achieve the RAOs. Because hazardous substances will be left in place at the Site,

FYRs will be required. This alternative would not be protective of human health and will not be considered further.

Alternative 2: Groundwater Extraction and Treatment

<i>Capital Cost:</i>	<i>\$4,180,000</i>
<i>Total O&M Costs (30 Years NPW Costs):</i>	<i>\$8,388,000</i>
<i>Total Present Worth Cost:</i>	<i>\$12,568,000</i>

Alternative 2 consists of the following major components: (1) groundwater extraction, (2) groundwater treatment, (3) direct discharge, (4) ICs, and (5) groundwater and VI monitoring.

Component 1: Groundwater Extraction

It is assumed that a network of one well for containment of the center of the plume and two downgradient extraction wells would be installed at the Site. The well network would be designed and operated to hydraulically contain the on-site shallow and intermediate groundwater zones.

Pre-design investigations, including a pump test(s) and sampling and analysis of groundwater, would be conducted to provide needed information regarding the underlying aquifer characteristics for the design of the extraction system. The pump test(s) would be used to define the hydraulic conductivity, transmissivity, and hydraulic gradient of the aquifer. The investigation would include at least one aquifer pump test, slug tests, groundwater elevation monitoring, and physical analysis of aquifer materials. Testing would be conducted in that area of the Site where the extraction wells would be located. Some additional wells may be required to conduct these tests. Data obtained during the design investigation would also be used to conduct fate-and-transport analysis for determination of the length of time treatment would be needed to achieve the RAOs.

To aid in the design of an effective groundwater treatment system, extracted groundwater, representative of that which would ultimately be pumped through the treatment system, would be collected during the pump test(s) and analyzed for design-related parameters, including the COCs and other organics, total dissolved solids (TDS), total suspended solids, pH, alkalinity, hardness, total organic carbon, chemical oxygen demand, and certain inorganics. The collected water would also be used for bench-scale treatability studies, if needed, as a preliminary step to the final design.

As a significant amount of groundwater may be pumped on a daily basis to contain the center of the plume, groundwater flow modeling would be necessary to determine the effects of the pumping on downgradient wells and properties. A determination of the need for flow modeling would be made following review of the pump test and aquifer characterization data collected during the pre-design phase. Data obtained during the pre-design investigation may also be used to conduct fate-and-transport analysis for determination of the length of time treatment would be needed to achieve the RAOs and RGs, along with performance monitoring.

Component 2: Groundwater Treatment System

The extracted groundwater would be treated at an on-Site plant. Based on the technology screening conducted during the FS, air stripping using tray towers and granular activated carbon (GAC) are proven and appropriate technologies for removal of the Site COCs from groundwater. Prior to treatment in either the air strippers or GAC units, the groundwater would be pumped through a filtration unit into an equalization tank in order to regulate flow. During the remedial design, additional field and bench-scale

work would be conducted in order to determine the degree of filtration, pH adjustment, and metals removal that may be necessary to prevent fouling of the air strippers or GAC units and to meet effluent requirements.

After the air strippers or GAC units, an advanced oxidation process (AOP) would be used to remove the 1,4-dioxane. The system would be comprised of a continuous-flow hydrogen peroxide/ozone and ultraviolet (UV) system consisting of an oxygen or air source, an ozone generator or hydrogen peroxide feed system, a UV/oxidation reactor, and an ozone decomposer. HiPOx, a continuous, in-line, plug-flow AOP for water treatment utilizing hydrogen peroxide and ozone to efficiently create hydroxyl radicals that destroy organic compounds is a proven and preferred technology. The HiPOx AOP destroys contaminants with no waste residuals, while providing disinfection, eliminating other treatment steps prior to discharge to the Perkiomen Creek or Stream 1. The groundwater would be filtered to remove sediments and bulk solids prior to being treated by the HiPOx AOP.

Component 3: Discharge

Treated groundwater would be discharged to the Perkiomen Creek or to Stream 1. Sampling of treated water sampling would be required to satisfy the substantive requirements or standards that would otherwise be enforced under a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit in Pennsylvania.

Performance monitoring of the treatment system would consist of collecting monthly groundwater samples from the extraction well and final effluent of the treatment system and analyzing these samples for 1,4-dioxane, VOCs, pH, and TDS, and other analytes required by the permit.

Component 4: Institutional Controls

This component is identical to the ICs described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Component 5: Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring

This component is identical to the Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Alternative 3: In Situ Chemical Oxidation (ISCO) of Source Area

<i>Capital Cost:</i>	<i>\$539,000</i>
<i>Total O&M Costs (30 Years NPW of Costs):</i>	<i>\$997,000</i>
<i>Total Present Worth Cost:</i>	<i>\$1,536,000</i>

Alternative 3 consists of three major components: (1) ISCO injections (2) ICs, and (3) groundwater and VI monitoring.

Component 1: ISCO Injections

ISCO involves the introduction of a chemical oxidant into the subsurface for the purpose of transforming groundwater contaminants into less harmful chemical species. ISCO is typically performed by drilling injection wells and directly injecting chemical oxidants into the affected groundwater. The bench scale study would be performed that would determine the number of injection points to

effectively distribute the oxidant in the targeted treatment zones. Based on existing information, at least three borings at depths of 30 feet below ground surface (bgs) would be needed in the Source Area. Approximately 700 pounds of sodium persulfate would be required. Three injection events would be performed for the Source Area (See Table 3). Additional ISCO injections would be required, as necessary to achieve RGs.

Table 3. ISCO of Source Area Details

Area	Number of Injection Wells	Injection Depth (feet bgs)	Total Persulfate Required (pounds)	Number of Events	Estimated COC Mass Removal (pounds)
Source Area	3	30	700	3	20

Component 2: Institutional Controls

This component is identical to the ICs described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Component 3: Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring

This component is identical to Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Alternative 4: In Situ Thermal Remediation of Source Area

<i>Capital Cost:</i>	<i>\$3,051,000</i>
<i>Total O&M Costs (30 Years NPW of Costs):</i>	<i>\$1,104,000</i>
<i>Total Present Worth Cost:</i>	<i>\$4,155,000</i>

Alternative 4 consists of three major components: (1) ISTR, (2) ICs, and (3) groundwater and VI monitoring.

Component 1: In Situ Thermal Remediation

For Alternative 4, the application of ISTR technology would heat the overburden soil, underlying bedrock, and groundwater to a temperature that would volatilize the contaminants in the Source Area. Extraction wells would be used to collect contaminated groundwater, as well as steam, vapors and condensate generated by the heating process.

The heating elements would be installed using conventional drilling rigs and laid out in a pattern based on the geology of the soils and the distribution of groundwater and contaminants at the Site. For costing purposes, EPA has estimated that, at least five electrodes would be installed to deliver electric power at depths of 8 feet and 28 feet bgs and would be controlled to target treatment to specific subsurface zones based on the distribution of temperature, groundwater, and contaminants in the treatment zone during the heating process. Co-located vertical extraction wells would be used to maintain hydraulic control of groundwater and extract the vaporized contaminants and steam. The extracted vapors and liquids (condensate) would be collected and treated using a GAC system. Spent GAC units will be disposed of offsite in accordance with Section 121(d)(3) of CERCLA and Section 300.440 of the NCP.

The preferred ISTR technology is an effective method for the removal of VOCs from both unsaturated

and saturated zones and is not significantly affected by soil permeability and heterogeneity. This technology has also been demonstrated to be an effective method for the removal of VOCs in the type of bedrock that is present at the Site.

Component 2: Institutional Controls

This component is identical to the ICs described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Component 3: Groundwater and VI Monitoring

This component is identical to the Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Alternative 5: ISCO in Hot Spot Areas

<i>Capital Cost:</i>	<i>\$1,963,000</i>
<i>Total O&M Costs (30 Years NPW of Costs):</i>	<i>\$997,000</i>
<i>Total Present Worth Cost:</i>	<i>\$2,960,000</i>

Alternative 5 consists of these major components: (1) ISCO in Hot Spot Area A, (2) ISCO in Hot Spot Area B, (3) ISCO in Hot Spot Area C, (4) ICs, and (5) groundwater and VI monitoring.

Components 1 - 3: ISCO Injections in Hot Spot Areas

As discussed in the description for Alternative 3, ISCO involves the introduction of a chemical oxidant into the subsurface for the purpose of transforming groundwater or soil contaminants into less harmful chemical species. ISCO is typically performed by drilling injection wells and directly injecting chemical oxidants into the affected soil or groundwater. A bench-scale study would be performed to determine the number of injection points to effectively distribute the oxidant in the targeted treatment zones. Three Hot-Spot areas downgradient of the Source Area, as depicted in Figure 9, have been selected to perform ISCO injections if ISCO is selected as the remedy. The three separate ISCO Hot-Spot areas are shown on Figure 9. The following table shows the amount of sodium persulfate that would be required and the estimated mass removal for each area (See Table 4).

Table 4. ISCO of Hot Spot Areas Details

Component Number	Area	Number of Injection Wells	Injection Depth (feet bgs)	Total Persulfate Required (pounds)	Number of Events	Estimated COC Mass Removal (pounds)
1	A	8	55	1800	3	10
2	B	12	45	2800	2	200
3	C	13	35	520	1	15

Component 4: Institutional Controls

This component is identical to the ICs described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Component 5: Groundwater and VI Monitoring

This component is identical to the Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Alternative 6: ISTR in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas

<i>Capital Cost:</i>	\$5,259,000
<i>Total O&M Costs (30 Years NPW of Costs):</i>	\$1,103,000
<i>Total Present Worth Cost:</i>	\$6,362,000

Alternative 6 consists of these major components: (1) ISTR in the Source Area, (2) ISCO in Hot Spot Area A, (3) ISCO in Hot Spot Area B, (4) ISCO in Hot Spot Area C, (5) ICs, and (6) groundwater and VI monitoring. These components are depicted on Figure 9.

Component 1: ISTR in Source Area

This component would be identical to Component 1 of Alternative 4.

Component 2: ISCO Injection in Hot Spot Area A

This component would be identical to Component 1 of Alternative 5.

Component 3: ISCO Injection in Hot Spot Area B

This component would be identical to Component 2 of Alternative 5.

Component 4: ISCO Injection in Hot Spot Area C

This component would be identical to Component 3 of Alternative 5.

Component 5: Institutional Controls

This component would be identical to the ICs described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

Component 6: Groundwater and VI Monitoring

This component would be identical to the Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring described in the *Common Components of Remedial Alternatives* section of this ROD.

10.0 COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES

In this section, the remedial alternatives summarized above are compared to each other using the criteria set forth in the NCP at 40 C.F.R. § 300.430(e)(9)(iii). In the remedial decision-making process, EPA profiles the relative performance of each alternative against the evaluation criteria, noting how each compares to the other options under consideration. A detailed analysis of alternatives can be found in the FS, which is included in the AR file supporting selection of this Remedial Action.

These evaluation criteria relate directly to requirements of Section 121 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9621, for determining the overall feasibility and acceptability of a remedial action. The nine criteria fall into three groups described as follows:

Threshold criteria must be satisfied in order for a remedial action to be eligible for selection. The first two criteria are threshold criteria: (1) overall protection of human health and the environment, and (2)

compliance with ARARs. The selected remedial action must meet the first and the second criteria, unless an ARAR waiver is invoked in accordance with CERCLA § 121(d)(4).

Primary balancing criteria are used to weigh major tradeoffs between remedies. The next five criteria are the primary balancing criteria: (3) long-term effectiveness and permanence; (4) reduction of toxicity, mobility, or volume through treatment; (5) short-term effectiveness; (6) implementability; and (7) cost.

Modifying criteria are formally taken into account after public comment is received on the PRAP. The modifying criteria are the remaining two criteria: (8) State acceptance and (9) community acceptance.

The following discussion summarizes the evaluation of the remedial alternatives developed for the remedial action at the Site against the nine evaluation criteria.

Overall Protectiveness of Human Health and the Environment

Alternative 6 (ISTR in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas) would be the most protective because the Source Area would be remediated by ISTR which directly removes the DNAPL diffused in the bedrock matrix, the downgradient Hot Spots would be treated with ISCO, and ICs would prevent potential human exposure to releases at the Site until RGs have been met and a cumulative risk assessment demonstrates that the Site is protective. Alternatives 3 (ISCO of Source Area) and 4 (ISTR of Source Area) would be the next most protective alternatives because contaminants in the Source Area would be treated. Alternative 5 (ISCO in Hot Spot Areas) would be protective, but slightly less protective than Alternatives 3 and 4, as some contaminants with concentrations greater than the RGs would still remain in the Source Area. Alternatives 3 and 4 offer similar protection since ingestion, inhalation, and dermal exposures to groundwater contaminants in excess of RGs would be reduced or eliminated.

The protectiveness of Alternative 2 (Groundwater Extraction and Treatment) would depend largely on the proper operation and maintenance of the extraction system to ensure effective removal of groundwater contaminants and ICs to prevent potential exposure to releases at the Site until all RGs have been met.

Alternative 1 would not be protective of human health since no actions would be taken to prevent exposure to COCs present in groundwater. No risk reduction is anticipated under the No Action Alternative. The No Action Alternative fails to meet the threshold criterion of protectiveness and will not be considered further.

Compliance with ARARs

This criterion addresses whether a remedial action would meet ARARs or whether there are grounds for invoking a waiver of an ARAR under CERCLA § 121(d)(4).

Under CERCLA § 121(d)(2)(A), ARARs are requirements, standards, criteria, or limitations under Federal environmental laws, or more stringent State requirements, standards, criteria, or limitations that are promulgated under State environmental or facility-siting laws. Section 121(d) of CERCLA and NCP § 300.430(f)(1)(ii)(B) require that remedial actions at CERCLA sites attain ARARs, unless an ARAR is waived in accordance with CERCLA § 9621(d)(4) and NCP § 300.430(f)(1)(ii)(C).

Under the NCP, “Applicable” requirements are substantive cleanup standards, standards of control, and

other substantive requirements, criteria, or limitations promulgated under Federal environmental or State environmental or facility-siting laws that specifically address a hazardous substance, pollutant, contaminant, remedial action, location, or other circumstance at a CERCLA site. Only those State standards that are identified by a State in a timely manner and that are more stringent than Federal requirements may be applicable.

“Relevant and appropriate” requirements are substantive cleanup standards, standards of control, and other substantive requirements, criteria, or limitations promulgated under Federal environmental or State environmental or facility-siting laws that, while not “applicable” to a hazardous substance, pollutant, contaminant, remedial action, location, or other circumstance at a CERCLA site, address problems or situations sufficiently similar to those encountered at the CERCLA site that their use is well-suited to the particular site. Only those State standards that are identified by a State in a timely manner and that are more stringent than Federal requirements may be relevant and appropriate.

In addition to ARARs, EPA and a State may, as appropriate, identify other advisories, criteria, or guidance to be considered for a particular release. The “to be considered” (TBC) category consists of advisories, criteria, or guidance that were developed by EPA, other federal agencies, or States that may be useful in developing CERCLA remedies. TBCs are non-promulgated advisories or guidance issued by Federal or State governments that are not legally binding and do not have the status of potential ARARs. EPA may use TBCs in determining the necessary level of cleanup for protection of human health or the environment when ARARs do not exist for particular contaminants or situations at a site.

Alternatives 6 will eventually attain chemical-specific ARARs, such as the MCLs for most COCs and the MSCs for 1,4-dioxane and 1,1-DCA. Alternatives 2 through 6 will meet all location- and action-specific ARARs.

A complete description of Federal and State ARARs that have been identified for the Selected Remedy, as well as the legal citation and the relation of each ARAR to the Selected Remedy, are provided in Table 5.

Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence

Long-term effectiveness and permanence addresses expected residual risk and the ability of a remedy to maintain reliable protection of human health and the environment over time, once cleanup goals have been met. Alternative 6 (ISTR in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas) would provide the highest long-term effectiveness and permanence since the source area would be remediated along with the downgradient Hot Spots. Furthermore Alternative 6 utilizes ISTR, which is the only remedy that can target and remove the mass contamination diffused in the bedrock matrix. Alternatives 3 (ISCO of Source Area) and 4 (ISTR of Source Area) would provide similar levels of effectiveness by treating the Source Area but not the hot spots. Alternative 5 (ISCO in Hot Spot Areas) may provide slightly less long-term effectiveness than Alternatives 3 and 4 because it would not treat the Source Area. Alternative 2 (Groundwater Extraction and Treatment) would provide the lowest long-term effectiveness because it does not address the Source Area or Hot Spots.

Reduction of Toxicity, Mobility, or Volume of Contaminants through Treatment

Alternatives 4 and 6 would effectively and permanently remove groundwater contamination through treatment of principal threat wastes, and the treatment would permanently remove the contaminants.

Short-Term Effectiveness

Short-term effectiveness addresses the period of time needed to achieve protection and any adverse impacts on human health and the environment that may be posed during the construction and implementation period until cleanup levels are achieved.

Alternatives 2 through 6 would reduce human health risks in the short term because groundwater use restrictions would be implemented. There would be slight risk to the surrounding community due to the increase in vehicular traffic during construction and operation of the Selected Remedy.

Implementability

Alternative 2 can be readily implemented as air stripper and GAC systems are readily available. However, there are few contractors that provide AOP, which would be needed to remove 1,4-dioxane.

For Alternatives 3, 5 and 6, ISCO is a readily available technology that could easily be implemented at the Site. However, distribution of the oxidizer in the bedrock is uncertain, which affects the injection well spacing and frequency of injection. For Alternatives 4 and 6, a specialized vendor is required to install an ISTR system.

Coordination with PADEP would be required under all Alternatives for monitoring and the FYR process.

The long-term monitoring can be readily achieved. Implementation of ICs will require coordination with and the cooperation of property owners at the Site, DEP, and local government.

For all Alternatives, EPA technical personnel are available to perform the FYRs.

Cost

Estimated costs associated with implementation of the remedial alternatives are presented in Appendix B. Alternative 3 has the lowest estimated cost (\$1,536,000) because the Source Area is relatively small and would not require a large amount of injections. Alternative 2 has the highest estimated cost (\$12,568,000) because of the installation of the treatment system, costs associated with removing 1,4-dioxane, and long-term O&M.

Alternative 6 has the second highest cost (\$6,362,000), but it is still roughly half the cost of Alternative 2. The costs for the remaining 2 alternatives are as follows: Alternative 4 - \$4,155,000, and Alternative 5 - \$2,960,000.

State/Support Agency Acceptance

EPA and PADEP have consulted during the RI, FS, and the preparation of the PRAP and ROD. PADEP concurred with the Selected Remedy (Alternative 6) in a letter dated May 11, 2022.

Community Acceptance

EPA held a 30-day public comment period from May 11, 2021, through June 11, 2021, to accept public comments on the remedial alternatives presented in the PRAP and on the other documents contained in

the AR file compiled in support of the Selected Remedy. Due to public health concerns, an in-person public meeting was not held. EPA recorded a video presentation that was published in place of a public meeting to inform local officials, interested citizens and other stakeholders about EPA's proposed cleanup plan, the Superfund process, and to receive comments on the Proposed Plan. During the public comment period, EPA accepted written comments and responded to the comments in the Responsiveness Summary, which is included as Part III of this ROD.

Principal Threat Wastes

The NCP establishes an expectation that EPA will use treatment to address the principal threats posed by a site wherever practicable. See 40 C.F.R. § 300.430(a)(1)(iii)(A). The principal threat concept is applied to the characterization of source materials at a Superfund site. A source material is material that includes or contains hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants that act as a reservoir for migration of contamination to, for example, groundwater. Principal threat wastes are those source materials considered to be highly toxic or highly mobile and that would present a significant risk to human health or the environment should exposure occur.

Based on the concentrations of 1,1,1-TCA in groundwater, DNAPL is likely present at the Site in residual or free-flowing form. DNAPL is considered a principal threat waste because it acts as a reservoir for continued groundwater contamination. Treatment of principal threat waste to the maximum extent practicable has therefore been selected by EPA in this ROD to address a major source of groundwater contamination.

11.0 SELECTED REMEDY

Following review and consideration of the information in the AR file supporting selection of this remedial action, the requirements of CERCLA and the NCP, public comments, and State acceptance, EPA has selected **Alternative 6: In-Situ Thermal Remediation in Source Area and In-Situ Chemical Oxidation in Hot Spot Areas** (Figure 9).

Summary of the Rationale for the Selected Remedy

The Selected Remedy at the Site is: **Alternative 6: In-Situ Thermal Remediation in Source Area and In-Situ Chemical Oxidation in Hot Spot Areas, groundwater and vapor intrusion monitoring, and ICs**. EPA has selected Alternative 6 because it is protective, will comply with ARARs, is considered more effective in the long-term, is more permanent, and provides greater reduction of toxicity, mobility, and volume of contamination.

Alternative 6 is considered the most effective in the long-term and the most permanent because it will remove the contamination from the Site by treating it on-Site. ISTR is the only remedy that can effectively treat DNAPL found in the bedrock matrix. By removing the contamination from the Site, Alternative 6 will prevent the contamination from migrating to groundwater at levels that would present an unacceptable risk to the public and will eliminate the probability of an accidental release in the future. Alternative 2 would leave sub-surface soil and bedrock contamination in place and requires operation and maintenance of the groundwater treatment system and would be the most expensive of the alternative remedies considered. Alternatives 3, 4, and 5 would only treat specific areas of contamination in sub-surface soil and bedrock and not sitewide contamination, leading to continued groundwater contamination. Alternative 6 is not the most expensive remedial alternative, and it ensures permanent protectiveness.

Alternative 6 was selected because it will protect human health and the environment by treating contaminated sub-surface soil and bedrock and will comply with ARARs.

Description of Selected Remedy and Performance Standards

Based on the comparative analysis of the alternatives under the nine criteria, EPA's Selected Remedy for the Site is Alternative 6. The total present worth cost of the Selected Remedy is \$6,362,000. The major components of the Selected Remedy are:

Component 1: In Situ Thermal Remediation in Source Area

The application of ISTR technology will heat the overburden soil, underlying bedrock, and groundwater to a temperature that will volatilize the contaminants in the Source Area. Separate vapor extraction wells will be used for the extraction of the steam and contaminant-laden vapors generated by the overburden soil heating process.

The heating elements will be installed using conventional drilling rigs and laid out in a pattern based on the geology of the soils and the distribution of groundwater and contaminants at the Site. EPA expects that five electrodes will be used to deliver electric power at depths of 8 feet and 28 feet bgs and will be controlled to target treatment of specific subsurface zones based on the distribution of temperature, groundwater, and contaminants in the treatment zone during the heating process. Co-located vertical extraction wells will be used to extract the vaporized contaminants and steam and to maintain pneumatic and hydraulic control. The extracted vapors and liquids (condensate) will be treated using a GAC system. The spent GAC units will be disposed of offsite in accordance with Section 121(d)(3) of CERCLA and Section 300.440 of the NCP.

Prior to implementation of ISTR, additional characterization of the Source Area will be conducted. This characterization will be completed as part of the Remedial Design. In addition, existing wells (for example, monitoring wells) in the areas of the Site that will be impacted by ISTR will be abandoned using PA Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (DCNR) Water-Well Abandonment Guidelines.

Monitoring of the ISTR system will be performed before, during, and after the thermal treatment heating period. Temperature and pressure monitoring wells will be installed within the target treatment area to track subsurface heating, pneumatic, and hydraulic control. During operation of the system, temperature, groundwater quality, vapor emissions, and condensate/discharge will be monitored for optimized control of the treatment process.

In addition, groundwater monitoring in and near the overburden treatment zone will be performed to evaluate the progress and extent of the ISTR treatment. One baseline monitoring event will be conducted prior to implementation of the ISTR treatment process, and groundwater samples will be collected every 2 weeks during the ISTR heating program.

Specific performance criteria for the ISTR will be developed during the Remedial Design Phase. Achieving target temperature throughout the thermal treatment area will be the first criterion in evaluating the performance of the thermal system. EPA expects that when target temperatures are achieved, mass recovery rates will decline and COC concentrations in groundwater will decrease. When EPA determines that ISTR in the Source Area has reduced COC concentrations to or below RGs,

heating of the Source Area by ISTR will be terminated. Mass recovery in the vapor phase and in groundwater will continue for further reduction of COC concentrations in groundwater.

Component 2: ISCO Injections in Hot Spot Areas

ISCO involves the introduction of a chemical oxidant into the subsurface for the purpose of transforming groundwater contaminants into less harmful chemical species. ISCO is typically performed by drilling injection wells and directly injecting chemical oxidants into the affected groundwater. A bench scale study will be performed to determine the number of injection points to effectively distribute the oxidant in the targeted treatment zones. Three Hot Spot areas downgradient of the Source Area have already been selected to perform ISCO injections. These three separate ISCO Hot Spot areas are shown on Figure 9 Table 3 shows the amount of persulfate required and estimated mass removal for each area. These numbers are based on current data and will be modified during the remedial design phase if it is determined that such modifications are required to meet RGs.

Prior to the ISCO injections taking place, a robust monitoring plan will be developed to ensure that no discharges of the injectate or contaminants occur to ground surface, surface water or sediments as a result of the ISCO injections.

Component 3: Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Monitoring

Groundwater monitoring will be conducted to assess the effectiveness of the Selected Remedy. Groundwater samples will be collected and analyzed for Site-related COCs. Wells will be selected upgradient of the source and high-concentration areas, within the source and high-concentration areas of the Site, within the plume, and near the downgradient edge of the plume. Wells will be selected from the deep portions of the bedrock where relatively high concentrations of 1,1,1-TCA and 1,4-dioxane have been observed. A long-term monitoring plan will be prepared to identify the wells to be sampled and the analyses to be performed. EPA will also evaluate through monitoring the effectiveness of source control on the contaminated groundwater plume. If RGs are not met, additional treatment measures will be evaluated and implemented. During implementation of the Remedial Action groundwater will be monitored to ensure that no discharges of the ISCO injectate occur.

Groundwater monitoring will also be used to determine whether additional VI monitoring is necessary at the Site. As described in the *Nature and Extent of Contamination* section of this ROD, EPA previously evaluated the results from the 2016 vapor intrusion investigation and determined that subsurface vapor intrusion of VOCs from the groundwater plume is not impacting the residential community at the Site. EPA will, however, conduct VI evaluation if there is new structures intended for human occupancy and use above or within 100 feet of the contaminated groundwater plume, or if COC concentrations near existing structures increase by an order of magnitude.

Component 4: Institutional Controls

The ICs will consist of the following requirements:

EPA, in consultation with DEP, will work with the property owners at the Site, and, as necessary, with local government to implement institutional controls, such as proprietary controls (e.g., environmental covenants), governmental controls (e.g., zoning ordinances or building codes), enforcement instruments (e.g., Federal or State administrative orders), or informational devices (e.g., deed notices, the PA AUL Registry, community outreach, or advisories), to ensure implementation of the following AULs which

will limit human exposure to hazardous substances at the Site and activities that interfere with the integrity of the remedial action:

- A prohibition on the installation of any new groundwater wells until RGs and protectiveness have been achieved, unless EPA, in consultation with DEP, gives prior written approval for such installation;
- A prohibition on all activities that interfere with any component of the remedial action, unless EPA, in consultation with DEP, gives prior written approval for such activity; and
- A requirement that EPA, in consultation with DEP, give prior written approval for new structures intended for human occupancy and use to prevent exposure to COCs via vapor intrusion.

Summary of the Estimated Selected Remedy Costs

The estimated present worth cost of the Selected Remedy is \$6,362,000. The information in the cost summary table (Appendix A, Table 4) is based on the best available information regarding the anticipated scope of the Selected Remedy. Changes in the cost elements may occur as a result of new information and data collected during the engineering design of the Selected Remedial Action.

12.0 STATUTORY DETERMINATIONS

Under CERCLA, a selected remedy must protect human health and the environment, comply with ARARs that are not waived, be cost-effective and use permanent solutions and alternative treatment technologies or resource recovery technologies to the maximum extent practicable. Additionally, CERCLA includes a preference for remedial actions that use, as their principal element, treatment to significantly and permanently reduce the volume, toxicity, or mobility of hazardous substances, pollutants, and contaminants. The following sections discuss how the Selected Remedy meets these statutory requirements.

Protection of Human Health and the Environment

The Selected Remedy is protective of human health and the environment. In-situ treatment of soil and groundwater by ISTR and ISCO will eliminate risks associated with contaminated groundwater and prevent further migration of COCs to groundwater. Confirmation sampling will be used to verify that the Selected Remedy is effective in attaining the RAOs. ICs will prevent future potential exposure to contaminants by prohibiting interference with the remedial action and by restricting new groundwater use or new residential construction without prior written approval by EPA, in consultation with PADEP.

Compliance with Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements

The Selected Remedy will attain the Federal and State ARARs described in Table 5 as required by CERCLA and the NCP. The Selected Remedy will eventually attain chemical-specific ARARs, including the MCLs for seven COCs and the MSCs for 1,4-dioxane and 1,1-DCA. The Selected Remedy will also meet all location- and action-specific ARARs that have been identified in Table 5.

Cost Effectiveness

Section 300.430(f)(1)(ii)(D) of the NCP requires EPA to evaluate cost-effectiveness by comparing all the alternatives meeting the threshold criteria - protection of human health and the environment and compliance with ARARs - against long-term effectiveness and permanence; reduction of toxicity, mobility, or volume through treatment; and short-term effectiveness (collectively referred to as “overall effectiveness”). The NCP further states that overall effectiveness is then compared to cost to ensure that the remedial action is cost effective, and that a remedial action is cost effective if its costs are proportional to its overall effectiveness.

EPA concludes, following an evaluation of these criteria, that the Selected Remedy is cost-effective in providing overall protection in proportion to cost and meets all other requirements of CERCLA. The estimated present worth cost for the Selected Remedy is \$6,362,000.

Utilization of Permanent Solutions and Alternative Treatment Technologies to the Maximum Extent Practicable

The Selected Remedy utilizes permanent solutions and alternative treatment technologies to the maximum extent practicable. In-situ treatment of contaminated soil and groundwater will permanently eliminate the threats to human health and the environment from those media. For the Selected Remedy, risk reduction and protectiveness will be achieved in a cost-effective manner, using proven technologies.

Preference for Treatment as a Principal Element

The Selected Remedy employs treatment as a principal element because it is cost-effective, and there will be a reduction in toxicity, mobility, and volume of contamination by removing the contamination permanently from the Site.

Five-Year Review Requirements

In accordance with CERCLA Section 121(c), 42 U.S.C. § 9621(c), a performance evaluation must be conducted at least every five years when a remedial action results in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining on-Site. In addition, as a matter of policy, EPA will conduct a FYR for any remedial action that, upon completion, will not leave hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants on-site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, but requires five years or more to complete.

For this Site, a FYR will be conducted every five years from the start of on-Site construction of the Remedial Action until the Remediation Goals have been met and a cumulative risk assessment concludes that the Remedy is protective and that unlimited use and unrestricted exposure are allowed.

13.0 DOCUMENTATION OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

The PRAP for the Site, the recorded video presentation, along with the AR file, were released for public comment on May 11, 2021. The PRAP identified Alternative 6 (in-situ treatment and ICs) as the Preferred Alternative at the Site. EPA reviewed all comments received during the public comment period. EPA has determined that no significant changes to the Preferred Alternative, as originally identified in the PRAP, are necessary or appropriate and have chosen it as the Selected Remedy in this ROD. However, EPA has made three changes to Table 5 (ARARs and TBCs) in response to a requested correction from PADEP and as a result of the Agency’s determination that certain State well-abandonment regulations or related guidance should be included as action-specific ARARs for this

remedial action.

III. RESPONSIVENESS SUMMARY

**BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

RECORD OF DECISION

**BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

RESPONSIVENESS SUMMARY

This Section of the ROD summarizes the significant comments and concerns received from the public and PADEP during the 30-day public comment period on EPA's proposed remedial action for the Site and provides EPA's responses to those comments and concerns. After careful consideration of the public's comments and concerns received during the public meeting for the Site, as well as PADEP's suggestions concerning ARARs, EPA has determined that no significant changes to the proposed remedial action, as originally identified in the PRAP, are necessary or appropriate. EPA has selected Preferred Alternative 6 as the Remedy to address soil, bedrock, and groundwater contamination at the Site.

A. The Public Comment Period

In accordance with Section 117(a) of CERCLA,³ EPA issued a public notice on May 11, 2021, in *The Lansdale Reporter*, a major local newspaper of general circulation in the community near the Site. The public notice contained a list of the components of EPA's preferred alternatives, information relevant to the duration of the public comment period, the weblink to a prerecorded presentation about the PRAP, and a weblink to the PRAP and the AR file for public review. EPA also provided notice to the public that the AR file could be viewed in person at the following locations:

EPA Administrative Records Room,
Indian Valley Public Library
100 East Church Road Avenue
Telford, Pennsylvania 18969
Phone: 215-723-9109

Attention: Administrative Records Coordinator
4 Penn Center
1600 JFK Boulevard
Philadelphia, PA 19103
(215) 814-3157
Hours: Monday through Friday, 8:30 am to
4:30 pm; by appointment only.

The 30-day comment period began on May 11, 2021, and ran through June 11, 2021. In addition, on May 11, 2021, EPA sent a Fact Sheet summarizing EPA's preferred alternatives to residences at and near the Site.

Due to public health concerns related to the COVID-19 pandemic, an in-person public meeting was not held. As a substitute for the public meeting, EPA published, on the internet, a recorded video presentation containing information EPA would have shared at the public meeting had the

³ 42 U.S.C. § 9617(a); *see also* 40 C.F.R. § 300.430(f)(3).

meeting been held in person. In the presentation, the public was informed that comments could be directly emailed to EPA's Remedial Project Manager (RPM) or Community Involvement Coordinator (CIC) or a message could be left on a dedicated voicemail box that was set up by EPA.

B. Comments Received from the Public and DEP

Some of the questions raised by members of the public during the comment period concerned information on the status of the drinking water line that EPA will be installing at the Site as part of a Superfund removal action under Section 104(a) of CERCLA.⁴

As discussed above, EPA has been conducting a Superfund-financed removal action at the Site to protect the public health and welfare. The removal action has included installation and maintenance of carbon-filtration-treatment systems on private and community wells serving 27 households in Upper Salford Township that have been impacted by releases at the Site. In addition, EPA currently provides bottled drinking water to these households. In January 2022, EPA began construction of a waterline that will ultimately connect the 27 homes to a local municipal water system operated by the Schwenksville Authority. Following completion of the waterline, EPA intends to donate the waterline to the Schwenksville Authority, which will assume responsibility for the waterline's long-term operation and maintenance.

Members of the public have asked for a list of the properties that will be connected to the public waterline and for a map of the waterline itself. As explained in greater detail below, EPA will not release a list of the specific properties that will be connected to the public waterline because of privacy concerns. Upon completion of the waterline's construction, EPA will make available as-built map(s) or schematics of the public portions of the waterline, but only to the extent that EPA determines that the release of this information would not be a clearly unwarranted invasion of an individual's privacy. For additional information about EPA's removal action, interested persons are encouraged to contact EPA's CIC for this Site.

In addition to the public's questions about the waterline, EPA received several comments from PADEP about State ARARs identified in the PRAP. EPA will make changes to certain descriptions of State ARARs in response to PADEP's suggestions. However, for the legal reasons discussed below, EPA has not agreed to include the regulations promulgated under Pennsylvania's Uniform Environmental Covenants Act (PA UECA) as an ARAR for this remedial action.

C. EPA Responses to Comments From Public and PADEP

1. Comment 1: Can EPA supply a list of properties that will be connected to public water which EPA Removal Program is constructing in the area?

EPA Response: As a matter of law and policy, EPA will not publish the list of private properties that will be connected to the public waterline.

⁴ 42 U.S.C. § 9604(a).

When releasing information to the public, EPA intends to be transparent about its actions in a manner that is consistent with the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)⁵, the Privacy Act⁶, and other federal law. The FOIA exempts certain information from release to the public, including, for instance, “personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy . . .”⁷ Federal courts have interpreted the release of private citizens’ addresses in certain circumstances to be a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.⁸ In this case, the residents whose wells have been contaminated by hazardous substances through no fault of their own have not relinquished their privacy interests in their home addresses simply because the government has determined that, for public health reasons, their private wells must be abandoned and that their homes must now be hooked up to a public waterline. Accordingly, EPA will not supply to the general public a list of the private properties that will be connected to the waterline during the removal action at the Site.

EPA also believes the Privacy Act applies to the information requested by the commenter who submitted Comment 1. Under the Privacy Act, EPA may not disclose any information about an individual that is maintained in an EPA system of records, containing the individual’s name or other identifying particular, unless in response to a written request by, or with the prior written consent of, the individual to whom the record pertains.⁹ In this case, EPA has determined that the home addresses of private citizens living at the Site may be among the *identifying particulars* whose release is prohibited under the Privacy Act without the prior written consent of the individual. As such, EPA will not release the list of private properties that will be connected to the waterline during the removal action at the Site.

2. Comment 2: Can a map of the waterline be provided?

EPA Response: Subject to the privacy-related legal prohibitions described immediately above, EPA will provide an as-built map or other schematic of the public portions of the waterline once construction has been completed. For the reasons stated above, EPA will not provide to the general public a map or other schematic showing the locations of lateral waterlines installed on private properties at the Site.

[*Note: The following four comments were submitted by PADEP in a letter dated June 10, 2021, from Bonnie McClennen, PADEP Environmental Group Manger, Environmental Cleanup and Brownfields, to Andrew Hanieko, EPA Remedial Project Manager.*]

3. Comment 3: PADEP submitted the following comment – “Pages 17 and 18 of the PRAP state that “the activity and use-restrictions described above will be implemented by one or more of the following categories of ICs: (a) proprietary controls, such as

⁵ 5 U.S.C. § 552.

⁶ 5 U.S.C. § 552a.

⁷ 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(6).

⁸ See, e.g., *Sheet Metal Workers Int’l Ass’n, Local No. 19 v. VA*, 135 F.3d 891, 903-05 (3d Cir. 1998), and cases cited therein.

⁹ 5 U.S.C. § 552a(b).

environmental covenants under the Pennsylvania Uniform Environmental Covenants Act;; or (d) informational devices, such as deed notices in county property records, listing of properties affected by Site COCs in the Pennsylvania Activity and Use (AUL) Registry.” Institutional Controls (ICs) that implement Activity and Use Limitations (AULs) which constitute a critical remedial component of environmental response projects, including CERCLA remedies, that satisfy Pennsylvania remediation standards are required to be in the form of Environmental Covenants (ECs), pursuant the Section 6517(a)(1) of the Pennsylvania Uniform Environmental Covenants Act (UECA), 27 Pa.C.S. § 6517(a)(1).”

EPA Response: This Comment and Comment 4 (immediately below) have been part of an ongoing dialogue between EPA and PADEP. EPA’s prior written communications with PADEP about ARARs are included in the Administrative Record for the Site’s remedial action.

EPA intends to use environmental covenants as institutional controls implementing AULs at the Site when appropriate. When AULs are implemented with an environmental covenant, EPA will follow the requirements promulgated under the PA UECA at 25 Pa. Code Chapter 253.

Generally, EPA’s implementation of AULs at the Site will be informed by Agency guidance, *Institutional Controls: A Guide to Planning, Implementing, Maintaining, and Enforcing Institutional Controls at Contaminated Sites* (OSWER 9355.0-89; EPA-540-R-09-001; Dec. 2012) (the “PIME Guidance”), which EPA has identified as a TBC (i.e., guidance or directive to be considered) for this remedial action. The PIME Guidance identifies four types of institutional controls – (i) proprietary controls (e.g., environmental covenants, restrictive covenants), (ii) governmental controls (e.g., zoning), (iii) enforcement tools (e.g., state or federal administrative orders, and (iv) informational devices (e.g., health advisories, public notices). While EPA prefers to use environmental covenants to implement AULs at Superfund sites, the Agency recognizes that other forms of institutional controls may be necessary at some sites.

EPA respectfully disagrees with PADEP that, on its face, the PA UECA requires AULs to be implemented by environmental covenants in every instance. For one, as discussed in more detail below, the regulations promulgated under the PA UECA allow for the waiver by PADEP of an environmental covenant.¹⁰ In addition, the PA UECA itself provides that other instruments may be used in Pennsylvania to implement AULs.¹¹ In any event, as stated above, EPA prefers to use environmental covenants for implementation of AULs at Superfund sites in Pennsylvania (and other states) and intends to follow this preference as appropriate at this Site.

4. Comment 4: PADEP submitted the following comment – “After DEP identified the Pennsylvania UECA as an ARAR, in its April 21st, 2021 letter EPA declined to list it as an ARAR stating that ‘the PA UECA is not a requirement of general applicability because it may either be waived,’ We presume that this comment is alluding to the

¹⁰ See 25 Pa. Code § 253.4 (Requirements for and waiver of environmental covenants).

¹¹ See 27 Pa.C.S. § 6505(d)(2) (“Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict, affect or impair the rights of any person to enter into or record a restrictive covenant, institution[al] control, easement, servitude or other restriction on the use of property permitted by law that does not satisfy the requirements of this chapter”)

first phrase of Section 6517(a)(1) of UECA.¹² That language, however, does not refer to waivers of environmental covenants. Rather, that language refers to remediation requirements that DEP may potentially waive under Section 902(b) of Act 2 akin to the authority EPA maintains under Section 121(d)(4) of CERCLA. There is nothing about that authority which impacts UECA as an ARAR.”

EPA Response: EPA has carefully considered all of PADEP’s proposed ARARs for the remedial action, and we believe this was reflected in our prior correspondence on ARARs and in our two earlier meetings on this matter. EPA’s decisions on ARARs are legal and technical determinations. In this case, EPA has determined that the requirements promulgated under the PA UECA at 25 Pa. Code Chapter 253 do not meet the legal definition of an ARAR under CERCLA, the NCP, and case law. However, as discussed above, EPA intends to comply with these requirements to the extent EPA determines that an environmental covenant should be used to implement AULs on real property at the Site.

EPA must attain any ARARs that are selected for the remedial action at the Site. Under CERCLA § 121(d)(2)(A),¹³ ARARs are requirements, standards, criteria, or limitations under federal environmental laws, or more stringent State requirements, standards, criteria, or limitations that are promulgated under State environmental or facility-siting laws. The NCP defines *promulgated*, as used in connection with an ARAR, to mean a standard that is of general applicability and is legally enforceable.¹⁴ This definition of *promulgated*, along with several other provisions of the NCP, were challenged by the State of Ohio, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and several other states in a case called *State of Ohio v. U.S. EPA*,¹⁵ in which the court upheld the NCP’s definition of *promulgated* and stated, “Under the NCP definition, a standard must be generally applicable on its face, and if so, the standard is a potential ARAR.”¹⁶

In this case, the standards promulgated under the PA UECA at 25 Pa. Code § 253.4 are not generally applicable on their face and therefore do not meet the legal definition of an ARAR. For one, 25 Pa. Code § 253.4 is a subchapter of the PA UECA regulations entitled, “Requirements for and waiver of environmental covenants,” providing that environmental covenants may be waived in certain circumstances by PADEP – “Unless waived by the Department, activity and use limitations used to demonstrate or maintain attainment of a remediation standard under the Land Recycling Act or the Storage Tank Act must be in the form of an environmental covenant . . .” If a requirement can be waived, it is not one of general applicability on its face and, therefore, does not meet the legal definition of an ARAR under CERCLA and the NCP. In addition, 25 Pa. Code § 253.4(a) provides that “an environmental covenant may be used with other types of environmental response projects,” besides cleanups under the Land Recycling Act or the Storage Tank Act. The predicate “may be used” means that the requirement for an

¹² Note: EPA’s April 21, 2021 letter, which is included in the AR, expressly cites 25 Pa. Code § 253.4 in footnote 2, not Section 6517(a)(1) of the PA UECA.

¹³ 42 U.S.C. § 9621(d)(2)(A).

¹⁴ See 40 C.F.R. § 300.400(g); see also 42 U.S.C. § 9621(d)(2)(C)(iii)(I) (“Any State standard, requirement, criteria, or limitation . . . shall apply where each of the following conditions is met: . . . The State standard, requirement, criteria, or limitation is of general applicability and was adopted by formal means.”)

¹⁵ 997 F.2d 1520 (D.C. Cir. 1993)

¹⁶ 997 F.2d at 1528.

environmental covenant under 25 Pa. Code § 253.4(a) is discretionary and not of general applicability. If a standard is discretionary at other response sites in Pennsylvania, it cannot be deemed a requirement at a CERCLA site.¹⁷

Upon further consideration of this matter, EPA respectfully disagrees that the standards promulgated under the PA UECA are of general applicability. As such, they do not meet the legal definition of an ARAR under CERCLA and the NCP and have not been identified as ARARs for this remedial action.

5. Comment 5: PADEP also submitted the following comment – “In addition, in cases where property owners refuse to execute an EC, at EPA’s request, DEP may issue an Administrative Order either requiring the owner to record an EC or, pursuant to Section 512(a) of HSCA, to implement such restrictions directly as it has already done for Ambler Asbestos and plans to do for Clearview Landfill. For these occasions, EPA should add to its ARAR table: Section 512(b) of the HSCA, P.L. 756, No. 108 of October 1988; 35 P.S. § 6020.512.”

EPA Response: As stated in our response to Comment 3 above, EPA agrees that implementation of AULs can take more than one form. The PRAP identifies EPA’s 2012 PIME Guidance as a TBC for the remedial action. Under the PIME Guidance, AULs can be implemented by proprietary controls (e.g., environmental covenants), governmental controls (e.g., zoning), enforcement tools (e.g., administrative orders), or informational controls (e.g., fish advisories). EPA has not identified Section 512(b) of HSCA as an ARAR because EPA does not intend to implement all AULs with administrative orders. CERCLA requires attainment of all ARARs selected in the ROD, unless EPA modifies it with an Explanation of Significant Differences or a ROD Amendment. For EPA not to identify Section 512(b) as an ARAR does not diminish PADEP’s authorities under this law. For its part, EPA reserves its rights to issue administrative orders under Section 106(a) of CERCLA¹⁸ to enforce AULs, as we have done at the AIW Frank/Mid-County Mustang Superfund Site in Chester County, Pennsylvania.

6. Comment 6: PADEP submitted the following additional comment – “DEP also reasserts its concerns regarding language related to modifications to AULs in the PRAP ‘. . . unless EPA, in consultation with DEP, gives prior written approval . . .’ DEP presumes that EPA plans to utilize this language in the Record of Decision and in future ECs. The language proposed in the PRAP diminishes DEP’s enforcement authority, should it disagree with future modifications to AULs. As a signatory to the EC or issuing authority for a HSCA Section 512 Order, DEP must maintain the ability to provide its concurrence with modifications to AULs.”

EPA Response: EPA is sensitive to PADEP’s position on this issue, but does not share PADEP’s belief that use of the *in-consultation* language would somehow diminish PADEP’s enforcement authority under Pennsylvania law.

¹⁷ 53 Fed. Reg. 51394-01, 51438 (Dec. 21, 1988) (“For a State requirement to be a potential ARAR it must be applicable to all remedial situations described in the requirement, not just CERCLA sites.”)

¹⁸ 42 U.S.C. 9606(a).

As an initial matter, EPA's use of the *in-consultation* formulation in the PRAP is consistent with the respective roles EPA and PADEP play as *lead agency* and *support agency* under federal law. The NCP provides that "the lead agency will consult with the support agency . . . throughout the response process."¹⁹ EPA intends to engage in such consultation with PADEP throughout the remedial action at this Site, including during the implementation of institutional controls. To that end, EPA has previously agreed to co-sign with PADEP environmental covenants recorded for the implementation of AULs at Fund-financed sites on the NPL in Pennsylvania and intends to do this for environmental covenants that may be obtained at the Site.

Under the PA UECA, all signatories to an environmental covenant must agree to and sign any proposed modifications to, or termination of, the environmental covenant before such modification or termination can take effect.²⁰ Accordingly, EPA does not agree that use of the *in-consultation* language in the ROD or in any environmental covenant implementing AULs selected in the ROD would diminish PADEP's legal rights or enforcement authorities as a co-signatory on an environmental covenant. These rights and authorities are expressly secured under the PA UECA.

In addition, as PADEP notes in Comment 5 above, it maintains its enforcement authorities under Section 512(b) of HSCA at federal Superfund sites.

EPA also notes that PADEP's enforcement authorities are protected under the federal Superfund law. Section 114(a) of CERCLA²¹ expressly provides that no provision in CERCLA preempts PADEP's own enforcement authorities under PA law to impose additional liability or requirements with respect to the release of hazardous substances within the Commonwealth. *See also Manor Care, Inc. v. Yaskin*, 950 F. 2d 122, 125-6 (3d Cir. 1991) (Holding that the clear language of CERCLA § 114(a) demonstrates that Congress did not intend CERCLA to occupy completely the field of environmental regulation or to preempt states from enacting or enforcing their own laws to supplement federal measures to clean up hazardous wastes). Thus, under CERCLA, PADEP's enforcement authority under PA law would not be diminished by inclusion of the *in-consultation* language in EPA's ROD.

Finally, EPA has previously demonstrated its intention to coordinate with PADEP on enforcement of AULs. When the current owner of a Superfund site in Southeast Pennsylvania did not comply with AULs under a recorded environmental covenant signed by both EPA and PADEP, our two agencies worked together and agreed that the best response would be for EPA to enforce the AULs under CERCLA by issuing an administrative settlement and order on consent (ASAOC) under CERCLA §§ 104(a) and 122(a). PADEP played a vital, consultative role throughout that enforcement action and in the oversight of the subsequent response action under the ASAOC. PADEP's enforcement authority was not diminished in that case, and PADEP is not foreclosed from seeking its own legal remedies under the PA UECA or other State or Federal law.

¹⁹ 40 C.F.R. § 300.4. *See also* 40 C.F.R Part 300, Subpart F (State Involvement in Hazardous Substance Response).

²⁰ *See* 27 Pa.C.S. § 6510(a)

²¹ 42 U.S.C. § 9614(a).

7. Comment 7: PADEP also submitted a comment concerning an inaccuracy in the description of a State ARAR – 25 Pa. Code § 139.14(a)(2) – listed in the Final ARARs Table.

EPA Response: EPA has corrected this particular inaccuracy in the Final ARARs Table (Table 5) for the ROD and will continue to coordinate with PADEP on issues concerning ARARs.

IV. TABLES

**BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

RECORD OF DECISION

Chemical-Specific ARARs and TBCs

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300f et seq. (SDWA)	40 C.F.R. § 141.61	Relevant and Appropriate	MCLs promulgated under the SDWA for certain organic chemicals are enforceable standards for public drinking water supply systems having at least 15 service connections or being used by at least 25 persons.	Groundwater at the Site is a potential underground source of drinking water. MCLs will be the cleanup standards for groundwater remediation of the following contaminants of concern (COCs)– 1,1,1-TCA, 1,1,2-TCA, 1,1-DCE, 1,2-DCA, chloroform, TCE, and vinyl chloride.
Pennsylvania Statewide Health Standards promulgated under the Land Recycling and Environmental Remediation Standards Act of May 19, 1995, P.L. 4, No. 2, 35 P.S. §§ 6026.101 et seq. (Act 2)	25 Pa. Code §§ 250.304, 250.305, 250.309(a), 250.309(c), and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 250, Appendix A, Tables 1 and 3.	Relevant and Appropriate	Statewide Health Standards are Medium-Specific Concentrations (MSCs) of regulated substances associated with groundwater, soil, and surface water used for most voluntary and mandatory cleanups conducted in Pennsylvania (PA).	The State MSCs for 1,1-DCA and 1,4-dioxane will be the cleanup standards for these two COCs in groundwater.
Pennsylvania Water Quality Standards issued under Sections 5(b)(1) and 402 of the Clean Streams Law, Act of June 22, 1937, P.L. 1987, as amended, 35 P.S. §§ 691.5(b)(1) and 691.402 (Clean Streams Law)	25 Pa. Code §§ 93.6; 93.7; 93.8a(a)-(e); 93.8c, including Table 5 (Water Quality Criteria for Toxic Substances); and 93.9f.	Relevant and Appropriate	These water quality standards are based on the protected, designated uses of surface waters in Pennsylvania (PA). The Water Quality Criteria listed in 25 Pa. Code § 93.8c, Table 5, are the criteria for toxic substances used in the development of effluent limitations in National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits in PA and for other purposes.	Any discharge of treated groundwater to surface water in Stream 1 or the Perkiomen Creek during the remedial action will abide by the Water Quality Criteria in Table 5 and will not impair the designated uses of surface waters at the Site.

Baghurst Drive Superfund Site, Upper Salford, Montgomery County, PA
Record of Decision – ARARs Table

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
	<p><i>EPA Vapor Intrusion Screening Level Calculator</i></p> <p>https://www.epa.gov/vaporintrusion/vapor-intrusion-screening-level-calculator</p>	TBC ¹	<p>The COCs are volatile organic compounds (VOCs) that have the potential to migrate from groundwater into the air and can become trapped below the slabs of residential buildings at the Site as the vapors make their way into the atmosphere. VOC vapors have the potential to travel through cracks in the slabs and move into the living or breathing areas of residential structures. The Vapor Intrusion Screening Level (VISL) calculator identifies chemicals that are considered to be sufficiently volatile and toxic to warrant an investigation of the soil gas intrusion pathway when they are present as subsurface contaminants.</p>	<p>The VISL calculator will be used to evaluate the need for vapor-intrusion mitigation measures in any new construction for human occupation at the Site. If the VISL calculator determines that releases or potential releases of VOCs in sub-slab or indoor air pose an unacceptable risk to human health, EPA will require VI-mitigation measures to be implemented in any new construction for human occupation.</p>

¹ 40 C.F.R. § 300.400(g)(3) provides that EPA and the state may, as appropriate, identify other advisories, criteria, or guidance to be considered for a particular release(s). This to-be-considered category (TBC) includes advisories, criteria, or guidance issued by EPA, other federal agencies, or the state.

Location-Specific ARARs and TBCs

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Delaware River Basin Commission (DRBC), promulgated regulations	18 C.F.R. §§ 401.3, 430.7, 430.9, and 430.23(b)	Applicable	These DRBC regulations require federal agencies to consult with the DRBC on projects affecting water resources of the Delaware River Basin. They also establish the <i>Southeastern Pennsylvania Groundwater Protected Area</i> and groundwater withdrawal limits for this <i>Protected Area</i> ; and they provide calculation procedures for groundwater withdrawal limits.	The Site lies within the DRBC-designated <i>Southeastern Pennsylvania Groundwater Protected Area</i> . EPA has conferred with the DRBC about the remedial action, as required by these regulations. To the extent a significant amount of groundwater will be withdrawn at the Site during the remedial action, the withdrawal limits established in the regulations will apply.
Regulations promulgated under Section 106 of the National Historical Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (NHPA), 54 U.S.C. § 306108	36 C.F.R. Part 800	Applicable	<p>Section 106 of the NHPA requires any Federal undertaking to consider the effect the activity may have on any historic property, and the Federal Advisory Council on Historic Preservation must be given a reasonable opportunity to comment on the undertaking.</p> <p>The regulations at 36 C.F.R. Part 800 describe the actions a Federal agency must take to meet its statutory responsibilities under the NHPA, including consultation with the Pennsylvania State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and the Federal Advisory Council on Historic Preservation to determine if the Federal undertaking will affect cultural or historic sites on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places.</p>	The remedial action meets the definition of an “undertaking” under 36 C.F.R. § 800.16(y). Accordingly, EPA will comply with Section 106 of the NHPA and the regulations implementing it. EPA will consult with the Federal Advisory Council and SHPO prior to the remedial action.

*Baghurst Drive Superfund Site, Upper Salford, Montgomery County, PA
Record of Decision – ARARs Table*

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918, as amended (MBTA), regulations promulgated thereunder	16 U.S.C. § 703 and 50 C.F.R. § 10.13	Applicable	Section 703 of the MBTA prohibits the take (including killing, capturing, selling, trading, and transport) of protected migratory bird species that are native to the United States without prior authorization by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS). The species protected as migratory birds under the MBTA are listed at 50 C.F.R. § 10.13.	Appropriate actions will be taken during the remedial action to ensure that no migratory birds listed at 50 C.F.R. § 10.13 or their nests are adversely affected by the remedial action.
Dam Safety and Waterway Management regulations promulgated under the Clean Streams Law and the Dam Safety and Encroachments Act, Act of Nov. 26, 1978, P.L. 1375, No. 325, 32 P.S. §§ 693.1 et seq., as amended	25 Pa. Code Chapter 105, including 25 Pa. Code §§ 105.17, 105.161, 105.165, 105.166, and 105.311-315	Applicable	These regulations (i) provide for comprehensive regulation and supervision, and (ii) assure proper planning, design, construction, maintenance, and monitoring, of water obstructions and encroachments in PA.	Discharges of treated groundwater to Stream 1 or the Perkiomen Creek during the remedial action will comply with substantive requirements of these regulations, but no permit will be obtained. EPA will also meet the substantive requirements of an environmental assessment under 25 Pa. Code § 105.15 during the remedial design, if it is determined that any wetlands on-Site will be impacted by the remedial action.
Floodplain Management regulations promulgated under the Clean Streams Law and the Dam Safety Act	25 Pa. Code Chapter 106, including 25 Pa. Code §§ 106.31-.33, 106.41(a), 106.45, 106.46, 106.51, 106.52(a)-(b), 106.53, and 106.63	Applicable	These regulations encourage planning and development in floodplains that are consistent with sound land-use practices.	Any construction activities in an on-Site floodplain during the remedial action will meet the substantive requirements of these regulations, but no permit will be obtained.

Baghurst Drive Superfund Site, Upper Salford, Montgomery County, PA
 Record of Decision – ARARs Table

Action-Specific ARARs and TBCs

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA), and regulations promulgated under it.	16 U.S.C. § 1536 and 50 CFR §§ 402.01-402.17	Applicable	The ESA requires consultation between the U.S. Department of Interior and other federal agencies to ensure that any action authorized, funded, or carried out by these agencies (a/k/a “agency action”) is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of habitat of such species.	The bog turtle (<i>Clemmys muhlenbergii</i>) is a threatened species, whose habitat potentially includes areas of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, near the Site. EPA will coordinate with FWS to ensure the remedial action does not jeopardize the continued existence of the bog turtle or any other endangered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of habitat of these species.
Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1934, as amended (FWCA)	16 U.S.C. § 662	Applicable	The FWCA requires action to protect fish and wildlife from actions modifying streams or lakes. The FWCA requires coordination with the FWS, Department of the Interior, and state agencies to conserve wildlife resources and to prevent loss and damage to these resources.	Discharges of treated groundwater from the Site will potentially modify Stream 1 and the Perkiomen Creek and affect fish and wildlife resources. EPA will coordinate with other federal and state agencies to prevent loss or damage of these resources during the remedial action.
Federal regulations for the Underground Injection Control (UIC) Program promulgated under the SDWA	40 CFR §§ 144.12(a), 144.82, 146.6, 146.8, 146.10(c)	Applicable	These regulations set forth requirements for the UIC program promulgated under Part C of the SDWA.	The remedial action includes in-situ chemical oxidation (ISCO), which will involve substrate injections into an underground source of drinking water (USDW). The remedial action will meet these requirements to protect the USDW.

*Baghurst Drive Superfund Site, Upper Salford, Montgomery County, PA
Record of Decision – ARARs Table*

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Standards for Contaminant Emissions, promulgated under the Air Pollution Control Act, Act of Jan. 8, (1960) 1959, P.L. 2119, No. 787, as amended, 35 P.S. §§ 4001 et seq. (ACPA)	25 Pa. Code §§ 123.1(a) and (c), 123.2, and 123.31	Applicable	These regulations prohibit fugitive emissions, fugitive particulate matter emissions, visible emission, and emissions of malodorous air contaminants.	Emissions occurring during construction of the remedial action and operation of the in-situ thermal remediation (ISTR) component of the remedy will be addressed in accordance with these requirements, but no permit will be obtained.
National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Site Remediation, promulgated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act of 1970, as amended (CAA), 42 U.S.C. § 7412 ²	40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart GGGGG - - §§ 63.7884-.7887; 63.7890(a)-(b); 63.7891(b); 63.7893(b); 63.7910(a)-(b); 63.7912-.7913; 63.7920; 63.7922; 63.7923(a); 63.7935(a), (g), (h)(1)-(2), (i), (j); 63.7937(b)(1), (c)(1); 63.7938(b), (c)(1)-(3), (d); 63.7941(c), (d), (f), (k); 63.7943(a)-(c); 63.7944 (a)-(c); 63.7945(a); and 63.7946-.7947.	Relevant and appropriate	This subpart establishes national emissions limitations and Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) standards for hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) emitted from site remediation activities. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate initial and continuous compliance with the emissions limitations and work practice standards.	The COCs identified at the Site are designated HAPs. Any vapor emissions during the remedial action will be controlled and monitored in accordance with the substantive provisions of these regulations. No permit will be obtained.
Requirement promulgated under Section 5 of the ACPA, 35 P.S. § 4005	25 Pa. Code § 139.14(a)(2)	Applicable	This requirement establishes sampling requirements for VOC emissions.	Air emissions during the remedial action will be subject to this testing requirement, but no permit approval will be obtained.
National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), promulgated under Sections 108 and 109 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 7408-09	40 CFR Part 50 - §§ 50.5, 50.8, 50.11, and 50.17	Applicable	These NAAQs regulate six criteria air pollutants.	Three of the criteria pollutants – carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, and sulfur dioxide – may be generated in small amounts during the implementation of ISTR.

² Adopted by Pennsylvania at 25 Pa. Code § 127.35.

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Record of Decision – ARARs Table*

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Effluent limitations and other standards promulgated under the Clean Water Act of 1972, as amended (CWA), 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 et seq.	40 C.F.R. Part 122, §§ 122.44(a), (d), (e), and (i)	Relevant and appropriate	These substantive requirements of NPDES permits include technology-based standards, water quality standards, technology-based controls for toxic pollutants, and monitoring requirements.	Any discharge of treated groundwater at or from the Site to surface water in Stream 1 or the Perkiomen Creek during the remedial action will meet these requirements and standards, but no permit will be obtained.
Regulations promulgated under the Clean Streams Law concerning pH of wastewater, oil-bearing wastewaters, and heated wastewater discharges.	25 Pa. Code §§ 95.2(1)(i), 95.2(2), and 96.6	Relevant and appropriate	These industrial waste discharge requirements apply to pH, oil-sheen control, and thermal discharges.	Discharges of treated groundwater to Stream 1 or the Perkiomen Creek during the remedial action will meet these requirements.
Guidelines for continuous monitoring of pH promulgated under the CWA.	40 C.F.R. § 401.17(a) and (c)	Applicable	This regulation establishes guidelines for continuous monitoring of pH in wastewater.	Discharges of treated groundwater to Stream 1 or the Perkiomen Creek during the remedial action will comply with this continuous monitoring requirement.
Guidelines establishing test procedures for the analysis of pollutants, promulgated under the CWA	40 C.F.R. Part 136, §§ 136.1(a)(2), (b), and (c); 136.3, Table IC (List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds) and Table II (Required Containers, Preservation Techniques, and Holding Times); 136.7; and Appendix A, Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis for Municipal and Industrial Wastewater	Relevant and appropriate	These guidelines establish the procedures and analytical methods required for testing for parameters of Site COCs in discharges to surface water.	These test procedure and analytical methods will be used to monitor the discharge of treated groundwater to surface water at the Site.
Erosion and Sediment Control regulations, promulgated under the Clean Streams Law	25 Pa. Code §§ 102.2; 102.4(b)(1)-(5); 102.8(b)-(f) and (n); 102.11(a) and (b); 102.22	Applicable	These regulations require persons conducting earth disturbance activities to develop, implement, and maintain best management plans (BMPs) to minimize the potential for accelerated erosion and sedimentation and to manage post construction stormwater.	An erosion and sediment control plan will be developed and implemented to minimize erosion and sedimentation to Stream 1 or the other local stream during the construction of the remedial action.

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Record of Decision – ARARs Table*

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Stormwater regulations promulgated under the Clean Water Act of 1972, as amended (CWA), 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 et seq.	40 C.F.R. § 122.26(c)(1)(ii)	Relevant and appropriate	This regulation requires the operator of a new stormwater discharge associated with small construction activity, as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 122.26(b)(15), to maintain certain information about the nature of the site, the nature of on-site activities, proposed best management practices to control pollutants in stormwater during and after construction activities, an estimate of the runoff coefficient of the site, and the name(s) of the receiving water(s).	Best management practices to control COCs in stormwater during and after the remedial action will be implemented at the Site. EPA will maintain other Site-related information identified in this regulation to report to appropriate PA and federal officials.
PA regulations concerning residual waste management, promulgated under the Solid Waste Management Act, Act 97 of July 7, 1980, P.L. 380, No. 97, 35 P.S. §§ 6018.101 et seq. (SWMA)	25 Pa. Code §§ 287.2(a) and (c); 287.54(a)(1)-(2), (c), and (d); 287.55; 287.56; 299.111; 299.112(a)-(c); 299.113(c); 299.114(a) and (b); 299.115(a)(1)-(2) and (b); 299.116; 299.121(a), (b), (d), and (e); 299.131(a)-(d); 299.159; and 299.161(a) and (b)	Applicable	These regulations set forth the requirements for persons who generate, manage, or handle residual waste.	During the remedial action, sampling for residual waste will be conducted to ensure proper classification and on-site handling for soil cuttings, development water, or purge water from well installation and residuals from groundwater treatment.
PA standards applicable to generators of hazardous waste, promulgated under the SWMA	25 Pa. Code §§ 262a.11, 262a.14(a), 262a.16, 262a.21, 262a.43	Applicable	These regulations set forth substantive standards for persons who generate a hazardous waste, as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 261.3.	Any generation of a hazardous waste, as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 261.3, during the remedial action will comply with these standards.
Federal standards applicable to generators of hazardous waste promulgated under the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended (RCRA), 42 U.S.C. §§ 6901 et seq.	40 C.F.R. § 262	Applicable	These regulations establish standards for <i>generators of hazardous waste</i> , as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 260.10.	Any generation of a hazardous waste, as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 261.3, during the remedial action will comply with the substantive parts of these standards.

*Baghurst Drive Superfund Site, Upper Salford, Montgomery County, PA
Record of Decision – ARARs Table*

Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
Regulations promulgated under the Water Well Drillers License Act, 32 P.S. § 645.12	17 Pa. Code § 47.8	Applicable	Requires at least 10-days prior notice to the Department of Conservation & Natural Resources (DCNR) before a well is sealed or closed.	EPA will coordinate with DEP and DCNR on the abandonment of any wells at the Site during the remedial action.
<i>Guidance for Evaluating Completion of Groundwater Restoration Remedial Action</i>	EPA Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) Directive 9355.0-129 (11/25/13)	TBC	This guidance presents EPA’s recommendations for evaluating Superfund groundwater remedy performance and making decisions to help facilitate achievement of Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs) and associated cleanup levels.	This guidance will be used to evaluate remedy performance and achievement of RAOs.
<i>EPA Groundwater Remedy Completion Strategy</i>	EPA OSWER Directive 9200.2-144 (05/12/14)	TBC	This guidance presents EPA’s recommendations for evaluating Superfund groundwater remedy performance and making decisions to help facilitate achievement of RAOs and associated cleanup levels.	This guidance will be used to evaluate remedy performance and achievement of RAOs.
<i>Technical Guide for Assessing and Mitigating the Vapor Intrusion Pathway from Subsurface Vapor Sources to Indoor Air</i>	EPA OSWER Publication 9200.2-154 (June 2015); and Errata.	TBC	This guidance is intended for use at any site being evaluated by EPA under CERCLA where vapor intrusion may be of potential concern. It is intended for use in both residential and non-residential settings.	This guidance will be used to evaluate the need for vapor-intrusion mitigation measures in any new construction of structures for human occupancy or use at the Site.

*Baghurst Drive Superfund Site, Upper Salford, Montgomery County, PA
Record of Decision – ARARs Table*

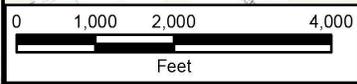
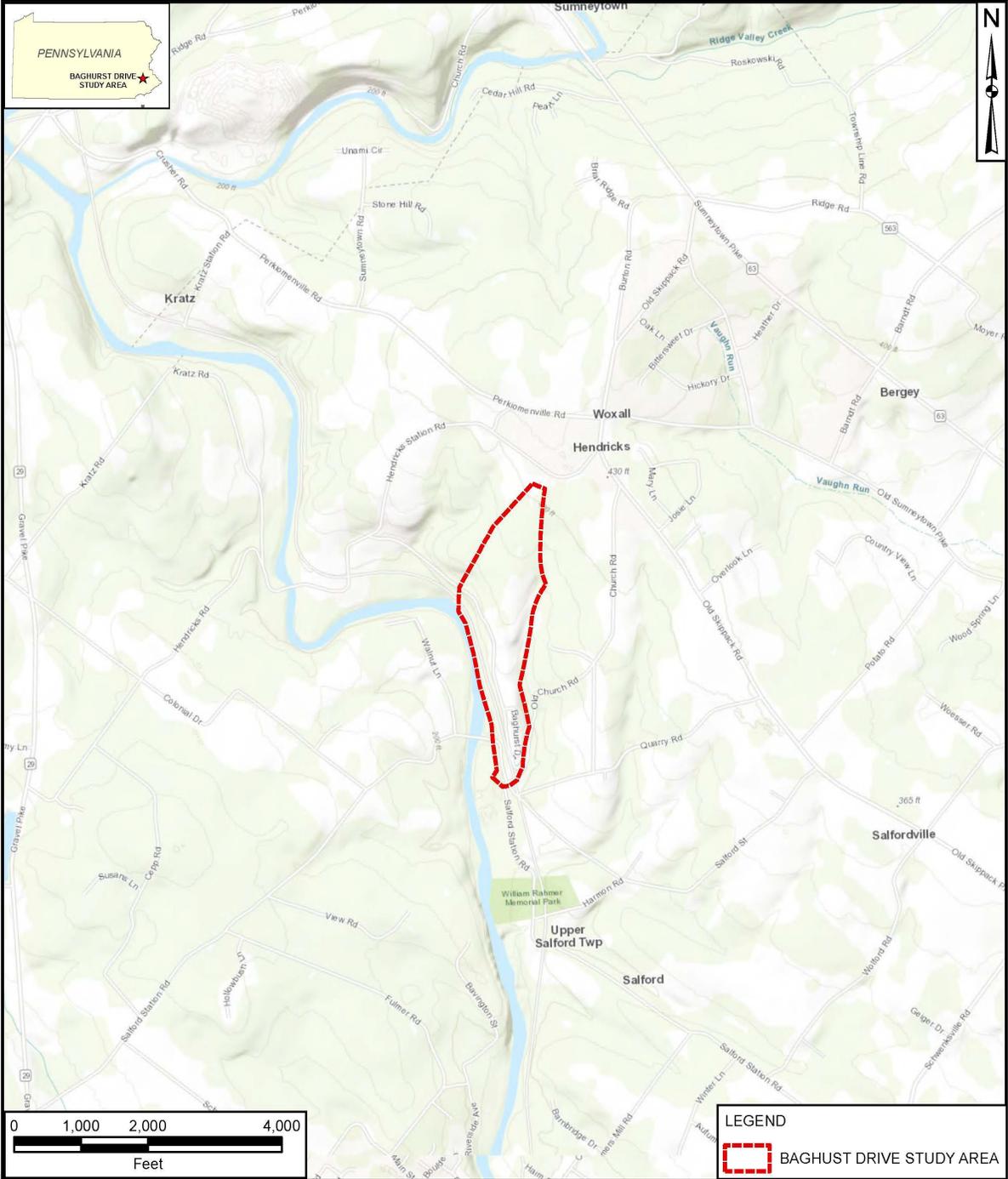
Requirement	Citation	Status	Description	Relation to Remedy
<i>Institutional Controls: A Guide to Planning, Implementing, Maintaining, and Enforcing Institutional Controls at Contaminated Sites</i>	OSWER Guidance 9355.0-89, EPA-540-R-09-001 (Dec. 2012)	TBC	This guidance provides information and recommendations for planning, implementing, maintaining, and enforcing ICs at Superfund sites.	This guidance will inform the planning and implementation of any ICs required during the remedial action.
<i>Water-Well Abandonment Guidelines</i> (previously published as Chapter 7 in the DEP publication, <i>Ground Water Monitoring Guidance Manual</i>)	Available at http://elibrary.dcnr.pa.gov/GetDocument?docId=1751964&DocName=WtrWellAbandonGuidelines.pdf	TBC	Private water wells that are no longer being used should be sealed to prevent migration of contaminants and eliminate the safety hazard of an open hole. In PA, the property owner is responsible for effectively filling and sealing all abandoned water wells according to these water-well abandonment guidelines.	EPA will follow these guidelines during the abandonment and sealing of any wells during the remedial action.

V. FIGURES

**BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

RECORD OF DECISION

CALL PROJECTS1259703089 SITE LOCATION MAP.MXD MKB 8/12/2019



LEGEND	
	BAGHURST DRIVE STUDY AREA



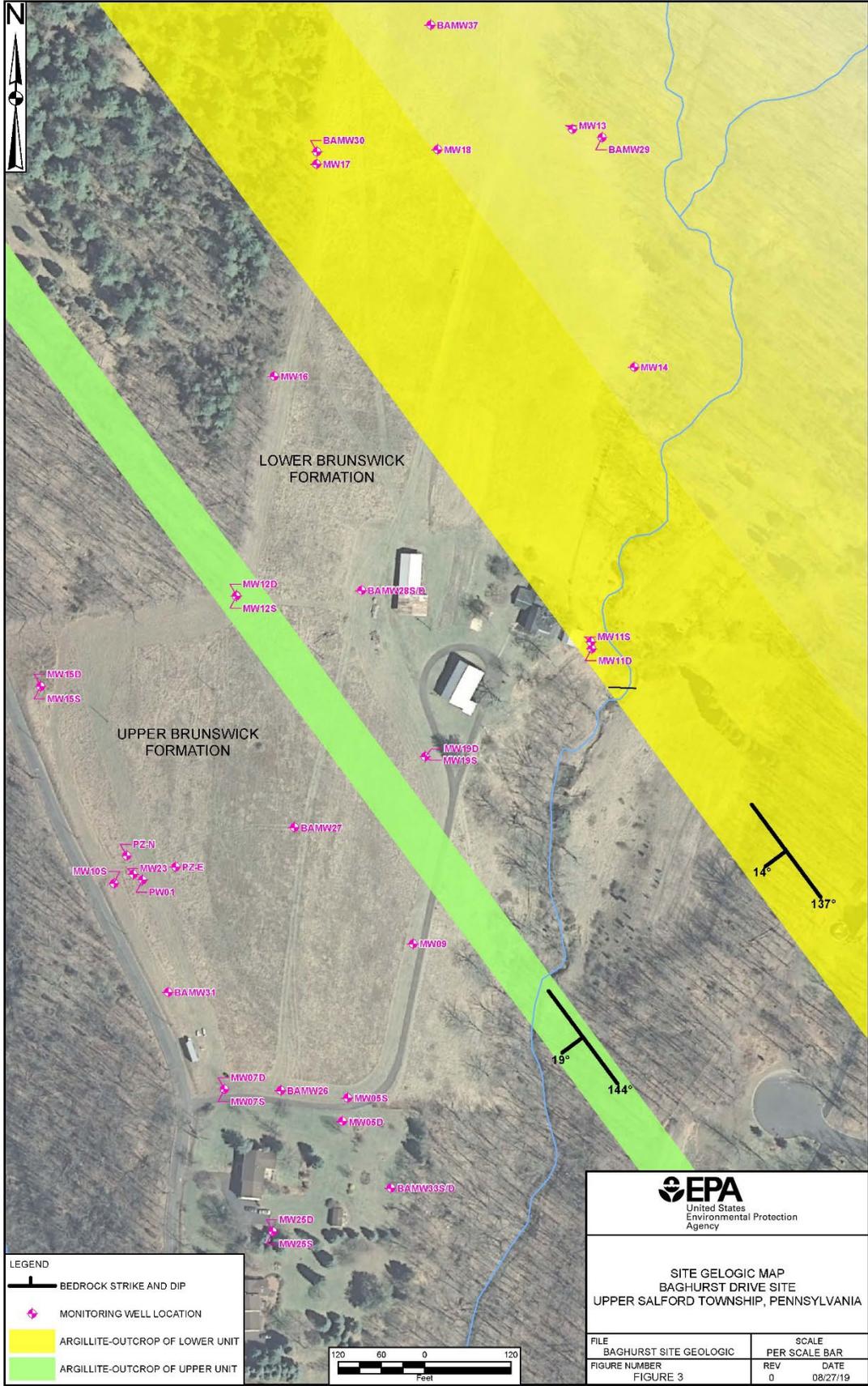
SITE LOCATION MAP
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

SCALE PER SCALE BAR	
FILE SITE LOCATION MAP	
REV 0	DATE 08/12/19
FIGURE NUMBER FIGURE 1	



SITE FEATURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

FILE	SCALE	
BAGHURST SITE FEATURES	PER SCALE BAR	
FIGURE NUMBER	REV	DATE
FIGURE 2	0	08/26/19



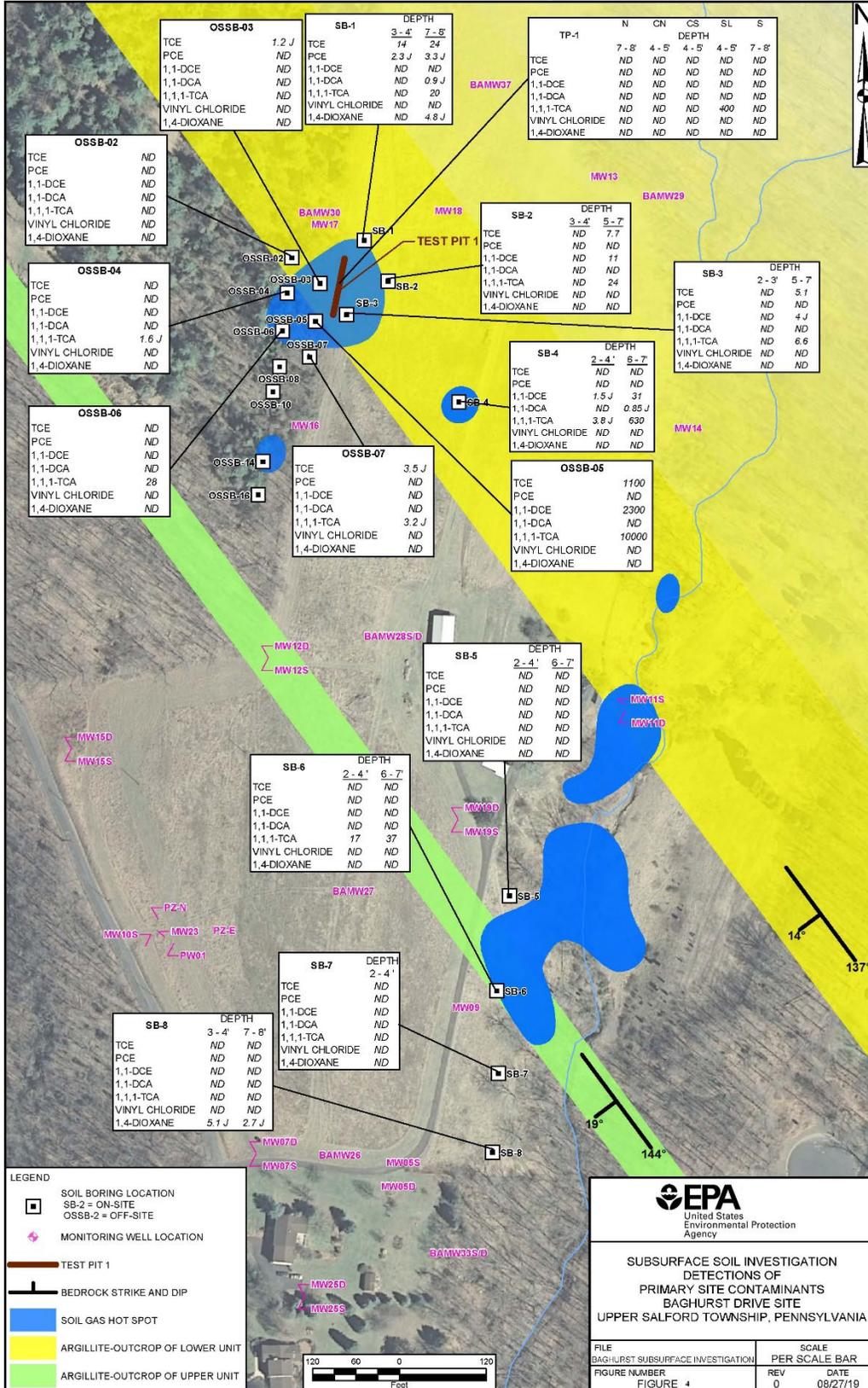
LEGEND

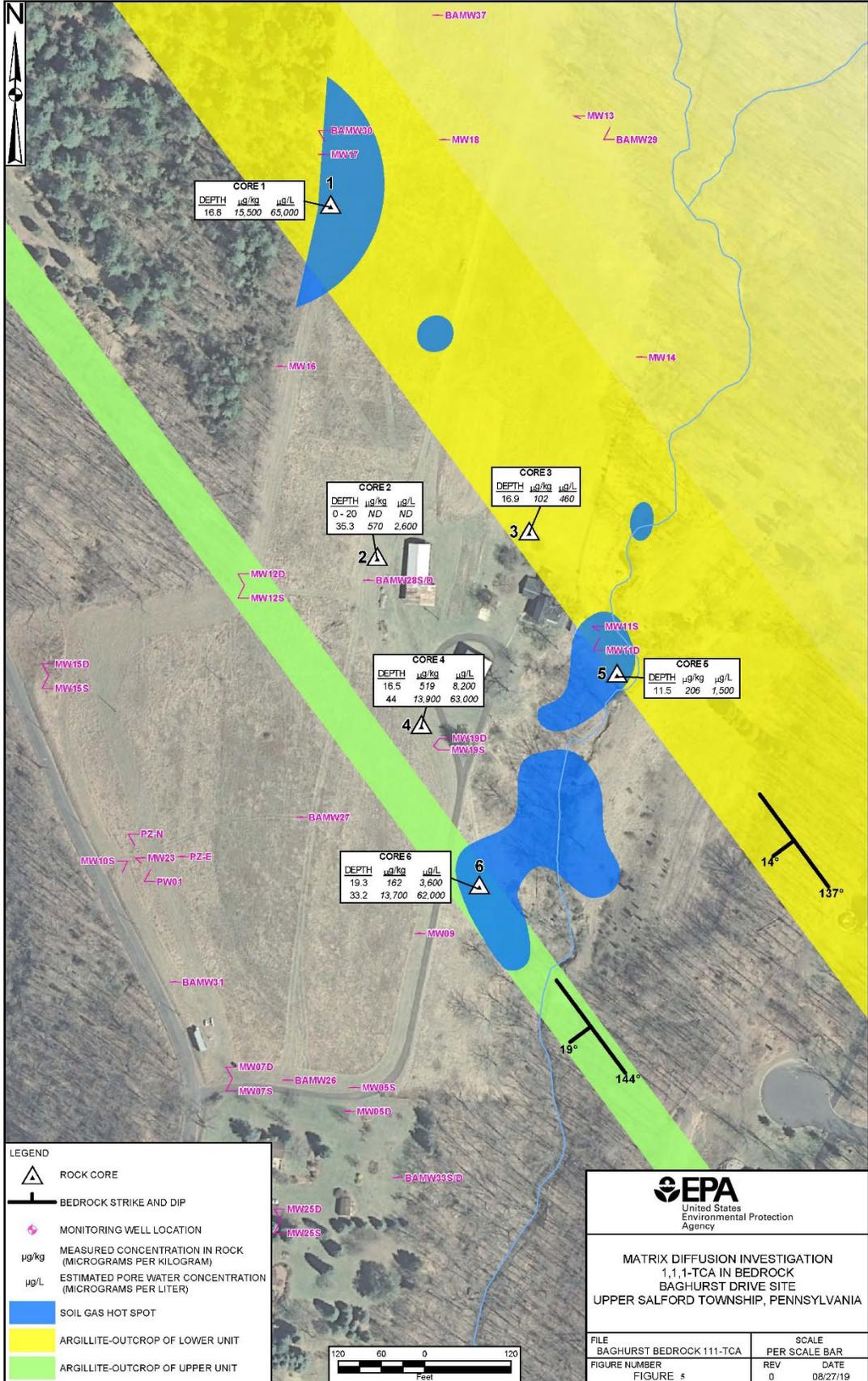
- BEDROCK STRIKE AND DIP
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION
- ARGILLITE-OUTCROP OF LOWER UNIT
- ARGILLITE-OUTCROP OF UPPER UNIT

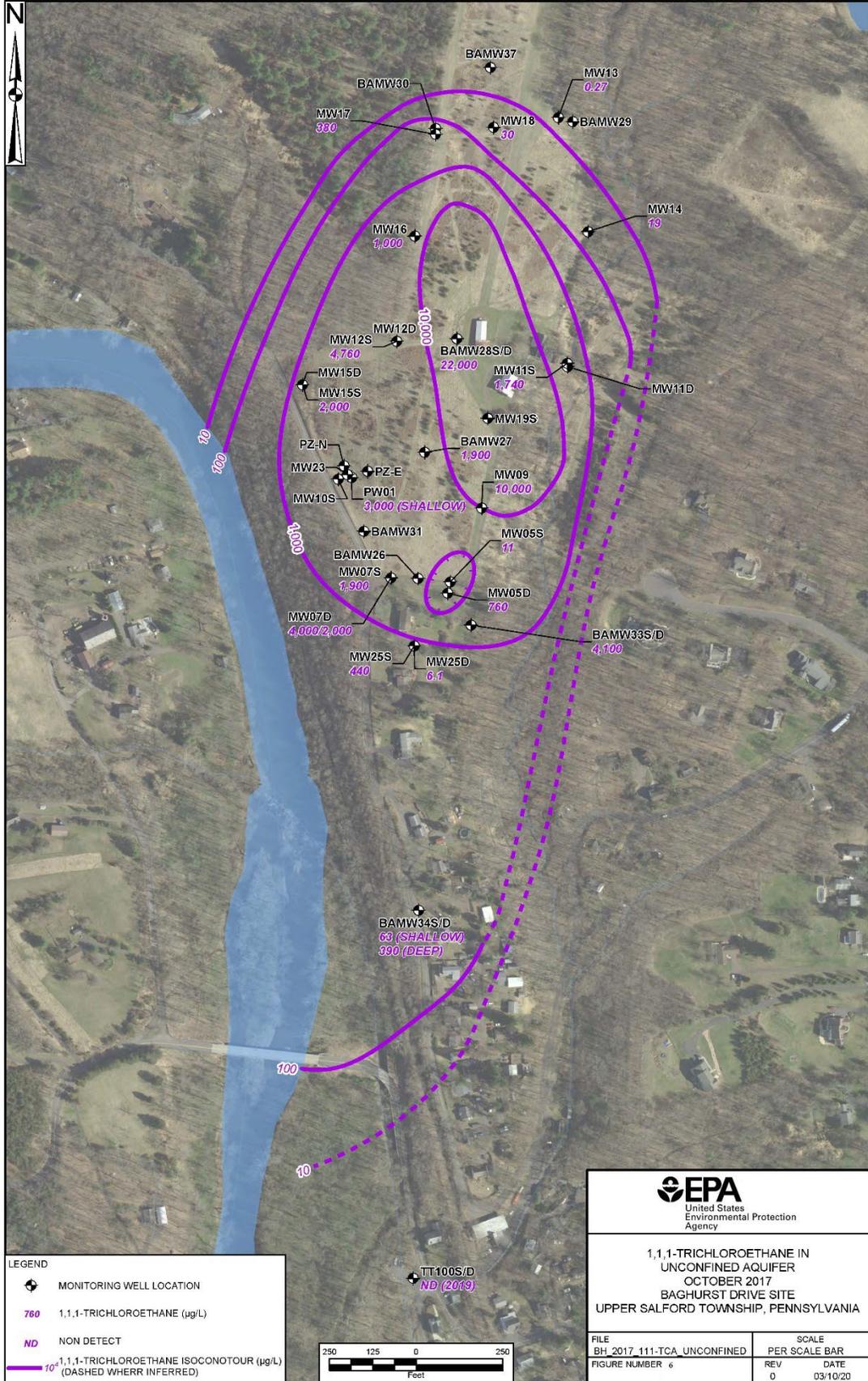


**SITE GEOLOGIC MAP
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA**

FILE BAGHURST SITE GEOLOGIC	SCALE PER SCALE BAR
FIGURE NUMBER FIGURE 3	REV 0
	DATE 08/27/19



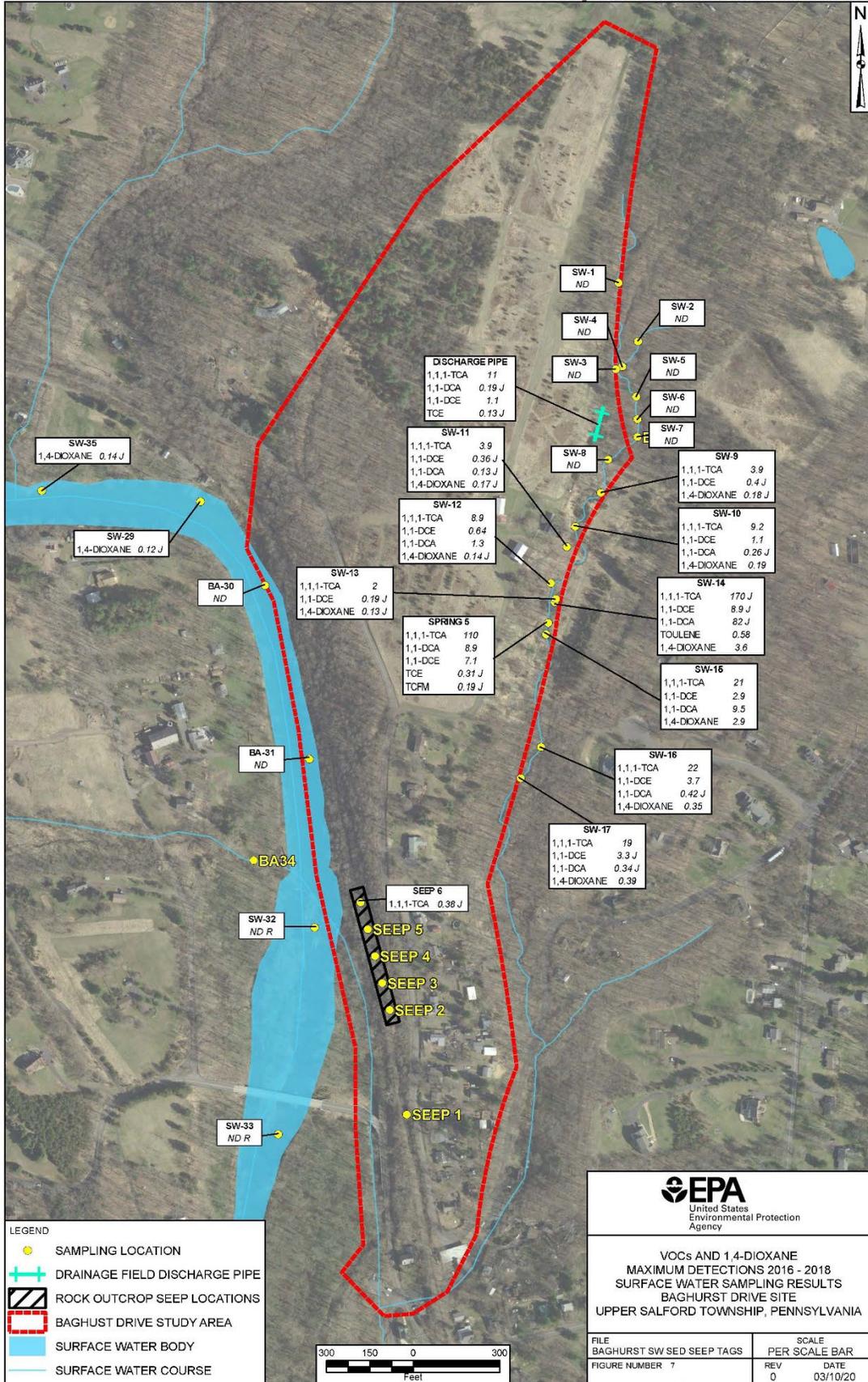




EPA
United States Environmental Protection Agency

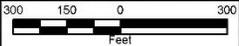
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE IN UNCONFINED AQUIFER
OCTOBER 2017
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

FILE BH_2017_111-TCA_UNCONFINED	SCALE PER SCALE BAR
FIGURE NUMBER 6	REV 0 DATE 03/10/20



LEGEND

- SAMPLING LOCATION
- ✚ DRAINAGE FIELD DISCHARGE PIPE
- ▨ ROCK OUTCROP SEEP LOCATIONS
- ▭ BAGHURST DRIVE STUDY AREA
- SURFACE WATER BODY
- SURFACE WATER COURSE



EPA
United States Environmental Protection Agency

VOCs AND 1,4-DIOXANE
MAXIMUM DETECTIONS 2016 - 2018
SURFACE WATER SAMPLING RESULTS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

FILE BAGHURST SW SED SEEP TAGS	SCALE PER SCALE BAR
FIGURE NUMBER 7	REV 0 DATE 03/10/20

DISCHARGE PIPE

1,1,1-TCA	11
1,1-DCE	0.19 J
1,1-DCA	1.1
TCE	0.13 J

SW-11

1,1,1-TCA	3.9
1,1-DCE	0.36 J
1,1-DCA	0.13 J
1,4-DIOXANE	0.17 J

SW-12

1,1,1-TCA	8.9
1,1-DCE	0.64
1,1-DCA	1.3
1,4-DIOXANE	0.14 J

SPRING 5

1,1,1-TCA	110
1,1-DCE	8.9
1,1-DCA	7.1
TCE	0.31 J
TCRM	0.19 J

SW-13

1,1,1-TCA	2
1,1-DCE	0.19 J
1,4-DIOXANE	0.13 J

SW-14

1,1,1-TCA	170 J
1,1-DCE	8.9 J
1,1-DCA	82 J
TOULENE	0.58
1,4-DIOXANE	3.6

SW-16

1,1,1-TCA	21
1,1-DCE	2.9
1,1-DCA	9.5
1,4-DIOXANE	2.9

SW-17

1,1,1-TCA	19
1,1-DCE	3.3 J
1,1-DCA	0.34 J
1,4-DIOXANE	0.39

SW-1

ND	
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SW-2

ND	
----	--

SW-3

ND	
----	--

SW-4

ND	
----	--

SW-5

ND	
----	--

SW-6

ND	
----	--

SW-7

ND	
----	--

SW-8

ND	
----	--

SW-9

1,1,1-TCA	3.9
1,1-DCE	0.4 J
1,4-DIOXANE	0.18 J

SW-10

1,1,1-TCA	9.2
1,1-DCE	1.1
1,1-DCA	0.26 J
1,4-DIOXANE	0.19

SW-14

1,1,1-TCA	170 J
1,1-DCE	8.9 J
1,1-DCA	82 J
TOULENE	0.58
1,4-DIOXANE	3.6

SW-16

1,1,1-TCA	21
1,1-DCE	2.9
1,1-DCA	9.5
1,4-DIOXANE	2.9

SW-16

1,1,1-TCA	22
1,1-DCE	3.7
1,1-DCA	0.42 J
1,4-DIOXANE	0.35

SW-17

1,1,1-TCA	19
1,1-DCE	3.3 J
1,1-DCA	0.34 J
1,4-DIOXANE	0.39

SEEP 6

1,1,1-TCA	0.38 J
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SEEP 5

SEEP 4

SEEP 3

SEEP 2

SEEP 1

BA-30

ND	
----	--

BA-31

ND	
----	--

BA-34

SW-32

ND R	
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SW-33

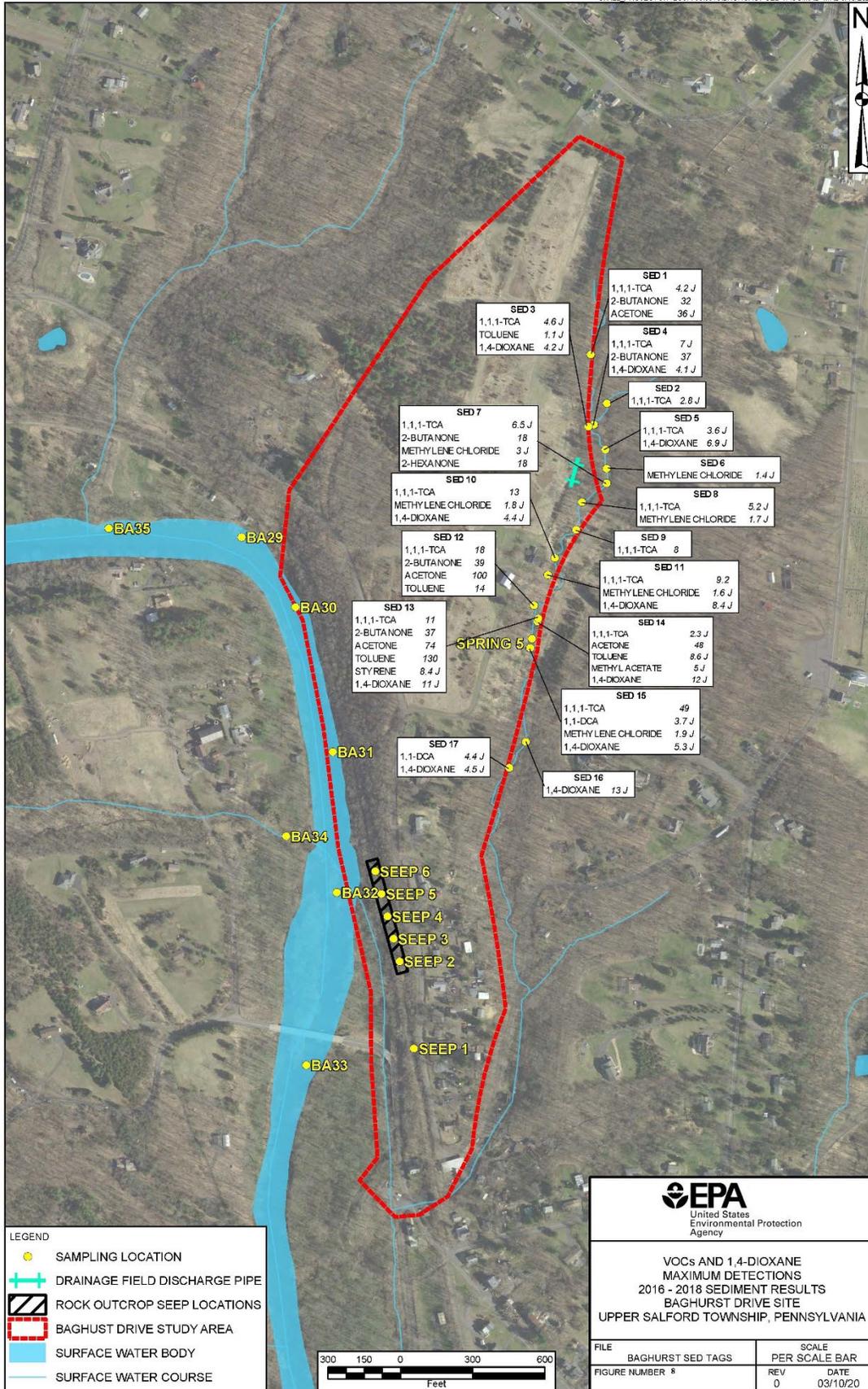
ND R	
------	--

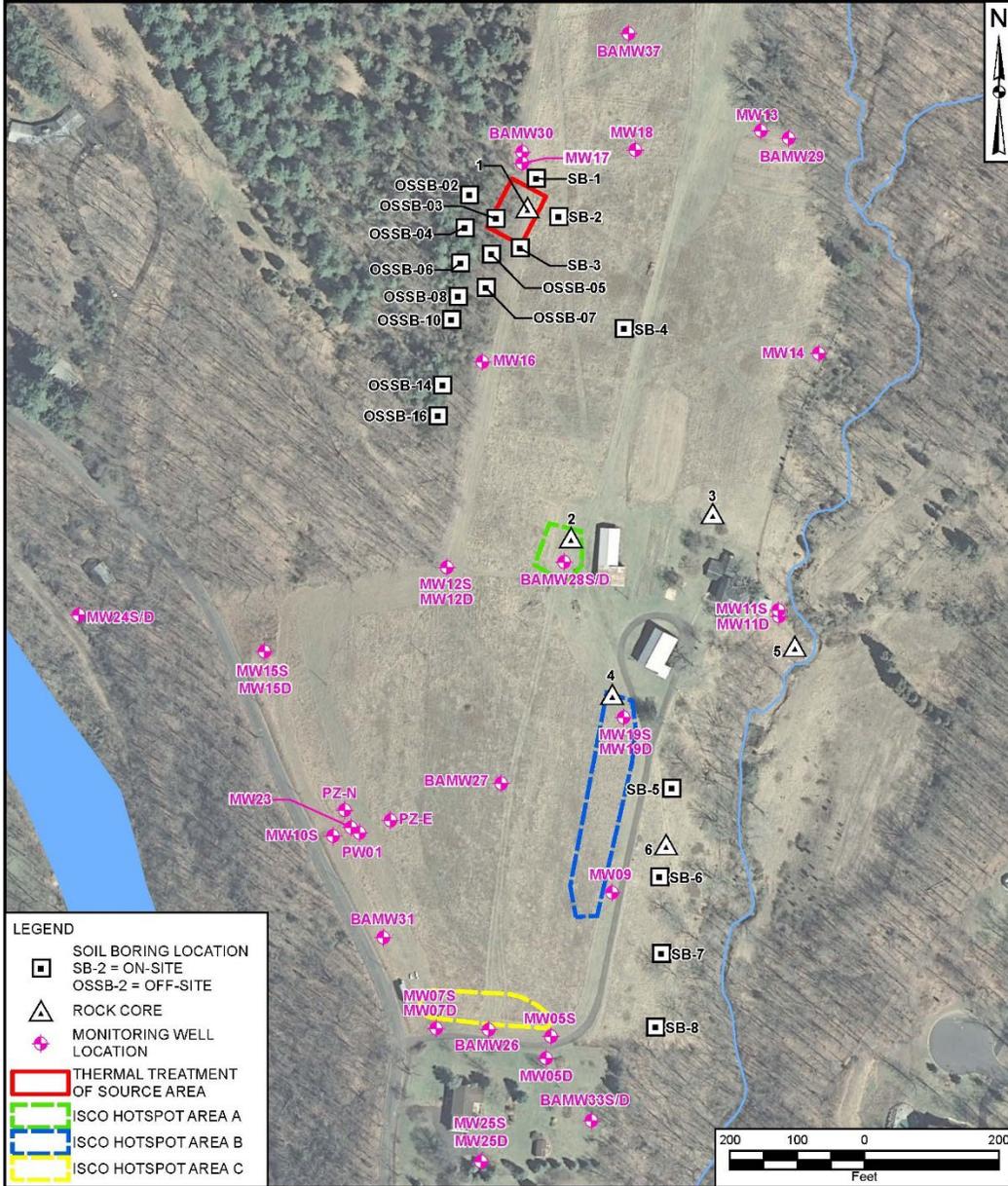
SW-35

1,4-DIOXANE	0.14 J
-------------	--------

SW-29

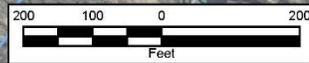
1,4-DIOXANE	0.12 J
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LEGEND

- SOIL BORING LOCATION
SB-2 = ON-SITE
OSSB-2 = OFF-SITE
- △ ROCK CORE
- ◆ MONITORING WELL LOCATION
- ▭ THERMAL TREATMENT OF SOURCE AREA
- ▭ ISCO HOTSPOT AREA A
- ▭ ISCO HOTSPOT AREA B
- ▭ ISCO HOTSPOT AREA C



ALTERNATIVE 6
THERMAL TREATMENT OF SOURCE AREA
AND IN SITU CHEMICAL OXIDATION OF HOT SPOT AREAS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE
UPPER SALFORD TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

SCALE	
PER SCALE BAR	
FILE	
baghurst_alt_7	
REV	DATE
0	01/04/21
FIGURE NUMBER	
9	

APPENDIX A



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION III

1650 Arch Street

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

BAGHURST DRIVE

REMEDIAL ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD FILE

INDEX OF DOCUMENTS

AVAILABLE 5/11/2021, UPDATED //2022

<https://semspub.epa.gov/src/collection/03/AR66839>

Introduction

The "Administrative Record" is the collection of documents which form the basis for the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) selection of a response action at a Superfund site. Superfund is the name given to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) which can be found in Title 42 of the U.S. Code (U.S.C.) at Sections 9601 through 9675. Response actions under Superfund can be either "removal actions" or "remedial actions." As the EPA decides what to do at the site of a release of hazardous substances, the EPA compiles documents concerning the site and EPA's decision into an "Administrative Record File." Documents may be added to the Administrative Record File from time to time. Once the EPA Regional Administrator or the Regional Administrator's delegate signs the decision document memorializing the selection of an action, the documents which form the basis for the selection of an action are known as the "Administrative Record." An Administrative Record file is required by CERCLA, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA).

The Administrative Record will be available for public review during normal business hours in an electronic computer imaged format at the selected repository and by appointment only at the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region 3 office which is located at the address given on the cover page. The Administrative Record is treated as a non-circulating reference document. Individuals may review documents contained in the Administrative Record, according to the procedures at the local repository and at the EPA Region 3 office. The Administrative Record will be maintained at the repository until further notice. EPA may send additional documents to the repository as work progresses at the Site. The EPA may hold formal public comment periods at certain stages of the response process. The public is urged to use the formal public comment periods to submit written comments to the EPA regarding the actions at the Site.

Except as explained below, this index and the record were compiled in accordance with the EPA's Revised Guidance on Compiling Administrative Records for CERCLA Response Actions, EPA/OSRE/OEM/OSRTI (September 20, 2010), and/or in accordance with Superfund Removal Procedures Public Participation Guidance for On-Scene Coordinators: Community Relations and the Administrative Record, OSWER 9360.3-05 (July 1992), and/or the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 CFR Part 300. Consistent with 40 CFR Sections 300.805 (a) (2), and 300.810 (a) (2), Region 3 has listed, in the Administrative Record Index (or in bibliographies of documents listed in the Index), guidance documents which may form a basis for the selection of this response action (EPA Guidance Documents, Non-Site Specific). Unless the guidance documents indexed were generated specifically for the Site, the guidance documents may not be present in the Administrative Record. However, it should be noted that the EPA does maintain an extensive collection of Superfund response action guidance documents available in electronic format on the EPA website at: <https://www.epa.gov/superfund/superfund-policy-guidance-and-laws>.

Additionally, the EPA guidance related to Superfund cleanup enforcement may be found on the website at the following address:

<http://cfpub.epa.gov/compliance/resources/policies/cleanup/superfund>.

This page is titled, "Superfund Cleanup Policies and Guidance."

The Administrative Record is listed in chronological order with the earliest dated document at the top and followed by documents which may be "Undated."

Documents in the Administrative Record File have been redacted due to the presence of confidential business information, personal identifiable information, and/or other privileged materials. The redactions are evident from the face of the document and the word "Redacted" appears in the title on the index.

The documents in the [Baghurst Drive Removal Administrative Record File](#) dated 9/16/2019 are herein incorporated by reference.

DOC ID	DOC DATE	TITLE	PAGE COUNT	ADDRESSEE NAME	AUTHOR NAME
2316107	04/03/2017	DATA VALIDATION REPORT - DAS # R35028 (RELATED DOCUMENTS ATTACHED)	12	GEIGER,WILL (EPA) MCDONALD,BRANDON (EPA)	(ICF INTERNATIONAL) MCDONALD,BRANDON (EPA)
2316114	04/03/2017	VALIDATED DATA - DAS # R35028	7	(EPA)	(ICF INTERNATIONAL)
2316108	04/21/2017	REVIEW OF VALIDATED DATA FOR INDOOR AIR	4	GEIGER,WILL (EPA)	FLORES-BROWN,PATRICIA, (EPA)
2309599	10/21/2019	PADEP COMMENTS ON DRAFT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT	2	GEIGER,WILL (EPA)	ARMSTRONG,DUSTIN,A (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)
2309595	04/01/2020	PADEP COMMENTS ON DRAFT FEASIBILITY STUDY	5	GEIGER,WILL (EPA)	ARMSTRONG,DUSTIN,A (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)
2316100	04/02/2020	EMAIL REGARDING PADEP ARARS REVIEW	6	ARMSTRONG,DUSTIN,A (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION) GEIGER,WILL (EPA)	ARMSTRONG,DUSTIN,A (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION) GEIGER,WILL (EPA)
2309598	04/29/2020	EMAIL REGARDING PRELIMINARY REMEDIATION GOALS (PRGS) FOR METALS	5	GEIGER,WILL (EPA) GELHAUS,MARTIN (EPA) KILMARTIN,KEVIN,C (TETRA TECH)	GEIGER,WILL (EPA) GELHAUS,MARTIN (EPA) KILMARTIN,KEVIN,C (TETRA TECH)
2316112	05/01/2020	REDACTED REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT	5126		(TETRA TECH INC)
2316111	12/01/2020	REDACTED FEASIBILITY STUDY	343		(TETRA TECH INC)
2316115	03/12/2021	TRANSMITTAL OF DRAFT PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP)	1	ARMSTRONG,DUSTIN,A (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)	HANEIKO,ANDREW (EPA)
2309597	04/19/2021	MEMO TO FILE REGARDING DECISION NOT TO EVALUATE MONITORED NATURAL ATTENUATION (MNA) OF GROUNDWATER AS REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVE	1		HANEIKO,ANDREW (EPA)
2316103	04/20/2021	EMAIL REGARDING EPA RESPONSE TO PADEP IDENTIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL POTENTIAL ARARS	17	THOMAS,GINA (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)	HASSON,ROBERT (EPA)
2316106	04/21/2021	EMAIL REGARDING CITATIONS CONCERNING GENERAL APPLICABILITY CRITERION OF ARARS	3	HARTZELL,ANDERSON,L (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)	HASSON,ROBERT (EPA)
2316101	04/26/2021	EMAIL REGARDING REVISIONS TO PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP) INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL LANGUAGE (PROPOSED REVISIONS ATTACHED)	9	HANEIKO,ANDREW (EPA)	MCCLENNEN,BONNIE (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)
2316113	04/29/2021	EMAIL REGARDING FEEDBACK ON ARARS (RELATED DOCUMENTS ATTACHED)	15	HANEIKO,ANDREW (EPA)	ARMSTRONG,DUSTIN,A (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)
2316105	05/05/2021	EPA REPSONSE TO PADEP CONCERNS REGARDING PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP) INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL LANGUAGE	2	PATEL,RAGESH (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)	ROOT,CHARLIE (EPA)
2316104	05/07/2021	EPA SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO PADEP IDENTIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL POTENTIAL ARARS (TRANSMITTAL EMAIL ATTACHED)	14	THOMAS,GINA (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)	HASSON,ROBERT (EPA)

DOC ID	DOC DATE	TITLE	PAGE COUNT	ADDRESSEE NAME	AUTHOR NAME
2316110	05/11/2021	FACT SHEET: EPA ANNOUNCES PROPOSED CLEANUP PLAN	4		(EPA)
2316109	05/11/2021	PUBLIC NOTICE: PROPOSED CLEANUP PLAN AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC COMMENT	1		(EPA)
2316102	05/11/2021	PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP)	62		(EPA)
2316119	05/11/2021	VIDEO: PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP) VIRTUAL PUBLIC MEETING PRESENTATION (WITH CAPTIONS)	1		(EPA)
2327402	05/11/2021	VIRTUAL PUBLIC MEETING PRESENTATION TRANSCRIPT	10		(EPA)
2327403	05/20/2021	REDACTED PUBLIC COMMENT ON PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP)	1		(RESIDENT)
2327400	06/10/2021	PADEP COMMENTS ON PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP)	2	HANEIKO,ANDREW (EPA)	MCCLENNEN,BONNIE (PA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION)
2327405	08/04/2021	PA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW SUMMARY LETTER	2	OKORN,BARBARA (EPA)	MACDONALD,ANDREA (PA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE)

* The virtual public meeting presentation can also be viewed online at:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BPnk9k9VXcM>

APPENDIX B – Cost Estimates for Remedial Alternatives

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G1 - No Action
 Capital Cost

2/26/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
1 PROJECT PLANNING & DOCUMENTS											
1.1 Prepare Documents & Plans	0	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Subtotal							\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$0		\$0
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$0		\$0	\$0
Total Direct Cost							\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$0
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$0
Subtotal											\$0
Health & Safety Monitoring @ 0%											\$0
Total Field Cost											\$0
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%											\$0
Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%											\$0
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$0

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G1 - No Action
 Operating Cost

2/26/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
None											
Subtotal							\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$0		\$0
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$0		\$0	\$0
Total Direct Cost							\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$0
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$0
Subtotal											\$0
Health & Safety Monitoring @ 0%											\$0
Total Field Cost											\$0
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%											\$0
Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%											\$0
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$0

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G1 - No Action
Annual Cost

2/26/2020

Item	Item Cost years 1 - 30	Item Cost every 5 years	Notes
Five Year Site Review		\$25,000	
Subtotal	\$0	\$25,000	
Contingency @ 10%	\$0	\$2,500	
TOTAL	\$0	\$27,500	

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Montgomery County, PA
Upper Salford Township
Alternative G1 - No Action
Present Worth Analysis

2/26/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Operation & Maintenance Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
0	\$0			\$0	1.000	\$0
1		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.985	\$0
2		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.971	\$0
3		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.956	\$0
4		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.942	\$0
5		\$0	\$27,500	\$27,500	0.928	\$25,527
6		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.915	\$0
7		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.901	\$0
8		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.888	\$0
9		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.875	\$0
10		\$0	\$27,500	\$27,500	0.862	\$23,696
11		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.849	\$0
12		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.836	\$0
13		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.824	\$0
14		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.812	\$0
15		\$0	\$27,500	\$27,500	0.800	\$21,996
16		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.788	\$0
17		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.776	\$0
18		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.765	\$0
19		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.754	\$0
20		\$0	\$27,500	\$27,500	0.742	\$20,418
21		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.731	\$0
22		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.721	\$0
23		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.710	\$0
24		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.700	\$0
25		\$0	\$27,500	\$27,500	0.689	\$18,953
26		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.679	\$0
27		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.669	\$0
28		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.659	\$0
29		\$0	\$0	\$0	0.649	\$0
30		\$0	\$27,500	\$27,500	0.640	\$17,593

TOTAL PRESENT WORTH \$128,183

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternatives G2 - ICs and MNA

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal		
			Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material		Labor	Equipment
1 PROJECT PLANNING & DOCUMENTS											
1.1 Prepare LTM Plan	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
1.2 Prepare ICs	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
2 START-UP/ BASELINE SAMPLING											
2.1 Analysis: CVOCs and 1,4 dioxane	6	sample	\$3,420.00				\$20,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,520
2.2 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, veh	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
2.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
Subtotal							\$20,520	\$0	\$19,450	\$1,000	\$40,970
									\$5,835		\$5,835
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$2,052	\$0	\$1,945	\$100	\$4,097
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$0		\$70	\$70
Total Direct Cost							\$22,572	\$0	\$27,229	\$1,170	\$50,971
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$12,743
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$5,097
Subtotal											\$68,811
Health & Safety Monitoring @ 0%											\$0
Total Field Cost											\$68,811
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%											\$10,321.72
Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%											\$13,762
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$92,895

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternatives G2 - ICs and MNA
Annual Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Item Cost year 1-5	Item Cost years 6-10	Item Cost years 11-30	Item Cost every 5 years	Notes
Site Inspection: Visit	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500		One-day visit and report to verify ICs
Groundwater	\$13,625	\$13,625	\$13,625		Labor and supplies to collect samples annually.
Analysis:	\$3,420	\$3,420	\$3,420		Analyze 18 samples for CVOCs and 1,4 Dioxane
Five Year Site Review				\$25,000	
Subtotal	\$19,545	\$19,545	\$19,545	\$25,000	
Contingency @ 10%	\$1,955	\$1,955	\$1,955	\$2,500	
TOTAL	\$21,500	\$21,500	\$21,500	\$27,500	

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Montgomery County, PA
Upper Salford Township
Alternatives G2 - ICs and MNA
Present Worth Analysis

3/3/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
0	\$92,895		\$92,895	1.000	\$92,895
1		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.985	\$21,182
2		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.971	\$20,869
3		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.956	\$20,560
4		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.942	\$20,256
5		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.928	\$45,484
6		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.915	\$19,662
7		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.901	\$19,372
8		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.888	\$19,085
9		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.875	\$18,803
10		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.862	\$42,221
11		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.849	\$18,252
12		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.836	\$17,982
13		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.824	\$17,716
14		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.812	\$17,454
15		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.800	\$39,192
16		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.788	\$16,942
17		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.776	\$16,692
18		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.765	\$16,445
19		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.754	\$16,202
20		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.742	\$36,381
21		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.731	\$15,727
22		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.721	\$15,494
23		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.710	\$15,265
24		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.700	\$15,040
25		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.689	\$33,771
26		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.679	\$14,599
27		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.669	\$14,383
28		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.659	\$14,170
29		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.649	\$13,961
30		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.640	\$31,348

TOTAL PRESENT WORTH \$737,407

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G3 - Groundwater Extraction
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
1 PROJECT PLANNING & DOCUMENTS											
1.1 Implementation Work Plan	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
1.2 Prepare LTM Plans	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
1.3 Permitting (NPDES and E&SC)	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
1.4 Prepare ICs	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
1.5 Easement For Discharge	1	ls			\$15,000.00		\$0	\$0	\$15,000	\$0	\$15,000
2 MOBILIZATION/DEMobilIZATION, SITE PREP											
2.1 Site Support Facilities (trailers, phone, electric, etc.	1	ls		\$1,000.00		\$3,500.00	\$0	\$1,000	\$0	\$3,500	\$4,500
2.2 Equipment Mobilization/Demobilization	5	ea			\$780.00	\$424.00	\$0	\$0	\$3,900	\$2,120	\$6,020
2.2 Grading for Access Road	1,250	sy			\$0.72	\$0.74	\$0	\$0	\$900	\$925	\$1,825
2.3 Gravel Access Road, 12" thick	1,250	sy		\$11.90	\$0.51	\$0.73	\$0	\$14,875	\$638	\$913	\$16,425
2.4 Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	0.5	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$950	\$713	\$1,663
2.5 Fence, Chain Link, 8' high	1,200	lf	\$44.50				\$53,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$53,400
2.6 Gate, Chain Link, 20' wide	2	ea.	\$2,800.00				\$5,600	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,600
3 FIELD SUPPORT											
3.1 Office Trailer	6	mo				\$450.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,700	\$2,700
3.2 Field Office Equipment, Utilities, & Support	6	mo		\$456.00			\$0	\$2,736	\$0	\$0	\$2,736
3.3 Storage Trailer	6	mo				\$110.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$660	\$660
3.4 Survey Support	5	day	\$1,275.00				\$6,375	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,375
3.5 Site Superintendent	150	day		\$111.00	\$435.00		\$0	\$16,650	\$65,250	\$0	\$81,900
3.6 Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	25	day		\$111.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$2,775	\$9,250	\$0	\$12,025
4 DECONTAMINATION											
4.1 Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
4.2 Decontamination Services	2	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$750	\$2,400	\$1,800	\$4,950
4.3 Decon Water	2,000	gal	\$0.20				\$400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$400
4.4 Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	2	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,270	\$1,270
4.5 Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	2	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,140	\$1,140
5 GROUNDWATER EXTRACTION WELLS											
5.1 Driller Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ls	\$6,000.00				\$6,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,000
5.2 Drilling Plume Extraction Wells (5- 6" wells)	240	ft			\$12.35	\$24.00	\$0	\$0	\$2,964	\$5,760	\$8,724
5.3 6" Diameter Slotted PVC Well Casing	60	ft		\$16.70	\$7.90	\$21.50	\$0	\$1,002	\$474	\$1,290	\$2,766
5.4 6" Diameter PVC Well Casing	240	ft		\$8.50	\$7.65	\$21.00	\$0	\$2,040	\$1,836	\$5,040	\$8,916
5.5 Well Development @ 3 hours/well	9	hr		\$243.00	\$124.00	\$380.00	\$0	\$2,187	\$1,116	\$3,420	\$6,723
5.6 Well Vault	3	each		\$1,800.00	\$650.00	\$250.00	\$0	\$5,400	\$1,950	\$750	\$8,100
5.7 Sampling/Analysis of Drill Cuttings	2	ea	\$1,200.00				\$2,400	\$0	\$200	\$0	\$2,600
5.8 T&D of Drill Cuttings	25	ton	\$620.00				\$15,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,500
5.9 Sampling/Analysis of Waste Water	1	ea	\$1,000.00				\$1,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000
5.10 Borehole logging and reporting	4	week			\$1,870.40		\$0	\$0	\$7,482	\$0	\$7,482
5.11 Pump testing	72	hr	\$81.00	\$124.00	\$380.00		\$5,832	\$8,928	\$27,360	\$0	\$42,120
5.12 Extraction well pump, 1/3 hp submersible	3	ea		\$450.00	\$257.00		\$0	\$1,350	\$771	\$0	\$2,121
5.13 Pump Suspension	237	lf		\$1.72	\$1.25	\$0.50	\$0	\$408	\$296	\$119	\$822

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G3 - Groundwater Extraction
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal	
				Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor		Equipment
5.14 Well pump Power Cable	3500	lf		\$7.50	\$1.15		\$0	\$26,250	\$4,025	\$0	\$30,275
5.15 3/4" Reinforced Flexible downhole Piping	237	lf		\$2.15	\$1.00	\$0.00	\$0	\$510	\$237	\$0	\$747
5.16 Well Level Transducer and Cable	3	ea		\$664.00	\$100.00	\$80.00	\$0	\$1,992	\$300	\$240	\$2,532
5.17 Valves, Fitting and Sampling Port	1	ls	\$6,000.00				\$6,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,000
6 TREATMENT PLANT AND EQUIPMENT											
6.1 Treatment Building, 70' by 56' by 16'	3,920	sf	\$40.50				\$158,760	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$158,760
6.2 Treatment Building Slab, 70' by 56' by 6"	75	cy	\$621.00				\$46,575	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,575
6.3 Treatment Building Foudation, 70' by 56'	56	cy	\$621.00				\$34,776	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$34,776
6.4 Truck Door	1	ea	\$4,050.00				\$4,050	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,050
6.5 Equalization Tank, 2,800 gal HDPE	1	ea		\$2,500.00	\$325.00		\$0	\$2,500	\$325	\$0	\$2,825
6.6 Feed Pump, 40 gpm, 2 hp	1	ea		\$860.00	\$348.00		\$0	\$860	\$348	\$0	\$1,208
6.7 HIPOX Unit with Ozone Generator	1	ea		\$310,000.00	\$3,024.00	\$704.00	\$0	\$310,000	\$3,024	\$704	\$313,728
6.8 PSA Oxygen Generator	1	ea		\$25,000.00	\$4,536.00	\$1,056.00	\$0	\$25,000	\$4,536	\$1,056	\$30,592
6.9 Peroxide Tank, 50 gal	1	ea		\$420.00	\$89.00		\$0	\$420	\$89	\$0	\$509
6.10 Peroxide Feed Pump	1	ea		\$1,100.00	\$45.00		\$0	\$1,100	\$45	\$0	\$1,145
6.11 Sodium Hydroxide Tank, 30 gal	1	ea		\$300.00	\$89.00		\$0	\$300	\$89	\$0	\$389
6.12 Sodium Hydroxide Feed Pump	1	ea		\$1,100.00	\$89.00		\$0	\$1,100	\$89	\$0	\$1,189
6.13 Static Mixer, 12 element, Sch 80 2-inch PVC	1	ea		\$450.00	\$45.00		\$0	\$450	\$45	\$0	\$495
6.14 Greensand Filters with Zeolite Filter System	1	ea		\$100,000.00	\$7,560.00	\$1,760.00	\$0	\$100,000	\$7,560	\$1,760	\$109,320
6.15 Sodium Hypochlorite Tank, 50 gal	1	ea		\$420.00	\$89.00		\$0	\$420	\$89	\$0	\$509
6.16 Sodium Hypochlorite Feed Pump	1	ea		\$1,100.00	\$45.00		\$0	\$1,100	\$45	\$0	\$1,145
6.17 Backwash Storage Tank, 12,000 gal HDPE	1	ea		\$28,000.00	\$510.00		\$0	\$28,000	\$510	\$0	\$28,510
6.18 Backwash Pump, 424 gpm, 10' hp	1	ea		\$1,430.00	\$615.00		\$0	\$1,430	\$615	\$0	\$2,045
6.19 Dirty Backwash Tank, 9,000 gal HDPE	1	ea		\$18,000.00	\$480.00		\$0	\$18,000	\$480	\$0	\$18,480
6.20 Solids Settling Tank, 9,000 gal HDPE	1	ea		\$18,000.00	\$480.00		\$0	\$18,000	\$480	\$0	\$18,480
6.21 Filter Press (plate & frame) 1 cf	1	ea		\$16,000.00	\$3,024.00	\$704.00	\$0	\$16,000	\$3,024	\$704	\$19,728
6.22 Filter Press Feed Pump, 10 gpm	1	ea		\$450.00	\$90.00		\$0	\$450	\$90	\$0	\$540
6.23 Air Compressor	1	ea		\$2,000.00	\$260.00		\$0	\$2,000	\$260	\$0	\$2,260
6.24 Misc. Solids Dewatering Piping and Valves	1	ls		\$5,000.00	\$5,040.00		\$0	\$5,000	\$5,040	\$0	\$10,040
6.25 Dirty Backwash Pump, 10 gpm, 1/3 hp	1	ea		\$340.00	\$300.00		\$0	\$340	\$300	\$0	\$640
6.26 Sump Pump, 10 gpm, 1/3 hp	1	ea		\$340.00	\$300.00		\$0	\$340	\$300	\$0	\$640
6.27 PVC Sch 80 pipe, 2.5" dia.	1,000	lf		\$9.30	\$17.10		\$0	\$9,300	\$17,100	\$0	\$26,400
6.28 PVC Sch 80 ball valves, 2.5"	50	ea		\$195.00	\$34.50		\$0	\$9,750	\$1,725	\$0	\$11,475
6.29 PVC Elbows & Tees, 2.5"	120	ea		\$33.00	\$44.50		\$0	\$3,960	\$5,340	\$0	\$9,300
6.30 PVC Sch 80 pipe, 2.5" dia. (underground)	2,500	lf		\$5.49	\$7.35		\$0	\$13,725	\$18,375	\$0	\$32,100
6.31 PVC Sch 80 pipe, 4" dia. (underground)	2,500	lf		\$19.18	\$8.32		\$0	\$47,950	\$20,800	\$0	\$68,750
6.32 Pipeline Excavation/Bedding/Backfill	2,500	lf		\$3.70	\$5.10	\$2.05	\$0	\$9,250	\$12,750	\$5,125	\$27,125
6.33 Extraction Well pump, 40 gpm, 3 hp	5	ea		\$25,000.00	\$800.00	\$500.00	\$0	\$125,000	\$4,000	\$2,500	\$131,500
6.34 Misc Piping Appurtenances	2	ls		\$45,000.00	\$5,340.00		\$0	\$90,000	\$10,680	\$0	\$100,680
6.35 Electric Service	1	ls	\$30,000.00				\$30,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$30,000
6.36 GAC Unit	2	ea		\$12,000.00			\$0	\$24,000	\$0	\$0	\$24,000
6.37 Instruments and Controls	1			\$175,000.00			\$0	\$175,000	\$0	\$0	\$175,000

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G3 - Groundwater Extraction
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost				Subtotal		
			Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor		Equipment	
6.38 Electrical System	1			\$110,000.00				\$0	\$110,000	\$0	\$0	\$110,000
6.39 System Start-Up and Testing	15	day		\$100.00	\$504.00	\$5.00		\$0	\$1,500	\$7,560	\$75	\$9,135
7 SITE RESTORATION												
7.1 Area Seeding	100	msf	\$56.60					\$5,660	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,660
7.2 Crushed Stone	625	sy		\$6.80	\$0.57	\$0.83		\$0	\$4,250	\$356	\$519	\$5,125
8 POST CONSTRUCTION COST												
8.1 Contractor Completion Report	300	hr			\$42.00			\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
8.2 Remedial Action Closeout Report	250	hr			\$42.00			\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
9 START-UP/ BASELINE SAMPLING												
9.1 Analysis: CVOs and 1,4 dioxane	1	event	\$3,420.00					\$3,420	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,420
9.2 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	3	days				\$500.00		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,500	\$1,500
9.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	3	days			\$274.80			\$0	\$0	\$824	\$0	\$824
Subtotal								\$385,748	\$1,251,147	\$339,642	\$47,001	\$2,023,538
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%										\$101,893		\$101,893
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%								\$38,575	\$125,115	\$33,964	\$4,700	\$202,354
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%									\$87,580		\$3,290	\$90,870
Total Direct Cost								\$424,323	\$1,463,842	\$475,499	\$54,991	\$2,418,655
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%												\$604,664
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%												\$241,866
Total Cost												\$3,265,185
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 8%												\$261,215
Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%												\$653,037
TOTAL CAPITAL COST												\$4,179,436

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G3 - Groundwater Extraction
O & M Costs

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Extended Cost				Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	
1 OPERATING COST											
1.1 Plant Labor, 40 hours per week	2,080	hr			\$27.00		\$0	\$0	\$56,160	\$0	\$56,160
1.2 Electric, per year	85,000	kw-hr		\$0.17			\$0	\$14,450	\$0	\$0	\$14,450
1.3 Brine Disposal	650,000	gal	\$0.08				\$52,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$52,000
1.4 Solids Disposal	2,500	lb	\$0.12				\$300	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$300
1.5 Sodium Hypochlorite	600	lb		\$9.00			\$0	\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
1.6 Sodium Hydroxide	1	ls		\$900.00			\$0	\$900	\$0	\$0	\$900
1.7 Hydrogen Peroxide Solution	1,000	gal		\$4.00			\$0	\$4,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,000
1.8 GAC Replacement Service (semi-annual)	2	ea	\$1,000.00				\$2,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	
1.9 GAC Replacement Units	1	ea		\$4,000.00			\$0	\$8	\$0	\$0	\$8
1.10 Filter (semi-annual)	2	ea		\$4.00			\$0	\$8	\$0	\$0	
1.11 UV Electricity	1	ls	\$10.00				\$10	\$0	\$0	\$0	
1.11 Equipment Maintenance, 5% Equipment Cost	1	ls		\$30,153.78			\$0	\$30,154	\$0	\$0	\$30,154
2 SAMPLING											
2.1 Effluent and Influent Sampling, 2 locations monthly	24	ea	\$190.00				\$4,560	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,560
Subtotal							\$58,870	\$54,920	\$56,160	\$0	\$169,950
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$16,848		\$16,848
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$5,887	\$5,492	\$5,616	\$0	\$16,995
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$3,844		\$0	\$3,844
Total Direct Cost							\$64,757	\$64,256	\$78,624	\$0	\$207,637
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$51,909
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$20,764
Total Cost											\$280,310
Contingency on Total Field Costs @ 0%											\$0
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 10%											\$28,031
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$308,341

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G3 - Groundwater Extraction
Annual Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Item Cost year 1-5	Item Cost years 6-10	Item Cost years 11-30	Item Cost every 5 years	Notes
Site Inspection: Visit	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500		One-day visit and report to verify ICs
Groundwater Sampling	\$54,500	\$27,250	\$13,625		Labor and supplies to collect samples from 16 wells & 2 QC samples, quarterly years 1-5, semiannual years 6-10, and annually years 11-30.
Analysis:	\$13,680	\$6,840	\$3,420		Analyze 18 samples for CVOCs and 1,4 Dioxane
Five Year Site Review				\$25,000	
Subtotal	\$70,680	\$36,590	\$19,545	\$25,000	
Contingency @ 10%	\$7,068	\$3,659	\$1,955	\$2,500	
TOTAL	\$77,748	\$40,249	\$21,500	\$27,500	

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G3 - Groundwater Extraction
Present Worth Analysis

3/3/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Operation & Maintenance Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
0	\$4,179,436			\$4,179,436	1.000	\$4,179,436
1		\$308,341	\$77,748	\$386,089	0.985	\$380,383
2		\$308,341	\$77,748	\$386,089	0.971	\$374,762
3		\$308,341	\$77,748	\$386,089	0.956	\$369,224
4		\$308,341	\$77,748	\$386,089	0.942	\$363,767
5		\$308,341	\$105,248	\$413,589	0.928	\$383,918
6		\$308,341	\$40,249	\$348,590	0.915	\$318,800
7		\$308,341	\$40,249	\$348,590	0.901	\$314,089
8		\$308,341	\$40,249	\$348,590	0.888	\$309,447
9		\$308,341	\$40,249	\$348,590	0.875	\$304,874
10		\$308,341	\$67,749	\$376,090	0.862	\$324,065
11		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.849	\$280,013
12		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.836	\$275,875
13		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.824	\$271,798
14		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.812	\$267,781
15		\$308,341	\$49,000	\$357,341	0.800	\$285,819
16		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.788	\$259,925
17		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.776	\$256,083
18		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.765	\$252,299
19		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.754	\$248,570
20		\$308,341	\$49,000	\$357,341	0.742	\$265,315
21		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.731	\$241,278
22		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.721	\$237,712
23		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.710	\$234,199
24		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.700	\$230,738
25		\$308,341	\$49,000	\$357,341	0.689	\$246,281
26		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.679	\$223,969
27		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.669	\$220,659
28		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.659	\$217,398
29		\$308,341	\$21,500	\$329,841	0.649	\$214,185
30		\$308,341	\$27,500	\$335,841	0.640	\$214,859

TOTAL PRESENT WORTH \$12,567,521

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G4 - ISCO in Source Area
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal		
			Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material		Labor	Equipment
1 PROJECT PLANNING & DOCUMENTS											
1.1 Implementation Work Plan	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
1.2 Prepare Remedial Action Plan & Permitting	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
1.3 Prepare LTM Plan	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
1.4 Prepare ICs	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
2 MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION											
2.1 Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
2.2 Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	1	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$1,900	\$1,425	\$3,325
3 FIELD SUPPORT											
3.1 Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
3.2 Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
3.3 Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
3.4 Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
4 DECONTAMINATION											
4.1 Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
4.2 Decontamination Services	1	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$375	\$1,200	\$900	\$2,475
4.3 Decon Water	1,000	gal	\$0.20				\$200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200
4.4 Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	1	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$635	\$635
4.5 Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	1	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$570	\$570
4.6 Disposal of Decon Waste (liquid & solid)	1	mo	\$950.00				\$950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950
5 ISCO TREATMENT											
5.1 Bed Rock Drilling	150	ft	\$75.00				\$11,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,250
5.2 ISCO Chemical	3	event		\$2,000.00			\$0	\$6,000	\$0	\$0	\$6,000
5.3 Chemical Injection	3	event	\$21,000.00				\$63,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$63,000
6 START-UP/ BASELINE SAMPLING											
6.1 Analysis: CVOCs and 1,4 dioxane	6	sample	\$3,420.00				\$20,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,520
6.2 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
6.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
7 Post-Injection Sampling											
7.1 Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
7.2 Post-Injection Sampling ODC	9	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
7.3 Post-Injection Analysis	9	ea	\$600.00				\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
7.4 Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
7.5 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
7.6 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
8 MONITORING WELLS											
8.1 Monitoring Wells, 1" dia. (3 new wells at various de	90	lft	\$55.00				\$4,950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,950
8.2 Monitoring Wells Head Completion	3	ea	\$250.00				\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
8.3 IDW Disposal (well installation)	9	drum	\$135.00				\$1,215	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,215

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G4 - ISCO in Source Area
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
9 POST CONSTRUCTION COST											
9.1 Contractor Completion Report	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
9.2 Remedial Action Closeout Report	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
Subtotal							\$115,485	\$16,895	\$101,019	\$6,230	\$239,629
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$30,306		\$30,306
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$11,549	\$1,690	\$10,102	\$623	\$23,963
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$1,183		\$436	\$1,619
Total Direct Cost							\$127,034	\$19,767	\$141,427	\$7,289	\$295,517
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$73,879
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$29,552
Total Cost											\$398,947
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%											\$59,842
Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%											\$79,789
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$538,579

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G4 - ISCO in Source Area
Annual Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Item Cost year 1-5	Item Cost years 6-10	Item Cost years 11-30	Item Cost every 5 years	Notes
Site Inspection: Visit	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500		One-day visit and report to verify ICs
Groundwater Sampling	\$54,500	\$27,250	\$13,625		Labor and supplies to collect samples from 16 wells & 2 QC samples, quarterly years 1-5, semiannual years 6-10, and annually years 11-30.
Analysis:	\$13,680	\$6,840	\$3,420		Analyze 18 samples for CVOCs and 1,4 Dioxane
Five Year Site Review				\$25,000	
Subtotal	\$70,680	\$36,590	\$19,545	\$25,000	
Contingency @ 10%	\$7,068	\$3,659	\$1,955	\$2,500	
TOTAL	\$77,748	\$40,249	\$21,500	\$27,500	

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Montgomery County, PA
Upper Salford Township
Alternative G4 - ISCO in Source Area
Present Worth Analysis

3/3/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
0	\$538,579		\$538,579	1.000	\$538,579
1		\$77,748	\$77,748	0.985	\$76,599
2		\$77,748	\$77,748	0.971	\$75,467
3		\$77,748	\$77,748	0.956	\$74,352
4		\$77,748	\$77,748	0.942	\$73,253
5		\$105,248	\$105,248	0.928	\$97,698
6		\$40,249	\$40,249	0.915	\$36,809
7		\$40,249	\$40,249	0.901	\$36,265
8		\$40,249	\$40,249	0.888	\$35,729
9		\$40,249	\$40,249	0.875	\$35,201
10		\$67,749	\$67,749	0.862	\$58,377
11		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.849	\$18,252
12		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.836	\$17,982
13		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.824	\$17,716
14		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.812	\$17,454
15		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.800	\$39,192
16		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.788	\$16,942
17		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.776	\$16,692
18		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.765	\$16,445
19		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.754	\$16,202
20		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.742	\$36,381
21		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.731	\$15,727
22		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.721	\$15,494
23		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.710	\$15,265
24		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.700	\$15,040
25		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.689	\$33,771
26		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.679	\$14,599
27		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.669	\$14,383
28		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.659	\$14,170
29		\$21,500	\$21,500	0.649	\$13,961
30		\$49,000	\$49,000	0.640	\$31,348

TOTAL PRESENT WORTH \$1,535,347

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G5 - TCH In Source Area
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
1 PROJECT PLANNING & DOCUMENTS											
1.1 Implementation Work Plan	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
1.2 Prepare Remedial Action Plan & Permitting	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
1.3 Prepare LTM Plan	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
1.4 Prepare ICs	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
2 MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION, FIELD SUPPORT											
2.1 Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
2.2 Grading for Access Road	1,250	sy			\$0.72	\$0.74	\$0	\$0	\$900	\$925	\$1,825
2.3 Gravel Access Road, 12" thick	1,250	sy		\$11.90	\$0.51	\$0.73	\$0	\$14,875	\$638	\$913	\$16,425
2.4 Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	0.5	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$950	\$713	\$1,663
3 FIELD SUPPORT											
3.1 Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.)	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
3.2 Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
3.3 Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
3.4 Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
4 DECONTAMINATION											
4.1 Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
4.2 Decontamination Services	2	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$750	\$2,400	\$1,800	\$4,950
4.3 Decon Water	2,000	gal	\$0.20				\$400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$400
4.4 Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	2	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,270	\$1,270
4.5 Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	2	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,140	\$1,140
5 TCH INSTALLATION AND OPERATION											
5.1 Design and Procurement (Vendor Estimate)	1	ea			\$110,000.00		\$0	\$0	\$110,000	\$0	\$110,000
5.2 Construction, Operation and Disposal (Vendor Estirn	1	ea	\$950,000.00				\$950,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950,000
5.3 Generator Rental	1	ea				\$75,000.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$75,000	\$75,000
5.4 Diesel Fuel	1	ea		\$125,000.00			\$0	\$125,000	\$0	\$0	\$125,000
5.5 Site Supervisor	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
6 Post-Injection Sampling											
6.1 Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
6.2 Post-Injection Sampling ODC	9	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
6.3 Post-Injection Analysis	9	ea	\$600.00				\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
6.4 Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
6.5 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehicl	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
6.6 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
7 POST CONSTRUCTION COST											
7.1 Contractor Completion Report	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
7.2 Remedial Action Closeout Report	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
8 MONITORING WELLS											
8.1 Monitoring Wells, 1" dia. (3 new wells at various dept	90	ft	\$55.00				\$4,950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,950
8.2 Monitoring Wells Head Completion	3	ea	\$250.00				\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
8.3 IDW Disposal (well installation)	9	drum	\$135.00				\$1,215	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,215
9 START-UP/ BASELINE SAMPLING											

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G5 - TCH in Source Area
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Extended Cost				Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	
9.1 Analysis: CVOCs and 1,4 dioxane	6	sample	\$3,420.00				\$20,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,520
9.2 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehicle)	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
9.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
Subtotal							\$90,485	\$151,145	\$220,307	\$84,460	\$1,446,397
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$66,092		\$66,092
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$99,049	\$15,115	\$22,031	\$8,446	\$144,640
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$10,580		\$5,912	\$16,492
Total Direct Cost							\$1,089,534	\$176,840	\$308,429	\$98,818	\$1,673,621
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$418,405
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$167,362
Total Cost											\$2,259,388
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%											\$338,908
Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%											\$451,878
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$3,050,174

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G5 - TCH in Source Area
O&M

3/3/2020

Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
1 PERFORMANCE MONITORING (3 events)											
1.1 Analysis: CVOCs and 1,4 dioxane	6	sample	\$3,420.00				\$20,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,520
1.2 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehicle)	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
1.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
1.4 Project Management	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
2 AMBIENT AIR MONITORING (assume labor from Site Technician costed)											
Summa Canister TO-15 Analysis 3 locs, Week 1,											
2.1 daily, 24-hr TAT)	21	ea.	\$350.00				\$7,350	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,350
Summa Canister TO-15 Analysis (3 locs, Week 2											
2.2 to 4, weekly, 24-hr TAT)	9	ea.	\$350.00				\$3,150	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,150
Summa Canister TO-15 Analysis (3 locs, Month 1											
2.3 to 4, monthly, 28-d TAT)	9	ea.	\$175.00				\$1,575	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,575
3 TCH Operating Costs											
3.1 Site Engineer	45	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$16,875	\$0	\$16,875
4 REPORTING											
4.1 Completion Report	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
Subtotal							\$32,595	\$0	\$25,825	\$1,000	\$59,420
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$7,747		\$7,747
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$3,260	\$0	\$2,582	\$100	\$5,942
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$0	\$70		\$70
Total Direct Cost							\$35,855	\$0	\$36,154	\$1,170	\$73,179
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$18,295
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$7,318
Total Cost											\$98,792
Contingency on Total Field Costs @ 0%											\$0
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 10%											\$9,879
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$108,671

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G5 - TCH in Source Area
Annual Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Item Cost year 1-5	Item Cost years 6-10	Item Cost years 11-30	Item Cost every 5 years	Notes
Site Inspection: Visit	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500		One-day visit and report to verify ICs
Groundwater Sampling	\$54,500	\$27,250	\$13,625		Labor and supplies to collect samples from 16 wells & 2 QC samples, quarterly years 1-5, semiannual years 6-10, and annually years 11-30.
Analysis:	\$13,680	\$6,840	\$3,420		Analyze 18 samples for CVOCs and 1,4 Dioxane
Five Year Site Review				\$25,000	
Subtotal	\$70,680	\$36,590	\$19,545	\$25,000	
Contingency @ 10%	\$7,068	\$3,659	\$1,955	\$2,500	
TOTAL	\$77,748	\$40,249	\$21,500	\$27,500	

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G5 - TCH in Source Area
Present Worth Analysis

3/3/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Operation & Maintenance Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
0	\$3,050,174			\$3,050,174	1.000	\$3,050,174
1		\$108,671	\$77,748	\$186,419	0.985	\$183,664
2			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.971	\$75,467
3			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.956	\$74,352
4			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.942	\$73,253
5			\$105,248	\$105,248	0.928	\$97,698
6			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.915	\$36,809
7			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.901	\$36,265
8			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.888	\$35,729
9			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.875	\$35,201
10			\$67,749	\$67,749	0.862	\$58,377
11			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.849	\$18,252
12			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.836	\$17,982
13			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.824	\$17,716
14			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.812	\$17,454
15			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.800	\$39,192
16			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.788	\$16,942
17			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.776	\$16,692
18			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.765	\$16,445
19			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.754	\$16,202
20			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.742	\$36,381
21			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.731	\$15,727
22			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.721	\$15,494
23			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.710	\$15,265
24			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.700	\$15,040
25			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.689	\$33,771
26			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.679	\$14,599
27			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.669	\$14,383
28			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.659	\$14,170
29			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.649	\$13,961
30			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.640	\$31,348

TOTAL PRESENT WORTH \$4,154,006

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS A ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal	
					Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor		Equipment
1 PROJECT PLANNING & DOCUMENTS												
1.1	Implementation Work Plan	100	hr		\$42.00			\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
1.2	Prepare Remedial Action Plan & Permitting	300	hr		\$42.00			\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
1.3	Prepare LTM Plan	200	hr		\$42.00			\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
1.4	Prepare ICs	250	hr		\$42.00			\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
2 MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION												
2.1	Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
2.2	Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	1	ac		\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00		\$0	\$0	\$1,900	\$1,425	\$3,325
2.3	Grading for Access Road	1,250	sy			\$0.72	\$0.74	\$0	\$0	\$900	\$925	\$1,825
2.4	Gravel Access Road, 12" thick	1,250	sy		\$11.90	\$0.51	\$0.73	\$0	\$14,875	\$638	\$913	\$16,425
2.5	Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	0.5	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$950	\$713	\$1,663
2.6	Fence, Chain Link, 8' high	1,200	lf	\$44.50				\$53,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$53,400
2.7	Gate, Chain Link, 20' wide	2	ea	\$2,800.00				\$5,600	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,600
3 FIELD SUPPORT												
3.1	Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
3.2	Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
3.3	Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
3.4	Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
4 DECONTAMINATION												
4.1	Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
4.2	Decontamination Services	1	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$375	\$1,200	\$900	\$2,475
4.3	Decon Water	1,000	gal	\$0.20				\$200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200
4.4	Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	1	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$635	\$635
4.5	Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	1	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$570	\$570
4.6	Disposal of Decon Waste (liquid & solid)	1	mo	\$950.00				\$950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950
5 ISCO TREATMENT												
5.1	Bed Rock Drilling	540	ft	\$75.00				\$40,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$40,500
5.2	ISCO Chemical	3	event		\$15,000.00			\$0	\$45,000	\$0	\$0	\$45,000
5.3	Chemical Injection	3	event	\$41,000.00				\$123,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$123,000
6 Post-Injection Sampling												
6.1	Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
6.2	Post-Injection Sampling ODC	9	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
6.3	Post-Injection Analysis	9	ea	\$600.00				\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
6.4	Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
6.5	Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
6.6	Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
7 START-UP/ BASELINE SAMPLING												
7.1	Analysis: CVOCs and 1,4 dioxane	6	sample	\$3,420.00				\$20,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,520
7.2	Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas

3/3/2020

Capital Cost

HS A ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost				Subtotal	
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor		Equipment
	7.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
8	MONITORING WELLS											
	8.1 Monitoring Wells, 1" dia. (3 new wells at various de	90	lft	\$55.00				\$4,950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,950
	8.2 Monitoring Wells Head Completion	3	ea	\$250.00				\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
	8.3 IDW Disposal (well installation)	9	drum	\$135.00				\$1,215	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,215
9	POST CONSTRUCTION COST											
	9.1 Contractor Completion Report	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
	9.2 Remedial Action Closeout Report	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
	Subtotal							\$263,735	\$70,770	\$103,507	\$8,780	\$446,792
	Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$31,052		\$31,052
	G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$26,374	\$7,077	\$10,351	\$878	\$44,679
	Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$4,954		\$615	\$5,569
	Total Direct Cost							\$290,109	\$82,801	\$144,909	\$10,273	\$528,091
	Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$132,023
	Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$52,809
	Total Cost											\$712,923
	Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%											\$106,939
	Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%											\$142,585
	TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$962,447

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS BISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal	
					Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor		Equipment
1 MOBILIZATION/DEMobilIZATION												
	1.1 Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
	1.2 Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	1	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$1,900	\$1,425	\$3,325
2 FIELD SUPPORT												
	2.1 Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
	2.2 Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
	2.3 Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
	2.4 Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
3 DECONTAMINATION												
	3.1 Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
	3.2 Decontamination Services	1	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$375	\$1,200	\$900	\$2,475
	3.3 Decon Water	1,000	gal	\$0.20				\$200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200
	3.4 Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	1	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$635	\$635
	3.5 Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	1	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$570	\$570
	3.6 Disposal of Decon Waste (liquid & solid)	1	mo	\$950.00				\$950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950
4 ISCO TREATMENT												
	4.1 Bed Rock Drilling	440	ft	\$75.00				\$33,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,000
	4.2 ISCO Chemical	2	event		\$72,000.00			\$0	\$144,000	\$0	\$0	\$144,000
	4.3 Chemical Injection	2	event	\$56,000.00				\$112,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$112,000
5 Post-Injection Sampling												
	5.1 Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
	5.2 Post-Injection Sampling ODC	2	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$1,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,000
	5.3 Post-Injection Analysis	2	ea	\$600.00				\$1,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,200
	5.4 Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
	5.5 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
	5.6 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
	Subtotal							\$154,600	\$151,395	\$41,670	\$5,230	\$352,895
	Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$12,501		\$12,501
	G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$15,460	\$15,140	\$4,167	\$523	\$35,289
	Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$10,598		\$366	\$10,964
	Total Direct Cost							\$170,060	\$177,132	\$58,337	\$6,119	\$411,649

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
 Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS B ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
					Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
	Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$102,912
	Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$41,165
	Total Cost											\$555,726
	Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%											\$83,359
	Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%											\$111,145
	TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$750,230

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS C ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal	
					Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	Labor		Equipment
1 MOBILIZATION/DEMobilIZATION												
1.1	Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00			\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
1.2	Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	1	ac		\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00		\$0	\$0	\$1,900	\$1,425	\$3,325
2 FIELD SUPPORT												
2.1	Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
2.2	Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
2.3	Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
2.4	Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
3 DECONTAMINATION												
3.1	Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
3.2	Decontamination Services	1	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$375	\$1,200	\$900	\$2,475
3.3	Decon Water	1,000	gal	\$0.20				\$200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200
3.4	Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	1	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$635	\$635
3.5	Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	1	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$570	\$570
3.6	Disposal of Decon Waste (liquid & solid)	1	mo	\$950.00				\$950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950
4 ISCO TREATMENT												
4.1	Bed Rock Drilling	105	ft	\$75.00				\$7,875	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,875
4.2	ISCO Chemical	1	event		\$13,000.00			\$0	\$13,000	\$0	\$0	\$13,000
4.3	Chemical Injection	1	event	\$19,000.00				\$19,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19,000
5 Post-Injection Sampling												
5.1	Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
5.2	Post-Injection Sampling ODC	9	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
5.3	Post-Injection Analysis	9	ea	\$600.00				\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
5.4	Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
5.5	Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
5.6	Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
Subtotal								\$40,675	\$23,895	\$41,670	\$5,230	\$111,470
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%											\$12,501	\$12,501
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%								\$4,068	\$2,390	\$4,167	\$523	\$11,147
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%									\$1,673		\$366	\$2,039
Total Direct Cost								\$44,743	\$27,957	\$58,337	\$6,119	\$137,156

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
 Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS C ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	
	Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%									\$34,289
	Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%									\$13,716
	Total Cost									\$185,161
	Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%									\$27,774
	Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%									\$37,032
	TOTAL CAPITAL COST									\$249,967

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Annual Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Item Cost year 1-5	Item Cost years 6-10	Item Cost years 11-30	Item Cost every 5 years	Notes
Site Inspection: Visit	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500		One-day visit and report to verify ICs
Groundwater Sampling	\$54,500	\$27,250	\$13,625		Labor and supplies to collect samples from 16 wells & 2 QC samples, quarterly years 1-5, semiannual years 6-10, and annually years 11-30.
Analysis:	\$13,680	\$6,840	\$3,420		Analyze 18 samples for CVOCs and 1,4 Dioxane
Five Year Site Review				\$25,000	
Subtotal	\$70,680	\$36,590	\$19,545	\$25,000	
Contingency @ 10%	\$7,068	\$3,659	\$1,955	\$2,500	
TOTAL	\$77,748	\$40,249	\$21,500	\$27,500	

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Present Worth Analysis

3/3/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Operation & Maintenance Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
0	\$962,447					
0	\$750,230					
0	\$249,967			\$1,962,643	1.000	\$1,962,643
1		\$0	\$77,748	\$77,748	0.985	\$76,599
2			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.971	\$75,467
3			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.956	\$74,352
4			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.942	\$73,253
5			\$105,248	\$105,248	0.928	\$97,698
6			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.915	\$36,809
7			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.901	\$36,265
8			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.888	\$35,729
9			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.875	\$35,201
10			\$67,749	\$67,749	0.862	\$58,377
11			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.849	\$18,252
12			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.836	\$17,982
13			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.824	\$17,716
14			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.812	\$17,454
15			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.800	\$39,192
16			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.788	\$16,942
17			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.776	\$16,692
18			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.765	\$16,445
19			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.754	\$16,202
20			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.742	\$36,381
21			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.731	\$15,727
22			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.721	\$15,494
23			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.710	\$15,265
24			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.700	\$15,040
25			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.689	\$33,771
26			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.679	\$14,599
27			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.669	\$14,383
28			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.659	\$14,170
29			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.649	\$13,961
30			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.640	\$31,348

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G6 - ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Present Worth Analysis

3/3/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Operation & Maintenance Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
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TOTAL PRESENT WORTH \$2,959,411

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

TCH in Source Area Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal		
			Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material		Labor	Equipment
1 PROJECT PLANNING & DOCUMENTS											
1.1 Implementation Work Plan	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
1.2 Prepare Remedial Action Plan & Permitting	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
1.3 Prepare LTM Plan	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
1.4 Prepare ICs	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500
2 MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION, FIELD SUPPORT											
2.1 Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
2.2 Grading for Access Road	1,250	sy			\$0.72	\$0.74	\$0	\$0	\$900	\$925	\$1,825
2.3 Gravel Access Road, 12" thick	1,250	sy		\$11.90	\$0.51	\$0.73	\$0	\$14,875	\$638	\$913	\$16,425
2.4 Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	0.5	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$950	\$713	\$1,663
3 FIELD SUPPORT											
3.1 Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.)	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
3.2 Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
3.3 Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
3.4 Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
4 DECONTAMINATION											
4.1 Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
4.2 Decontamination Services	2	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$750	\$2,400	\$1,800	\$4,950
4.3 Decon Water	2,000	gal	\$0.20				\$400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$400
4.4 Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	2	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,270	\$1,270
4.5 Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	2	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,140	\$1,140
5 TCH INSTALLATION AND OPERATION											
5.1 Design and Procurement (Vendor Estimate)	1	ea			\$110,000.00		\$0	\$0	\$110,000	\$0	\$110,000
5.2 Construction, Operation and Disposal (Vendor Estirn	1	ea	\$950,000.00				\$950,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950,000
5.3 Generator Rental	1	ea				\$75,000.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$75,000	\$75,000
5.4 Diesel Fuel	1	ea		\$125,000.00			\$0	\$125,000	\$0	\$0	\$125,000
5.5 Site Supervisor	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
5 ISCO TREATMENT											
5.1 Bed Rock Drilling	540	ft	\$75.00				\$40,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$40,500
5.2 ISCO Chemical	3	event		\$15,000.00			\$0	\$45,000	\$0	\$0	\$45,000
5.3 Chemical Injection	3	event	\$41,000.00				\$123,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$123,000
6 Post-Injection Sampling											
6.1 Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
6.2 Post-Injection Sampling ODC	9	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
6.3 Post-Injection Analysis	9	ea	\$600.00				\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
6.4 Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
6.5 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehick	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
6.6 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
7 POST CONSTRUCTION COST											
7.1 Contractor Completion Report	300	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$12,600	\$0	\$12,600
7.2 Remedial Action Closeout Report	250	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$10,500	\$0	\$10,500

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

TCH in Source Area Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
8 MONITORING WELLS											
8.1 Monitoring Wells, 1" dia. (3 new wells at various dept	90	ft	\$55.00				\$4,950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,950
8.2 Monitoring Wells Head Completion	3	ea	\$250.00				\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
8.3 IDW Disposal (well installation)	9	drum	\$135.00				\$1,215	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,215
9 START-UP/ BASELINE SAMPLING											
9.1 Analysis: CVOCs and 1,4 dioxane	6	sample	\$3,420.00				\$20,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,520
9.2 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehicle	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
9.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days				\$274.80	\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
Subtotal							\$1,153,985	\$196,145	\$220,307	\$84,460	\$1,654,897
										\$66,092	\$66,092
							\$115,399	\$19,615	\$22,031	\$8,446	\$165,490
								\$13,730		\$5,912	\$19,642
Total Direct Cost							\$1,269,384	\$229,490	\$308,429	\$98,818	\$1,906,121
											\$476,530
											\$190,612
Total Cost											\$2,573,263
											\$385,989
											\$514,653
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$3,473,905

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
 O&M Cost -TCH

3/3/2020

TCH in Source Area Item	Quantity	Unit	Subcontract	Unit Cost			Subcontract	Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Material	Labor	Equipment		Material	Labor	Equipment	
1 PERFORMANCE MONITORING (3 events)											
1.1 Analysis: CVOCs and 1,4 dioxane	6	sample	\$3,420.00				\$20,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,520
1.2 Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehicle)	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
1.3 Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
1.4 Project Management	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
2 AMBIENT AIR MONITORING (assume labor from Site Technician costed)											
Summa Canister TO-15 Analysis 3 locs, Week 1,											
2.1 daily, 24-hr TAT)	21	ea.	\$350.00				\$7,350	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,350
Summa Canister TO-15 Analysis (3 locs, Week 2											
2.2 to 4, weekly, 24-hr TAT)	9	ea.	\$350.00				\$3,150	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,150
Summa Canister TO-15 Analysis (3 locs, Month 1											
2.3 to 4, monthly, 28-d TAT)	9	ea.	\$175.00				\$1,575	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,575
3 TCH Operating Costs											
3.1 Site Engineer	45	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$16,875	\$0	\$16,875
4 REPORTING											
4.1 Completion Report	100	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$4,200	\$0	\$4,200
Subtotal							\$32,595	\$0	\$25,825	\$1,000	\$59,420
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%									\$7,747		\$7,747
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%							\$3,260	\$0	\$2,582	\$100	\$5,942
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%								\$0	\$70		\$70
Total Direct Cost							\$35,855	\$0	\$36,154	\$1,170	\$73,179
Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%											\$18,295
Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%											\$7,318
Total Cost											\$98,792
Contingency on Total Field Costs @ 0%											\$0
Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 10%											\$9,879
TOTAL CAPITAL COST											\$108,671

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS A ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal		
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material		Labor	Equipment
1 MOBILIZATION/DEMobilIZATION												
1.1	Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
1.2	Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	1	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$1,900	\$1,425	\$3,325
2 FIELD SUPPORT												
2.1	Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
2.2	Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
2.3	Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
2.4	Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
3 DECONTAMINATION												
3.1	Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
3.2	Decontamination Services	1	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$375	\$1,200	\$900	\$2,475
3.3	Decon Water	1,000	gal	\$0.20				\$200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200
3.4	Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	1	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$635	\$635
3.5	Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	1	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$570	\$570
3.6	Disposal of Decon Waste (liquid & solid)	1	mo	\$950.00				\$950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950
4 ISCO TREATMENT												
4.1	Bed Rock Drilling	540	ft	\$75.00				\$40,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$40,500
4.2	ISCO Chemical	3	event		\$45,000.00			\$0	\$135,000	\$0	\$0	\$135,000
4.3	Chemical Injection	3	event	\$41,000.00				\$123,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$123,000
5 Post-Injection Sampling												
5.1	Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
5.2	Post-Injection Sampling ODC	9	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
5.3	Post-Injection Analysis	9	ea	\$600.00				\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
5.4	Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
5.5	Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
5.6	Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
Subtotal								\$177,300	\$145,895	\$41,670	\$5,230	\$370,095
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%											\$12,501	\$12,501
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%								\$17,730	\$14,590	\$4,167	\$523	\$37,009
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%									\$10,213		\$366	\$10,579
Total Direct Cost								\$195,030	\$170,697	\$58,337	\$6,119	\$430,184

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
 Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS A ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	
	Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%									\$107,546
	Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%									\$43,018
	Total Cost									\$580,748
	Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%									\$87,112
	Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%									\$116,150
	TOTAL CAPITAL COST									\$784,010

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS B ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal		
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material		Labor	Equipment
1 MOBILIZATION/DEMobilIZATION												
1.1	Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
1.2	Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	1	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$1,900	\$1,425	\$3,325
2 FIELD SUPPORT												
2.1	Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
2.2	Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
2.3	Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
2.4	Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
3 DECONTAMINATION												
3.1	Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
3.2	Decontamination Services	1	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$375	\$1,200	\$900	\$2,475
3.3	Decon Water	1,000	gal	\$0.20				\$200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200
3.4	Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	1	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$635	\$635
3.5	Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	1	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$570	\$570
3.6	Disposal of Decon Waste (liquid & solid)	1	mo	\$950.00				\$950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950
4 ISCO TREATMENT												
4.1	Bed Rock Drilling	440	ft	\$75.00				\$33,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,000
4.2	ISCO Chemical	2	event		\$72,000.00			\$0	\$144,000	\$0	\$0	\$144,000
4.3	Chemical Injection	2	event	\$56,000.00				\$112,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$112,000
5 Post-Injection Sampling												
5.1	Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
5.2	Post-Injection Sampling ODC	2	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$1,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,000
5.3	Post-Injection Analysis	2	ea	\$600.00				\$1,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,200
5.4	Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
5.5	Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
5.6	Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
Subtotal								\$154,600	\$151,395	\$41,670	\$5,230	\$352,895
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%											\$12,501	\$12,501
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%								\$15,460	\$15,140	\$4,167	\$523	\$35,289
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%									\$10,598		\$366	\$10,964
Total Direct Cost								\$170,060	\$177,132	\$58,337	\$6,119	\$411,649

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
 Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS B ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	
	Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%									\$102,912
	Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%									\$41,165
	Total Cost									\$555,726
	Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%									\$83,359
	Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%									\$111,145
	TOTAL CAPITAL COST									\$750,230

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS C ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal		
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material		Labor	Equipment
1 MOBILIZATION/DEMOLITION												
1.1	Mobilization/Demobilization	1	ea	\$5,000.00		\$5,000.00		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	\$0	\$10,000
1.2	Clear and Grub, Cut & Chip Trees	1	ac			\$1,900.00	\$1,425.00	\$0	\$0	\$1,900	\$1,425	\$3,325
2 FIELD SUPPORT												
2.1	Site Support Facilities (trailers, chemical toilet, etc.	1	mo		\$220.00	\$370.00		\$0	\$220	\$370	\$0	\$590
2.2	Construction Survey Support	2	day	\$1,125.00				\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250
2.3	Site Superintendent	20	day			\$375.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$0	\$7,500
2.4	Site Health & Safety and QA/QC	20	day			\$355.00		\$0	\$0	\$7,100	\$0	\$7,100
3 DECONTAMINATION												
3.1	Equipment Decon Pad	1	ls		\$5,800.00	\$6,650.00	\$700.00	\$0	\$5,800	\$6,650	\$700	\$13,150
3.2	Decontamination Services	1	mo		\$375.00	\$1,200.00	\$900.00	\$0	\$375	\$1,200	\$900	\$2,475
3.3	Decon Water	1,000	gal	\$0.20				\$200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200
3.4	Decon Water Storage Tank, 6,000 gallon	1	mo				\$635.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$635	\$635
3.5	Clean Water Storage Tank, 4,000 gallon	1	mo				\$570.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$570	\$570
3.6	Disposal of Decon Waste (liquid & solid)	1	mo	\$950.00				\$950	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950
4 ISCO TREATMENT												
4.1	Bed Rock Drilling	105	ft	\$75.00				\$7,875	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,875
4.2	ISCO Chemical	1	event		\$13,000.00			\$0	\$13,000	\$0	\$0	\$13,000
4.3	Chemical Injection	1	event	\$19,000.00				\$19,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19,000
5 Post-Injection Sampling												
5.1	Post-Injection Sampling Labor	80	hr			\$37.50		\$0	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$3,000
5.2	Post-Injection Sampling ODC	9	ea		\$500.00			\$0	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
5.3	Post-Injection Analysis	9	ea	\$600.00				\$5,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,400
5.4	Post-Injection Report	200	hr			\$42.00		\$0	\$0	\$8,400	\$0	\$8,400
5.5	Equipment (sampling equipment/instruments, vehic	2	days				\$500.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$1,000
5.6	Sampling labor (1 technician)	2	days			\$274.80		\$0	\$0	\$550	\$0	\$550
Subtotal								\$40,675	\$23,895	\$41,670	\$5,230	\$111,470
Overhead on Labor Cost @ 30%											\$12,501	\$12,501
G & A on Labor, Material, Equipment, & Subs Cost @ 10%								\$4,068	\$2,390	\$4,167	\$523	\$11,147
Tax on Materials and Equipment Cost @ 7%									\$1,673		\$366	\$2,039
Total Direct Cost								\$44,743	\$27,957	\$58,337	\$6,119	\$137,156

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
 Upper Salford Township
 Montgomery County, PA
 Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
 Capital Cost

3/3/2020

HS C ISCO	Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost			Extended Cost			Subtotal
				Subcontract	Material	Labor	Equipment	Subcontract	Material	
	Indirects on Total Direct Cost @ 25%									\$34,289
	Profit on Total Direct Cost @ 10%									\$13,716
	Total Cost									\$185,161
	Engineering on Total Field Cost @ 15%									\$27,774
	Contingency on Total Field Cost @ 20%									\$37,032
	TOTAL CAPITAL COST									\$249,967

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Annual Cost

3/3/2020

Item	Item Cost year 1-5	Item Cost years 6-10	Item Cost years 11-30	Item Cost every 5 years	Notes
Site Inspection: Visit	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500		One-day visit and report to verify ICs
Groundwater Sampling	\$54,500	\$27,250	\$13,625		Labor and supplies to collect samples from 16 wells & 2 QC samples, quarterly years 1-5, semiannual years 6-10, and annually years 11-30.
Analysis:	\$13,680	\$6,840	\$3,420		Analyze 18 samples for CVOCs and 1,4 Dioxane
Five Year Site Review				\$25,000	
Subtotal	\$70,680	\$36,590	\$19,545	\$25,000	
Contingency @ 10%	\$7,068	\$3,659	\$1,955	\$2,500	
TOTAL	\$77,748	\$40,249	\$21,500	\$27,500	

BAGHURST DRIVE SUPERFUND SITE
Upper Salford Township
Montgomery County, PA
Alternative G7 - TCH in Source Area and ISCO in Hot Spot Areas
Present Worth Analysis

3/3/2020

Year	Capital Cost	Operation & Maintenance Cost	Annual Cost	Total Year Cost	Annual Discount Rate 1.5%	Present Worth
	\$3,473,905					
0	\$784,010					
0	\$750,230					
0	\$249,967			\$5,258,112	1.000	\$5,258,112
1		\$108,671	\$77,748	\$186,419	0.985	\$183,664
2			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.971	\$75,467
3			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.956	\$74,352
4			\$77,748	\$77,748	0.942	\$73,253
5			\$105,248	\$105,248	0.928	\$97,698
6			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.915	\$36,809
7			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.901	\$36,265
8			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.888	\$35,729
9			\$40,249	\$40,249	0.875	\$35,201
10			\$67,749	\$67,749	0.862	\$58,377
11			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.849	\$18,252
12			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.836	\$17,982
13			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.824	\$17,716
14			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.812	\$17,454
15			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.800	\$39,192
16			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.788	\$16,942
17			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.776	\$16,692
18			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.765	\$16,445
19			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.754	\$16,202
20			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.742	\$36,381
21			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.731	\$15,727
22			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.721	\$15,494
23			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.710	\$15,265
24			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.700	\$15,040
25			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.689	\$33,771
26			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.679	\$14,599
27			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.669	\$14,383
28			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.659	\$14,170
29			\$21,500	\$21,500	0.649	\$13,961
30			\$49,000	\$49,000	0.640	\$31,348
TOTAL PRESENT WORTH						\$6,361,944

APPENDIX C - Risk Assessments Calculation Tables

LIST OF TABLES
RAGS PART D TABLE 4
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS

Table No.

Reasonable Maximum Exposures

4.1.RME	Trespassers Exposed to Soil
4.2.RME	Trespassers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.3.RME	Trespassers Exposed to Surface Water
4.4.RME	Trespassers Exposed to Sediment
4.5.RME	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Soil
4.6.RME	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.7.RME	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Surface Water
4.8.RME	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Sediment
4.9.RME	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Soil
4.10.RME	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.11.RME	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Surface Water
4.12.RME	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Sediment
4.13.RME	Construction Workers Exposed to Soil
4.14.RME	Construction Workers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.15.RME	Child Farmers Exposed to Soil
4.16.RME	Child Farmers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.17.RME	Child Farmers Exposed to Groundwater - Potable Water Use
4.18.RME	Adult Farmers Exposed to Soil
4.19.RME	Adult Farmers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.20.RME	Adult Farmers Exposed to Groundwater - Potable Water Use
4.21.RME	Adult Farmers Exposed to Volatiles from Groundwater - Potable Water Use
4.22.RME	Adult Farmers Exposed to Groundwater - Irrigation
4.23.RME	Adult Farmers Exposed to Volatiles from Groundwater - Irrigation
4.24.RME	On-Site Child Residents Exposed to Soil
4.25.RME	On-Site Child Residents Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.26.RME	Off-Site and On-Site Child Residents Exposed to Groundwater
4.27.RME	On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Soil
4.28.RME	On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.29.RME	Off-Site and On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Groundwater
4.30.RME	Off-Site and On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Volatiles from Groundwater

Tendency Exposures

4.1.CTE	Trespassers Exposed to Soil
4.2.CTE	Trespassers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.3.CTE	Trespassers Exposed to Surface Water
4.4.CTE	Trespassers Exposed to Sediment
4.5.CTE	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Soil
4.6.CTE	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.7.CTE	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Surface Water
4.8.CTE	Child Recreational Users Exposed to Sediment
4.9.CTE	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Soil
4.10.CTE	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.11.CTE	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Surface Water
4.12.CTE	Adult Recreational Users Exposed to Sediment
4.13.CTE	Construction Workers Exposed to Soil
4.14.CTE	Construction Workers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.15.CTE	Child Farmers Exposed to Soil
4.16.CTE	Child Farmers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.17.CTE	Child Farmers Exposed to Groundwater - Potable Water Use
4.18.CTE	Adult Farmers Exposed to Soil
4.19.CTE	Adult Farmers Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.20.CTE	Adult Farmers Exposed to Groundwater - Potable Water Use
4.21.CTE	Adult Farmers Exposed to Volatiles from Groundwater - Potable Water Use
4.22.CTE	Adult Farmers Exposed to Groundwater - Irrigation
4.23.CTE	Adult Farmers Exposed to Volatiles from Groundwater - Irrigation
4.24.CTE	On-Site Child Residents Exposed to Soil
4.25.CTE	On-Site Child Residents Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.26.CTE	Off-Site and On-Site Child Residents Exposed to Groundwater
4.27.CTE	On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Soil
4.28.CTE	On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Air Emissions from Soil
4.29.CTE	Off-Site and On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Groundwater
4.30.CTE	Off-Site and On-Site Adult Residents Exposed to Volatiles from Groundwater

TABLE 4.1 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Ingestion	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	100	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 1989	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(3)	
				BW	Body Weight	44	kg	USEPA, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
				Dermal	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,750	cm ²					(4)	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.2	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(2)	
ED	Exposure Duration	10	years					(3)	
BW	Body Weight	44	kg					USEPA, 2011	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 1989	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days					USEPA, 1989	

Notes:

For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action the intake will be multiplied by the appropriate age-dependent adjustment factor in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.
- 3 - Older child from age 6 to 16.
- 4 - Assumes face, forearms, hands, and are exposed (USEPA, 2011).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 8-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Tables 7-2 and 7-12.
- USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200 1-113.
- USEPA, 2017. Update of Chapter 5 for the Exposure Factors Handbook EPA/600/R-17/384F, Table 5-1.

TABLE 4.2 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SOILS TO AIR
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mgm}^{-3}\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/V) \times Cs$ $PEF = \frac{Q/C_{wind}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m/U_c)^3 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	4	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(3)	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.24E+09	m ³ /g	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /g	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ⁻² s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.09918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action the intake will be multiplied by the appropriate age-dependent adjustment factor in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

1 - Professional judgment.

2 - Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.

3 - Older child from age 6 to 16.

Sources:

USEPA, 1989 Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. USEPA/5401-86/060.

USEPA, 2002a Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 935-A-24.

USEPA, 2002b Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285-6-10, December.

USEPA, 2019 USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-pigs.cml.gov/cg-bin/chemicals/csl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.3 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SURFACE WATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Water
Exposure Medium: Surface Water

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CW	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2002	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CW \times CF \times CR \times ET \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CR	Contact Rate	0.071	L/hour	USEPA, 2011	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	4	hours/event	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	events/year	(1)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(2)	
				BW	Body Weight	44	kg	USEPA, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
				Dermal	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/kg					USEPA, 2002	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
tevent	Duration of event	4	hr/event					(1)	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,750	cm ²					(3)	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					(1)	
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(1)	
ED	Exposure Duration	10	years					(2)	
BW	Body Weight	44	kg					USEPA, 2011	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 1989	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days					USEPA, 1989	

Notes:

For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action the intake will be multiplied by the appropriate age-dependent adjustment factor in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

1 - Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.

2 - Older child from age 8 to 16.

3 - Assumes face, forearms, hands, and lower legs are exposed (USEPA, 2011).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-88/060.
- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 8265 8-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Tables 3-6 and 8-3.

TABLE 4.4 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SEDIMENT
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Sediment
Exposure Medium: Sediment

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{Cs \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	100	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 1989	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	(2)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(3)	
				BW	Body Weight	44	kg	USEPA, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
				Dermal	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,750	cm ²					(4)	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.2	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(2)	
ED	Exposure Duration	10	years					(3)	
BW	Body Weight	44	kg					USEPA, 2011	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 1989	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days					USEPA, 1989	

Notes:

For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action the intake will be multiplied by the appropriate age-dependent adjustment factor in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.
- 3 - Older child from age 6 to 16.
- 4 - Assumes face, forearms, hands, and lower legs are exposed (USEPA, 2011).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
- USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011: Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 8-3.
- USEPA, 2012: Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
- USEPA, 2017: Update of Chapter 5 for the Exposure Factors Handbook EPA/600/R-17/384F, Table 5.1.

TABLE 4.5 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	200	mg/day	USEPA, 2014	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	--	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(2)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.2	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2014	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year					(2)	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance. Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.6 RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times Cs$ $PEF = Q/C_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V^2) \times (U_m/U_t)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	4	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(2)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	g/m ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019					

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment.
- 2 - Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002a: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
 USEPA, 2002b: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
 USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
 USEPA, 2019: USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://eps-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.7 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SURFACE WATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Water
Exposure Medium: Surface Water

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CW	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2002	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CW \times CF \times CR \times ET \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CR	Contact Rate	0.12	L/hr	USEPA, 2011	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	4	hours/event	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	events/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	
Dermal	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	Absorbed dose per event	Calculated	mg/cm ² -event	USEPA, 2004	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{DA_{event} \times EV \times EF \times ED \times SA}{BW \times AT}$ For inorganics DAevent = Kp x CW x CF x tevent For organics if tevent <= t* DAevent = 2 x FA x Kp x CW x CF x sqrt((6 x t x tevent)/4) For organics if tevent > t* DAevent = FA x Kp x CW x CF x (tevent(1 + B) + 2 x t + (1 + 3B + 3B ²)(1 - B) ²)
				Cw	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/lg	USEPA, 2002	
				FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²	--	
				Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr	USEPA, 2004	
				t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event	USEPA, 2004	
				t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event	USEPA, 2004	
				tevent	Duration of event	4	hr/event	(1)	
				B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²	USEPA, 2014	
				EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

1 - Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.

2 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-88/060.
- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 8265 8-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/800/R-09/003F, Table 3-5.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.8.RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SEDIMENT
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Sediment
Exposure Medium: Sediment

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name					
Ingestion	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{Cs \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$					
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	200	mg/day	USEPA, 2014						
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)						
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--						
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	(2)						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(2)						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS		Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
								CF3		Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014						
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.2	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004						
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004						
EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year					(2)						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Professional judgment. Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/000
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005
USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.9 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{Cs \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	100	mg/day	USEPA, 2014	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	--	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(2)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²					USEPA, 2004	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.07	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year					(2)	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Assumes two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.10.RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} =$ $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times Cs$ $PEF = Q/C_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m/U_c)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	4	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				U _t	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				U _m	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of U _m /U _t	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

1 - Assumes two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.

2 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.

USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.

USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://rpls-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.11 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SURFACE WATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Water
Exposure Medium: Surface Water

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CW	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2002	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CW \times CF \times CR \times ET \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CR	Contact Rate	0.071	L/hour	USEPA, 2011	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	4	hours/event	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	events/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014	
Dermal	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	Absorbed dose per event	Calculated	mg/cm ² -event	USEPA, 2004	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{DAevent \times EV \times EF \times ED \times SA}{BW \times AT}$ For inorganics DAevent = Kp x CW x CF x tevent For organics if tevent <= t* DAevent = 2 x FA x Kp x CW x CF x sqrt(6 x t x tevent)/4 For organics if tevent > t* DAevent = FA x Kp x Cw x CF x [tevent(1 + B) + 2 x t + (1 + 3B + 3B ²)(1 - B ²)]
				Cw	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/lg	USEPA, 2002	
				FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²	--	
				Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr	USEPA, 2004	
				t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event	USEPA, 2004	
				t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event	USEPA, 2004	
				tevent	Duration of event	4	hr/event	(1)	
				B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²	USEPA, 2014	
				EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

- Professional judgment. Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 3-5.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.12.RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SEDIMENT
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Sediment
Exposure Medium: Sediment

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name					
Ingestion	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{Cs \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$					
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	100	mg/day	USEPA, 2014						
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)						
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--						
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	--						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year	(2)						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS		Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
								CF3		Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²					USEPA, 2014						
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.07	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004						
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004						
EF	Exposure Frequency	52	days/year					(2)						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years					{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2014						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2014						
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Professional judgment. Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005
USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.13 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CONSTRUCTION WORKERS- SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Construction Workers	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002a	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $C_s \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	330	mg/day	USEPA, 2002b	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 2002b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	250	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	1	years	(2)	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	365	days	USEPA, 2014	
Dermal	Construction Workers	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002a	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $C_s \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,527	cm ²	USEPA, 2014	
				SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.3	mg/cm ² /event	USEPA, 2002b	
				DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day	USEPA, 2004	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	250	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	1	years	(2)	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	365	days	USEPA, 2014					

Notes:

1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic and 1 for all other chemicals.

2 - Professional judgment.

Sources:

USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A.

USEPA, 2002a: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.

USEPA, 2002b: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.

USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.

USEPA, 2012: Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.

USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.14 RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CONSTRUCTION WORKERS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Construction Workers	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/NF) \times Cs$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	8	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	250	days/year	(1)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	1	years	(1)	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	365	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	1.40E+06	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	14.31	g/m ³ -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	

Notes:

1 - Professional judgment.

Sources:

USEPA, 2002a: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 3055.4-24.

USEPA, 2002b: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9265.8-10, December.

USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.15.RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - FARMERS - CHILD - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{Cs \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	200	mg/day	USEPA, 2014	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 1989	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm2					USEPA, 2014	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.2	mg/cm2/event					USEPA, 2014	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year					USEPA, 2014	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-88/060.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.16.RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - FARMER - CHILD - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} =$ $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times CS$ $PEF = Q / C_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.035 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m / U_c)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002a: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019: USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.17 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - FARMER - CHILD - GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR_{GW} \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/kg	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	0.78	L/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014b	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/kg					USEPA, 2014a	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
tevent	Duration of event	0.54	hr/event					USEPA, 2014b	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,365	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year					USEPA, 2014b	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283 1-42
USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.18 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT FARMER - SOIL
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	330	mg/day	(1)	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(2)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 2014	
Dermal	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,527	cm ²	USEPA, 2014	
				SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.3	mg/cm ² /event	(1)	
				DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day	USEPA, 2004	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 2014					

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment. Assume incidental rate and soil adherence factor for a farmer is similar to that of a construction worker.
- 2 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 3 - Chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action will be evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A.
USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.19 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT FARMER - SOIL TO AIR
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/V) \times Cs$ $PEF = Q/c_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m/U_r)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Function of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.0918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

1 - Chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action will be evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002a: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9356.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9295.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019: USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/csl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.20 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT FARMER - GROUNDWATER - POTABLE USE
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR-GW \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	2.5	L/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014b	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014)	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 40)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014)	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2002	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
τ	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
tevent	Duration of event	0.71	hr/event					USEPA, 2014b	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	19,852	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year					USEPA, 2014b	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014)	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 40)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014)	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

1 - Chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action will be evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 6-10.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283 1-42
- USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance. Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 8200.1-120.

TABLE 4.21.RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT FARMER - INHALATION OF VOLATILES FROM GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m3	USEPA, 1991	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mgm}^3\text{)} = \frac{\text{CA} \times \text{ET} \times \text{EF} \times \text{ED}}{\text{AT} \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $\text{CA} = \text{CW} \times \text{CF} \times \text{VF}$
				GW	Chemical concentration in water	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014b	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 40)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	0.5	L/m3	USEPA, 1991	

Notes:

1 - Chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action will be evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

USEPA, 1991: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part B: Development of Risk-based Preliminary Remediation Goals. OSWER Directive 9285.7-01B.

USEPA, 2014a: Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42

USEPA, 2014b: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.22.RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT FARMER - GROUNDWATER USED FOR IRRIGATION
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Groundwater
 Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR-GW \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	0.05	L/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	60	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014)	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011)	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2002	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
τ	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t^*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t _{event}	Duration of event	2	hr/event					(1)	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,527	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	60	days/year					(1)	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014)	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014)	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment. Assumes exposed for three days a week, 20 weeks a year (May through September) for two hours a day.
- 2 - Chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action will be evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 8-10.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283 1-42
- USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance. Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 8200.1-120.

TABLE 4.23.RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT FARMER - INHALATION OF VOLATILES FROM GROUNDWATER USED FOR IRRIGATION
LOWER DARBY CREEK AREA, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m3	UF, 2009	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mgm}^3\text{)} = \frac{\text{CA} \times \text{ET} \times \text{EF} \times \text{ED}}{\text{AT} \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$
				CW	Chemical concentration in water	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	2	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	60	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014b)	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014b)	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

1 - Professional judgment. Assumes exposed for three days a week, 20 weeks a year (May through September) for two hours a day.

2 - Chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action will be evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42

USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance. Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

UF, 2009. Letter from Stephen Roberts, Ph.D to Ligia Mora-Applegate, Methodology for the Development of Irrigation Water Risk-Based Criteria. January 14

TABLE 4.24 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CHILD RESIDENTS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Resident	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	200	mg/day	USEPA, 2014	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Resident	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.2	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2014	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year					USEPA, 2014	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.

2 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.

USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.

USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.

USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.

USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.25.RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CHILD RESIDENTS SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Resident	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} =$ $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times CS$ $PEF = Q/C_{\text{wind}} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1-V) \times (U_m/U_c)^{1.5} \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	g/m ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019					

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.26 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - CHILD RESIDENTS - GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Residents	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR_{GW} \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/kg	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	0.78	L/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014b	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Residents	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2014a	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
tevent	Duration of event	0.54	hr/event					USEPA, 2014b	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,365	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year					USEPA, 2014b	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	2	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	4	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,190	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42
USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.27.RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RESIDENTS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name					
Ingestion	Resident	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002a	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$					
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	100	mg/day	USEPA, 2014						
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)						
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--						
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 1989						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Resident	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS		Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAE \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
								CF3		Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²					USEPA, 2014						
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.07	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2014						
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004						
EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year					USEPA, 2014						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

1- A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.

2- Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A.

USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.

USEPA, 2002b. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.

USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/09/005.

USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.

USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.28.RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RESIDENTS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Resident	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/EF + 1/VF) \times CS$ $PEF = Q / C_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m / U_c)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				U _t	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				U _m	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
F(x)	Function dependent of U _m /U _t	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019					

Notes:

1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002a: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10.
- USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019: USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4 29 RME
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RESIDENTS - GROUNDWATER
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Groundwater
 Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Residents	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR_{GW} \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	2.5	L/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014b	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 18 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Residents	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2002	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t _{event}	Duration of event	0.71	hr/event					USEPA, 2014b	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	19,852	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year					USEPA, 2014b	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 18 - 26)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 8285 6-10.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
- USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 8283 1-42.
- USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.30 RME
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE - ADULT RESIDENTS - INHALATION OF VOLATILES FROM GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Residents	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 1991	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mgm}^3\text{)} = \frac{\text{CA} \times \text{ET} \times \text{EF} \times \text{ED}}{\text{AT} \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $\text{CA} = \text{CW} \times \text{CF} \times \text{VF}$
				GW	Chemical concentration in water	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	350	days/year	USEPA, 2014b	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b)	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b)	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	0.5	L/m ³	USEPA, 1991	

Notes:

1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

USEPA, 1991: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part B: Development of Risk-based Preliminary Remediation Goals. OSWER Directive 9285.7-01B.

USEPA, 2014a: Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42

USEPA, 2014b: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.1.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	50	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 1989	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	13	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(3)	
				BW	Body Weight	44	kg	USEPA, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
				Dermal	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,750	cm ²					(4)	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.04	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	13	days/year					(2)	
ED	Exposure Duration	10	years					(3)	
BW	Body Weight	44	kg					USEPA, 2011	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 1989	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days					USEPA, 1989	

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.
- 3 - Older child from age 6 to 16.
- 4 - Assumes face, forearms, hands, and are exposed (USEPA, 2011).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
- USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011: Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Tables 7-2 and 7-12.
- USEPA, 2012: Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
- USEPA, 2017: Update of Chapter 5 for the Exposure Factors Handbook EPA/600/R-17/384F, Table 5-1.

TABLE 4.2.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SOILS TO AIR
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/V) \times Cs$ $PEF = Q/C_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m/U_c)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	2	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	13	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(3)	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	07.36898	gm ² -s per kgm ³	USEPA, 2019	
				U _t	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m.	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				U _m	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of U _m /U _t	0.0918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action the intake will be multiplied by the appropriate age-dependent adjustment factor in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

1 - Professional judgment.

2 - Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.

2 - Older child from age 6 to 16.

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. USEPA/540/1-86/060.

USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9305.4-24.

USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9205.6-10, December.

USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/csl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.3.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SURFACE WATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Water
Exposure Medium: Surface Water

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CW	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2002	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CW \times CF \times CR \times ET \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CR	Contact Rate	0.021	L/hour	USEPA, 2011	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	2	hours/event	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	13	events/year	(1)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(2)	
				BW	Body Weight	44	kg	USEPA, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
Dermal	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	Absorbed dose per event	Calculated	mg/cm ² -event	USEPA, 2004	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{DAevent \times EV \times EF \times ED \times SA}{BW \times AT}$ For inorganics DAevent = Kp x CW x CF x tvent (1) For organics if tvent <= t* DAevent = 2 x FA x Kp x Cw x CF x sqrt[(6 x t x tvent)/pi] (3) For organics if tvent > t* DAevent = FA x Kp x Cw x CF x [tvent(1+B) + 2 x t + (1 + 3B + 3B ²)/(1+B ²)] (2)
				CW	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ³	--	
				Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr	USEPA, 2004	
				t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event	USEPA, 2004	
				t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event	USEPA, 2004	
				tvent	Duration of event	2	hr/event	(1)	
				B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,750	cm ²	(3)	
				EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	13	days/year	(1)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(2)	
				BW	Body Weight	44	kg	USEPA, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	

Notes:

For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action the intake will be multiplied by the appropriate age-dependent adjustment factor in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

- Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.
- Older child from age 6 to 16.
- Assumes face, forearms, hands, and are exposed (USEPA, 2011).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 6-10. December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Tables 3-5 and 8-3.

TABLE 4.4 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADOLESCENT TRESPASSERS - SEDIMENT
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Sediment
Exposure Medium: Sediment

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Ingestion	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	50	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 1989	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	(2)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	13	days/year	(2)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	10	years	(3)	
				BW	Body Weight	44	kg	USEPA, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 1989	
				Dermal	Trespassers	Adolescent	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,750	cm ²					(4)	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.04	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	13	days/year					(2)	
ED	Exposure Duration	10	years					(3)	
BW	Body Weight	44	kg					USEPA, 2011	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 1989	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days					USEPA, 1989	

Notes:

For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action the intake will be multiplied by the appropriate age-dependent adjustment factor in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

1. A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
2. Professional judgment. Assume one day a week in warm weather months for RME and one day every other week for CTE.
3. Older child from age 6 to 16.
4. Assumes face, forearms, hands, and are exposed (USEPA, 2011).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-86/060.
USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/0052F, Table 8.3.
USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
USEPA, 2017. Update of Chapter 5 for the Exposure Factors Handbook EPA/600/R-17/384F, Table 5-1.

TABLE 4.5.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name					
Ingestion	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED$ $BW \times AT$					
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	80	mg/day	USEPA, 2017						
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)						
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--						
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	(2)						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(3)						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(4), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(4), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS		Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED$ $BW \times AT$
								CF3		Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014						
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.04	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004						
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004						
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(3)						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years					(4), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years					(4), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - The child recreational user is assumed to be at the site only a portion of the day.
- 3 - Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 4 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-86/060.
- USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011: Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 16-108.
- USEPA, 2012: Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
- USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2017: Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4.6 CTE
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	Exposure Concentration (mg/m ³) = $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times C_s$ $PEF = Q/C_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_a/U_s)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	2	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(2)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 1989	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA 2018	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019					

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment.
- 2 - Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. USEPA/540/1-86/060.
 USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
 USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
 USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 16-100.
 USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.oml.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.7 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SURFACE WATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Water
Exposure Medium: Surface Water

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CW	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2002	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CW \times CF \times CR \times ET \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CR	Contact Rate	0.049	L/hr	USEPA, 2011	
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	2	hours/event	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	events/year	(2)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/lg					USEPA, 2002a	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
tevent	Duration of event	2	hr/event					(1)	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					(1)	
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(2)	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment.
- 2 - Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one days a week for CTE.
- 3 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-88/060.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 8265.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Tables 3-4 and 16-108.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.8.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CHILD RECREATIONAL USERS - SEDIMENT
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Sediment
Exposure Medium: Sediment

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{Cs \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	80	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	--	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(2)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Recreational User	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.04	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(1)	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Professional judgment. Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, children recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 16-108.
USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
USEPA, 2017. Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4-9 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	30	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	--	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(2)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.01	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(2)	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Assumes two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-86/060.
USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/0052F, Table 16-108.
USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance. Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
USEPA, 2017. Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4.10.CTE
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	Exposure Concentration (mg/m ³) = $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times C_s$ $PEF = \frac{Q/C_{wind} \times 3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1-V) \times (U_m/U_c)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	2	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 1989	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days	USEPA, 1989	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019					

Notes:

- 1 - Assumes two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one days a week for CTE.
- 2 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. USEPA/540/1-86/060.
- USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355-4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285-6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 16-100.
- USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://rpls-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.11.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SURFACE WATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Surface Water
Exposure Medium: Surface Water

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name					
Ingestion	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CW	Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2002	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CW \times CF \times CR \times ET \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$					
				CR	Contact Rate	0.021	L/hour	USEPA, 2011						
				CF	Conversion factor	0.001	mg/ug	--						
				ET	Exposure Time	2	hours/event	(1)						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	events/year	(1)						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent		Absorbed dose per event	Calculated	mg/cm ² -event	USEPA, 2004	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{DAevent \times EV \times EF \times ED \times SA}{BW \times AT}$ For inorganics DAevent = Kp x CW x CF x tevent For organics if tevent <= t* DAevent = 2 x FA x Kp x CW x CF x sqrt((6 x t x tevent)/q) For organics if tevent > t* DAevent = FA x Kp x Cw x CF x [(tevent(1 + B) + 2 x t + (1 + 3B + 3B ²)(1 - B ²))]
								Cw		Chemical Concentration in Water	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/lg	USEPA, 2002a	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--						
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004						
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004						
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004						
tevent	Duration of event	2	hr/event					(1)						
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²					USEPA, 2014						
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					(1)						
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(1)						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

1 - Professional judgment. Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.

2 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-88/060.
- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 826 B-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R99/005.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/800/R-09/003F, Tables 3-4 and 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.12 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RECREATIONAL USERS - SEDIMENT
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Sediment
Exposure Medium: Sediment

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name					
Ingestion	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{Cs \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$					
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	30	mg/day	USEPA, 2017						
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)						
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--						
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	--						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year	(2)						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Recreational User	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS		Chemical concentration in sediment	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
								CF3		Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²					USEPA, 2014						
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.07	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004						
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004						
EF	Exposure Frequency	26	days/year					(2)						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years					{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2011						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					{3}, USEPA, 2005, 2011						
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Professional judgment. Assume two days a week in warm weather months for RME and one day a week for CTE.
- 3 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adult recreational users will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F.
- USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2017. Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4.13 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CONSTRUCTION WORKERS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Construction Workers	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002a	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	165	mg/day	(1)	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(2)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	-	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 2002b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	125	days/year	(1)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	1	years	(1)	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	365	days	USEPA, 2014	
Dermal	Construction Workers	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002a	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	-	
				SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,527	cm ²	USEPA, 2014	
				SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.1	mg/cm ² /event	USEPA, 2004	
				DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 2004	
				EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day	USEPA, 2004	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	125	days/year	(1)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	1	years	(1)	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	365	days	USEPA, 2014					

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment. For some factors, CTE is assumed to be 50 percent of RME.
- 2 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A.
- USEPA, 2002a: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2002b: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2012: Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
- USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.14.CTE
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CONSTRUCTION WORKERS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Construction Workers	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/NF) \times Cs$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max. or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	9	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	125	days/year	(1)	
				ED	Exposure Duration	1	years	(1)	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	365	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	1.40E+06	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	14.31	g/m ³ -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	

Notes:

1 - Professional judgment. For some factors, CTE is assumed to be 50 percent of RME.

Sources:

USEPA, 2002a: Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 3055.4-24.

USEPA, 2002b: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9265.8-10, December.

USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.15 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - FARMER - CHILD - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IR \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	80	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	USEPA, 1989	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	-	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 1993	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1E-06	kg/mg					-	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.04	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year					USEPA, 1993	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

1- Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
- USEPA, 1993: Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011: Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Tables 5-1 and 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2017: Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4.16.CTE
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - FARMER - CHILD - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} =$ $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times CS$ $PEF = \frac{Q/C_{wind} \times 3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m/U_c)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.17.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - FARMER - CHILD - GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR \times GW \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/kg	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	0.48	L/day	USEPA, 2011	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Farmer	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	D _{event}	
C _w	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg					USEPA, 2014a	
F _A	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
K _p	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t _{event}	Duration of event	0.37	hr/event					USEPA, 2011	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
S _A	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,365	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year					USEPA, 1993	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014b					

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1993: Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011: Exposure Factors Handbook, 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F. Tables 3-19, 16-29, and 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014a: Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283 1-42.
- USEPA, 2014b: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.18 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - FARM WORKERS - SOIL
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name					
Ingestion	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$					
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	165	mg/day	(1)						
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(2)						
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--						
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 1993						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS		Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
								CF3		Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,527	cm ²					USEPA, 2004						
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.1	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004						
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004						
EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year					USEPA, 1993						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					(3), USEPA, 2005, 2014						
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment. For some factors, CTE is assumed to be 50 percent of RME.
- 2 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 3 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A.
- USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 5-1 and 16.3.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2017. Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4.19 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - FARM WORKERS - SOIL TO AIR
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} =$ $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/V) \times Cs$ $PEF = Q/C_{wind} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m/U_c)^2 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	8	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	3,650	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				F _o	Dispersion correction factor	1	unitless	USEPA, 2002	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.09918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance. Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/csl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.20.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - FARMERS - GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR_{GW} \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	1.2	L/day	USEPA, 2011	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	294	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,200	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	D_Aevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2014a	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t_event	Duration of event	0.25	hr/event					USEPA, 2011	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	19,852	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	294	days/year					USEPA, 1993	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,200	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:
1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:
USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10.
USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42
USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.21 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURE - FARMERS - INHALATION OF VOLATILES FROM GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m3	USEPA, 1991	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mgm}^3\text{)} = \frac{\text{CA} \times \text{ET} \times \text{EF} \times \text{ED}}{\text{AT} \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $\text{CA} = \text{CW} \times \text{CF} \times \text{VF}$
				GW	Chemical concentration in water.	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	0.5	L/m3	USEPA, 1991	

Notes:

- 1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).
- USEPA, 1999: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-88/060.
- USEPA, 1991: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part B: Development of Risk-based Preliminary Remediation Goals. OSWER Directive 9285.7-01B.
- USEPA, 2014a: Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42
- USEPA, 2014b: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.22.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURE - FARMERS - GROUNDWATER USED FOR IRRIGATION
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR-GW \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	0.05	L/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	60	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Farmer	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	DAevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2002	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
τ	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
tevent	Duration of event	1	hr/event					(1)	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	3,527	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	60	days/year					(1)	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 8 - 16)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

1 - Professional judgment. Assumes exposed for three days a week, 20 weeks a year (May through September) for one hour a day.

Sources:

USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 6-10.

USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.

USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283 1-42

USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance. Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 8200.1-120.

TABLE 4.23 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - FARMERS - INHALATION OF VOLATILES FROM GROUNDWATER USED FOR IRRIGATION
LOWER DARBY CREEK AREA, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Farmer	Adult	Beghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	UF, 2009	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{\text{CA} \times \text{ET} \times \text{EF} \times \text{ED}}{\text{AT} \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$
				CW	Chemical concentration in water	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	1	hours/day	(1)	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	60	days/year	(1)	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	10	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	7,300	days	USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

- 1 - Professional judgment. Assumes exposed for three days a week, 20 weeks a year (May through September) for one hour a day.
- 2 - USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition, Table 16-103.
- USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42
- USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- UF, 2009. Letter from Stephen Roberts, Ph.D to Ligia Mora-Appelgate, Methodology for the Development of Irrigation Water Risk-Based Criteria. January 14

TABLE 4.24 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CHILD RESIDENTS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Resident	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	80	mg/day	USEPA, 2017	
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)	
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 1993	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014	
				Dermal	Resident	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	
CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1E-06	kg/mg					--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	2,373	cm ²					USEPA, 2014	
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.04	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004	
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year					USEPA, 1993	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days					USEPA, 2014	

Notes:

- 1 - A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.
- 2 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1989: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-89/060.
USEPA, 1993: Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.8-10, December.
USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
USEPA, 2011: Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Tables 5-1 and 16-108.
USEPA, 2012: Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.
USEPA, 2014: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
USEPA, 2017: Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4.25.CTE
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CHILD RESIDENTS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Resident	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	Exposure Concentration (mg/m ³) = $\frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times CS$ $PEF = \frac{3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_m/U_c)^3 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				QC	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.26.CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - CHILD RESIDENTS - GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Residents	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR_{GW} \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/kg	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	0.48	L/day	USEPA, 2011	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	15	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Residents	Child	Baghurst Drive Site	D(A)event	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2014a	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ³					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
tevent	Duration of event	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2011	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,365	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year					USEPA, 1993	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 0 - 2)	1	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 2 - 6)	1	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	15	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	730	days	USEPA, 2014b					

Notes:

1 - Children will be evaluated as one age group (0 - 6 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, residential children will be evaluated as two age groups, 0 - 2 years and 2 - 6 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1993: Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002: Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 6-10, December.
- USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011: Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F. Tables 3-19, 16-29, and 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014a: Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283 1-42.
- USEPA, 2014b: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

TABLE 4.27 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RESIDENTS - SOILS
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
Exposure Medium: Surface/Subsurface Soil

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name					
Ingestion	Resident	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Intake (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CS \times RBA \times IRS \times CF3 \times FI \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$					
				IR-S	Ingestion Rate	30	mg/day	USEPA, 2017						
				RBA	Relative Bioavailability	Chemical Specific	unitless	(1)						
				CF3	Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--						
				FI	Fraction Ingested	1	unitless	USEPA, 1993						
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993						
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years	(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014						
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days	USEPA, 2014						
				Dermal	Resident	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CS		Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002	Dermally Absorbed Dose (mg/kg/day) = $CS \times CF3 \times SA \times SSAF \times DABS \times EV \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT
								CF3		Conversion Factor 3	1.0E-06	kg/mg	--	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	6,032	cm ²					USEPA, 2014						
SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	0.01	mg/cm ² /event					USEPA, 2004						
DABS	Absorption Factor	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004						
EV	Events Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004						
EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year					USEPA, 1993						
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years					(2), USEPA, 2005, 2011						
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014						
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014						
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days					USEPA, 2014						

Notes:

1- A value of 0.6 will be used for arsenic (USEPA, 2012) and 1 for all other chemicals.

2- Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A.

USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.

USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10.

USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.

USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F, Table 16-108.

USEPA, 2012. Compilation and Review of Data on Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil and Recommendations for Default Value for Relative Bioavailability of Arsenic in Soil Documents. OSWER Directive 9200.1-113.

USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

USEPA, 2017. Update for Chapter 5 of the Exposure Factors Handbook. EPA/600/R-17/384F.

TABLE 4.28.CTE
 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RESIDENTS - SOILS TO AIR
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Surface Soil/Subsurface Soil
 Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	Resident	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m ³	USEPA, 2002a	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m}^3\text{)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = (1/PEF + 1/VF) \times C_s$ $PEF = \frac{Q/C_{wind} \times 3600 \text{ sec/hr}}{0.036 \times (1 - V) \times (U_{ref}/U_1)^3 \times F(x)}$
				CS	Chemical concentration in soil	Max or 95% UCL	mg/kg	USEPA, 2002b	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days	USEPA, 2014	
				PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	3.23E+09	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2019	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	Chemical-specific	m ³ /kg	USEPA, 2002a	
				Q/C	Inverse of mean concentration at center of source	87.36898	gm ² -s per kg/m ³	USEPA, 2019	
				Ut	Equivalent threshold of wind velocity at 7m	11.32	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				Um	Mean annual wind speed	4.29	m/sec	USEPA, 2019	
				V	Fraction of vegetative cover	0.5	unitless	USEPA, 2019	
				F(x)	Function dependent of Um/Ut	0.02918	unitless	USEPA, 2019	

Notes:

1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002a. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24.
- USEPA, 2002b. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285.6-10.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook. 2011 Edition. EPA/600/R-09/052F. Table 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.
- USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Default values.
- USEPA, 2019. USEPA Regional Screening Level Calculator at http://epa-prgs.ornl.gov/cgi-bin/chemicals/sl_search. Values are for Philadelphia, PA.

TABLE 4.29 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RESIDENTS - GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Groundwater

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	Residents	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CGW	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg/day) = $\frac{CGW \times CF \times IR_{GW} \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				IR-GW	Ingestion Rate of Groundwater	1.2	L/day	USEPA, 2011	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	294	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				BW	Body Weight	80	kg	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				Dermal	Residents	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	D_Aevent	
Cw	Chemical Concentration in Groundwater	Max or 95% UCL	ug/L					USEPA, 2014a	
FA	Fraction Absorbed	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
CF	Conversion factor	0.001	L/cm ²					--	
Kp	Permeability coefficient	Chemical Specific	cm/hr					USEPA, 2004	
t	Lag time	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t*	Time it takes to reach steady state	Chemical Specific	hr/event					USEPA, 2004	
t_event	Duration of event	0.25	hr/event					USEPA, 2011	
B	Bunge model constant	Chemical Specific	unitless					USEPA, 2004	
SA	Skin Surface Available for Contact	19,852	cm ²					USEPA, 2014b	
EV	Event Frequency	1	events/day					USEPA, 2004	
EF	Exposure Frequency	294	days/year					USEPA, 1993	
ED1	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
ED2	Exposure Duration (Age 16 - 26)	5	years					(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
BW	Body Weight	80	kg					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25,550	days					USEPA, 2014b	
AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2,555	days					USEPA, 2014b	

Notes:

1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).

Sources:

- USEPA, 1993. Superfund Standard Default Exposure Factors for the Central Tendency and Reasonable Maximum Exposure.
- USEPA, 2002. Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites. OSWER 9285 6-10.
- USEPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- USEPA, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. EPA/800/R-09/052F, Table 3-33, 16-30, 16-34, and 16-108.
- USEPA, 2014a. Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283 1-42.
- USEPA, 2014b. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200 1-120.

TABLE 4.30 CTE
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES - ADULT RESIDENTS - INHALATION OF VOLATILES FROM GROUNDWATER
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Groundwater
Exposure Medium: Air

Exposure Route	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Point	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Value	Units	Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	On-Site Residents	Adult	Baghurst Drive Site	CA	Chemical concentration in air	Calculated	mg/m3	USEPA, 1991	$\text{Exposure Concentration (mg/m3)} = \frac{CA \times ET \times EF \times ED}{AT \times 24 \text{ hours/day}}$ $CA = CGW \times CF \times VF$
				CGW	Chemical concentration in water.	95% UCL or Max	ug/L	USEPA, 2014a	
				CF	Conversion Factor	0.001	mg/ug	--	
				ET	Exposure Time	24	hours/day	USEPA, 2014b	
				EF	Exposure Frequency	234	days/year	USEPA, 1993	
				ED	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	2	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				ED	Exposure Duration (Age 6 - 16)	5	years	(1), USEPA, 2005, 2011	
				AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	25550	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	2555	days	USEPA, 2014b	
				VF	Volatilization Factor	0.5	L/m3	USEPA, 1991	

Notes:

- 1 - Adults will be evaluated as one age group (7 - 26 years) for non-mutagenic chemicals. For chemicals that act via the mutagenic mode of action, adults will be evaluated as two age groups, 7 - 16 years and 16 - 26 years in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance of Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (USEPA, 2005).
- USEPA, 1999: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A. EPA/540/1-86/060.
- USEPA, 1991: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part B: Development of Risk-based Preliminary Remediation Goals. OSWER Directive 9285.7-01B.
- USEPA, 2014a: Determining Groundwater Exposure Point Concentrations. OSWER 9283.1-42
- USEPA, 2014b: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. OSWER 9200.1-120.

RAGS Part D Table 5
Non-Cancer Toxicity Data

LIST OF TABLES
RAGS PART D TABLE 5
NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA

Table No.

- 5.1 Non-Cancer Toxicity Data - Oral/Dermal
- 5.2 Non-Cancer Toxicity Data - Inhalation

**TABLE 5.1
NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA - ORAL/DERMAL
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2**

Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Oral RID		Oral Absorption Efficiency for Dermal ⁽¹⁾	Absorbed RID for Dermal ⁽²⁾		Primary Target Organ(s)	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	RID:Target Organ(s)	
		Value	Units		Value	Units			Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽³⁾ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Volatile Organic Compounds										
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Subchronic	7.0E+00	mg/kg/day	1	7.0E+00	mg/kg/day	Body Weight	300	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Chronic	2.0E+00	mg/kg/day	1	2.0E+00	mg/kg/day	Body Weight	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	4.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	4.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Immune	1000	FPRTV	4/1/2011
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Chronic	4.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	4.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Immune, Hematologic	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	2.0E+00	mg/kg/day	1	2.0E+00	mg/kg/day	Urinary	300	FPRTV	9/27/2006
1,1-Dichloroethane	Chronic	2.0E-01	mg/kg/day	1	2.0E-01	mg/kg/day	Urinary	3000	FPRTV	9/27/2006
	Chronic	5.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	5.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,2-Dichloroethane	Subchronic	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Urinary	3000	FPRTV	10/1/2010
	Chronic	6.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	6.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Urinary	30000	PPRTV X	10/1/2010
2-Hexanone	Chronic	5.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	5.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Nervous	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	1.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Hematologic	100	FPRTV	9/29/2009
Benzene	Chronic	4.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	4.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Immune	300	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Chronic	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Urinary	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Bromodichloromethane	Chronic	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Urinary	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	1.0E-01	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E-01	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	ATSDR	9/19/97
Chloroform	Chronic	1.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	IRIS	1/28/2019
	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	Subchronic	6.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	6.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	HEAST	1/28/2019
	Chronic	6.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	6.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	30	IRIS	1/28/2019
Tetrachloroethane	Subchronic	1.0E-01	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E-01	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	HEAST	1/28/2019
	Chronic	6.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	6.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Nervous, Ocular	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Trichloroethene	Subchronic	5.0E-04	mg/kg/day	1	5.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Developmental, Immune	10 - 100	ATSDR	10/2014
	Chronic	5.0E-04	mg/kg/day	1	5.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Cardiovascular, Developmental, Immune	10 - 1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Vinyl Chloride	Chronic	3.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	3.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	30	IRIS	1/28/2019
Semivolatile Organic Compounds										
1,4-Dioxane	Subchronic	5.0E-01	mg/kg/day	1	5.0E-01	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	ATSDR	4/2012
	Chronic	3.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	3.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Hepatic, Urinary	300	IRIS	1/28/2019
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pesticides										
Aldrin	Subchronic	4.0E-05	mg/kg/day	1	4.0E-05	mg/kg/day	Urinary	1000	FPRTV	3/14/2005
	Chronic	3.0E-05	mg/kg/day	1	3.0E-05	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Delta-BHC ⁽⁴⁾	Chronic	8.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	8.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	ATSDR	8/2005
	Subchronic	1.0E-04	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Nervous System	100	ATSDR	9/2002
Dieldrin	Chronic	5.0E-05	mg/kg/day	1	5.0E-05	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	100	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	1.3E-05	mg/kg/day	1	1.3E-05	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	1000	HEAST	1/28/2019
Heptachlor Epoxide	Chronic	1.3E-05	mg/kg/day	1	1.3E-05	mg/kg/day	Hepatic	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	1.0E+00	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E+00	mg/kg/day	Nervous System	30	ATSDR	9/2008
Aluminum	Chronic	1.0E+00	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E+00	mg/kg/day	Nervous System	100	FPRTV	10/23/2006
	Subchronic	4.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.15	6.0E-05	mg/kg/day	Whole Body	1000	FPRTV	7/29/2008
Antimony	Chronic	4.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.15	6.0E-05	mg/kg/day	Hematologic	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Chronic	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	1	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Cardiovascular System, Dermal	3	IRIS	1/28/2019
Arsenic	Subchronic	5.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.05	2.5E-05	mg/kg/day	Musculoskeletal	100	ATSDR	9/2012
	Chronic	5.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.05	2.5E-05	mg/kg/day	Urinary	10	IRIS	1/28/2019
Cadmium (water)	Subchronic	5.0E-03	mg/kg/day	0.025	1.3E-04	mg/kg/day	Hematologic	100	ATSDR	9/2012
	Chronic	3.0E-03	mg/kg/day	0.025	7.5E-05	mg/kg/day	None Reported	300	IRIS	1/28/2019

**TABLE 5.1
NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA - ORAL/DERMAL
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Oral RID		Oral Absorption Efficiency for Dermal ⁽¹⁾	Absorbed RID for Dermal ⁽²⁾		Primary Target Organ(s)	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	RID:Target Organ(s)	
		Value	Units		Value	Units			Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽³⁾ (MMDDYYYY)
Cobalt	Subchronic	3.0E-03	mg/kg/day	1	3.0E-03	mg/kg/day	Thyroid	300	PPRTV	8/25/2008
	Chronic	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	1	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Thyroid	3000	PPRTV	8/25/2008
Copper	Chronic	4.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	4.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Gastrointestinal System	NA	HEAST	1/28/2019
Cyanide	Subchronic	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	1	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	Whole Body, Thyroid, Nervous System	500	HEAST	1/28/2019
	Chronic	6.0E-04	mg/kg/day	1	6.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Reproductive	3000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Iron	Subchronic	7.0E-01	mg/kg/day	1	7.0E-01	mg/kg/day	Gastrointestinal System	1.5	PPRTV	9/11/2006
	Chronic	7.0E-01	mg/kg/day	1	7.0E-01	mg/kg/day	Gastrointestinal System	1.5	PPRTV	9/11/2006
Lead	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Chronic	2.4E-02	mg/kg/day	0.04	9.6E-04	mg/kg/day	Nervous System	3	IRIS	1/28/2019
Manganese ⁽⁶⁾	Subchronic	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	0.04	8.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Body Weight	300	HEAST	1/28/2019
	Chronic	2.0E-02	mg/kg/day	0.04	8.0E-04	mg/kg/day	Body Weight	300	IRIS	1/28/2019
Nickel	Subchronic	4.0E-05	mg/kg/day	1	4.0E-05	mg/kg/day	Dermal	1000	PPRTV X	10/25/2012
	Chronic	1.0E-05	mg/kg/day	1	1.0E-05	mg/kg/day	Dermal	3000	PPRTV X	10/25/2012
Thallium	Subchronic	1.0E-02	mg/kg/day	0.026	2.6E-04	mg/kg/day	Hematologic	10	ATSDR	9/2012
	Chronic	5.0E-03	mg/kg/day	0.026	1.3E-04	mg/kg/day	Dermal	300	IRIS	1/28/2019
Vanadium ⁽⁷⁾	Subchronic	1.0E-02	mg/kg/day	0.026	2.6E-04	mg/kg/day	Hematologic	10	ATSDR	9/2012
	Chronic	5.0E-03	mg/kg/day	0.026	1.3E-04	mg/kg/day	Dermal	300	IRIS	1/28/2019

Footnotes:

- 1 - U.S. EPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- 2 - Adjusted dermal RID = Oral RID x Oral Absorption Efficiency for Dermal.
- 3 - Dates for IRIS and HEAST are the date the databases were searched. The dates for ATSDR and PPRTV are the dates of the reference documents containing the toxicity values.
- 4 - Values are for alpha-BHC.
- 5 - Values are for hexavalent chromium.
- 6 - Adjusted IRIS value in accordance with IRIS.
- 7 - Chronic value from IRIS adjusted as specified in the USEPA Regional Screening Level User Guide (November 2018).

Definitions:

- ATSDR = Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.
 HEAST = Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables
 IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System
 NA = Not Available
 PPRTV = Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Value
 PPRTV X = Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Appendix Screening Value

TABLE 5.2
NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA - INHALATION
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Inhalation RFC		Primary Target Organ(s)	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	RFC : Target Organ(s)	
		Value	Units			Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽¹⁾ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Volatile Organic Compounds							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Subchronic	5.0E+00	mg/m ³	Hepatic	100	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Chronic	5.0E+00	mg/m ³	Hepatic	100	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Subchronic	2.0E-03	mg/m ³	Respiratory	300	PPRTV X	4/1/2011
	Chronic	2.0E-04	mg/m ³	Respiratory	3000	PPRTV X	4/1/2011
1,1-Dichloroethane	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-Dichloroethene	Chronic	2.0E-01	mg/m ³	Hepatic	30	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	7.0E-02	mg/m ³	Nervous System	300	PPRTV	10/1/2010
1,2-Dichloroethane	Chronic	7.0E-03	mg/m ³	Nervous System	3000	PPRTV	10/1/2010
	Subchronic	3.0E-02	mg/m ³	Nervous System	3000	IRIS	1/28/2019
2-Hexanone	Chronic	3.0E-02	mg/m ³	Nervous System	3000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Benzene	Subchronic	8.0E-02	mg/m ³	Hematologic	100	PPRTV	9/29/2009
	Chronic	3.0E-02	mg/m ³	Immune	300	IRIS	1/28/2019
Bromodichloromethane	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chloroform	Subchronic	2.4E-01	mg/m ³	Hepatic	300	ATSDR	9/1997
	Chronic	9.8E-02	mg/m ³	Hepatic	100	ATSDR	9/1997
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	Chronic	3.0E+00	mg/m ³	Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	100	IRIS	1/28/2019
Methylene Chloride	Subchronic	1.0E+00	mg/m ³	Hepatic	90	ATSDR	9/2000
	Chronic	6.0E-01	mg/m ³	Hepatic	30	IRIS	1/28/2019
Tetrachloroethene	Chronic	4.0E-02	mg/m ³	Nervous System, Ocular	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Trichloroethene	Chronic	2.0E-03	mg/m ³	Cardiovascular, Developmental, Immune	10 - 100	IRIS	1/28/2019
Vinyl Chloride	Chronic	1.0E-01	mg/m ³	Hepatic	30	IRIS	1/28/2019
Semivolatile Organic Compounds							
1,4-Dioxane	Subchronic	7.2E-01	mg/m ³	Respiratory	30	ATSDR	4/2012
	Chronic	3.0E-02	mg/m ³	Nervous System, Respiratory	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pesticides							
Aldrin	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
delta-BHC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dieldrin	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Heptachlor Epoxide	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

TABLE 5.2
NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA - INHALATION
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Inhalation RFC		Primary Target Organ(s)	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	RFC : Target Organ(s)	
		Value	Units			Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽¹⁾ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Inorganics							
Aluminum	Chronic	5.0E-03	mg/m ³	Nervous System	300	PPRTV	10/23/2006
Antimony	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	Chronic	1.5E-05	mg/m ³	Cardiovascular System, Dermal	NA	Cal EPA	2008
Cadmium	Chronic	1.0E-05	mg/m ³	Urinary	9	ATSDR	9/2012
	Subchronic	3.0E-04	mg/m ³	Respiratory	30	ATSDR	9/2012
Chromium ⁽²⁾	Chronic	1.0E-04	mg/m ³	Respiratory	300	IRIS	1/28/2019
	Subchronic	2.0E-05	mg/m ³	Respiratory	100	PPRTV	8/25/2008
Cobalt	Chronic	6.0E-06	mg/m ³	Respiratory	300	PPRTV	8/25/2008
	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cyanide ⁽³⁾	Chronic	8.0E-04	mg/m ³	Endocrine	3000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Iron	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Manganese	Chronic	5.0E-05	mg/m ³	Nervous System	1000	IRIS	1/28/2019
Nickel	Subchronic	2.0E-04	mg/m ³	Respiratory	30	ATSDR	8/2005
	Chronic	9.0E-05	mg/m ³	Respiratory	30	ATSDR	8/2005
Thallium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	Chronic	1.0E-04	mg/m ³	Respiratory	30	ATSDR	9/2012

Footnotes:

- 1 - Dates for IRIS and HEAST are the date the databases were searched. The dates for ATSDR, PPRTV, and Cal EPA are the dates of the reference documents containing the toxicity values.
- 2 - Values are for hexavalent chromium.
- 3 - Values are for hydrogen cyanide.

Definitions:

ATSDR = Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.
 Cal EPA = California Environmental Protection Agency, Technical Support Document for Noncancer RELs, 2008.
 HEAST = Health Effects Assessment Summary Table
 IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System
 NA = Not Applicable
 PPRTV = Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Value.
 PPRTV X = Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Appendix Screening Value

RAGS Part D Table 6

Cancer Toxicity Data

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CANCER TOXICITY DATA

Table No.

- 6.1 Cancer Toxicity Data - Oral/Dermal
- 6.2 Cancer Toxicity Data - Inhalation

TABLE 6.1
CANCER TOXICITY DATA - ORAL/DERMAL
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Chemical of Potential Concern	Oral Cancer Slope Factor		Oral Absorption Efficiency for Dermal ⁽¹⁾	Absorbed Cancer Slope Factor for Dermal ⁽²⁾		Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description ⁽³⁾	Oral CSF	
	Value	Units		Value	Units		Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽⁶⁾ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Volatile Organic Compounds								
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	C (Possible human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,1-Dichloroethane	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	C (Possible human carcinogen)	Cal EPA	6/2009
1,1-Dichloroethene	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential (Oral route)	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,2-Dichloroethane	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
2-Hexanone	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential	IRIS	1/28/2019
Benzene	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Known/likely human carcinogen	IRIS	1/28/2019
Bromodichloromethane	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Chloroform	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	Cal EPA	6/2009
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	NA	Cal EPA	6/2009
Methylene Chloride	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Tetrachloroethene	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Trichloroethene - (Nonmutagenic) ⁽⁵⁾	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic) ⁽⁵⁾	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Vinyl Chloride	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Known/likely human carcinogen	IRIS	1/28/2019
Semivolatile Organic Compounds								
1,4-Dioxane	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene ⁽⁶⁾	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Carcinogenic to humans	USEPA(1)	7/1993
Pesticides								
Aldrin	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
delta-BHC ⁽⁷⁾	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Dieldrin	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Heptachlor Epoxide	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Inorganics								
Aluminum	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Antimony	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	A (human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Cadmium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	B1 (Probable human carcinogen)	NA	NA
Chromium ⁽⁸⁾	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	0.025	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	Carcinogenic potential cannot be determined	Cal EPA	7/29/2011
Cobalt	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	D (Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity)	NA	NA
Cyanide	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	D (Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity)	NA	NA
Iron	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	NA	NA

TABLE 6.1
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA - ORAL/DERMAL
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Chemical of Potential Concern	Oral Cancer Slope Factor		Oral Absorption Efficiency for Dermal ⁽¹⁾	Absorbed Cancer Slope Factor for Dermal ⁽²⁾		Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description ⁽³⁾	Oral CSF	
	Value	Units		Value	Units		Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽⁶⁾ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Manganese	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	D (Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity)	NA	NA
Nickel	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Thallium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential	NA	NA
Vanadium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Footnotes:

- 1 - USEPA, 2004: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment) Final. EPA/540/R/99/005.
- 2 - Weight of evidence description is the most recent one presented in IRIS.
- 3 - Dates for IRIS are the date the databases was searched. The dates for Cal EPA are the dates of the reference documents containing the toxicity values.
- 4 - Adjusted cancer slope factor for dermal = Oral cancer slope factor / Oral absorption efficiency for dermal.
- 5 - See text for a discussion of trichloroethene toxicity.
- 6 - Trichloroethene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, and hexavalent chromium are considered to act via the mutagenic mode of action. These chemicals are evaluated in accordance with USEPA's for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (March 2005).
- 7 - Alpha-BHC is used as a surrogate for delta-BHC.
- 8 - Values are for hexavalent chromium.

Definitions:

Cal EPA = California Environmental Protection Agency, Air Toxics Support Program Technical Support Document for Cancer Potencies, June 2009.
 IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System.
 NA = Not Available.
 USEPA(1) = USEPA Provisional Guidance for Quantitative Risk Assessment of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons, 1993b, EPA/600/R-93/089.

**TABLE 6.2
CANCER TOXICITY DATA - INHALATION
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2**

Chemical of Potential Concern	Unit Risk		Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description ⁽¹⁾	Unit Risk : Inhalation	
	Value	Units		Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽²⁾ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Volatile Organic Compounds					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	NA	NA	Inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	C (Possible human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	C (Possible human carcinogen)	Cal EPA	6/2009
1,1-Dichloroethene	NA	NA	Suggestive evidence of carcinogenicity, but not sufficient to assess human carcinogenic potential (Inhalation route)	IRIS	1/28/2019
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
2-Hexanone	NA	NA	Inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential	IRIS	1/28/2019
Benzene	7.8E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Known/likely human carcinogen	IRIS	1/28/2019
Bromodichloromethane	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	NA	Cal EPA	6/2009
Chloroform	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	NA	Cal EPA	6/2009
Methylene Chloride	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Tetrachloroethene	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Trichloroethene - (Nonmutagenic) ⁽³⁾	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Trichloroethene - (Mutagenic) ^(3,4)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Vinyl Chloride	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Known/likely human carcinogen	IRIS	1/28/2019
Semivolatile Organic Compounds					
1,4-Dioxane	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Likely to be carcinogenic to humans	IRIS	1/28/2019
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene ⁽⁴⁾	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Carcinogenic to humans	USEPA(1)	7/1993
Pesticides					
Aldrin	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
delta-BHC ⁽⁵⁾	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Dieldrin	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Heptachlor Epoxide	2.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Inorganics					
Aluminum	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Antimony	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

TABLE 6.2
CANCER TOXICITY DATA - INHALATION
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Chemical of Potential Concern	Unit Risk		Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description ⁽¹⁾	Unit Risk : Inhalation	
	Value	Units		Source(s)	Date(s) ⁽²⁾ (MM/DD/YYYY)
Arsenic	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	A (Known human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Cadmium	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	B1 (Probable human carcinogen)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Chromium ^(4,6)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	Known/likely human carcinogen (Inhalation route)	IRIS	1/28/2019
Cobalt	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	NA	PPRTV	8/25/2008
Copper	NA	NA	D (Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity)	NA	NA
Cyanide	NA	NA	D (Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity)	NA	NA
Iron	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	NA	NA	B2 (Probable human carcinogen)	NA	NA
Manganese	NA	NA	D (Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity)	NA	NA
Nickel	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	NA	Cal EPA	6/2009
Thallium	NA	NA	Inadequate information to assess carcinogenic potential	NA	NA
Vanadium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Footnotes:

- 1 - Weight of evidence description is the most recent one presented in IRIS.
- 2 - Dates for IRIS are the date the databases was searched. The dates for Cal EPA are the dates of the reference documents containing the toxicity values.
- 3 - See text for a discussion of trichloroethene toxicity.
- 4 - Trichloroethene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and hexavalent chromium are considered to act via the mutagenic mode of action. These chemicals are evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (March 2005).
- 5 - Alpha-BHC is used as a surrogate for delta-BHC.
- 6 - Values are for hexavalent chromium.

Definitions:

Cal EPA = California Environmental Protection Agency, Air Toxics Support Program Technical Support Document for Cancer Potencies, June 2009.
 IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System.
 NA = Not Available.
 PPRTV = Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Value.
 USEPA(1) = USEPA Provisional Guidance for Quantitative Risk Assessment of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons, 1993b, EPA/600/R-93/089.

RAGS Part D Table 7

Calculation of Cancer Risks and Non-Cancer Hazards

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CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS

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Reasonable Maximum Exposures

- 7.1.RME Current Trespassers
- 7.2.RME Current Child Recreational Users
- 7.3.RME Current Adult Recreational Users
- 7.4.RME Current Lifelong Recreational Users
- 7.5.RME Future Construction Workers
- 7.6.RME Future Child Farmers
- 7.7.RME Future Adult Farmers
- 7.8.RME Future Lifelong Farmers
- 7.9.RME Future Child Recreational Users
- 7.10.RME Future Adult Recreational Users
- 7.11.RME Future Lifelong Recreational Users
- 7.12.RME Future Trespassers
- 7.13.RME Future Off-Site Child Residents
- 7.14.RME Future Off-Site Adult Residents
- 7.15.RME Future Off-Site Lifelong Residents
- 7.16.RME Future On-Site Child Residents
- 7.17.RME Future On-Site Adult Residents
- 7.18.RME Future On-Site Lifelong Residents

Central Tendency Exposures

- 7.1.CTE Current Trespassers
- 7.2.CTE Current Child Recreational Users
- 7.3.CTE Current Adult Recreational Users
- 7.4.CTE Current Lifelong Recreational Users
- 7.5.CTE Future Construction Workers
- 7.6.CTE Future Child Farmers
- 7.7.CTE Future Adult Farmers
- 7.8.CTE Future Lifelong Farmers
- 7.9.CTE Future Child Recreational Users
- 7.10.CTE Future Adult Recreational Users
- 7.11.CTE Future Lifelong Recreational Users
- 7.12.CTE Future Trespassers
- 7.13.CTE Future Off-Site Child Residents
- 7.14.CTE Future Off-Site Adult Residents
- 7.15.CTE Future Off-Site Lifelong Residents
- 7.16.CTE Future On-Site Child Residents
- 7.17.CTE Future On-Site Adult Residents
- 7.18.CTE Future On-Site Lifelong Residents

TABLE T.1.1.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Cancer Risk	Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk			Value	Units	Value	Units	RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient	
							Value	Units	Value	Units								
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	1,1-Dichloroethane	22.4	ug/L	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	8E-09	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0006		
				Dieldrin	0.072	ug/L	4.7E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	8E-08	3.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0007		
				Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037	ug/L	2.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	2E-08	1.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.001		
				Arsenic	10.2	ug/L	6.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1E-06	4.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.02		
				Chromium	1.59	ug/L	3.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	2E-07	7.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0002		
				Manganese	1970	ug/L	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	9.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.04		
			Exp. Route Total															0.06
			Dermal	1,1-Dichloroethane	22.4	ug/L	6.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3E-09	4.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0002		
				Dieldrin	0.072	ug/L	3.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	5E-07	2.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.005		
				Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1E-07	8.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.006		
				Arsenic	10.2	ug/L	3.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	5E-06	2.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0008		
				Chromium	1.59	ug/L	3.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	7E-07	7.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.01		
Manganese	1970	ug/L		6.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	4.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.05					
Exp. Route Total															0.06			
Exposure Point Total																0.1		
Exposure Medium Total																0.1		
Medium Total																0.1		
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3E-07	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.006		
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	2.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1E-06	6.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.02		
				Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	4.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	3.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.01		
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	7.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.01		
				Exp. Route Total														0.03
				Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	8.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1E-07	5.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.002	
			Chromium		39	mg/kg	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	4E-06	4.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.006		
			Cobalt		18.9	mg/kg	3.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	2.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0008		
			Iron		46700	mg/kg	8.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	5.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0008		
			Exp. Route Total														0.010	
			Exp. Route Total															0.04
			Exposure Point Total															0.04
Exposure Medium Total															0.04			
Medium Total																0.04		
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media											0.06	Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media				0.2		

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.2 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations			Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration	Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration	RI/RIIC	Hazard Quotient				
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units			
Surface Water	Surface Water	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	See Table 7.4 RME for Cancer Risks			5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.020	
			Exp. Route Total											0.020	
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L					1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039
			Exp. Route Total												0.00039
			Exposure Point Total												0.020
Medium Total		Exposure Medium Total										0.020			
Sediment	Sediment	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg				8.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.028	
			Exp. Route Total											0.028	
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg					2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.027
			Exp. Route Total												0.055
			Exposure Point Total												0.055
Medium Total		Exposure Medium Total										0.055			
												Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media	0.076		

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.3 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations			Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration	CSF/Unit Risk	Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration	RI/URC	Hazard Quotient			
						Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units		
Surface Water	Surface Water	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	See Table 7.4 RME for Cancer Risks			6.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022	
			Exp. Route Total												
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L					5.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00019
			Exp. Route Total												
			Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total													0.0024		
Medium Total													0.0024		
Sediment	Sediment	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg					8.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027
			Exp. Route Total												
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg					3.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0045
			Exp. Route Total												
			Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total													0.0072		
Medium Total													0.0072		
Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media												0.0096			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.4 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations			
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration	CSF/Unit Risk	Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration	RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient		
Surface Water	Surface Water	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	7.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.0E-06	See Tables 7.2 RME and 7.3 RME for Hazard Indices		
			Exp. Route Total								1.0E-06			
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	2.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.9E-08			
			Exp. Route Total								3.9E-08			
			Exposure Point Total								1.1E-06			
Medium Total		Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total						1.1E-06				
Sediment	Sediment	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	4.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.2E-05			
			Exp. Route Total								2.2E-05			
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.2E-05			
			Exp. Route Total								2.2E-05			
			Exposure Point Total								4.4E-05			
Medium Total		Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total						4.4E-05				
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media										4.5E-05				

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.5.16.1E
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units					
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.080		
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	8.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-06	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.20		
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.3E-07	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.023		
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	8.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.019		
				Copper	915	mg/kg	3.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.065		
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	1.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.1E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.15		
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.095		
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	2.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.039		
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.020		
				Exp. Route Total								2.1E-06						0.89
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	8.00E-02	
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.1E-07	9.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.032	
			Chromium		41	mg/kg	5.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-06	3.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.030		
			Cobalt		20.4	mg/kg	2.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0062		
			Copper		915	mg/kg	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0021		
			Iron		37600	mg/kg	4.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0049		
			Manganese		807	mg/kg	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.076		
			Thallium		0.548	mg/kg	7.1E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0012		
			Vanadium		72.3	mg/kg	9.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	6.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.025		
			Exp. Route Total									1.3E-06					0.17	
			Exposure Point Total									3.4E-06						0.87
			Exposure Medium Total									3.4E-06						0.87
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	2.0E-02	mg/m ³	6.6E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	4.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.92
						Arsenic	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	8.3E-08	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.6E-07	5.8E-06	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.39
Chromium	2.9E-05	mg/m ³				9.6E-08	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	9.0E-06	6.7E-06	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.022			
Cobalt	1.5E-05	mg/m ³				4.8E-08	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.3E-07	3.3E-06	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.17			
Copper	6.5E-04	mg/m ³				2.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
Iron	2.7E-02	mg/m ³				8.8E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	6.1E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
Manganese	5.8E-04	mg/m ³				1.9E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.3E-04	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	2.6			
Thallium	3.9E-07	mg/m ³				1.3E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	8.9E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
Vanadium	5.2E-05	mg/m ³				1.7E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.2E-06	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.12			
Exp. Route Total											8.8E-06					4.2		
Exposure Point Total											8.8E-06						4.2	
Exposure Medium Total											8.8E-06						4.2	
Medium Total								1.2E-05						5.1				
								Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media				Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media						
								1.2E-05				5.1						

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7 & 8 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmer
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/RfD Risk	Cancer Risk	Make/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
							Value	Units			Value	Units	Value	Units	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	See Table 7 & 8 RME for Cancer Risks				3.6E-01	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.36
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.91				
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	5.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.17				
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.87				
				Copper	915	mg/kg	1.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.29				
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	4.8E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.69				
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.43				
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	7.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.70				
				Zinc	72.3	mg/kg	9.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.19				
				Exp. Route Total								4.8			
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	6.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0098			
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.11			
			Chromium		41	mg/kg	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.17				
			Cobalt		20.4	mg/kg	6.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.021				
			Copper		915	mg/kg	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0098				
			Iron		37600	mg/kg	1.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.016				
			Manganese		807	mg/kg	2.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.26				
			Thallium		0.548	mg/kg	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.017				
			Zinc		72.3	mg/kg	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.17				
			Exp. Route Total								0.77				
			Exposure Point Total									5.4			
			Exposure Medium Total									5.4			
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	6.7E-08	mg/m ³	8.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.0017		
						Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	1.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.00070		
Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³				1.2E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00012					
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³				6.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.0010					
Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³				2.7E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
Iron	1.2E-06	mg/m ³				1.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
Manganese	2.6E-07	mg/m ³				2.4E-07	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0048					
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³				1.6E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
Zinc	2.2E-08	mg/m ³				2.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00021					
Exp. Route Total										0.0095					
Exposure Point Total										0.0095					
Exposure Medium Total										0.0095					
Medium Total							5.4								
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.10				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.416	ug/L	2.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0059				
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	9.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.049				
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	6.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.2				
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.12				
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0053				
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	5.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027				
				Chloroform	265	ug/L	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.013				
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	379	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	5.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0090				
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.9				
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	4.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.014				
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	3.7E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.12				
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.038				
				Beta-BHC	0.0088	ug/L	4.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00054				
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	3.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0084				

TABLE 7 & 8ME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmer
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFR Risk	Cancer Risk	MPEC/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units			Value	Units	Value	Units				
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	2089	ug/L					1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.10			
				Arsenic	1.3	ug/L					6.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.16			
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L					3.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.3			
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L					2.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.044			
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					6.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.22			
				Cyanide	10.1	ug/L					7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.26			
				Iron	2504	ug/L					9.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.5			
				Lead	1.66	ug/L					1.2E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.18			
				Manganese	97	ug/L					8.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--			
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L					4.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.23			
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L					4.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.47			
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.049			
				Exp. Route Total														
				Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L							3.3E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.016
					1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.478	ug/L							1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00038
					1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L							6.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0034
					1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L							7.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.14
					1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L							2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00044
					2-Hexanone	12	ug/L							2.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0044
					Benzene	0.423	ug/L							2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00070
					Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L							3.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00017
					Chloroform	2.65	ug/L							1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010
					Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L							3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
					Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L							1.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00030
					Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L							3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0053
					Trichloroethene (Metagenic)	19.4	ug/L							1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
					Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L							1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.28
					Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L							2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00096
					1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L							1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039
					Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L							0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
					Ailin	0.023	ug/L							0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--
					beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L							2.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00035
					Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L							5.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.010
					Aluminum	2089	ug/L							4.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00046
					Arsenic	1.3	ug/L							2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0048
					Cadmium	0.439	ug/L							1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0057
					Chromium	13.3	ug/L							9.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0039
					Cobalt	1.59	ug/L							5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.079
					Cyanide	19.1	ug/L							1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00047
					Iron	2504	ug/L							4.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0067
					Lead	1.66	ug/L							5.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00079
					Manganese	97	ug/L							3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
					Nickel	9.34	ug/L							2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.022
					Thallium	0.094	ug/L							4.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00051
					Vanadium	4.94	ug/L							2.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0021
					Exp. Route Total										1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)
				Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total												8.6
Medium Total														8.6				
														8.6				
											Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media		14					

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.7.AM
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations						Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Initial Exposure Concentration		RfDRS		Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units				
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	29200	mg/kg	3.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	2.2E-01	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.22			
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	2.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	3.6E-05	1.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.56			
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	9.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	4.6E-05	3.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.11			
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	2.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.54			
				Copper	915	mg/kg	1.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	7.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.18			
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	4.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	3.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.42			
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	9.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	6.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.27			
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	6.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	4.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.43			
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	8.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	5.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.11			
				Exp. Route Total								8.2E-05						2.9	
				Dermal	Aluminum	29200	mg/kg	1.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	7.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.072		
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.8E-06	2.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.001		
					Chromium	41	mg/kg	3.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.9E-05	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.14		
					Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	7.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	5.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.017		
					Copper	915	mg/kg	3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	2.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.058		
					Iron	37600	mg/kg	1.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	9.5E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.014		
					Manganese	807	mg/kg	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	2.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.21		
					Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	2.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.014		
					Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	1.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.14		
					Exp. Route Total								6.6E-05					0.64	
					Exposure Point Total								1.5E-04						3.5
				Exposure Medium Total								1.5E-04						3.5	
				Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	8.7E-08	mg/m ³	2.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	--	1.7E-05	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.0033
							Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	3.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	1.3E-08	2.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0014
							Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³	3.9E-09	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	5.9E-07	2.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00024
							Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³	1.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	1.6E-08	1.2E-09	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.00002
							Copper	2.8E-07	mg/m ³	7.8E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	--	5.4E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
Iron	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	3.2E-06				(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	--	2.2E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Manganese	2.5E-07	mg/m ³	6.9E-08				(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	--	4.5E-07	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0096				
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³	4.8E-11				(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	--	3.3E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Vanadium	2.3E-08	mg/m ³	6.1E-09				(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	--	4.3E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00043				
Exp. Route Total											6.1E-07					0.0170			
Exposure Point Total											6.1E-07						0.0170		
Exposure Medium Total											6.1E-07						0.0170		
Medium Total											1.5E-04						3.5		
Groundwater Potable Use	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	3.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	1.2E-01	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.061			
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	2.3E-07	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0038			
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	1.7E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	9.7E-06	5.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.030			
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1221	ug/L	1.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.14			
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	9.6E-07	3.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0081			
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	3.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.072			
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	2.0E-07	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0032			
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	9.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.9E-07	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0016			
				Chloroform	2.45	ug/L	2.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	7.0E-07	7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0079			
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.8E-08	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--			
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	1.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	3.7E-08	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0054			
				Tetrachloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	2.2E-08	3.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0061			
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	3.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	3.1E-06	5.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--			
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	6.1E-08	5.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.2			
				Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	7.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.3E-06	2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0085			
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	6.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	6.4E-05	2.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.074			
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.044	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.1E-06	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--			
				Aldrin	0.023	ug/L	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	3.3E-06	6.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.023			
				o,p'-DDE	0.0088	ug/L	7.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	4.6E-07	2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00032			
				Dieldrin	0.0054	ug/L	5.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	9.0E-07	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0036			
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.8E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	6.3E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.063			
Antimony	1.3	ug/L	1.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	--	3.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.087							

TABLE 7.7.AM
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Trifluoromethane, Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Initial Exposure Concentration		CSF/IRF Risk		Cancer Risk	Initial Exposure Concentration		RfDRS		Hazard Quotient
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	6.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.0E-04	2.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.78
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	3.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.1E-04	4.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Chromium	13.3	ug/L	2.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	4.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	5.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.91
				Iron	2594	ug/L	2.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	7.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Lead	1.66	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA
				Manganese	97	ug/L	8.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	2.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Nickel	9.34	ug/L	8.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	2.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.014
				Nickel	0.094	ug/L	8.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	2.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	4.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	1.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.20
				Exp. Route Total								3.1E-04				
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	6.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	2.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.911
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.6E-08	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	7.3E-07	4.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0023
				1,1-Dichloroethane	1231	ug/L	1.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	4.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	5.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	4.5E-08	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00029
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Benzene	0.423	ug/L	5.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	3.0E-08	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00048
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	9.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	4.0E-08	2.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00011
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	6.2E-08	7.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00070
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	7.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.3E-09	2.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	9.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.3E-09	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00035
				Tetrachloroethane	1.23	ug/L	9.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.3E-08	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00035
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.0E-07	9.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	2.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	9.9E-07	9.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	9.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	4.1E-07	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00066
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	2.2E-07	7.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00026
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	NA
				Aldrin	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	o,p,p'-DDE	0.0098	ug/L	5.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	3.3E-07	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00023
				Dieldrin	0.0064	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.6E-08	2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00019
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	3.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00035
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	8.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	3.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.6E-07	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0043
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	2.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	7.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Chromium	13.3	ug/L	2.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	5.1E-05	4.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00035
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	3.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	9.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0051
				Iron	2594	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	4.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Lead	1.66	ug/L	7.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	2.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA
				Manganese	97	ug/L	4.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Nickel	9.34	ug/L	9.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	3.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039
				Nickel	0.094	ug/L	4.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	2.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^{1/2}	NA	9.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0064
				Exp. Route Total								5.6E-05				
Exposure Point Total															5.3	
Exposure Medium Total															5.3	
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.4E+00	mg/m ³	5.8E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	1.0E-06	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	6.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.39
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³	6.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	1.0E-06	2.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³	2.7E-02	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	4.3E-05	9.5E-02	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA
				1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-01	mg/m ³	1.7E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	5.9E-01	2.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	3.0
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	2-Hexanone	6.2E-04	mg/m ³	3.7E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	4.4E-06	5.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	7.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.64
				Benzene	6.6E-03	mg/m ³	1.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	NA	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	5.6E-03	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.19
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Bromodichloromethane	2.1E-04	mg/m ³	5.9E-05	(mg/m ³)	7.8E-06	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	4.5E-07	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0088
				Chloroform	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	5.6E-06	5.3E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	1.9E-03	mg/m ³	3.8E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ^{1/2}	8.3E-06	1.3E-02	(mg/m ³)	9.8E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.013

TABLE 7.7.AM
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Trifluoroethylene
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				Hazard Quotient					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC						
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value		Units				
Groundwater	AP Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Methyl tertiarybutyl ether	1.8E-03	mg/m ³	5.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ²	1.3E-07	1.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.00061				
				Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³	3.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-09	(ug/m ³) ²	3.0E-09	5.3E-04	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.00086				
				Tetrachloroethene	4.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.7E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ²	4.4E-08	5.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	4.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.015				
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	5.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	5.3E-06	9.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	4.7			
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	2.7E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	9.2E-06	9.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	0.0041			
				Vinyl chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³	1.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	5.1E-07	4.1E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	1.2			
				1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	mg/m ³	1.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	5.1E-05	3.6E-02	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Dibenzofuran/anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Aldrin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	3.2E-06	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	1.5E-05	1.1E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				delta-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Antimony	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Cyanide	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	2.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	9.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	11			
				Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	NA	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	NA			
				Exp. Route Total										1.4E-04				22		
				Exposure Point Total										1.4E-04				22		
				Exposure Medium Total										1.4E-04				22		
				Medium Total																
				Groundwater	Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	2.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	4.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	2.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.6E-09	4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	6.6E-08	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010
								1,1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	7.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	7.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	6.6E-09	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021
2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	7.0E-07					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00025				
Benzene	0.423	ug/L	2.5E-08					(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.4E-09	4.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00011				
Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	6.5E-09					(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	4.0E-09	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.000057				
Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	1.6E-07					(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	4.6E-09	2.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00037				
Methyl tertiarybutyl ether	3.79	ug/L	2.2E-07					(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	4.0E-10	3.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA				
Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	9.5E-09					(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.9E-10	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00018				
Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	7.2E-08					(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.5E-10	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021				
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.1E-06					(mg/kg/day)	9.2E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.6E-09	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA				
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.1E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	4.2E-08	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0040				
Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	5.0E-08					(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ²	3.6E-08	8.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00029				
1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	4.4E-06					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ²	4.4E-07	7.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00025				
Dibenzofuran/anthracene	0.064	ug/L	5.6E-09					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ²	5.6E-09	6.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA				
Aldrin	0.033	ug/L	1.4E-09					(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ²	2.3E-08	2.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0000079				
delta-BHC	0.0068	ug/L	5.0E-10					(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ²	3.2E-09	6.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0000011				
Dieldrin	0.0064	ug/L	3.9E-10					(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ²	6.0E-09	6.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00013				
Aluminum	2099	ug/L	1.2E-04					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	2.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021				
Antimony	1.3	ug/L	7.6E-08					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00033				
Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	4.6E-07					(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ²	6.9E-07	8.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027				
Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	2.6E-08					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	4.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00090				
Chromium	13.3	ug/L	1.2E-06					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ²	5.9E-07	1.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00046				
Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	9.3E-08					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00054				
Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	1.1E-06					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0031				
Iron	2504	ug/L	1.5E-04					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00637				
Lead	1.66	ug/L	9.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	NA	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	NA								

TABLE 7.7.AM
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Trifluoromethane, Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations						Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations											
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Initial Exposure Concentration		RfD/CS		Hazard Quotient								
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units									
Groundwater	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Manganese	97	ug/L	5.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00042								
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L	5.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00049								
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	5.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.7E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00097								
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010								
				Exp. Route Total															0.017					
				Groundwater	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00059				
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	3.1E-09	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-09	5.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00014				
								1,1-Dichloroethane	189	ug/L	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.6E-09	2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00013				
								1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0056				
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	8.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.3E-09	1.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00017				
								2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	4.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00017				
								Benzene	0.443	ug/L	5.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.6E-09	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00029				
								Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	6.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.1E-09	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00055				
								Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.9E-09	3.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039				
								Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.6E-10	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
								Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	6.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.2E-10	7.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00012				
								Tetrahydroethene	1.23	ug/L	6.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-09	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00018				
								Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.0E-09	5.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
								Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-07	5.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				
								Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	7.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.2E-09	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00042				
								1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	2.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-08	4.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00016				
								Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
								Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--				
								beta-BHC	0.0098	ug/L	5.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-09	9.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000013				
								Dieldrin	0.0064	ug/L	1.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.6E-07	1.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00036				
								Aluminum	2099	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00030				
								Antimony	1.3	ug/L	1.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00031				
								Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	5.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.7E-09	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039				
								Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	3.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	6.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00025				
								Chromium	13.3	ug/L	3.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.6E-08	3.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00051				
								Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	5.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00031				
								Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00044				
								Iron	2504	ug/L	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00052				
								Lead	1.66	ug/L	1.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
								Manganese	97	ug/L	9.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0015				
								Nickel	9.34	ug/L	1.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00034				
								Thallium	0.094	ug/L	7.8E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00014				
								Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	4.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00055				
								Exp. Route Total																0.038
								Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total														0.043
								Air	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.2E-01	mg/m ³	9.7E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.7E-06	(mg/m ³)	5.9E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.0000064
												1,1,2-Trichloroethane	9.1E-06	mg/m ³	7.1E-11	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.1E-12	1.2E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.0000062
												1,1-Dichloroethane	5.2E-03	mg/m ³	4.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	6.5E-11	7.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
												1,1-Dichloroethene	3.9E-02	mg/m ³	3.1E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	5.6E-07	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.0000027
												1,2-Dichloroethane	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	2.0E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.1E-12	3.4E-10	(mg/m ³)	7.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-8
												2-Hexanone	1.3E-04	mg/m ³	1.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.8E-09	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	6.1E-8
												Benzene	1.1E-05	mg/m ³	9.6E-11	(mg/m ³)	7.9E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	6.7E-13	1.5E-10	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	5.9E-9
Bromodichloromethane	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	1.9E-10									(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	7.2E-12	2.4E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Chloroform	6.5E-05	mg/m ³	5.1E-10									(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.2E-11	8.9E-10	(mg/m ³)	9.8E-02	(mg/m ³)	9.1E-9				
Methyl tert-butyl ether	6.8E-05	mg/m ³	5.3E-10									(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.4E-13	9.3E-10	(mg/m ³)	3.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-10				
Methylene chloride	2.6E-05	mg/m ³	3.1E-10									(mg/m ³)	1.0E-09	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.1E-15	3.6E-10	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	6.6E-10				
Tetrahydroethene	3.7E-05	mg/m ³	3.9E-10									(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	7.6E-14	5.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	4.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	1.3E-8				
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	6.4E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	6.4E-12					7.5E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--								
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	4.3E-09	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-11					7.5E-09	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.0000037								
Vinyl chloride	2.7E-05	mg/m ³	2.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	9.4E-13	3.7E-10	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-9												
1,4-Dioxane	1.1E-05	mg/m ³	9.2E-11	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.1E-13	1.4E-10	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-9												

TABLE 7.7.6M
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 5 OF 5

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units						
Groundwater	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Aroclor	1.9E-07	mg/m ³	1.9E-12	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(µg/m ³) ²	7.3E-12	2.6E-12	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				beta-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-03	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-03	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Antimony	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Cyanide	2.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	3.6E-05	(mg/m ³)	8.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.000037			
				Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-04	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(µg/m ³) ²	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--			
				Exp. Route Total										1.2E-10					0.000011
				Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total								1.2E-10					0.000011
				Medium Total		Exposure Medium Total								1.2E-10					0.000011
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media										6.7E-04	Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media					31			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.8.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 5

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/DUR Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient	
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Bahurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	20200	mg/kg	6.3E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.1E-05					
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	4.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.7E-04					
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	3.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	4.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Copper	915	mg/kg	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	6.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Manganese	897	mg/kg	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Exp. Route Total													
			Dermal	Aluminum	20200	mg/kg	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-04					
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	6.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	8.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.9E-08					
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.7E-04					
				Copper	915	mg/kg	5.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	2.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Manganese	897	mg/kg	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	3.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	4.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				Exp. Route Total													
Exposure Point Total																	
Exposure Medium Total																	
Air	Bahurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	8.7E-08	mg/m ³	3.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.7E-08						
			Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	3.9E-09	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.1E-06						
			Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³	1.3E-08	(mg/m ³)	6.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	2.9E-08						
			Cobalt	8.3E-09	mg/m ³	2.2E-09	(mg/m ³)	8.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	--						
			Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³	1.0E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	--						
			Iron	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	4.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	--						
			Manganese	2.5E-07	mg/m ³	8.9E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	--						
			Thallium	1.7E+00	mg/m ³	8.0E-11	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	--						
			Vanadium	2.3E-08	mg/m ³	6.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	--						
			Exp. Route Total														
Exposure Point Total																	
Exposure Medium Total																	
Medium Total																	
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Bahurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	5.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.5E-07					
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	6.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-05					
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	2.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.6E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-08					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	1.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.0E-07					
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	5.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.9E-07					
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.1E-06					
				Chloroform	2.85	ug/L	3.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.9E-08					
				Methyl-tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	4.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.9E-08					
				Methylene chloride	1.96	ug/L	4.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.3E-08					
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.2E-06					
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	7.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.2E-06					
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.9E-05					
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	5.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.5E-05					
				1,4-Dioxane	14.4	ug/L	9.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-06					
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.0E-06					
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	3.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.0E-07					
				beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.3E-06					
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	8.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--					
Aluminum	2699	ug/L	2.7E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--									
Antimony	1.3	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	--									

TABLE 7.8.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (CHS and AQU)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration	CSF/DURF	Risk	Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration	RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient					
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units				
Groundwater	Potable Use	Bahurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.5E-04							
				Calcium	0.439	ug/L	5.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	5.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-04							
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Iron	2504	ug/L	3.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Manganese	97	ug/L	1.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Nickel	8.34	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	6.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Exp. Route Total														
				Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4895	ug/L	9.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
					1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	4.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.4E-09						
					1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-06						
			1,1-Dichloroethene		1231	ug/L	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			1,2-Dichloroethane		1.23	ug/L	7.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.6E-09							
			Dibenzene		12	ug/L	6.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Benzene		0.423	ug/L	7.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.3E-09							
			Bromodichloromethane		1.1	ug/L	9.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.8E-09							
			Chloroform		2.65	ug/L	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.9E-09							
			Methyl-tert-butyl ether		3.79	ug/L	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-09							
			Methylene chloride		1.08	ug/L	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.0E-09							
			Tetrachloroethane		1.23	ug/L	8.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-09							
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)		19.4	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-06							
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)		19.4	ug/L	3.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-06							
			Vinyl chloride		0.953	ug/L	3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-06							
			1,4-Dioxane		74.4	ug/L	3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.2E-07							
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Asen		0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			beta-BHC		0.0065	ug/L	7.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.8E-07							
			Dieldrin		0.0064	ug/L	1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.3E-06							
			Aluminum		2069	ug/L	1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Antimony		1.3	ug/L	6.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Arsenic		7.8	ug/L	5.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.8E-07							
			Cadmium		0.439	ug/L	2.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Chromium		13.3	ug/L	5.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-04							
			Cobalt		1.59	ug/L	4.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Cyanide		19.1	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Iron		2504	ug/L	1.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Lead		1.66	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Manganese		97	ug/L	6.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Nickel		8.34	ug/L	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Thallium		0.094	ug/L	6.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	3.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--								
			Exp. Route Total															
			Exposure Point Total															
Exposure Medium Total																		
Air	Potable Use	Bahurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E+00	mg/m ³	5.6E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³	6.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.6E-06							
				1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³	2.7E-02	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.3E-05							
				1,1-Dichloroethene	8.2E-01	mg/m ³	1.7E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				1,2-Dichloroethane	8.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.7E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.4E-06							
				Dibenzene	6.0E-03	mg/m ³	1.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Benzene	2.1E-04	mg/m ³	5.8E-05	(mg/m ³)	7.8E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.5E-07							
				Bromodichloromethane	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.6E-06							
				Chloroform	1.3E-03	mg/m ³	3.6E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	9.3E-06							
				Methyl-tert-butyl ether	1.9E-03	mg/m ³	5.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-07							

TABLE 7.8.8.ME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 3 OF 5

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (CHS and AGUS)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/DURF Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient		
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units		
Groundwater	Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Methylene Chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³	3.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-09	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.0E-09							
				Tetrachloroethene	8.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.1E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.4E-09							
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	5.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.3E-06							
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	2.7E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	8.2E-06							
				Vinyl Chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³	1.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.1E-07							
				1,4-Dioxane	2.7E-02	mg/m ³	1.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.1E-05							
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Aroclor	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	3.2E-06	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.5E-05							
				HePA-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Antimony	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Cyanide	9.8E-03	mg/m ³	2.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
				Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--							
Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--											
Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--											
Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--											
Exp. Route Total																1.4E-04		
Exposure Point Total																	1.4E-04	
Exposure Medium Total																	1.4E-04	
Medium Total																	9.5E-04	
Groundwater	Groundwater Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4895	ug/L	2.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	2.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-09							
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.6E-09							
				1,1,1-Dichloroethane	1231	ug/L	7.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	7.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.6E-09							
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	7.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	2.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-09							
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	6.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.8E-09							
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.8E-09							
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.8E-10							
				Methylene Chloride	1.08	ug/L	9.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-10							
				Tetrachloroethane	1.23	ug/L	7.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.5E-10							
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.6E-09							
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.2E-09							
				Vinyl Chloride	0.252	ug/L	5.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.6E-09							
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	4.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.4E-07							
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.084	ug/L	5.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.6E-09							
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	1.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.3E-09							
				HePA-BHC	0.0066	ug/L	5.0E-10	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.2E-09							
				Dieldrin	0.0064	ug/L	3.8E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.0E-09							
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	7.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	4.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.9E-07							
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	2.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.9E-07							
				Cobalt	1.99	ug/L	9.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Iron	2504	ug/L	1.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Lead	1.86	ug/L	9.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
				Manganese	97	ug/L	5.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
Nickel	8.34	ug/L	5.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--											

TABLE 7.8.8.ME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 4 OF 5

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (CHS and AGUS)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Value	Units	CSF/JR/ED Risk	Cancer Risk	Value	Units	Value	Units	Hazard Quotient		
Groundwater	Groundwater Infiltration	Bahurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Thallium	0.094	ug/L	5.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
			Exp. Route Total														
			Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4055	ug/L	6.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.478	ug/L	3.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-09						
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.8E-09						
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1220	ug/L	1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	5.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.3E-09						
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	4.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	6.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.8E-09						
				Bromodichloromethane	1.11	ug/L	6.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.1E-09						
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.9E-09						
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	8.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-10						
				Methylene chloride	1.06	ug/L	6.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.2E-10						
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	6.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-09						
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.6E-08						
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-07						
				1,1,1-Trichloroethene	0.553	ug/L	7.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.2E-09						
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	2.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-08						
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				beta-BHC	0.0066	ug/L	5.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-08						
				Dieldrin	0.0064	ug/L	1.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-07						
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	1.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	6.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.7E-08						
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	3.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	3.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.6E-06						
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	5.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
			Iron	2504	ug/L	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Lead	1.66	ug/L	1.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
			Manganese	97	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--							
Nickel	0.34	ug/L	1.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--										
Thallium	0.094	ug/L	7.0E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--										
Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	4.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--										
Exp. Route Total																	
Exposure Point Total																	
Exposure Medium Total																	
Air	Infiltration	Bahurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.2E-01	mg/m ³	9.7E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	8.1E-08	mg/m ³	7.1E-11	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.1E-12						
				1,1-Dichloroethane	5.2E-03	mg/m ³	4.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	8.5E-11						
				1,1-Dichloroethene	3.9E-02	mg/m ³	3.1E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				1,2-Dichloroethane	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	2.0E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.1E-12						
				2-Hexanone	1.3E-04	mg/m ³	1.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Benzene	1.1E-05	mg/m ³	8.6E-11	(mg/m ³)	7.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	6.7E-13						
				Bromodichloromethane	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	1.9E-10	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	7.2E-12						
				Chloroform	8.5E-05	mg/m ³	5.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.2E-11						
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	8.8E-05	mg/m ³	5.3E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.4E-13						
				Methylene chloride	2.8E-05	mg/m ³	2.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.1E-15						
				Tetrachloroethene	3.7E-05	mg/m ³	2.9E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	7.6E-14						
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	6.4E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	6.4E-12						
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	4.3E-09	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-11						
				1,1,1-Trichloroethene	2.7E-05	mg/m ³	2.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	9.4E-13						
				1,4-Dioxane	1.1E-05	mg/m ³	8.2E-11	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.1E-13						
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Aroclor	1.9E-07	mg/m ³	1.5E-12	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	7.3E-12										
beta-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--										

TABLE 7.8.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL, CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 5 OF 5

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (CHS and AGUS)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/DUR/Risk		Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient		
							Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units			
Groundwater	Air Ingestion	Bahurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Anthroney	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Cyanide	2.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
				Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Exp Route Total														
			Exposure Point Total														
			Exposure Medium Total														
			Medium Total														
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media																	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.9.1RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient						
							Value	Units		Value	Units								
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	5.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.8E-07	5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.020			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	1.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.5E-08	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0039	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.2E-06	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.068			
					Chromium	39	mg/kg	3.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.7E-05	7.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.025		
					Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	3.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.12		
					Iron	46700	mg/kg	7.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.9E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.13		
				Exp. Route Total															
				Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	1.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-07	2.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0089		
						Chromium	39	mg/kg	8.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-05	1.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.023	
						Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	7.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028	
						Iron	46700	mg/kg	1.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0030	
				Exp. Route Total															
Exposure Point Total																			
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	3.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-05	8.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.028			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	9.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-05	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.027	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream											8.9E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream				1.3			
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek											7.9E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek				0.97			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.10 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient						
							Value	Units		Value	Units								
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	1.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.8E-07	6.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	1.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.4E-08	5.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0019	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	4.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.0E-07	1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0084			
					Chromium	39	mg/kg	4.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-06	6.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0023		
						Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	9.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.011	
						Iron	46700	mg/kg	2.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.012	
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	9.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.5E-07	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0012	
							Chromium	39	mg/kg	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-06	2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0039
							Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	4.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00047
					Iron	46700	mg/kg	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00080		
					Exp. Route Total														
Exposure Point Total																			
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	4.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.3E-06	8.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	1.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.8E-06	3.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0046	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream											2.1E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream				0.25			
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek											1.4E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek				0.89			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.11 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Hazard Quotient				
							Value	Units		Value	Units					
Subsurface Soil	Sub-surface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Arsenic	36.5	mg/kg	4.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.8E-06					
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	4.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-05					
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	4.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Copper	915	mg/kg	2.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	1.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Exp. Route Total								2.7E-05				
			Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	1.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Arsenic	36.5	mg/kg	6.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.6E-07					
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-05					
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Copper	915	mg/kg	5.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	2.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	4.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	3.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	4.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Exp. Route Total								2.1E-05				
			Exposure Point Total									4.8E-05				
			Exposure Medium Total									4.8E-05				
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	8.7E-05	mg/m ³	7.7E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--			
						Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	9.7E-11	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.2E-10			
Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³				3.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	6.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.6E-08						
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³				5.6E-11	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.0E-10						
Copper	2.6E-07	mg/m ³				2.5E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Iron	1.2E-05	mg/m ³				1.0E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Manganese	2.5E-07	mg/m ³				2.2E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³				1.5E-12	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Vanadium	2.2E-08	mg/m ³				2.0E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Exp. Route Total											2.7E-08					
Exposure Point Total												2.7E-08				
Exposure Medium Total												2.7E-08				
Medium Total												4.8E-05				
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream				Ingestion	1,1-Dichloroethane	22.4	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.8E-08		
			Dieldrin	0.072	ug/L		3.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.2E-07					
			Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037	ug/L		2.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.0E-07					
			Arsenic	10.2	ug/L		5.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.2E-06					
			Chromium	1.59	ug/L		3.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-06					
			Manganese	1970	ug/L		1.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Exp. Route Total								1.1E-05					
			Dermal	1,1-Dichloroethane	22.4		ug/L	3.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-08				
				Dieldrin	0.072		ug/L	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.1E-06				
				Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037		ug/L	6.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.2E-07				
				Arsenic	10.2	ug/L	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.1E-07					
				Chromium	1.59	ug/L	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.2E-06					
				Manganese	1970	ug/L	4.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Exp. Route Total							9.3E-08					
				Exposure Point Total								1.9E-05				
				Exposure Medium Total								1.9E-05				
				Medium Total								1.9E-05				

TABLE 7.11 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units		Value	Units					
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	7.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.0E-06					
			Exp. Route Total													
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	2.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.9E-09					
			Exp. Route Total													
			Exposure Point Total													
Exposure Medium Total																
Medium Total																
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.9E-06					
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	3.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-05					
				Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	4.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Exp. Route Total								2.2E-05					
			Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.1E-07					
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	9.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-05					
				Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	2.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Exp. Route Total								2.0E-05					
Exposure Point Total																
Exposure Medium Total																
Medium Total																
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	4.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.2E-05					
				Exp. Route Total								2.2E-05				
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.2E-05					
				Exp. Route Total								2.2E-05				
			Exposure Point Total													
Exposure Medium Total																
Medium Total																
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream															1.1E-04	
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek															9.3E-05	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.12.8.ME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk	Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units			Value	Units					
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3.2E-07	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0026	
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	2.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.4E-06	8.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0021	
				Cobalt	19.9	mg/kg	4.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	3.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.010	
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	7.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.011	
			Exp. Route Total										1.7E-06				0.026
			Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	8.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.2E-07	5.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0019	
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	4.1E-05	4.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0063	
				Cobalt	19.9	mg/kg	3.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	2.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00076	
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	8.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	5.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0081	
			Exp. Route Total										4.2E-06			0.0097	
Exposure Point Total										5.9E-06			0.028				
Exposure Medium Total										5.9E-06			0.028				
Medium Total										5.9E-06			0.028				
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media										1.5E-05	Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media				0.25		

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7-13.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeless Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AF1 Risk	Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient					
							Value	Units			Value	Units							
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	See Table 7-15.RME for Cancer Risks				2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.10				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L					2.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0059				
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L					9.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.049				
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L					6.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.2				
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L					6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L					6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.12				
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L					2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0053				
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L					5.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027				
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L					1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.013				
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L					1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L					5.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0090				
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L					6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L					9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L					9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.9				
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L					4.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.014				
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L					3.7E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.12				
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L					3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Asim	0.023	ug/L					1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.038				
				beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L					4.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00054				
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L					3.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0084				
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L					1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.10				
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L					6.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.16				
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L					3.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.3				
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L					2.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.044				
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L					6.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.22				
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.26				
				Copper	10.1	ug/L					6.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.5				
				Iron	2504	ug/L					1.2E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.18				
				Lead	1.66	ug/L					8.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Manganese	87	ug/L					4.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.30				
				Nickel	9.24	ug/L					4.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.023				
				Thallium	0.694	ug/L					4.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.47				
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.049				
				Exp. Route Total															
							Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L					3.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.816
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L					1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00038
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L					6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0034
								1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L					7.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.14
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L					2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00044
								2-Hexanone	12	ug/L					2.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0044
								Benzene	0.423	ug/L					2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00070
								Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L					3.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00017
								Chloroform	2.65	ug/L					1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010
								Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L					3.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L					1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00030
								Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L					3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0053
								Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L					1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L					1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.28
Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L									2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00096				
1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L									1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00059				
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L									0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
Asim	0.023	ug/L									0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--				
beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L									2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000035				
Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L									5.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				

TABLE 7.13.D1E
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTCOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Trichloro: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Hazard Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units			
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bahurst Drive Site	Dermal	Aluminum	2099	ug/L						4.8E-04	mg/kg/day	1.0E+00	mg/kg/day	0.00048
				Antimony	1.2	ug/L						2.9E-07	mg/kg/day	6.0E-05	mg/kg/day	0.0048
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L						1.2E-06	mg/kg/day	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.0007
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L						9.6E-08	mg/kg/day	2.5E-05	mg/kg/day	0.0039
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L						5.8E-06	mg/kg/day	7.5E-05	mg/kg/day	0.070
				Cobalt	1.89	ug/L						1.4E-07	mg/kg/day	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.0047
				Iron	10.1	ug/L						4.2E-06	mg/kg/day	6.5E-04	mg/kg/day	0.0007
				Lead	2504	ug/L						5.6E-04	mg/kg/day	7.0E-01	mg/kg/day	0.00076
				Manganese	1.66	ug/L						3.6E-06	mg/kg/day	NA	mg/kg/day	--
				Nickel	97	ug/L						2.1E-05	mg/kg/day	9.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.022
				Thallium	9.24	ug/L						4.1E-07	mg/kg/day	8.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.0005
				Vanadium	0.694	ug/L						2.1E-08	mg/kg/day	1.0E-05	mg/kg/day	0.0021
					4.94	ug/L						1.1E-05	mg/kg/day	1.3E-04	mg/kg/day	0.0003
Exp. Route Total															0.60	
Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total													0.6	
Medium Total															0.6	
Exposure Medium Total															0.6	
Exposure Point Total															0.6	
Medium Total															0.6	
Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media															0.6	

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7-14 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	MPEC/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient					
							Value	Units			Value	Units							
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	See Table 7-15 RME for Cancer Risks				1.2E-01	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.061				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0036								
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	5.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.030								
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.74								
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	3.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0061								
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	3.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.072								
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0032								
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0016								
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0079								
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0054								
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	3.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0061								
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.2								
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0085								
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	2.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.074								
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Aroclim	0.023	ug/L	6.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.023								
				delta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00032								
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0038								
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	6.3E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.063								
				Arsimony	1.3	ug/L	3.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.097								
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	2.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.79								
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.026								
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.13								
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	4.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.16								
				Copper	19.1	ug/L	5.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.91								
				Iron	2504	ug/L	7.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.11								
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Manganese	87	ug/L	2.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.12								
				Nickel	9.24	ug/L	2.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.014								
				Thallium	0.694	ug/L	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.20								
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	1.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.030								
				Exp. Route Total															
							Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	2.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.011				
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025				
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	4.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0023				
								1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	4.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.096				
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0029				
								2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0029				
								Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0048				
								Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	2.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011				
Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	7.0E-06					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0070								
Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	2.5E-06					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	1.2E-06					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020								
Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	2.1E-05					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0035								
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.2E-05					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.3E-05					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.19								
Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	2.0E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0066								
1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	7.8E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0026								
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Aroclim	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--								
delta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	1.8E-07					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00023								
Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	3.5E-07					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0069								
Aluminum	2089	ug/L	3.5E-04					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00035								
Arsimony	1.3	ug/L	2.2E-07					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0038								
Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	1.3E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0043								
Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	7.3E-08					(mg/kg/day)	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028								

TABLE 7.14.1 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTO MERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient	
							Value	Units			Value	Units			
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	Chromium	13.3	ug/L					4.4E-06	(mg/kg d/da)	7.0E-05	(mg/kg d/da)	0.00059
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					1.1E-07	(mg/kg d/da)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg d/da)	0.0001
				Cyanide	10.1	ug/L					3.2E-06	(mg/kg d/da)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg d/da)	0.00060
				Iron	2504	ug/L					4.2E-04	(mg/kg d/da)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg d/da)	--
				Lead	1.66	ug/L					2.9E-09	(mg/kg d/da)	NA	(mg/kg d/da)	--
				Manganese	0.97	ug/L					1.6E-05	(mg/kg d/da)	9.0E-04	(mg/kg d/da)	0.017
				Nickel	0.34	ug/L					3.1E-07	(mg/kg d/da)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg d/da)	0.00039
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L					1.6E-08	(mg/kg d/da)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg d/da)	0.0016
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					8.3E-07	(mg/kg d/da)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg d/da)	0.0004
				Exp. Route Total											
Exposure Point Total														5.3	
Exposure Medium Total														5.3	
Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E+00	mg/m ³					2.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.39	
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³					2.3E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.1	
			1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³					9.9E-02	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			1,1-Dichloroethene	6.2E-01	mg/m ³					5.9E-01	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	3.0	
			1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	mg/m ³					5.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	7.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.084	
			2-Hexanone	6.0E-03	mg/m ³					5.9E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.19	
			Benzene	2.1E-04	mg/m ³					2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0008	
			Bromodichloromethane	5.5E-04	mg/m ³					5.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Chloroform	1.3E-03	mg/m ³					1.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	9.9E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.013	
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-03	mg/m ³					1.9E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.00061	
			Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³					5.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.00086	
			Tetrachloroethane	6.2E-04	mg/m ³					5.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	4.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.016	
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³					9.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³					9.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	4.7	
			Vinyl chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³					4.1E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.0041	
			1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	mg/m ³					3.6E-02	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	1.2	
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Aldrin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³					1.1E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			dieldrin-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Andromy	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Calcium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Cyanide	9.0E-03	mg/m ³					9.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	8.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	11	
			Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--	
Exp. Route Total														22	
Exposure Point Total														22	
Exposure Medium Total														22	
Medium Total														27	
											Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media				27

Notes
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.15.9ME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	Media/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient	
							Value	Units			Value	Units			
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	Chromium	13.3	ug/L	5.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.0E-04				
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	4.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
				Copper	10.1	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
				Iron	2504	ug/L	1.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	1.1E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
				Manganese	87	ug/L	9.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
				Thallium	0.694	ug/L	8.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
							Exp. Route Total								
			Exposure Point Total												
			Exposure Medium Total												
Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E+00	mg/m ³	5.6E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³	6.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-06					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³	2.7E-02	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.3E-05					
			1,1-Dichloroethene	6.2E-01	mg/m ³	1.7E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.7E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.4E-06					
			2-Hexanone	6.0E-03	mg/m ³	1.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			Benzene	2.1E-04	mg/m ³	5.8E-05	(mg/m ³)	7.8E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.5E-07					
			Bromochloromethane	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.6E-06					
			Chloroform	1.3E-03	mg/m ³	3.6E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	8.3E-06					
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-03	mg/m ³	5.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-07					
			Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³	1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.0E-09					
			Trichloroethene	6.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.7E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.4E-08					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	5.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.2E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	2.7E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	8.2E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³	1.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.1E-07					
			1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	mg/m ³	1.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	5.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.1E-06					
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			Aldrin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	3.2E-06	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.5E-05					
			dieldrin-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			Andromon	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
			Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.2E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Cyanide	9.6E-03	mg/m ³	2.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--								
			Exp. Route Total												
			Exposure Point Total												
			Exposure Medium Total												
			Medium Total												
										Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media					
										8.5E-04					

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.16.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Resident
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFR Risk	Cancer Risk	MPEC/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient	
							Value	Units			Value	Units			
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	See Table 7.16.RME for Cancer Risks				3.6E-01	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.36
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.91				
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	5.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.17				
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.87				
				Copper	915	mg/kg	1.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.29				
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	4.8E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.69				
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.43				
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	7.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.70				
				Zinc	72.3	mg/kg	9.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.19				
				Exp. Route Total								4.8			
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	6.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0098			
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.11			
			Chromium		41	mg/kg	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.17				
			Cobalt		20.4	mg/kg	6.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.021				
			Copper		915	mg/kg	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0069				
			Iron		37600	mg/kg	1.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.016				
			Manganese		807	mg/kg	2.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.26				
			Thallium		0.548	mg/kg	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.017				
			Zinc		72.3	mg/kg	3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.17				
			Exp. Route Total								0.77				
			Exposure Point Total									5.4			
			Exposure Medium Total									5.4			
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	6.7E-08	mg/m ³	8.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.0017		
						Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	1.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.00070		
Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³				1.2E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00012					
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³				6.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.0010					
Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³				2.7E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
Iron	1.2E-06	mg/m ³				1.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
Manganese	2.6E-07	mg/m ³				2.4E-07	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0048					
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³				1.6E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
Zinc	2.2E-08	mg/m ³				2.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00021					
Exp. Route Total										0.0095					
Exposure Point Total										0.0095					
Exposure Medium Total										0.0095					
Medium Total								5.4							
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.10				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.416	ug/L	2.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0059				
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	9.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.049				
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	6.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.2				
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.12				
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0053				
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	5.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027				
				Chloroform	265	ug/L	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.013				
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	379	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	5.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0090				
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.010				
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.9				
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	4.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.014				
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	3.7E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.12				
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.038				
				Beta-BHC	0.0088	ug/L	4.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00054				
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	3.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0084				

TABLE 7.16.5.ME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Resident
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AF1 Risk	Cancer Risk	MPEC/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient				
							Value	Units			Value	Units	Value	Units					
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	2089	ug/L					1.0E-01	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	0.10				
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L					6.5E-05	(mg/kg/d)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.16				
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L					3.9E-04	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	1.3				
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L					2.2E-05	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.044				
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L					6.6E-04	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.22				
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					7.9E-05	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.26				
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L					9.5E-04	(mg/kg/d)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/d)	1.5				
				Iron	2504	ug/L					1.2E-01	(mg/kg/d)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/d)	0.18				
				Lead	1.66	ug/L					8.3E-05	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--				
				Manganese	97	ug/L					4.9E-03	(mg/kg/d)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.23				
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L					4.7E-04	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.023				
				Thallium	0.694	ug/L					4.7E-06	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.47				
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					2.5E-04	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.049				
				Exp. Route Total															
							Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L					3.3E-02	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	0.016
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.478	ug/L					1.5E-06	(mg/kg/d)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00038
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L					6.6E-04	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/d)	0.0034
								1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L					7.2E-03	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.14
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L					2.6E-06	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00044
								2-Hexanone	12	ug/L					2.2E-05	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.0044
								Benzene	0.423	ug/L					2.6E-06	(mg/kg/d)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00070
								Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L					3.4E-06	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.00017
								Chloroform	2.65	ug/L					1.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.0010
								Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L					3.9E-06	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
								Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L					1.8E-06	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00030
								Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L					3.2E-05	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.0053
								Trichloroethene (Metagenic)	19.4	ug/L					1.4E-04	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
								Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L					1.4E-04	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.28
								Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L					2.9E-06	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00096
								1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L					1.2E-05	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.00039
								Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L					0.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
								Ailin	0.023	ug/L					0.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	--
								beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L					2.8E-07	(mg/kg/d)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00035
								Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L					5.2E-07	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.010
								Aluminum	2089	ug/L					4.6E-04	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	0.00046
								Antimony	1.3	ug/L					2.9E-07	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.0048
								Arsenic	7.6	ug/L					1.7E-06	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.0057
								Cadmium	0.439	ug/L					9.6E-06	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.0039
								Chromium	13.3	ug/L					5.9E-06	(mg/kg/d)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.079
								Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					1.4E-07	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.00047
								Cyanide	19.1	ug/L					4.2E-06	(mg/kg/d)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.0067
								Iron	2504	ug/L					5.5E-04	(mg/kg/d)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/d)	0.00079
								Lead	1.66	ug/L					3.6E-06	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
								Manganese	97	ug/L					2.1E-05	(mg/kg/d)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.022
								Nickel	9.34	ug/L					4.1E-07	(mg/kg/d)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.00051
								Thallium	0.694	ug/L					2.1E-06	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.0021
								Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					1.1E-06	(mg/kg/d)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.003
Exp. Route Total																			
Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total												8.6					
Medium Total														8.6					
														8.6					
											Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media		14						

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemical risks were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.11.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL, CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 3

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Inhalation/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient	
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units		
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg						3.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.034	
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg						2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.085	
				Chromium	41	mg/kg						4.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.016	
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg						2.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.082	
				Copper	915	mg/kg						1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.027	
				Iron	37600	mg/kg						4.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.064	
				Manganese	807	mg/kg						9.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.040	
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg						6.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.066	
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg						8.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.017	
				Exp. Route Total													
			Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg							1.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.014
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg							5.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.018
				Chromium	41	mg/kg							2.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.028
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg							1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0034
				Copper	915	mg/kg							4.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0012
				Iron	37600	mg/kg							1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027
				Manganese	807	mg/kg							4.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.043
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg							2.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg							3.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.028
				Exp. Route Total													
Exposure Point Total															0.56		
Exposure Medium Total															0.56		
Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	0.7E-08	ng/m ³						8.4E-06	(ng/m ³)	5.0E-03	(ng/m ³)	0.0017		
			Arsenic	1.1E-08	ng/m ³						1.1E-09	(ng/m ³)	1.5E-05	(ng/m ³)	0.00070		
			Chromium	1.3E-08	ng/m ³						1.2E-08	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	0.00012		
			Cobalt	6.3E-09	ng/m ³						6.1E-09	(ng/m ³)	6.0E-06	(ng/m ³)	0.00010		
			Copper	2.9E-07	ng/m ³						2.7E-07	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--		
			Iron	1.2E-05	ng/m ³						1.1E-05	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--		
			Manganese	2.5E-07	ng/m ³						2.4E-07	(ng/m ³)	5.0E-05	(ng/m ³)	0.0048		
			Thallium	1.7E-10	ng/m ³						1.6E-10	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--		
			Vanadium	2.2E-08	ng/m ³						2.1E-08	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	0.00021		
			Exp. Route Total														0.0095
Exposure Point Total															0.0095		
Exposure Medium Total															0.57		
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4065	ug/L					1.2E-01	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.061		
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.416	ug/L						1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0036	
				1,1-Dichloroethane	150	ug/L						5.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.030	
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L						3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.74	
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L						3.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0081	
				Dichloroethene	12	ug/L						3.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.012	
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L						1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0032	
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L						3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0016	
				Chloroform	2.85	ug/L						7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0079	
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L						1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--	
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L						3.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0054	
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L						3.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0081	
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L						5.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--	
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L						5.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.2	
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L						2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0085	
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L						2.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.074	
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L						1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--	
				Astiln	0.023	ug/L						6.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0032	
				beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L						2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00032	
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L						1.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0038	

TABLE 7.17.1.RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 3 OF 3

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk		Inhalation/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units			
Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E+00	ng/m ³							2.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	5.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	0.39
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	ng/m ³							2.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	2.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	1.1
				1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	ng/m ³							9.9E-02	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				1,1-Dichloroethene	6.2E-01	ng/m ³							5.9E-01	(ng/m ³)	2.0E-01	(ng/m ³)	3.0
				1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	ng/m ³							5.9E-04	(ng/m ³)	7.0E-03	(ng/m ³)	0.084
				2-Hexanone	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							5.9E-03	(ng/m ³)	3.0E-02	(ng/m ³)	0.19
				Benzene	2.1E-04	ng/m ³							2.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	3.0E-02	(ng/m ³)	0.0068
				Bromodichloromethane	5.5E-04	ng/m ³							5.3E-04	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Chloroform	1.3E-03	ng/m ³							1.3E-03	(ng/m ³)	9.8E-02	(ng/m ³)	0.013
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-02	ng/m ³							1.8E-02	(ng/m ³)	3.0E-03	(ng/m ³)	0.00081
				Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	ng/m ³							5.3E-04	(ng/m ³)	6.0E-01	(ng/m ³)	0.00068
				Tetrachloroethene	6.2E-04	ng/m ³							5.9E-04	(ng/m ³)	4.0E-02	(ng/m ³)	0.015
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	ng/m ³							9.3E-03	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	ng/m ³							9.3E-03	(ng/m ³)	2.0E-03	(ng/m ³)	4.7
				Vinyl chloride	4.2E-04	ng/m ³							4.1E-04	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-01	(ng/m ³)	0.0041
				1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	ng/m ³							3.6E-02	(ng/m ³)	3.0E-02	(ng/m ³)	1.2
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Akris	1.2E-05	ng/m ³							1.1E-05	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				beta-BHC	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Dieldrin	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	5.0E-03	(ng/m ³)	--
				Antimony	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-05	(ng/m ³)	--
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-05	(ng/m ³)	--
				Chromium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	--
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	6.0E-06	(ng/m ³)	--
				Cyanide	9.6E-03	ng/m ³							9.3E-03	(ng/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	11
				Iron	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Lead	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Manganese	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	5.0E-05	(ng/m ³)	--
				Nickel	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	9.0E-05	(ng/m ³)	--
				Thallium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ng/m ³)	--
				Vanadium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³							0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-04	(ng/m ³)	--
E.g. Route Total																22	
Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total														22	
Medium Total																22	
											Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media					28	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.16 RME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTOUMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations			
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	4.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	See Tables 7.16 RME and 7.17 RME for Hazard Indices		
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	3.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.8E-05			
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-04			
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Copper	915	mg/kg	1.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	5.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	1.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	7.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Exp. Route Total								1.8E-04		
			Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	4.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.5E-08			
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	6.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-04			
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	9.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Copper	915	mg/kg	3.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	1.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	2.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Exp. Route Total								1.4E-04		
Exposure Point Total									3.2E-04					
Exposure Medium Total									3.2E-04					
Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	8.7E-08	mg/m ³	3.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--				
			Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	3.9E-09	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.1E-09				
			Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³	1.3E-08	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.1E-06				
			Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³	2.2E-09	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.0E-08				
			Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³	1.0E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--				
			Iron	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	4.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--				
			Manganese	2.5E-07	mg/m ³	8.9E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--				
			Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³	6.0E-11	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--				
			Vanadium	2.2E-08	mg/m ³	8.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--				
			Exp. Route Total								1.1E-06			
Exposure Point Total									1.1E-06					
Exposure Medium Total									1.1E-06					
Medium Total									3.2E-04					
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4065	ug/L	5.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.416	ug/L	6.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.5E-07			
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	2.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-05			
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.6E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				1,2-Dichloroethane	123	ug/L	1.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-06			
				Dichlorobenzene	12	ug/L	1.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--			
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	5.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.9E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.0E-07			
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.9E-07			
				Chloroform	2.85	ug/L	3.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-06			
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	4.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.9E-06			
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	4.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.6E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.6E-06			
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.3E-06			
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	7.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.2E-06			
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.2E-06			
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	5.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.0E-05			
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	9.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.5E-05			
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	2.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.6E-08			
				Aasin	0.023	ug/L	3.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.0E-06			
				beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.0E-07			
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	8.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-06			

TABLE 7.10.9ME
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 3 OF 3

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient	
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units			
Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E+00	ng/m ³	5.5E-01	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	ng/m ³	5.5E-05	(ng/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³ /d)	1.0E-06					
				1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	ng/m ³	2.7E-02	(ng/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³ /d)	4.3E-05					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-01	ng/m ³	1.7E-01	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	ng/m ³	1.7E-04	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³ /d)	4.4E-06					
				2-Hexanone	6.0E-03	ng/m ³	1.6E-03	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Benzene	2.1E-04	ng/m ³	5.8E-05	(ng/m ³)	7.8E-06	(ug/m ³ /d)	4.5E-07					
				Bromodichloromethane	5.5E-04	ng/m ³	1.5E-04	(ng/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³ /d)	5.6E-06					
				Chloroform	1.3E-03	ng/m ³	3.6E-04	(ng/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³ /d)	8.3E-06					
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-02	ng/m ³	5.2E-04	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³ /d)	1.3E-07					
				Methylene chloride	4.4E-04	ng/m ³	3.6E-04	(ng/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³ /d)	3.0E-06					
				Tetrachloroethene	6.2E-04	ng/m ³	1.7E-04	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³ /d)	4.4E-08					
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	ng/m ³	5.3E-03	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³ /d)	5.3E-06					
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	ng/m ³	2.7E-03	(ng/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³ /d)	8.2E-06					
				Vinyl chloride	4.2E-04	ng/m ³	1.2E-04	(ng/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³ /d)	5.1E-07					
				1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	ng/m ³	1.0E-02	(ng/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³ /d)	5.1E-05					
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Axins	1.2E-05	ng/m ³	3.2E-06	(ng/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³ /d)	1.9E-05					
				beta-BHC	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.6E-03	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Dieldrin	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Antimony	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.6E-03	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Chromium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Cyanide	9.6E-03	ng/m ³	2.6E-03	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Iron	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Lead	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
				Manganese	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--					
Nickel	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³ /d)	--									
Thallium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--									
Vanadium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³ /d)	--									
E.g. Route Total																
Exposure Medium Total																
Exposure Point Total																
Medium Total																
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media																

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 1.C.1E
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient				
							Value	Units		Value	Units						
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	1,1-Dichloroethane	.224	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6E-10	7.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00004	
				Dieldrin	0.072	ug/L	3.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6E-09	2.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00005	
				Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037	ug/L	1.8E-10	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2E-09	1.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010	
				Arsenic	10.2	ug/L	5.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7E-08	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.001	
				Chromium	1.59	ug/L	2.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1E-08	5.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0002	
				Manganese	1970	ug/L	9.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	6.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.003	
			Exp. Route Total								9E-08						0.004
			Dermal	1,1-Dichloroethane	.224	ug/L	1.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1E-09	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00006	
				Dieldrin	0.072	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2E-07	8.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.002	
				Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037	ug/L	4.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4E-08	2.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.002	
				Arsenic	10.2	ug/L	8.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1E-08	6.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0002	
				Chromium	1.59	ug/L	8.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2E-07	1.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0003	
Manganese	1970	ug/L		1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.01				
Exp. Route Total								4E-07				0.02					
Exposure Point Total								5E-07					0.02				
Exposure Medium Total								5E-07					0.02				
Medium Total																	
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	5.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8E-08	3.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.001	
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	6.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3E-07	1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0005	
				Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.003	
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.003	
				Exp. Route Total								4E-07				0.007	
				Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	8.0E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1E-08	5.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0002
			Chromium		39	mg/kg	2.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4E-07	4.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0006	
			Cobalt		18.9	mg/kg	3.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0009	
			Iron		46700	mg/kg	8.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0008	
			Exp. Route Total									4E-07				0.0010	
			Exp. Point Total									8E-07				0.008	
			Exposure Medium Total								8E-07					0.008	
Medium Total																	
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media										1E-06	Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media					0.03	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.2 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations			Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration	CSF/Unit Risk	Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration	Value	RI/URC	Hazard Quotient			
Surface Water	Surface Water	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L			See Table 7.4 CTE for Cancer Risk		6.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020	
			Exp. Route Total												0.0020	
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L						2.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.000098
			Exp. Route Total													0.000098
			Exposure Point Total													0.0021
Exposure Medium Total														0.0021		
Medium Total													0.0021			
Sediment	Sediment	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg					1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0057	
			Exp. Route Total												0.0057	
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg						2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027
			Exp. Route Total													0.0027
			Exposure Point Total													0.0084
Exposure Medium Total														0.0084		
Medium Total													0.0084			
Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media													0.0104			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.3 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations			Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration	C SF/Unit Risk	Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration	Value	RI/RIIC	Hazard Quotient		
Surface Water	Surface Water	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L				4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0016	
			Exp. Route Total											0.0016	
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L					1.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00047
			Exp. Route Total												0.00047
			Exposure Point Total												0.0021
Exposure Medium Total													0.0021		
Medium Total													0.0021		
Sediment	Sediment	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg				1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0040	
			Exp. Route Total											0.0040	
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg					1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022
			Exp. Route Total												0.0022
			Exposure Point Total												0.0026
Exposure Medium Total													0.0026		
Medium Total													0.0026		
Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media												0.0029			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.4 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units		
Surface Water	Surface Water	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	2.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.3E-08	See Tables 7.2 CTE and 7.3 CTE for Hazard Indices			
			Exp. Route Total								3.3E-08				
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	2.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-09				
			Exp. Route Total								3.4E-09				
			Exposure Point Total								3.7E-08				
Exposure Medium Total										3.7E-08					
Medium Total															
Sediment	Sediment	Parkermen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	3.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-06				
			Exp. Route Total								1.9E-06				
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-06				
			Exp. Route Total								2.7E-06				
			Exposure Point Total								4.6E-06				
Exposure Medium Total										4.6E-06					
Medium Total															
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media										4.6E-06					

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.5.C.1E
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient				
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units						
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	2.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.020			
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.2E-07	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.050			
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	4.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.1E-07	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0050			
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.040			
				Copper	915	mg/kg	9.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	6.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.015			
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	3.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.7E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.038			
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	8.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.024			
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	5.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0057			
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	7.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0051			
				Exp. Route Total															0.17
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	6.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00343		
			Arsenic		35.5	mg/kg	2.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-08	1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0054			
			Chromium		41	mg/kg	8.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-07	6.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0050			
			Cobalt		20.4	mg/kg	4.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010			
			Copper		915	mg/kg	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00035			
			Iron		37600	mg/kg	8.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00081			
			Manganese		807	mg/kg	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.013			
			Thallium		0.548	mg/kg	1.2E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021			
			Vanadium		72.3	mg/kg	1.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042			
			Exp. Route Total																0.029
			Exposure Point Total																
			Exposure Medium Total																0.20
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	2.0E-02	mg/m ³	3.3E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	2.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.46	
						Arsenic	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	4.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.8E-07	2.9E-06	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.19	
Chromium	2.9E-05	mg/m ³				4.8E-08	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.0E-06	3.3E-06	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.011				
Cobalt	1.5E-05	mg/m ³				2.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.1E-07	1.7E-06	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.083				
Copper	6.5E-04	mg/m ³				1.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	7.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Iron	2.7E-02	mg/m ³				4.4E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	3.1E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Manganese	5.8E-04	mg/m ³				9.4E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	6.6E-06	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	1.3				
Thallium	3.9E-07	mg/m ³				6.4E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	4.5E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Vanadium	5.2E-05	mg/m ³				8.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	5.9E-06	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.059				
Exp. Route Total																		2.1	
Exposure Point Total																			2.1
Exposure Medium Total																2.1			
Medium Total																2.3			
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media										5.1E-06		Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media				2.3			

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7 & CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmer
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFR Risk	Cancer Risk	Make/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
							Value	Units			Value	Units	Value	Units	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	See Table 7 & CTE for Cancer Risks				9.6E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.996
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	7.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.24				
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.047				
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	7.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.23				
				Copper	915	mg/kg	3.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.970				
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	1.3E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.19				
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	2.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.11				
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.19				
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.049				
				Exp. Route Total								1.2			
			Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011				
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	4.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.014				
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.022				
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	8.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028				
				Copper	915	mg/kg	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0093				
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	1.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022				
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.034				
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	2.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022				
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.223				
				Exp. Route Total							0.10				
Exposure Point Total								1.3							
Exposure Medium Total								1.3							
Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	6.7E-08	mg/m ³	5.6E-08	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.0011					
			Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	7.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.00047					
			Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³	8.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00081					
			Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³	4.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.00067					
			Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³	1.8E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
			Iron	1.2E-06	mg/m ³	7.5E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
			Manganese	2.6E-07	mg/m ³	1.6E-07	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0032					
			Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³	1.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--					
			Vanadium	2.2E-08	mg/m ³	1.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00014					
			Exp. Route Total							0.0057					
			Exposure Point Total							0.0057					
			Exposure Medium Total							1.3					
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	8.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.042				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	9.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024				
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	4.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.020				
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	2.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.51				
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042				
				Benzene	12	ug/L	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.049				
				Bisphenol A	0.423	ug/L	8.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022				
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	2.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011				
				Chloroform	295	ug/L	5.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0054				
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	379	ug/L	7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	2.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0037				
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042				
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.40				
				Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0058				
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	1.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.051				
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	4.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.016				
				Beta-BHC	0.0088	ug/L	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00032				
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028				

TABLE 7 & CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmer
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient				
							Value	Units			Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units		
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	2089	ug/L					4.3E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.043				
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L					2.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.067				
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L					1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.53				
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L					9.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.018				
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L					2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.091				
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.11				
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L					3.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.62				
				Iron	2504	ug/L					5.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.073				
				Lead	1.66	ug/L					3.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Manganese	97	ug/L					2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.083				
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L					1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0098				
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L					1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.19				
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.020				
				Exp. Route Total															
				Dermal				1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L					1.9E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0098
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.478	ug/L					8.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L					3.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0019
								1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L					4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.080
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L					1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00024
								2-Hexanone	12	ug/L					1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024
								Benzene	0.423	ug/L					1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039
								Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L					1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00094
								Chloroform	2.65	ug/L					5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00058
								Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L					2.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L					9.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00016
								Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L					1.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0030
								Trichloroethene (Metagenic)	19.4	ug/L					7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L					7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.16
								Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L					1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00053
								1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L					6.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00022
								Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L					0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Ailin	0.023	ug/L					0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--
								beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L					1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00019
								Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L					2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0008
								Aluminum	2089	ug/L					2.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021
								Antimony	1.3	ug/L					1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022
								Arsenic	7.6	ug/L					7.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0026
								Cadmium	0.439	ug/L					4.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0018
								Chromium	13.3	ug/L					2.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0036
								Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					6.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021
								Cyanide	19.1	ug/L					1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0031
								Iron	2504	ug/L					2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00036
								Lead	1.66	ug/L					1.7E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Manganese	97	ug/L					9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.010
								Nickel	9.34	ug/L					1.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00024
Thallium	0.094	ug/L									9.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00095				
Vanadium	4.94	ug/L									5.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0038				
Exp. Route Total																			
Exposure Medium Total																		3.7	
Exposure Point Total														3.7					
Medium Total														3.7					
											Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media				5.0				

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.7. CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL, CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Initial Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Initial Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient			
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units					
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	26200	mg/kg	1.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.075			
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	8.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.2E-05	5.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.19			
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	3.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-05	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.036			
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	7.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.18			
				Copper	915	mg/kg	3.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.080			
				Iron	37800	mg/kg	1.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.9E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.14			
				Manganese	607	mg/kg	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.089			
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.14			
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	2.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.038			
				Exp. Route Total								2.9E-05					0.95		
				Dermal	Aluminum	26200	mg/kg	2.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	0.016		
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	8.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-06	6.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.020		
					Chromium	41	mg/kg	6.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-05	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.031		
					Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0030		
					Copper	915	mg/kg	7.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.012		
					Iron	37800	mg/kg	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0300		
					Manganese	607	mg/kg	6.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.048		
					Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	4.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0031		
					Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	5.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.031		
					Exp. Route Total								1.5E-05					0.14	
					Exposure Medium Total								4.2E-05						1.1
					Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	8.7E-06	mg/m ³	5.3E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	3.7E-08	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)
				Arsenic				1.1E-08	mg/m ³	6.7E-10	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.9E-09	4.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.00031
				Chromium				1.3E-08	mg/m ³	1.6E-09	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-07	5.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00054
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³	3.9E-10	(mg/m ³)				9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.5E-09	2.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.00045				
Copper	2.8E-07	mg/m ³	1.7E-08	(mg/m ³)				NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.2E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Iron	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	7.1E-07	(mg/m ³)				NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	5.0E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Manganese	2.5E-07	mg/m ³	1.5E-08	(mg/m ³)				NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.1E-07	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0021				
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³	1.0E-11	(mg/m ³)				NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	7.3E-11	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Vanadium	2.2E-08	mg/m ³	1.4E-09	(mg/m ³)				NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	9.6E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00096				
Exp. Route Total											1.4E-07					0.0030			
Exposure Medium Total											1.4E-07						0.0030		
Medium Total											4.2E-05						1.1		
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	1.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.9E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.020			
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.5E-08	4.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011			
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	5.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.1E-08	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0095			
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	2.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.24			
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	3.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.1E-07	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020			
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.023			
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.4E-08	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010			
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	3.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-07	1.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0053			
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	7.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.3E-07	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025			
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-08	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--			
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.2E-08	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0017			
				Pentachloroethane	1.23	ug/L	2.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.1E-09	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020			
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.9E-07	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--			
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-06	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.37			
				Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	2.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.7E-06	9.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027			
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	2.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-05	7.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.024			
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.084	ug/L	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.5E-07	6.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--			
				Aldrin	0.023	ug/L	6.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-06	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0074			
				beta-BHC	0.0089	ug/L	2.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	8.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.5E-07	9.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010			
				Endrin	0.0044	ug/L	1.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.9E-07	6.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0012			
				Aluminum	2099	ug/L	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.020			
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	3.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.031			

TABLE 7.7. CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations									
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient					
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units								
Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3.2E-05	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.25				
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	4.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0084				
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	7.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3.7E-05	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.042				
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	4.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.051				
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	5.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.29				
				Iron	2504	ug/L	6.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.034				
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	4.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--				
				Manganese	97	ug/L	2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	9.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.039				
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L	2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	9.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0045				
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	9.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.090				
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	4.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.005				
				Exp. Route Total										1.9E-04				1.9		
				Groundwater	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4.95	ug/L	4.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.7E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0086
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	2.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.3E-08	8.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	6.0E-07	3.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.018
								1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	3.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.078
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	4.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3.7E-08	1.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024
								2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	3.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024
								Benzene	0.423	ug/L	4.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	2.4E-08	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0039
								Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	5.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3.2E-08	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00090
								Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	4.9E-08	5.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00055
								Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	5.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.1E-09	2.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	5.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.1E-09	9.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0016
								Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	4.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.0E-06	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0026
								Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3.9E-07	7.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	7.9E-07	7.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.15
								Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	4.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	3.4E-07	1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00055
								1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.9E-07	6.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0021
								Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.084	ug/L	8.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	8.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Alstil	0.023	ug/L	8.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	8.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--
								beta-BHC	0.0089	ug/L	4.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	2.6E-07	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00019
								Heptachlor	0.0084	ug/L	7.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	1.3E-06	2.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0005
								Aluminum	2089	ug/L	9.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	3.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00033
								Antimony	1.3	ug/L	5.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0034
								Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	5.3E-07	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0041
								Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	2.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	6.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0026
								Chromium	13.3	ug/L	2.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	4.9E-05	4.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.058
								Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	2.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00033
								Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	8.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	3.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0048
								Iron	2504	ug/L	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	2.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0056
								Lead	1.66	ug/L	7.5E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	2.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
								Manganese	97	ug/L	4.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.016
								Nickel	9.34	ug/L	8.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00037
								Thallium	0.094	ug/L	4.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	1.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0015
								Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ⁻¹	--	7.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0060
Exp. Route Total													5.2E-05				0.35			
Exposure Point Total													1.5E-04					1.9		
Exposure Medium Total													1.5E-04					1.9		
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation					1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E-09	mg/m ³	3.7E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	--	1.3E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-08	(mg/m ³)	0.26
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³	4.4E-05	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	7.0E-07	1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.76
								1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³	1.8E-02	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	2.9E-05	6.3E-02	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
								1,1-Dichloroethene	8.2E-01	mg/m ³	1.1E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	--	3.9E-01	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	2.9
								1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.1E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	2.9E-06	3.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.056
								2-Hexanone	8.0E-03	mg/m ³	1.1E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	--	3.9E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.13
								Benzene	2.1E-04	mg/m ³	3.9E-05	(mg/m ³)	7.9E-06	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	3.0E-07	1.4E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0045
								Bromochloromethane	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	3.7E-06	3.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
								Chloroform	1.3E-03	mg/m ³	2.4E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ⁻¹	5.6E-06	9.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	6.9E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.087

TABLE 7.7. CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				Hazard Quotient			
					Value	Units	Initial Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Initial Exposure Concentration		RfC/RfD				
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value		Units		
Groundwater	Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-03	mg/m ³	3.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	9.0E-09	1.2E-03	(mg/m)	3.0E+00	(mg/m)	0.0040		
				Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.0E-09	3.5E-04	(mg/m)	6.0E-01	(mg/m)	0.0050		
				Tetrachloroethene	5.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.1E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.9E-08	3.9E-04	(mg/m)	4.8E-02	(mg/m)	9.0399		
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	3.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.5E-06	6.2E-03	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	1.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.5E-06	6.2E-03	(mg/m)	2.0E-03	(mg/m)	3.1		
				Vinyl chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³	7.6E-05	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.4E-07	2.7E-04	(mg/m)	1.0E-01	(mg/m)	9.0327		
				1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	mg/m ³	6.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.4E-05	2.4E-02	(mg/m)	3.0E-02	(mg/m)	6.78		
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Albin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	2.1E-06	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-05	7.4E-06	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				beta-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	5.9E-03	(mg/m)	--		
				Antimony	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	1.5E-05	(mg/m)	--		
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	1.9E-05	(mg/m)	--		
				Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	1.0E-04	(mg/m)	--		
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	6.0E-06	(mg/m)	--		
				Cyanide	9.6E-03	mg/m ³	1.7E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	6.1E-03	(mg/m)	8.0E-04	(mg/m)	7.7		
				Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	5.0E-05	(mg/m)	--		
				Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	9.0E-05	(mg/m)	--		
				Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	NA	(mg/m)	--		
				Zinc/dium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m)	1.0E-04	(mg/m)	--		
				Exp. Route Total										9.6E-05				15
				Exposure Point Total										9.6E-05				15
				Exposure Medium Total										9.6E-05				15
Medium Total																		
Groundwater	Groundwater Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0021			
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	1.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.0E-10	4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00012		
				1,1,2-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	5.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.3E-08	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010		
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	9.0325		
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	3.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.3E-09	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021		
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00025		
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.8E-10	4.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00011		
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	3.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-09	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.000057		
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	7.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.4E-09	2.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00027		
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-10	3.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--		
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	6.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-10	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00018		
				Tetrachloroethane	1.23	ug/L	3.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.6E-11	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021		
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-08	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--		
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.1E-08	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0040		
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	2.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-08	8.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00029		
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	2.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.2E-07	7.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00025		
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.084	ug/L	3.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.6E-09	6.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--		
				Albin	0.023	ug/L	6.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-08	2.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00079		
				beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	2.5E-10	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.6E-09	6.0E-10	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0000011		
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.9E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.0E-09	6.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00013		
Aluminum	2099	ug/L	6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021						
Antimony	1.3	ug/L	3.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00033						
Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	2.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-07	6.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027						
Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00090						
Chromium	13.3	ug/L	7.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.9E-07	1.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0046						
Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	4.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00054						
Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	5.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0031						
Iron	2504	ug/L	7.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0037						
Lead	1.66	ug/L	4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--						
Manganese	97	ug/L	2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042						

TABLE 7.7. CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Initial Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Initial Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient	
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units				
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Nickel	9.34	ug/L	2.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00048
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	2.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.7E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00097
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.02010
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00020
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	5.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.0E-10	1.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000046
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	2.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-08	9.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00041
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1-Dichloroethane	1231	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	6.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0017
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	9.1E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.3E-10	3.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000053
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	7.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00053
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Benzene	0.423	ug/L	9.7E-09	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.3E-10	3.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000095
				Bromochloroethane	1.1	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.3E-10	4.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.000021
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	3.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-09	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00013
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.78	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.4E-11	4.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.5E-11	2.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000038
				Tetrahydroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.3E-10	3.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000065
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Trihydroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.1E-09	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
				Trihydroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-08	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0034
				Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.1E-09	3.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00012
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	4.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.0E-09	1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.000047
				Dibenzocyclohexatriene	0.084	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
				Alvin	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0000042
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	beta-BHC	0.0089	ug/L	9.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.1E-09	3.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0000042
				Endrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.9E-08	6.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00013
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.000038
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Antimony	1.3	ug/L	6.7E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039
				Arsenic	7.9	ug/L	4.0E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.1E-09	1.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00047
				Selenium	0.439	ug/L	2.3E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	6.0E-10	(mg/kg/day)	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.000022
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Chromium	13.3	ug/L	2.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.5E-07	4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00064
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	3.3E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.000038
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00055
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Iron	2054	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.000065
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	8.6E-11	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.0E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--
				Manganese	97	ug/L	5.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Nickel	9.34	ug/L	9.7E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.000042
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	4.9E-11	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.7E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00017
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	2.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.0E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00059
Exp. Route Total															0.017	
Exposure Point Total																0.024
Exposure Medium Total																0.024
Air	Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.2E-01	mg/m ³	2.4E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.5E-07	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-08	(mg/m ³)	0.0000017	
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	9.1E-06	mg/m ³	1.6E-11	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.9E-13	6.2E-11	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.0000031
				1,1-Dichloroethane	5.2E-03	mg/m ³	1.0E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.6E-11	3.5E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				1,2-Dichloroethane	3.9E-02	mg/m ³	7.7E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	2.7E-07	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.000013
				2-Hexanone	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	4.9E-11	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-12	1.7E-10	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	2.5E-9
				Benzene	1.3E-04	mg/m ³	2.6E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	9.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	3.6E-9
				Benzene	1.1E-05	mg/m ³	2.2E-11	(mg/m ³)	7.6E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.7E-13	7.6E-11	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	2.5E-9
				Bromochloroethane	2.5E-05	mg/m ³	4.9E-11	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.9E-12	1.7E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Chloroform	8.5E-05	mg/m ³	1.3E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.9E-12	4.5E-10	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-9
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	6.8E-05	mg/m ³	1.3E-10	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.4E-14	4.6E-10	(mg/m ³)	3.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-10
				Methylene chloride	2.6E-05	mg/m ³	1.0E-10	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-15	1.9E-10	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-10
				Tetrahydroethene	3.7E-05	mg/m ³	7.3E-11	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.9E-14	2.6E-10	(mg/m ³)	4.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	6.4E-9
				Trihydroethene (Mutagenic)	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	2.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.1E-12	3.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Trihydroethene (Nonmutagenic)	5.5E-04	mg/m ³	1.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.3E-12	3.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.000019
				Vinyl chloride	2.7E-05	mg/m ³	5.3E-11	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.4E-13	1.9E-10	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	1.9E-9
				1,4-Dioxane	1.1E-05	mg/m ³	2.1E-11	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-13	7.2E-11	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	2.4E-9
				Dibenzocyclohexatriene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--

TABLE 7.7. CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Initial Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Initial Exposure Concentration		RfC/RfD		Hazard Quotient		
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units			
Groundwater	Air Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Arsin	1.9E-07	mg/m ³	3.7E-13	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.9E-12	1.3E-12	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
				beta-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Betaem	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Arsimony	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Selenium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Cyanide	2.2E-04	mg/m ³	4.3E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.5E-09	(mg/m ³)	8.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	0.0000019
				Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Titanium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
Exp. Route Total										3.0E-11						0.0000056		
Exposure Point Total										3.0E-11							0.0000056	
Exposure Medium Total										3.0E-11							0.0000056	
Medium Total										3.0E-11							0.0000056	
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media										3.0E-11	Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media				18			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.8 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL, CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations					Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/UM Risk		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RCUR/RC	Hazard Quotient	
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units		
Groundwater	Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-09	(ug/m ³) ²	2.0E-09					
				Tetrachloroethene	6.2E-04	mg/m ³	1.1E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ²	2.9E-08					
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	3.6E-03	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	3.6E-06					
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	1.8E-02	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	5.5E-06					
				Vinyl chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³	7.8E-05	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	3.4E-07					
				1,4-Dioxane	2.7E-02	mg/m ³	6.9E-02	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ²	3.4E-05					
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Aldrin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	2.1E-08	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	1.0E-05					
				delta-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.5E-02	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Antimony	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.9E-02	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Cyanide	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	1.7E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
				Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--					
Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.9E-04	(ug/m ³) ²	--									
Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--									
Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ²	--									
Exp. Route Total																
Exposure Point Total																
Exposure Medium Total																
Medium Total																
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4080	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	1.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	8.0E-10					
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	3.3E-08					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	6.8E-10					
				Bromodichloroethane	1.1	ug/L	3.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	2.0E-09					
				Chloroform	2.85	ug/L	7.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	2.4E-09					
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	2.0E-10					
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	6.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.2E-10					
				Tetrachloroethane	1.23	ug/L	3.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	7.6E-11					
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.1E-08					
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ²	2.1E-08					
				Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	2.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.9E-09					
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	2.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ²	2.2E-07					
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.084	ug/L	3.8E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ²	3.8E-09					
				Aldrin	0.023	ug/L	6.9E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.1E-08					
				delta-BHC	0.0096	ug/L	2.5E-10	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ²	1.6E-09					
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.9E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ²	3.0E-09					
				Aluminum	2099	ug/L	6.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	3.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	2.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+00	(mg/kg/day) ²	3.4E-07					
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	7.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ²	3.9E-07					
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	4.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				Copper	1911	ug/L	5.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				Iron	2594	ug/L	7.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
				Lead	1.88	ug/L	4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--					
Manganese	97	ug/L	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--									
Nickel	9.34	ug/L	2.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ²	--									

TABLE 1 & CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/UM Risk		Cancer Risk	Make/Exposure Concentration		RCUR/CR	Hazard Quotient	
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units		
Groundwater	Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Thallium	0.094	ug/L	2.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Exp. Route Total													
			Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	5.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.0E-10					
				1,1-Dichloroethene	189	ug/L	2.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-08					
				1,2-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	9.1E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.3E-10					
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	7.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	9.7E-09	(mg/kg/day)	3.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.3E-10					
				Bromodichloromethane	1.11	ug/L	1.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	8.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.3E-10					
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	3.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-09					
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.379	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.4E-11					
				Methylene chloride	1.06	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.9E-11					
				Tetrahydroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.3E-10					
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	9.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.1E-09					
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-08					
				Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.1E-09					
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	4.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.0E-09					
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Adren	0.022	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				beta-BHC	0.0066	ug/L	9.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.1E-09					
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.9E-08					
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	6.7E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Arsenic	7.8	ug/L	4.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.1E-09					
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	2.3E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	2.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	5.5E-07					
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	3.3E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Copper	191	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	2504	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	8.6E-11	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Manganese	97	ug/L	5.0E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Nickel	9.34	ug/L	9.7E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
			Thallium	0.094	ug/L	4.9E-11	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
			Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	2.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--						
Exp. Route Total																
Exposure Point Total																
Exposure Medium Total																
Air	Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.2E-01	ng/m ³	2.4E-07	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	9.1E-08	ng/m ³	1.9E-11	(ng/m ³)	1.9E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.8E-13					
				1,1-Dichloroethene	5.2E-03	ng/m ³	1.9E-08	(ng/m ³)	1.9E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.9E-11					
				1,2-Dichloroethene	3.9E-02	ng/m ³	7.7E-08	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	2.5E-05	ng/m ³	4.9E-11	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-12					
				2-Hexanone	1.3E-04	ng/m ³	2.6E-10	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
				Benzene	1.1E-05	ng/m ³	2.2E-11	(ng/m ³)	7.9E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.7E-13					
				Bromodichloromethane	2.5E-05	ng/m ³	4.9E-11	(ng/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.8E-12					
				Chloroform	6.5E-05	ng/m ³	1.3E-10	(ng/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.9E-12					
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	6.8E-05	ng/m ³	1.3E-10	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.4E-14					
				Methylene chloride	2.6E-05	ng/m ³	1.0E-10	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-15					
				Tetrahydroethene	3.7E-05	ng/m ³	7.3E-11	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.9E-14					
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	5.5E-04	ng/m ³	2.1E-09	(ng/m ³)	1.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.1E-12					
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	5.9E-04	ng/m ³	1.1E-09	(ng/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.3E-12					
				Vinyl chloride	2.7E-05	ng/m ³	5.3E-11	(ng/m ³)	4.4E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.4E-13					
				1,4-Dioxane	1.1E-05	ng/m ³	2.1E-11	(ng/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-13					
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	9.8E-00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					
				Adren	1.9E-07	ng/m ³	3.7E-13	(ng/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.9E-12					
				beta-BHC	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.9E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	--					

TABLE 7.8 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL, CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/URL Risk		Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units				
Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Dieldrin	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Aluminum	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Antimony	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Arsenic	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Cadmium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	1.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Chromium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	9.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Cobalt	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Cyanide	2.2E-04	ng/m ³	4.3E-10	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Iron	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Lead	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Manganese	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Nickel	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Thallium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
				Vanadium	0.0E+00	ng/m ³	0.0E+00	(ng/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ^a	--							
			Exp. Route Total													3.0E-11		
			Exposure Medium Total													3.0E-11		
			Medium Total													1.7E-08		
																Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media	3.0E-04	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9 C TE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC				Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value		Units		Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk		Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units			
Subsurface Soil	Sub-surface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	3.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.011			
				Arsenic	36.5	mg/kg	2.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.5E-07	8.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.027			
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-06	1.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0052			
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.026			
				Copper	915	mg/kg	9.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0087			
				Iron	37000	mg/kg	4.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.020			
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	8.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.013			
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	5.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.021			
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	7.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.025			
				Exp. Route Total									1.8E-06				0.18		
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	3.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0013		
			Arsenic		36.5	mg/kg	1.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.1E-08	4.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0016			
			Chromium		41	mg/kg	3.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.9E-07	1.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025			
			Cobalt		20.4	mg/kg	2.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0031			
			Copper		915	mg/kg	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010			
			Iron		37000	mg/kg	4.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024			
			Manganese		807	mg/kg	1.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0038			
			Thallium		0.548	mg/kg	7.1E-11	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025			
			Vanadium		72.3	mg/kg	9.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	3.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025			
			Exp. Route Total										7.1E-07				0.011		
			Exposure Point Total										2.5E-06				0.15		
			Exposure Medium Total									2.5E-06				0.15			
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	8.7E-08	mg/m ³	1.5E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	5.2E-08	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.000010	
						Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	1.9E-12	(mg/m ³)	4.3E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	8.0E-12	6.5E-11	(mg/m ³)	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.000043	
Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³				1.4E-11	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.2E-09	7.5E-11	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.0000075				
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³				1.1E-12	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	9.6E-12	3.7E-11	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.000062				
Copper	2.8E-07	mg/m ³				4.8E-11	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.7E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Iron	1.2E-05	mg/m ³				2.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	6.9E-08	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--				
Manganese	2.5E-07	mg/m ³				4.2E-11	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.5E-09	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.000030				
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³				2.9E-14	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.0E-12	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--				
Vanadium	2.2E-08	mg/m ³				3.8E-12	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--	1.3E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	0.000010				
Exp. Route Total												1.2E-09				0.00053			
Exposure Point Total												1.2E-09				0.00053			
Exposure Medium Total												1.2E-09				0.00053			
Medium Total												2.5E-06				0.15			
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream				Ingestion	1,1-Dichloroethane	22.4	ug/L	3.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.7E-09	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00052
			Dieldrin	0.072	ug/L		9.6E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.5E-08	3.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0007			
			Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037	ug/L		4.9E-10	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.5E-09	1.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0013			
			Arsenic	10.2	ug/L		1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.0E-07	4.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.016			
			Chromium	1.59	ug/L		1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.9E-08	7.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025			
			Manganese	1970	ug/L		2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	9.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.038			
			Exp. Route Total									2.9E-07				0.056			
			Dermal	1,1-Dichloroethane	22.4		ug/L	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.8E-10	4.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00023		
				Dieldrin	0.072		ug/L	8.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-07	3.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0053		
				Heptachlor Epoxide	0.037		ug/L	3.1E-09	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.8E-08	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0094		
				Arsenic	10.2		ug/L	6.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.9E-09	2.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0077		
				Chromium	1.59	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-07	7.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0006			
				Manganese	1970	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	4.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.046			
				Exp. Route Total								4.8E-07				0.063			
			Exposure Point Total								7.4E-07				0.12				
			Exposure Medium Total								7.4E-07				0.12				
			Medium Total								7.4E-07				0.12				

TABLE 9.6.1E
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient						
							Value	Units		Value	Units								
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	1.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.6E-08	6.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	8.4E-10	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-09	2.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00008	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	1.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.5E-07	3.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.012			
					Chromium	39	mg/kg	2.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-06	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0049		
						Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.024	
						Iron	46700	mg/kg	5.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.6E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.025	
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	5.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.9E-09	2.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0009	
							Chromium	39	mg/kg	3.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.5E-07	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0023
							Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	2.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	8.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00028
					Iron	46700	mg/kg	6.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00030		
					Exp. Route Total														
Exposure Point Total																			
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.6E-06	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0057			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	3.8E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.5E-07	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream										5.4E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream				0.34				
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek										4.9E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek				0.15				

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7-10.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient						
							Value	Units		Value	Units								
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	4.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.3E-09	4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0016			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	1.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.1E-09	1.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00047	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	7.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-07	2.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0002			
					Chromium	39	mg/kg	6.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.0E-07	1.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00036		
						Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0017	
						Iron	46700	mg/kg	3.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0018	
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	4.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	7.4E-08	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00088	
							Chromium	39	mg/kg	8.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.7E-08	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020
							Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	2.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.1E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00024
					Iron	46700	mg/kg	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00025		
					Exp. Route Total														
Exposure Point Total																			
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	6.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-07	1.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0040			
					Exp. Route Total														
					Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	9.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-08	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022	
							Exp. Route Total												
							Exposure Point Total												
Exposure Medium Total																			
Medium Total																			
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream											2.9E-08	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream				0.63			
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek											3E-08	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek				0.01			

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7-11 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units		Value	Units					
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	2.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.3E-08					
			Exp. Route Total													
			Dermal	Arsenic	1.3	ug/L	2.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-09					
			Exp. Route Total													
			Exposure Point Total													
Exposure Medium Total																
Medium Total																
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.5E-07					
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	3.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.7E-06					
				Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	8.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Exp. Route Total								1.9E-06					
			Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	5.5E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.3E-08					
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.3E-08					
				Cobalt	18.9	mg/kg	2.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	5.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Exp. Route Total								2.4E-06					
Exposure Point Total																
Medium Total																
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Ingestion	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.9E-06					
				Exp. Route Total												
			Dermal	Chromium	44.8	mg/kg	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.7E-08					
				Exp. Route Total												
			Exposure Point Total													
Medium Total																
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream															8.3E-06	
Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek															7.4E-06	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.12.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations						
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Cancer Risk	Intake/Exposure Concentration		Hazard Quotient					
							Value	Units		Value	Units						
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Ingestion	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	5.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E-00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.0E-08	3.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0012	
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	8.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-07	1.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00063	
				Cobalt	19.9	mg/kg	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	7.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025	
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027	
			Exp. Route Total										4.2E-07				0.0076
			Dermal	Arsenic	15.3	mg/kg	8.0E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E-00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.2E-08	5.6E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00019	
				Chromium	39	mg/kg	2.0E-08	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.1E-07	4.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00063	
				Cobalt	19.9	mg/kg	3.2E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	2.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00076	
				Iron	46700	mg/kg	8.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	5.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00061	
			Exp. Route Total										4.2E-07				0.0067
Exposure Point Total										8.4E-07				0.0143			
Exposure Medium Total										8.4E-07				0.0143			
Medium Total										2.3E-06				0.047			
										Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media		2.3E-06		Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media		0.047	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.13.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURE
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AF1 Risk	Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient					
							Value	Units			Value	Units							
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	See Table 7.15.CTE for Cancer Risk				8.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.042				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	9.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024								
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	4.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.020								
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	2.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.51								
				1,2-Dichloroethene	1.23	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042								
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.049								
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	8.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022								
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011								
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	5.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0054								
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	7.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	2.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0037								
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042								
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.40								
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0058								
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	1.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.951								
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Asim	0.023	ug/L	4.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.016								
				a,b,b-HCH	0.0086	ug/L	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00032								
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0026								
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	4.3E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.043								
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	2.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.067								
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.53								
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	9.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.018								
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	2.7E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.091								
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.11								
				Copper	19.1	ug/L	3.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.62								
				Iron	2504	ug/L	5.1E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.073								
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	3.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Manganese	87	ug/L	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.083								
				Nickel	9.24	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0098								
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.19								
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.020								
				Exp. Route Total															
							Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	1.6E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0030				
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	8.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00021				
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0019				
1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	4.0E-03					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.080								
1,2-Dichloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.5E-06					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00024								
2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	1.2E-05					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024								
Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.5E-06					(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00039								
Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.9E-06					(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00094								
Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	5.6E-06					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00059								
Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	2.1E-06					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	9.6E-07					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00016								
Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.8E-05					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0030								
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	7.6E-05					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	7.6E-05					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.16								
Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	1.6E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00053								
1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	6.5E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00022								
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Asim	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--												
a,b,b-HCH	0.0086	ug/L	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00019												
Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	2.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0058												

TABLE 13.0.1E
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/Unit Risk		Cancer Risk	Hazard Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units			
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bahurst Drive Site	Dermal	Aluminum	2099	ug/L						2.1E-04	mg/kg/day	1.0E+00	mg/kg/day	0.00021
				Antimony	1.2	ug/L						1.2E-07	mg/kg/day	6.0E-05	mg/kg/day	0.00022
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L						7.6E-07	mg/kg/day	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.00026
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L						4.4E-08	mg/kg/day	2.9E-05	mg/kg/day	0.0018
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L						2.7E-06	mg/kg/day	7.5E-05	mg/kg/day	0.0036
				Cobalt	1.89	ug/L						8.4E-08	mg/kg/day	3.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.00021
				Iron	10.1	ug/L						1.0E-06	mg/kg/day	6.3E-04	mg/kg/day	0.0001
				Lead	2504	ug/L						2.5E-04	mg/kg/day	7.0E-01	mg/kg/day	0.00036
				Manganese	1.66	ug/L						1.7E-08	mg/kg/day	NA	mg/kg/day	--
				Molybdenum	97	ug/L						9.8E-05	mg/kg/day	9.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.010
				Nickel	9.24	ug/L						1.9E-07	mg/kg/day	8.0E-04	mg/kg/day	0.00024
				Thallium	0.694	ug/L						9.5E-09	mg/kg/day	1.0E-05	mg/kg/day	0.00095
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L						5.0E-07	mg/kg/day	1.3E-04	mg/kg/day	0.00038
Exp. Route Total															0.32	
Exposure Medium Total		Exposure Point Total														3.7
Medium Total		Exposure Point Total														3.7
Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media															3.7	

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7-14.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURE
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient					
							Value	Units			Value	Units							
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	See Table 7-15.CTE for Cancer Risk				3.9E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.020				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	4.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011								
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0095								
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.24								
				1,2-Dichloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020								
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.223								
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010								
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00653								
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025								
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0017								
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020								
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.27								
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	8.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027								
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	7.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.24								
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	6.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Alum	0.023	ug/L	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024								
				delt-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	8.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010								
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	6.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0012								
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.20								
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	1.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.331								
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.25								
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	4.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0084								
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.43								
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	1.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.951								
				Copper	19.1	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.29								
				Iron	2504	ug/L	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.24								
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	1.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
				Manganese	87	ug/L	8.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.339								
				Nickel	9.24	ug/L	9.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0045								
				Thallium	0.694	ug/L	6.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.990								
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	4.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0095								
				Exp. Route Total															
				Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	0.6E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0043				
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	4.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010				
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	1.6E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00089				
1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.9E-03					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.338								
1,2-Dichloroethene	1.23	ug/L	6.5E-07					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00012								
2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	5.7E-06					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011								
Benzene	0.423	ug/L	7.4E-07					(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00018								
Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	9.0E-07					(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00045								
Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	2.6E-06					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00028								
Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	1.0E-06					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	4.7E-07					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00078								
Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	8.4E-06					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0014								
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	3.7E-05					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	3.7E-05					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.374								
Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	7.5E-07					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00025								
1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	3.1E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010								
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.6E+00					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--								
Alum	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	--								
delt-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	7.3E-08					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.000092								
Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.4E-07					(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027								
Aluminum	2089	ug/L	2.2E-05					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00092								
Antimony	1.3	ug/L	6.1E-06					(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00085								
Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	3.1E-07					(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010								
Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	1.7E-08					(mg/kg/day)	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00089								

TABLE 7-14.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations				
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient	
							Value	Units			Value	Units			
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	Chromium	13.3	ug/L					1.0E-06	(mg/kg d/so)	7.0E-05	(mg/kg d/so)	0.014
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					2.5E-09	(mg/kg d/so)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg d/so)	0.00089
				Cyanide	10.1	ug/L					7.5E-07	(mg/kg d/so)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg d/so)	0.0012
				Iron	2504	ug/L					9.9E-05	(mg/kg d/so)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg d/so)	0.00014
				Lead	1.66	ug/L					6.5E-09	(mg/kg d/so)	NA	(mg/kg d/so)	--
				Manganese	0.97	ug/L					3.8E-06	(mg/kg d/so)	9.0E-04	(mg/kg d/so)	0.0040
				Nickel	0.34	ug/L					7.4E-06	(mg/kg d/so)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg d/so)	0.00093
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L					3.7E-09	(mg/kg d/so)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg d/so)	0.00037
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					1.9E-07	(mg/kg d/so)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg d/so)	0.0015
				Exp. Route Total											
Exposure Point Total														1.7	
Exposure Medium Total														1.7	
Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E+00	mg/m ³					1.3E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.26	
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³					1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.76	
			1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³					6.3E-02	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			1,1-Dichloroethene	6.2E-01	mg/m ³					3.8E-01	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	2.0	
			1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	mg/m ³					3.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	7.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.956	
			2-Hexanone	6.0E-03	mg/m ³					3.8E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.13	
			Benzene	2.1E-04	mg/m ³					1.4E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0045	
			Bromodichloromethane	5.5E-04	mg/m ³					3.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Chloroform	1.3E-03	mg/m ³					8.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	9.9E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0087	
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-03	mg/m ³					1.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.0040	
			Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³					3.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.00058	
			Trichloroethene	6.2E-04	mg/m ³					3.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	4.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0009	
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³					6.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³					6.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.1	
			Vinyl chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³					2.7E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.0027	
			1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	mg/m ³					2.4E-02	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.79	
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Aldrin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³					7.4E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			dieldrin-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Andromy	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Cyanide	9.0E-03	mg/m ³					6.1E-03	(mg/m ³)	8.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	7.7	
			Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--	
			Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³					0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--	
Exp. Route Total														15	
Exposure Point Total														15	
Exposure Medium Total														15	
Medium Total														16	
											Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media		16		

Notes
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.15 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations								
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk		Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units				
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	8.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--	See Tables 7.13, CTE and 7.14, CTE for Hazard Indices							
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	7.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	4.3E-09								
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	3.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.7E-06								
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.7E-07								
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	1.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	8.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.6E-08								
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.1E-07								
				Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.3E-07								
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.1E-08								
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	5.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.6E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.1E-08								
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	4.0E-09								
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	9.6E-07								
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.1E-06								
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	2.1E-05								
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.2E-05								
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	2.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.4E-07								
				Arsenic	0.023	ug/L	3.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	6.1E-07								
				delta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	8.4E-08								
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.6E-07								
				Aluminum	2089	ug/L	3.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.8E-05								
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	6.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	7.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.5E-05								
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	3.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Copper	19.1	ug/L	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Iron	2504	ug/L	3.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Manganese	87	ug/L	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Nickel	9.24	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	7.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
				Exp. Route Total											9.1E-05				
							Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	1.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--				
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	8.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.7E-09				
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.6E-07				
1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	3.0E-04					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.1E-07					(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.0E-08								
2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	9.2E-07					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.2E-07					(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	6.5E-09								
Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.4E-07					(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	8.9E-09								
Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	3.4E-07					(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.4E-08								
Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	1.6E-07					(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	2.9E-10								
Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	2.6E-07					(mg/kg/day)	2.6E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	5.1E-10								
Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.4E-06					(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	2.8E-09								
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	3.0E-05					(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.9E-07								
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.9E-06					(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	2.2E-07								
Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	2.6E-06					(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.9E-06								
1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	4.9E-07					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	4.9E-08								
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00					(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
Arsenic	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00					(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
delta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L	1.2E-08					(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	7.4E-08								
Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	2.2E-08					(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.5E-07								
Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.4E-05					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
Antimony	1.3	ug/L	8.9E-09					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								
Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	5.3E-08					(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	8.0E-08								
Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	3.0E-09					(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--								

TABLE 7.15.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk		Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Dermal	Chromium	13.3	ug/L	6.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-05					
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	4.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Copper	10.1	ug/L	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	2504	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	1.1E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Manganese	0.97	ug/L	9.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Nickel	0.24	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L	6.4E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	1.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Exp. Route Total												
Exposure Point Total																
Exposure Medium Total																
Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.0E+00	mg/m ³	1.3E-01	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³	1.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.4E-07						
			1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³	9.3E-03	(mg/m ³)	1.6E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-05						
			1,1-Dichloroethene	6.2E-01	mg/m ³	3.9E-02	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	mg/m ³	2.9E-05	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-06						
			2-Hexanone	6.0E-03	mg/m ³	3.8E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Benzene	2.1E-04	mg/m ³	1.4E-05	(mg/m ³)	7.8E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.1E-07						
			Bromochloromethane	6.5E-04	mg/m ³	3.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	3.7E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.3E-06						
			Chloroform	1.3E-03	mg/m ³	8.5E-05	(mg/m ³)	2.3E-05	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.0E-06						
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-03	mg/m ³	1.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.2E-08						
			Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³	9.4E-05	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	5.4E-10						
			Trichloroethene	6.2E-04	mg/m ³	3.9E-05	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-07	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.0E-08						
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	9.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	9.9E-07						
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³	6.2E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.1E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.9E-06						
			Vinyl chloride	4.3E-04	mg/m ³	2.7E-05	(mg/m ³)	4.4E-08	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.2E-07						
			1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	mg/m ³	2.4E-03	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-06	(ug/m ³) ¹	1.2E-05						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Aldrin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³	7.4E-07	(mg/m ³)	4.9E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.8E-06						
			dieldrin-BHC	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Dieldrin	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.6E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Aluminum	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Andromy	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Arsenic	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	4.2E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Cadmium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Chromium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Cobalt	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
			Cyanide	9.0E-03	mg/m ³	6.1E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Iron	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--									
Lead	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--									
Manganese	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--									
Nickel	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	2.6E-04	(ug/m ³) ¹	--									
Thallium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--									
Vanadium	0.0E+00	mg/m ³	0.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--									
Exp. Route Total																
Exposure Point Total																
Exposure Medium Total																
Medium Total																
Total of Receptor Risks Across All Media																

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.18.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURE
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Resident
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFR Risk	Cancer Risk	Make/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient				
							Value	Units			Value	Units						
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	See Table 7.18.CTE for Cancer Risk				9.6E-02	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.996			
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	7.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.24							
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.047							
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	7.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.23							
				Copper	915	mg/kg	3.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.970							
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	1.3E-01	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.19							
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	2.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.11							
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.19							
				Zinc	72.3	mg/kg	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.049							
				Exp. Route Total														
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	1.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011						
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	4.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.014						
			Chromium		41	mg/kg	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.022							
			Cobalt		20.4	mg/kg	8.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028							
			Copper		915	mg/kg	2.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0093							
			Iron		37600	mg/kg	1.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022							
			Manganese		807	mg/kg	3.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.034							
			Thallium		0.548	mg/kg	2.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022							
			Zinc		72.3	mg/kg	2.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.023							
			Exp. Route Total								0.10							
			Exposure Point Total								1.3							
			Exposure Medium Total								1.3							
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	6.7E-08	mg/m ³	5.6E-08	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.0011					
						Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	7.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.00047					
Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³				8.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00081								
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³				4.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.00067								
Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³				1.8E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--								
Iron	1.2E-06	mg/m ³				7.5E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--								
Manganese	2.6E-07	mg/m ³				1.6E-07	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0032								
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³				1.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--								
Zinc	2.2E-08	mg/m ³				1.4E-08	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00014								
Exp. Route Total											0.0057							
Exposure Point Total											0.0057							
Exposure Medium Total											1.3							
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	8.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.042							
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	9.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0024							
				1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	4.1E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.020							
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	2.5E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.51							
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042							
				Benzene	12	ug/L	2.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.049							
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	8.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0022							
				Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	2.3E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011							
				Chloroform	295	ug/L	5.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0054							
				Methyl tertiary butyl ether	379	ug/L	7.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--							
				Methylene chloride	1.09	ug/L	2.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0037							
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	2.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0042							
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--							
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.40							
				Vinyl chloride	0.953	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0058							
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	1.5E-03	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.051							
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--							
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	4.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.016							
Beta-BHC	0.0088	ug/L	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00032											
Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028											

TABLE 7.18.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Resident
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	MPEC/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient			
							Value	Units			Value	Units	Value	Units				
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	2089	ug/L					4.3E-02	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	0.043			
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L					2.7E-05	(mg/kg/d)	4.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.067			
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L					1.6E-04	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.53			
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L					9.0E-06	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.018			
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L					2.7E-04	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.091			
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L					3.3E-05	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.11			
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L					3.9E-04	(mg/kg/d)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.62			
				Iron	2504	ug/L					5.1E-02	(mg/kg/d)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/d)	0.073			
				Lead	1.66	ug/L					3.4E-05	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--			
				Manganese	97	ug/L					2.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.083			
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L					1.9E-04	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.0098			
				Thallium	0.094	ug/L					1.9E-06	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.19			
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L					1.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.020			
				Exp. Route Total														
				Dermal	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L							1.9E-02	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	0.0098
					1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.478	ug/L							8.4E-07	(mg/kg/d)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00021
					1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L							3.8E-04	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/d)	0.0019
					1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L							4.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.080
					1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L							1.5E-06	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00024
					2-Hexanone	12	ug/L							1.2E-05	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.0024
					Benzene	0.423	ug/L							1.5E-06	(mg/kg/d)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00039
					Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L							1.9E-06	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.00094
					Chloroform	2.65	ug/L							5.9E-06	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.00058
					Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L							2.1E-06	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
					Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L							9.8E-07	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00016
					Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L							1.8E-05	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.0030
					Trichloroethene (Metagenic)	19.4	ug/L							7.9E-05	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
					Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L							7.9E-05	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.16
					Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L							1.6E-06	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00053
					1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L							6.5E-06	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/d)	0.00022
					Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L							0.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
					Ailin	0.023	ug/L							0.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	--
					beta-BHC	0.0086	ug/L							1.5E-07	(mg/kg/d)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/d)	0.00019
					Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L							2.9E-07	(mg/kg/d)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.0008
					Aluminum	2089	ug/L							2.1E-04	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/d)	0.00021
					Antimony	1.3	ug/L							1.3E-07	(mg/kg/d)	6.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.0022
					Arsenic	7.6	ug/L							7.9E-07	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.0026
					Cadmium	0.439	ug/L							4.4E-08	(mg/kg/d)	2.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.0018
					Chromium	13.3	ug/L							2.7E-05	(mg/kg/d)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.036
					Cobalt	1.59	ug/L							6.4E-05	(mg/kg/d)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.00021
					Cyanide	19.1	ug/L							1.9E-06	(mg/kg/d)	6.3E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.0031
					Iron	2504	ug/L							2.5E-04	(mg/kg/d)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/d)	0.00036
					Lead	1.66	ug/L							1.7E-05	(mg/kg/d)	NA	(mg/kg/d)	--
					Manganese	97	ug/L							9.9E-05	(mg/kg/d)	9.6E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.010
					Nickel	9.34	ug/L							1.9E-07	(mg/kg/d)	8.0E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.00024
					Thallium	0.094	ug/L							9.5E-09	(mg/kg/d)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/d)	0.00095
					Vanadium	4.94	ug/L							5.0E-07	(mg/kg/d)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/d)	0.0038
Exp. Route Total																		
Exposure Medium Total															3.7			
Exposure Point Total															3.7			
Medium Total															3.7			
											Total of Receptor Hazards Across All Media		5.0					

Notes:
 1- Mutagenic chemical risks were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.17.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURE
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 3

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations							
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	Make/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient				
							Value	Units			Value	Units						
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	See Table 7.18.CTE for Cancer Risk				6.8E-03	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.0068			
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	5.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.017							
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	9.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0033							
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	4.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.016							
				Copper	915	mg/kg	2.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0055							
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	9.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.013							
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	2.4E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0081							
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.013							
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0035							
				Exp. Route Total														
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	1.4E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.00014						
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	5.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0017						
					Chromium	41	mg/kg	2.0E-07	(mg/kg/day)	7.5E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0028						
					Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	9.9E-08	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.00033						
					Copper	915	mg/kg	4.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00011						
					Iron	37600	mg/kg	1.8E-04	(mg/kg/day)	7.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.00026						
					Manganese	807	mg/kg	3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0041						
					Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	2.6E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.00026						
					Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	3.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.3E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027						
					Exp. Route Total													
				Exposure Point Total														
				Exposure Medium Total														
				Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	6.7E-08	mg/m ³	5.6E-08	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.00014				
							Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	7.0E-09	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.00047				
Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³	8.1E-09				(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00081								
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³	4.0E-09				(mg/m ³)	6.0E-06	(mg/m ³)	0.00067								
Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³	1.8E-07				(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--								
Iron	1.2E-06	mg/m ³	7.5E-06				(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--								
Manganese	2.6E-07	mg/m ³	1.6E-07				(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	0.0032								
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³	1.1E-10				(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--								
Vanadium	2.2E-08	mg/m ³	1.4E-08				(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.00014								
Exp. Route Total																		
Exposure Point Total																		
Exposure Medium Total																		
Medium Total																		
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion				1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	3.9E-02	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	0.020				
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.476	ug/L	4.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0011							
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-01	(mg/kg/day)	0.0095							
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.2E-02	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.24							
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020							
				2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.023							
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	4.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0010							
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.00653							
				Chloroform	265	ug/L	2.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.0025							
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	379	ug/L	3.6E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--							
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	1.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0017							
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	6.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0020							
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--							
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.9E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	0.27							
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	8.2E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.0027							
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	7.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-02	(mg/kg/day)	0.24							
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	6.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day)	--							
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	2.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0014							
				Beta-BHC	0.0088	ug/L	8.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	8.0E-03	(mg/kg/day)	0.00010							
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	8.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	0.0012							

TABLE 7-17.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURE
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 3 OF 3

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient		
					Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units	Value	Units		
Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.9E+00	mg/m ³						1.3E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.26
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.4E-04	mg/m ³						1.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	0.76
				1,1-Dichloroethane	9.9E-02	mg/m ³						6.3E-02	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				1,1-Dichloroethene	6.2E-01	mg/m ³						3.9E-01	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	2.0
				1,2-Dichloroethane	6.2E-04	mg/m ³						3.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	7.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	0.956
				2-Hexanone	6.0E-03	mg/m ³						3.8E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.13
				Benzene	3.7E-04	mg/m ³						1.4E-04	(mg/m ³)	3.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0045
				Bromochloromethane	5.5E-04	mg/m ³						3.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Chloroform	1.3E-03	mg/m ³						8.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	9.8E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0087
				Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-03	mg/m ³						1.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.0E+00	(mg/m ³)	0.00040
				Methylene chloride	5.4E-04	mg/m ³						3.5E-04	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.00056
				Tetrahaloethene	6.2E-04	mg/m ³						3.9E-04	(mg/m ³)	4.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.0099
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³						6.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.7E-03	mg/m ³						6.2E-03	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	3.1
				Vinyl chloride	4.2E-04	mg/m ³						2.7E-04	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-01	(mg/m ³)	0.0027
				1,4-Dioxane	3.7E-02	mg/m ³						2.4E-02	(mg/m ³)	2.0E-02	(mg/m ³)	0.79
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Albin	1.2E-05	mg/m ³						7.4E-06	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Beta-BHC	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Dieldrin	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Aluminum	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-03	(mg/m ³)	--
				Antimony	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Arsenic	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--
				Cadmium	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--
				Chromium	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--
				Cobalt	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	6.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--
				Copper	0.9E-03	mg/m ³						6.1E-03	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	7.7
				Iron	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Lead	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Manganese	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	5.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--
				Nickel	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	9.0E-05	(mg/m ³)	--
				Thallium	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	NA	(mg/m ³)	--
				Vanadium	0.9E+00	mg/m ³						0.6E+00	(mg/m ³)	1.0E-04	(mg/m ³)	--
							Exp. Route Total									
		Exposure Medium Total													15	
		Exposure Point Total													15	
Medium Total															16	
															17	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 7.18.CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 3

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations					
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk	Cancer Risk	MPEC/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC	Hazard Quotient		
							Value	Units			Value	Units				
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	3.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--	See Tables 7.16, CTE and 7.17, CTE for Hazard Indices				
				Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	2.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.9E-06					
				Chromium	41	mg/kg	2.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.4E-05					
				Cobalt	20.4	mg/kg	2.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Copper	915	mg/kg	1.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Iron	37600	mg/kg	4.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Manganese	807	mg/kg	9.8E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Thallium	0.548	mg/kg	6.7E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Vanadium	72.3	mg/kg	8.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Exp. Route Total								1.9E-05				
				Dermal	Aluminum	28200	mg/kg	4.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--				
					Arsenic	35.5	mg/kg	1.7E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.6E-07				
			Chromium		41	mg/kg	3.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.8E-06					
			Cobalt		20.4	mg/kg	3.4E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Copper		915	mg/kg	1.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Iron		37600	mg/kg	6.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Manganese		807	mg/kg	1.3E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Thallium		0.548	mg/kg	9.0E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Vanadium		72.3	mg/kg	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
			Exp. Route Total									7.1E-06				
			Exposure Point Total									2.5E-05				
			Exposure Medium Total									2.5E-05				
			Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Inhalation	Aluminum	6.7E-08	mg/m ³	7.2E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--			
						Arsenic	1.1E-08	mg/m ³	9.1E-10	(mg/m ³)	4.2E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	3.9E-09			
Chromium	1.3E-08	mg/m ³				2.6E-09	(mg/m ³)	8.4E-02	(ug/m ³) ¹	2.3E-07						
Cobalt	6.3E-09	mg/m ³				5.2E-10	(mg/m ³)	9.8E-03	(ug/m ³) ¹	4.7E-09						
Copper	2.9E-07	mg/m ³				2.3E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Iron	1.2E-06	mg/m ³				9.8E-07	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Manganese	2.6E-07	mg/m ³				2.1E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Thallium	1.7E-10	mg/m ³				1.4E-11	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Vanadium	2.2E-09	mg/m ³				1.8E-09	(mg/m ³)	NA	(ug/m ³) ¹	--						
Exp. Route Total											2.4E-07					
Exposure Point Total											2.4E-07					
Exposure Medium Total											2.4E-07					
Medium Total								2.5E-05								
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4095	ug/L	6.3E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.416	ug/L	7.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.2E-08					
				1,1-Dichloroethane	198	ug/L	3.1E-04	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.7E-06					
				1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	1.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.7E-07					
				Benzene	12	ug/L	1.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ¹	--					
				Benzene	0.423	ug/L	6.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.6E-08					
				Bromodichloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-07					
				Chloroform	265	ug/L	4.1E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.3E-07					
				Methyl tertiary ethyl ether	3.79	ug/L	5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-08					
				Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	5.7E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-08					
				Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	4.0E-09					
				Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	1.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-03	(mg/kg/day) ¹	9.8E-07					
				Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	19.4	ug/L	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.1E-06					
				Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	2.1E-05					
				1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	1.2E-04	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.2E-05					
				Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	3.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	3.4E-07					
				Aroclor	0.023	ug/L	3.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	6.1E-07					
				Beta-BHC	0.0088	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ¹	8.4E-08					
				Dieldrin	0.0084	ug/L	9.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E+01	(mg/kg/day) ¹	1.8E-07					

TABLE 7-18 CTE
 CALCULATION OF CHEMICAL CANCER RISKS AND NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 3

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	EPC		Cancer Risk Calculations				Non-Cancer Hazard Calculations										
					Value	Units	Intake/Exposure Concentration		CSF/AFI Risk		Cancer Risk	Max/Exposure Concentration		RfD/RfC		Hazard Quotient					
							Value	Units	Value	Units		Value	Units	Value	Units						
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	Ingestion	Aluminum	2089	ug/L	3.2E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Antimony	1.3	ug/L	2.0E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	1.2E-05	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E-00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.8E-05										
				Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	6.8E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Chromium	13.3	ug/L	7.1E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.5E-05										
				Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	2.5E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	3.0E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Iron	2504	ug/L	3.9E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Lead	1.66	ug/L	2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Manganese	97	ug/L	1.5E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Nickel	9.34	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Thallium	0.694	ug/L	1.5E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	7.8E-06	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
				Exp. Route Total											8.1E-05						
				Dermal																	
								1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4085	ug/L	1.4E-03	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.478	ug/L	8.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.7E-09						
								1,1-Dichloroethane	199	ug/L	2.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	5.7E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.6E-07						
								1,1-Dichloroethene	1231	ug/L	3.0E-04	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								1,2-Dichloroethane	1.23	ug/L	1.1E-07	(mg/kg/day)	9.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.0E-08						
								2-Hexanone	12	ug/L	9.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Benzene	0.423	ug/L	1.2E-07	(mg/kg/day)	5.5E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	6.5E-09						
								Bromochloromethane	1.1	ug/L	1.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	6.2E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	8.9E-09						
								Chloroform	2.65	ug/L	3.4E-07	(mg/kg/day)	3.1E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.4E-08						
								Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.79	ug/L	1.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.8E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	2.9E-10						
								Methylene chloride	1.08	ug/L	2.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.6E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	5.1E-10						
								Tetrachloroethene	1.23	ug/L	1.4E-06	(mg/kg/day)	2.1E-03	(mg/kg/day) ^a	2.8E-09						
								Trichloroethene (Metagenic)	19.4	ug/L	3.9E-05	(mg/kg/day)	9.3E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.9E-07						
								Trichloroethene (Nonmetagenic)	19.4	ug/L	5.9E-06	(mg/kg/day)	3.7E-02	(mg/kg/day) ^a	2.2E-07						
								Vinyl chloride	0.853	ug/L	2.6E-06	(mg/kg/day)	7.2E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.9E-06						
								1,4-Dioxane	74.4	ug/L	4.9E-07	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E-01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	4.9E-08						
								Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.064	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.0E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Aldrin	0.023	ug/L	0.0E+00	(mg/kg/day)	1.7E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								dieldrin	0.0086	ug/L	1.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	6.3E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	7.4E-08						
								Endrin	0.0064	ug/L	2.2E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.6E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	3.5E-07						
								Aluminum	2089	ug/L	1.4E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Antimony	1.3	ug/L	8.9E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Arsenic	7.6	ug/L	5.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	1.5E+00	(mg/kg/day) ^a	8.0E-08						
								Cadmium	0.439	ug/L	3.0E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Chromium	13.3	ug/L	6.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	2.0E+01	(mg/kg/day) ^a	1.3E-05						
								Cobalt	1.59	ug/L	4.3E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Cyanide	19.1	ug/L	1.3E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Iron	2504	ug/L	1.7E-05	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Lead	1.66	ug/L	1.1E-09	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Manganese	97	ug/L	8.6E-07	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Nickel	9.34	ug/L	1.3E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
								Thallium	0.694	ug/L	8.4E-10	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--						
				Vanadium	4.94	ug/L	3.4E-08	(mg/kg/day)	NA	(mg/kg/day) ^a	--										
Exp. Route Total											1.6E-05										
Exposure Point Total											1.1E-04										
Exposure Medium Total											1.1E-04										

RAGS Part D Table 8
Calculation of Radiation Cancer Risks

No tables, Radiation cancer risks were not evaluated for the Baghurst Drive Site

RAGS Part D Table 9

Summary of Receptor Risks and Hazards for COPCs

LIST OF TABLES
RAGS PART D TABLE 9
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs

Table No.

Reasonable Maximum Exposures

9.1.RME	Current Trespassers
9.2.RME	Current Child Recreational Users
9.3.RME	Current Adult Recreational Users
9.4.RME	Current Lifelong Recreational Users
9.5.RME	Future Construction Workers
9.6.RME	Future Child Farmers
9.7.RME	Future Adult Farmers
9.8.RME	Future Lifelong Farmers
9.9.RME	Future Child Recreational Users
9.10.RME	Future Adult Recreational Users
9.11.RME	Future Lifelong Recreational Users
9.12.RME	Future Trespassers
9.13.RME	Future Off-Site Child Residents
9.14.RME	Future Off-Site Adult Residents
9.15.RME	Future Off-Site Lifelong Residents
9.16.RME	Future On-Site Child Residents
9.17.RME	Future On-Site Adult Residents
9.18.RME	Future On-Site Lifelong Residents

Central Tendency Exposures

9.1.CTE	Current Trespassers
9.2.CTE	Current Child Recreational Users
9.3.CTE	Current Adult Recreational Users
9.4.CTE	Current Lifelong Recreational Users
9.5.CTE	Future Construction Workers
9.6.CTE	Future Child Farmers
9.7.CTE	Future Adult Farmers
9.8.CTE	Future Lifelong Farmers
9.9.CTE	Future Child Recreational Users
9.10.CTE	Future Adult Recreational Users
9.11.CTE	Future Lifelong Recreational Users
9.12.CTE	Future Trespassers
9.13.CTE	Future Off-Site Child Residents
9.14.CTE	Future Off-Site Adult Residents
9.15.CTE	Future Off-Site Lifelong Residents
9.16.CTE	Future On-Site Child Residents
9.17.CTE	Future On-Site Adult Residents
9.18.CTE	Future On-Site Lifelong Residents

TABLE 9-1 RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
Receptor Population: Trespasser
Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	3E-09	--	3E-09	--	1E-08	None Specified	Urinary	0.0005	--	0.0002	0.0007
			Dieldrin	8E-08	--	5E-07	--	6E-07		Hepatic	0.0007	--	0.005	0.005
			Heptachlor Epoxide	2E-08	--	1E-07	--	1E-07		Hepatic	0.001	--	0.006	0.008
			Arsenic	1E-06	--	5E-08	--	1E-06		Dermal, CVS	0.02	--	0.0008	0.02
			Chromium	2E-07	--	7E-07	--	8E-07		Dermal, CVS	0.0002	--	0.001	0.001
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		Nervous	0.04	--	0.05	0.1
			Chemical Total	1E-08	--	1E-08	--	3E-08			0.08	--	0.08	0.1
Exposure Point Total														
Exposure Medium Total														
Medium Total														
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	3E-07	--	1E-07	--	4E-07	None Specified	Dermal, CVS	0.005	--	0.002	0.007
			Chromium	1E-06	--	4E-06	--	5E-06		Thyroid	0.002	--	0.006	0.008
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		Thyroid	0.01	--	0.0008	0.01
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		GS	0.01	--	0.0008	0.01
			Chemical Total	2E-06	--	4E-06	--	6E-06			0.03	--	0.010	0.04
Exposure Point Total														
Exposure Medium Total														
Medium Total														
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total					Receptor HI Total					
				8E-06					0.2					

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.2 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk				Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient						
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkhomen Creek	Arsenic						Derma, C.V.S	0.020	--	0.00039	0.020	
			Chemical Total							0.020	--	0.00039	0.020	
			Exposure Point Total											0.020
			Exposure Medium Total											0.020
Medium Total												0.020		
Sediment	Sediment	Perkhomen Creek	Chromium						None Specified	0.028	--	0.027	0.055	
			Chemical Total							0.028	--	0.027	0.055	
			Exposure Point Total											0.055
			Exposure Medium Total											0.055
Medium Total												0.055		
Receptor Total												Receptor HI Total	0.075	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.3 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intertwined - Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkhomen Creek	Arsenic						Dermis, CVS	0.0022	--	0.0019	0.0024	
			Chemical Total							0.0022	--	0.0019	0.0024	
			Exposure Point Total											0.0024
			Exposure Medium Total											0.0024
Medium Total												0.0024		
Sediment	Sediment	Perkhomen Creek	Chromium						None Specified	0.0027	--	0.0045	0.0072	
			Chemical Total							0.0027	--	0.0045	0.0072	
			Exposure Point Total											0.0072
			Exposure Medium Total											0.0072
Medium Total												0.0072		
Receptor Total												Receptor HJ Total	0.0085	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.4 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: 1 (Child) and Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk				Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkhomen Creek	Arsenic	1.0E-06	--	3.9E-08	--	1.3E-06					
			Chemical Total	1.0E-06	--	3.9E-08	--	1.3E-06	See Tables 9.2 RME and 9.3 RME for Hazard Indices				
		Exposure Point Total					1.3E-06						
		Exposure Medium Total					1.3E-06						
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perkhomen Creek	Chromium	2.2E-05	--	2.2E-05	--	4.2E-05					
			Chemical Total	2.2E-05	--	2.2E-05	--	4.2E-05					
		Exposure Point Total					4.2E-05						
		Exposure Medium Total					4.2E-05						
Medium Total													
Receptor Total												4.5E-05	

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.5 R1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total			
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.080	--	0.0026	0.082			
			Arsenic	1.3E-06	--	2.1E-07	--	1.5E-06	Dermal, CVS	0.20	--	0.032	0.23			
			Chromium	8.3E-07	--	1.1E-06	--	1.9E-06	Hematologic	0.023	--	0.030	0.053			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.019	--	0.0062	0.020			
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.065	--	0.0021	0.067			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.15	--	0.0049	0.16			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.095	--	0.076	0.17			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.039	--	0.0012	0.040			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Hematologic	0.020	--	0.025	0.046			
			Chemical Total	2.1E-06	--	1.3E-06	--	3.4E-06		0.69	--	0.17	0.87			
			Exposure Point Total					3.4E-06					0.87			
			Exposure Medium Total					3.4E-06					0.87			
			Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.92	--	0.92
						Arsenic	--	3.6E-07	--	--	3.6E-07	Dermal, CVS	--	0.33	--	0.33
						Chromium	--	8.0E-06	--	--	8.0E-06	Respiratory	--	0.022	--	0.022
Cobalt	--	4.3E-07				--	--	4.3E-07	Respiratory	--	0.17	--	0.17			
Copper	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Iron	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Manganese	--	--				--	--	--	Nervous	--	2.6	--	2.6			
Thallium	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Vanadium	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	0.12	--	0.12			
Chemical Total	--	8.8E-06				--	--	8.8E-06		--	4.2	--	4.2			
Exposure Point Total								8.8E-06					4.2			
Exposure Medium Total								8.8E-06					4.2			
Medium Total								1.2E-05					5.1			
Receptor Total								1.2E-05					5.1			

Notes: 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total CVS HI	0.82
Total Dermal HI	0.66
Total GS HI	0.22
Total Hematologic HI	0.098
Total Nervous HI	3.8
Total Respiratory HI	0.31
Total Thyroid HI	0.020

TABLE 9.6 RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Farmer
Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	See Table 9.8 RME for Cancer Risks										
			Arsenic						Nervous	0.36	--	0.0086	0.37	
			Chromium						Dermal, CVS	0.91	--	0.11	1.0	
			Cobalt						None Specified	0.17	--	0.17	0.34	
			Copper						Thyroid	0.87	--	0.021	0.89	
			Iron						GS	0.29	--	0.0069	0.30	
			Manganese						GS	0.68	--	0.016	0.70	
			Thallium						Nervous	0.43	--	0.26	0.68	
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.70	--	0.017	0.72	
			Chemical Total						Dermal	0.18	--	0.17	0.36	
Exposure Point Total								4.8	--	0.77	5.4			
Exposure Medium Total											5.4			
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum						Nervous	--	0.0017	--	0.0017	
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	0.0070	--	0.0070	
			Chromium						Respiratory	--	0.0012	--	0.0012	
			Cobalt						Respiratory	--	0.0010	--	0.0010	
			Copper						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Iron						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese						Nervous	--	0.0048	--	0.0048	
			Thallium						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Vanadium						Respiratory	--	0.0021	--	0.0021	
			Chemical Total							--	0.0065	--	0.0065	
Exposure Point Total											0.0065			
Exposure Medium Total											0.0065			
Medium Total											8.4			
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Body Weight	0.10	--	0.016	0.10	
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.0059	--	0.00038	0.0063	
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.049	--	0.0034	0.053	
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	1.2	--	0.14	1.4	
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.010	--	0.00044	0.011	
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	0.12	--	0.0044	0.12	
			Benzene						Immune	0.0050	--	0.00070	0.0060	
			Bromodichloromethane						Urinary	0.0027	--	0.00017	0.0029	
			Chloroform						Hepatic	0.013	--	0.0010	0.014	
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	0.0090	--	0.00030	0.0093	
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	0.010	--	0.0053	0.016	
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	1.9	--	0.28	2.2	
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	0.014	--	0.00096	0.015	
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.12	--	0.00059	0.12	
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Aldrin						Hepatic	0.008	--	0.000	0.008	
			beta-BHC						Hepatic	0.000054	--	0.000035	0.000088	
			Dieldrin						Hepatic	0.0064	--	0.010	0.017	
			Aluminum						Nervous	0.10	--	0.00048	0.10	
			Arsenic						Hematologic	0.16	--	0.0048	0.17	
			Cadmium						Dermal, CVS	1.3	--	0.0057	1.3	
			Chromium						Urinary	0.044	--	0.0029	0.048	
			Cobalt						None Specified	0.22	--	0.075	0.30	
			Cyanide						Thyroid	0.26	--	0.00047	0.26	
			Iron						Reproductive	1.5	--	0.0067	1.5	
			Lead						GS	0.18	--	0.00079	0.18	
			Manganese						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Nickel						Nervous	0.20	--	0.022	0.22	
			Thallium						Body Weight	0.023	--	0.00051	0.024	
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.47	--	0.0021	0.47	
			Chemical Total						Dermal	0.049	--	0.0083	0.058	
			Exposure Point Total								5.2	--	0.60	6.0
			Exposure Medium Total											6.0
			Medium Total											6.0
			Receptor Total											6.0
			Receptor HI Total											14.2

Notes:
1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.7 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total			
Surface/subsurface Soil	Surface/subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.22	--	0.0072	0.23			
			Arsenic	3.6E-05	--	5.9E-06	--	4.2E-05	Dermal, CVS	0.56	--	0.090	0.65			
			Chromium	4.6E-05	--	5.9E-05	--	1.1E-04	None Specified	0.11	--	0.14	0.25			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.54	--	0.017	0.56			
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--	CS	0.18	--	0.0058	0.19			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	CS	0.42	--	0.014	0.44			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.27	--	0.21	0.48			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.43	--	0.014	0.45			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.11	--	0.14	0.26			
			Chemical Total	8.2E-05	--	6.5E-05	--	1.6E-04		2.9	--	0.64	3.5			
			Exposure Point Total					1.6E-04					3.5			
			Exposure Medium Total					1.6E-04					3.5			
			Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.0033	--	0.0033
						Arsenic	--	1.3E-08	--	--	1.3E-08	Dermal, CVS	--	0.00141	--	0.00141
						Chromium	--	5.8E-07	--	--	5.8E-07	Respiratory	--	0.000243	--	0.000243
Cobalt	--	1.6E-08				--	--	1.6E-08	Respiratory	--	0.00202	--	0.00202			
Copper	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Iron	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Manganese	--	--				--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.0096	--	0.0096			
Thallium	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Vanadium	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	0.00043	--	0.00043			
Chemical Total	--	6.1E-07				--	--	6.1E-07		--	0.0170	--	0.0170			
Exposure Point Total								6.1E-07					0.0170			
Exposure Medium Total								6.1E-07					0.0170			
Medium Total								1.6E-04					3.5			
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site				1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.061	--	0.011	0.072
						1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2.9E-07	--	1.6E-08	--	2.9E-07	Hematologic, Immune	0.0036	--	0.00025	0.0036
			1,1-Dichloroethane	9.7E-06	--	7.3E-07	--	1.0E-05	Urinary	0.030	--	0.0023	0.032			
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	0.74	--	0.096	0.83			
			2,4-Dioxane	9.6E-07	--	4.5E-08	--	1.0E-06	Urinary	0.0061	--	0.00029	0.0064			
			Benzene	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.072	--	0.0029	0.075			
			Bromodichloromethane	2.0E-07	--	3.0E-08	--	2.3E-07	Immune	0.0032	--	0.00048	0.0036			
			Chloroform	5.8E-07	--	4.0E-08	--	6.2E-07	Urinary	0.0016	--	0.00011	0.0018			
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	7.0E-07	--	6.2E-08	--	7.6E-07	Hepatic	0.0079	--	0.00070	0.0086			
			Methylene chloride	5.8E-08	--	1.3E-09	--	6.0E-08	NA	--	--	--	--			
			Tetrachloroethene	3.7E-08	--	1.3E-09	--	3.8E-08	Hepatic	0.0054	--	0.00020	0.0056			
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	2.2E-08	--	1.3E-09	--	3.5E-08	Nervous, Ocular	0.0061	--	0.0035	0.0097			
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	3.1E-06	--	5.0E-07	--	3.6E-06	NA	--	--	--	--			
			Vinyl chloride	6.1E-06	--	9.9E-07	--	7.1E-06	CVS, Immune, Developments	1.2	--	0.19	1.3			
			1,4-Dioxane	5.3E-06	--	4.1E-07	--	5.7E-06	Hepatic	0.0085	--	0.00066	0.0092			
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.4E-05	--	2.2E-07	--	6.4E-05	Hepatic, Urinary	0.074	--	0.00026	0.075			
			Albin	1.1E-06	--	--	--	1.1E-06	NA	--	--	--	--			
			Albin	3.3E-06	--	--	--	3.3E-06	Hepatic	0.0023	--	0.00023	0.0023			
			Beta-BHC	4.9E-07	--	3.3E-07	--	8.0E-07	Hepatic	0.00032	--	0.000023	0.00055			
			Chlordin	8.8E-07	--	1.6E-06	--	2.5E-06	Hepatic	0.0038	--	0.00069	0.011			
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.063	--	0.00035	0.063			
			Ardimory	--	--	--	--	--	Hematologic	0.097	--	0.0036	0.10			
			Arsenic	1.0E-04	--	5.6E-07	--	1.0E-04	Dermal, CVS	0.79	--	0.0043	0.78			
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	Urinary	0.026	--	0.0029	0.029			
			Chromium	1.1E-04	--	5.1E-05	--	1.6E-04	None Specified	0.13	--	0.059	0.19			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.16	--	0.00035	0.16			
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	Reproductive	0.91	--	0.0051	0.91			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	CS	0.11	--	0.00060	0.11			
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			

TABLE 9.7 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.12	--	0.017	0.14
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.014	--	0.00039	0.014
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.28	--	0.0016	0.28
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.030	--	0.0064	0.036
			Chemical Total	3.1E-04	--	5.6E-05	--	3.7E-04		4.9	--	0.41	5.3
			Exposure Point Total					3.7E-04					5.3
			Exposure Medium Total					3.7E-04					5.3
Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	--	0.59	--	0.59	
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	1.0E-06	--	--	1.0E-06	Respiratory	--	1.1	--	1.1	
		1,1-Dichloroethane	--	4.3E-05	--	--	4.3E-05	NA	--	--	--	--	
		1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	--	3.0	--	3.0	
		1,2-Dichloroethane	--	4.4E-06	--	--	4.4E-06	Nervous	--	0.064	--	0.064	
		2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.19	--	0.19	
		Benzene	--	4.6E-07	--	--	4.6E-07	Immune	--	0.0068	--	0.0068	
		Bromodichloromethane	--	5.6E-06	--	--	5.6E-06	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Chloroform	--	8.3E-06	--	--	8.3E-06	Hepatic	--	0.013	--	0.013	
		Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	1.3E-07	--	--	1.3E-07	Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	0.00061	--	0.00061	
		Methylene chloride	--	3.0E-09	--	--	3.0E-09	Hepatic	--	0.00066	--	0.00066	
		Tetrachloroethene	--	4.4E-08	--	--	4.4E-08	Nervous, Ocular	--	0.015	--	0.015	
		Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	5.3E-06	--	--	5.3E-06	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	8.2E-06	--	--	8.2E-06	CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	4.7	--	4.7	
		Vinyl chloride	--	5.1E-07	--	--	5.1E-07	Hepatic	--	0.0041	--	0.0041	
		1,4-Dioxane	--	5.1E-05	--	--	5.1E-05	Nervous, Respiratory	--	1.2	--	1.2	
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Aldrin	--	1.9E-05	--	--	1.9E-05	NA	--	--	--	--	
		delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--	
		Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--	
		Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	Urinary	--	--	--	--	
		Chromium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--	
		Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--	
		Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	Endocrine	--	11.4	--	11.4	
		Iron	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--	
		Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--	
		Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
		Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--	
			Chemical Total	--	1.4E-04	--	--	1.4E-04		--	22.1	--	22.1
			Exposure Point Total					1.4E-04					22.1
			Exposure Medium Total					1.4E-04					22.1
Medium Total								5.1E-04					27.4
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.00021	--	0.00068	0.00079
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.6E-09	--	1.8E-09	--	3.4E-09	Hematologic, Immune	0.00012	--	0.00014	0.00026
			1,1-Dichloroethane	6.6E-08	--	8.6E-08	--	1.5E-07	Urinary	0.00010	--	0.00013	0.00023
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	0.00025	--	0.00056	0.00081
			1,2-Dichloroethane	6.6E-09	--	5.3E-09	--	1.2E-08	Urinary	0.000001	--	0.000017	0.000039
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.00025	--	0.00017	0.00042
			Benzene	1.4E-09	--	3.6E-09	--	5.0E-09	Immune	0.000011	--	0.000029	0.000040
			Bromodichloromethane	4.0E-09	--	4.1E-09	--	8.1E-09	Urinary	0.0000057	--	0.0000058	0.000011
			Chloroform	4.9E-09	--	6.9E-09	--	1.2E-08	Hepatic	0.000027	--	0.000039	0.000066
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	4.0E-10	--	1.6E-10	--	5.6E-10	NA	--	--	--	--

TABLE 9.7 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 9 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient						
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Methylene chloride	1.9E-10	--	1.2E-10	--	3.1E-10	Hepatic	0.000018	--	0.000012	0.000031		
			Tetrachloroethene	1.9E-10	--	1.3E-09	--	1.5E-09	Nervous, Ocular	0.000021	--	0.000018	0.000020		
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	1.6E-08	--	4.0E-08	--	5.6E-08	NA	--	--	--	--		
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	4.2E-08	--	1.1E-07	--	1.5E-07	CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.0040	--	0.010	0.014		
			Vinyl chloride	3.6E-08	--	5.2E-08	--	8.8E-08	Hepatic	0.000029	--	0.000042	0.000071		
			1,4-Dioxane	4.4E-07	--	2.7E-08	--	4.6E-07	Hepatic, Urinary	0.00025	--	0.000016	0.00027		
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	5.6E-09	--	--	--	5.6E-09	NA	--	--	--	--		
			Aldrin	2.9E-08	--	--	--	2.9E-08	Hepatic	0.000079	--	--	0.000079		
			delta-BHC	3.2E-09	--	3.4E-08	--	3.8E-08	Hepatic	0.0000011	--	0.0000012	0.000013		
			Dieldrin	6.0E-09	--	1.6E-07	--	1.7E-07	Hepatic	0.000013	--	0.000036	0.000037		
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.000021	--	0.000020	0.000024		
			Arsimony	--	--	--	--	--	Hematologic	0.00033	--	0.00031	0.00065		
			Arsenic	6.9E-07	--	9.7E-08	--	7.8E-07	Dermal, CVS	0.0027	--	0.00038	0.0030		
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	Urinary	0.000090	--	0.00025	0.00034		
			Chromium	5.9E-07	--	6.6E-06	--	7.2E-06	None Specified	0.00046	--	0.00051	0.00056		
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.00054	--	0.000031	0.00058		
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	Reproductive	0.0031	--	0.00044	0.0036		
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.00037	--	0.000052	0.00042		
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--		
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.00042	--	0.00015	0.00019		
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.000048	--	0.000034	0.000082		
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.00097	--	0.00014	0.0011		
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.00010	--	0.00055	0.00065		
						Chemical Total	1.9E-06	--	7.2E-06	--	9.2E-06		0.017	--	0.026
						Exposure Point Total					9.2E-06				0.043
						Exposure Medium Total					9.2E-06				0.043
			Air	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	--	0.00000034	--
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	1.1E-12				--	--	1.1E-12	Respiratory	--	0.00000062	--	0.00000062		
1,1-Dichloroethane	--	6.9E-11				--	--	6.9E-11	NA	--	--	--	--		
1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--				--	--	--	Hepatic	--	0.00000027	--	0.00000027		
1,2-Dichloroethane	--	5.1E-12				--	--	5.1E-12	Nervous	--	4.9E-8	--	4.9E-8		
2-Hexanone	--	--				--	--	--	Nervous	--	6.1E-8	--	6.1E-8		
Benzene	--	6.7E-13				--	--	6.7E-13	Immune	--	5.0E-9	--	5.0E-9		
Bromodichloromethane	--	7.2E-12				--	--	7.2E-12	NA	--	--	--	--		
Chloroform	--	1.2E-11				--	--	1.2E-11	Hepatic	--	9.1E-9	--	9.1E-9		
Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	1.4E-13				--	--	1.4E-13	Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	3.1E-10	--	3.1E-10		
Methylene chloride	--	3.1E-15				--	--	3.1E-15	Hepatic	--	6.0E-10	--	6.0E-10		
Tetrachloroethene	--	7.6E-14				--	--	7.6E-14	Nervous, Ocular	--	1.3E-8	--	1.3E-8		
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	6.4E-12				--	--	6.4E-12	NA	--	--	--	--		
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	1.3E-11				--	--	1.3E-11	CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	0.00000037	--	0.00000037		
Vinyl chloride	--	9.4E-13				--	--	9.4E-13	Hepatic	--	3.7E-9	--	3.7E-9		
1,4-Dioxane	--	4.1E-13				--	--	4.1E-13	Nervous, Respiratory	--	4.8E-9	--	4.8E-9		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--		
Aldrin	--	7.9E-12				--	--	7.9E-12	NA	--	--	--	--		
delta-BHC	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--		
Dieldrin	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--		
Aluminum	--	--				--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--		
Arsimony	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--		
Arsenic	--	--				--	--	--	Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--		
Cadmium	--	--				--	--	--	Urinary	--	--	--	--		
Chromium	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--		
Cobalt	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--		
Cyanide	--	--				--	--	--	Endocrine	--	0.00000037	--	0.00000037		
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--					

TABLE 9.7 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 4 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Chemical Total	--	1.2E-10	--	--	1.2E-10		--	0.000011	--	0.000011
Exposure Point Total						1.2E-10					0.000011		
Exposure Medium Total						9.2E-06					0.943		
Medium Total						9.2E-06					0.943		
Receptor Total						6.7E-04					31.0		

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from EarlyLife Exposure to Carcinogens (2005)

Total Body Weight HI	0.967
Total CVS HI	2.5
Total Dermal HI	2.5
Total Developmental HI	6.0
Total Endocrine HI	11.4
Total GS HI	0.73
Total Hematologic HI	0.11
Total Hepatic HI	4.3
Total Immune HI	6.0
Total Nervous HI	2.5
Total None Specified HI	0.44
Total Reproductive HI	0.92
Total Respiratory HI	2.5
Total Thyroid HI	0.71
Total Urinary HI	0.15

TABLE 9.8.FM2
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Surface/subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	7.1E-05	--	9.9E-06	--	8.1E-05						
			Chromium	1.7E-04	--	1.7E-04	--	3.4E-04						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--						
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chemical Total	2.4E-04	--	1.8E-04	--	4.2E-04						
	Exposure Point Total					4.2E-04								
	Exposure Medium Total					4.2E-04								
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	--	1.7E-08	--	--	1.7E-08						
			Chromium	--	1.1E-06	--	--	1.1E-06						
Cobalt			--	2.0E-08	--	--	2.0E-08							
Copper			--	--	--	--	--							
Iron			--	--	--	--	--							
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--									
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--									
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--									
Chemical Total	--	1.1E-06	--	--	1.1E-06									
Exposure Point Total					1.1E-06									
Exposure Medium Total					1.1E-06									
Medium Total					4.2E-04									
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--						
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	3.5E-07	--	2.4E-08	--	3.7E-07						
			1,1-Dichloroethane	1.4E-05	--	1.1E-06	--	1.6E-05						
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--						
			1,2-Dichloroethane	1.4E-06	--	6.6E-08	--	1.5E-06						
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--						
			Benzene	3.0E-07	--	4.3E-08	--	3.4E-07						
			Bromodichloromethane	8.8E-07	--	5.8E-08	--	9.3E-07						
			Chloroform	1.1E-06	--	8.9E-08	--	1.1E-06						
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	8.8E-08	--	1.9E-09	--	8.9E-08						
			Methylene chloride	8.6E-08	--	3.0E-09	--	8.9E-08						
			Tetrachloroethene	3.3E-08	--	1.9E-09	--	5.2E-08						
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	7.2E-06	--	1.1E-06	--	8.3E-06						
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.2E-06	--	1.4E-06	--	1.1E-05						
			Vinyl chloride	4.0E-05	--	2.7E-06	--	4.3E-05						
			1,4-Dioxane	9.5E-05	--	3.2E-07	--	9.6E-05						
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	2.6E-06	--	--	--	2.6E-06						
			Aldrin	5.0E-06	--	--	--	5.0E-06						
			beta-BHC	7.0E-07	--	4.9E-07	--	1.2E-06						
			Chlordan	1.3E-06	--	2.3E-06	--	3.6E-06						
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsimony	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	1.5E-04	--	7.8E-07	--	1.5E-04						
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--									
Chromium	2.7E-04	--	1.0E-04	--	3.7E-04									
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--									
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--									
Iron	--	--	--	--	--									
Lead	--	--	--	--	--									

TABLE 9.8 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	6.0E-04	--	1.1E-04	--	7.1E-04					
			Exposure Point Total					7.1E-04					
			Exposure Medium Total					7.1E-04					
Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--						
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	1.0E-06	--	--	1.0E-06						
		1,1-Dichloroethane	--	4.3E-05	--	--	4.3E-05						
		1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--						
		1,2-Dichloroethane	--	4.4E-06	--	--	4.4E-06						
		2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--						
		Benzene	--	4.6E-07	--	--	4.6E-07						
		Bromodichloromethane	--	5.6E-06	--	--	5.6E-06						
		Chloroform	--	8.3E-06	--	--	8.3E-06						
		Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	1.3E-07	--	--	1.3E-07						
		Methylene chloride	--	3.0E-09	--	--	3.0E-09						
		Tetrachloroethene	--	4.4E-08	--	--	4.4E-08						
		Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	5.3E-06	--	--	5.3E-06						
		Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	8.2E-06	--	--	8.2E-06						
		Vinyl chloride	--	5.1E-07	--	--	5.1E-07						
		1,4-Dioxane	--	5.1E-05	--	--	5.1E-05						
		Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--						
		Aldrin	--	1.9E-05	--	--	1.9E-05						
		delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--						
		Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--						
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--								
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--								
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--								
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--								
Chromium	--	--	--	--	--								
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--								
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--								
Iron	--	--	--	--	--								
Lead	--	--	--	--	--								
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--								
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--								
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--								
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--								
			Chemical Total	--	1.4E-04	--	--	1.4E-04					
			Exposure Point Total					1.4E-04					
			Exposure Medium Total					1.4E-04					
Medium Total								8.9E-04					
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.6E-09	--	1.8E-09	--	3.4E-09					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	6.6E-08	--	8.6E-08	--	1.5E-07					
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	6.6E-09	--	5.3E-09	--	1.2E-08					
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--					
			Benzene	1.4E-09	--	3.6E-09	--	5.0E-09					
			Bromodichloromethane	4.0E-09	--	4.1E-09	--	8.1E-09					
Chloroform	4.9E-09	--	6.9E-09	--	1.2E-08								
Methyl tert-butyl ether	4.0E-10	--	1.6E-10	--	5.6E-10								

TABLE 9.8.F.1E
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 5 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Farmers
Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Methylene chloride	1.9E-10	--	1.2E-10	--	3.1E-10					
			Tetrachloroethene	1.9E-10	--	1.3E-09	--	1.5E-09					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	1.6E-08	--	4.0E-08	--	5.6E-08					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	4.2E-08	--	1.1E-07	--	1.5E-07					
			Vinyl chloride	3.6E-08	--	5.2E-08	--	8.8E-08					
			1,4-Dioxane	4.4E-07	--	2.7E-08	--	4.6E-07					
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	5.6E-09	--	--	--	5.6E-09					
			Aldrin	2.9E-08	--	--	--	2.9E-08					
			delta-BHC	3.2E-09	--	3.4E-08	--	3.8E-08					
			Dieldrin	6.0E-09	--	1.6E-07	--	1.7E-07					
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--					
			Ardimory	--	--	--	--	--					
			Arsenic	6.9E-07	--	9.7E-08	--	7.8E-07					
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chromium	5.9E-07	--	6.6E-06	--	7.2E-06					
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--					
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--					
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--					
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--					
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--								
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--								
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--								
		Chemical Total		1.9E-06	--	7.2E-06	--	9.2E-06					
		Exposure Point Total						9.2E-06					
		Exposure Medium Total						9.2E-06					
Air	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	1.1E-12					
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	1.1E-12	--	--	1.1E-12					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	--	6.9E-11	--	--	6.9E-11					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	5.1E-12	--	--	5.1E-12					
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--					
			Benzene	--	6.7E-13	--	--	6.7E-13					
			Bromodichloromethane	--	7.2E-12	--	--	7.2E-12					
			Chloroform	--	1.2E-11	--	--	1.2E-11					
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	1.4E-13	--	--	1.4E-13					
			Methylene chloride	--	3.1E-15	--	--	3.1E-15					
			Tetrachloroethene	--	7.6E-14	--	--	7.6E-14					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	6.4E-12	--	--	6.4E-12					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	1.3E-11	--	--	1.3E-11					
			Vinyl chloride	--	9.4E-13	--	--	9.4E-13					
			1,4-Dioxane	--	4.1E-13	--	--	4.1E-13					
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--					
			Aldrin	--	7.9E-12	--	--	7.9E-12					
			delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--					
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--					
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--								
Ardimory	--	--	--	--	--								
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--								
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--								
Chromium	--	--	--	--	--								
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--								
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--								
Iron	--	--	--	--	--								

TABLE 9.9 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Lead	--	--	--	--	--					
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
		Chemical Total	--	1.2E-10	--	--	1.2E-10						
		Exposure Point Total					1.2E-10						
		Exposure Medium Total					9.2E-06						
Medium Total							1.2E-10						
Receptor Total							1.3E-03						

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.9 RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Recreational User
Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient										
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total						
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS GS Nervous Dermal Dermal	0.054	--	0.0013	0.055						
			Arsenic	5.2E-06	--	6.2E-07	--	5.8E-06		0.13	--	0.016	0.15						
			Chromium	1.8E-05	--	1.7E-05	--	3.5E-05		0.026	--	0.025	0.051						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.13	--	0.0031	0.13						
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.0010	0.044						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.10	0.0024						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.064	0.038						
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.10	0.0025						
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.027	0.025						
			Chemical Total	2.3E-05	--	1.8E-05	--	4.1E-05		0.68	--	0.11	0.80						
			Exposure Point Total				4.1E-05							0.80					
			Exposure Medium Total				4.1E-05							0.80					
			Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--		--	--	9.6E-11	Nervous Dermal, CVS Respiratory Respiratory NA NA Nervous NA Respiratory	--	0.000041	--	0.000041		
						Arsenic	--	9.6E-11		--	--	--		9.6E-11	--	0.000017	--	0.000017	
						Chromium	--	1.2E-08		--	--	--		1.2E-08	--	0.000030	--	0.000030	
Cobalt	--	1.2E-10				--	--	--	1.2E-10	--	0.000025	--		0.000025					
Copper	--	--				--	--	--	--	--	--	--		--					
Iron	--	--				--	--	--	--	--	--	--		--					
Manganese	--	--				--	--	--	--	--	0.00012	--		0.00012					
Thallium	--	--				--	--	--	--	--	--	--		--					
Vanadium	--	--				--	--	--	--	--	0.000053	--		0.000053					
Chemical Total	--	1.2E-08				--	--	1.2E-08	--	0.00021	--	--		0.00021					
Exposure Point Total						1.2E-08								0.00021					
Exposure Medium Total						1.2E-08								0.00021					
Medium Total						4.1E-05								0.80					
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream				1,1-Dichloroethane	5.0E-08	--	7.8E-09	--	5.8E-08	Urinary Hepatic Hepatic Dermal, CVS None Specified Nervous		0.00051	--	0.000080	0.00059		
						Dieldrin	4.5E-07	--	1.2E-06	--	1.7E-06			0.0066	--	0.018	0.024		
			Hexachlor Epoxide	1.3E-07	--	2.4E-07	--	3.7E-07	0.013	--	0.024		0.037						
			Arsenic	6.0E-06	--	1.2E-07	--	6.1E-06	0.16	--	0.0031		0.16						
			Chromium	1.7E-06	--	2.6E-06	--	4.3E-06	0.0024	--	0.0038		0.0062						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.37		0.19						
			Chemical Total	8.3E-06	--	4.2E-06	--	1.2E-05	0.55	--	0.23		0.78						
			Exposure Point Total				1.2E-05							0.78					
			Exposure Medium Total				1.2E-05							0.78					
			Medium Total				1.2E-05							0.78					
			Surface Water	Surface Water	Pepiomen Creek	Arsenic	7.8E-07	--	1.5E-08	--	7.8E-07		Dermal, CVS	0.020	--	0.00039	0.020		
						Chemical Total	7.8E-07	--	1.5E-08	--	7.8E-07			0.020	--	0.00039	0.020		
						Exposure Point Total				7.8E-07							0.020		
						Exposure Medium Total				7.8E-07							0.020		
						Medium Total				7.8E-07							0.020		
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	2.2E-06	--	2.7E-07	--	2.5E-06	Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS	0.058	--	0.0069	0.065						
			Chromium	1.7E-05	--	1.6E-05	--	3.3E-05		0.025	--	0.023	0.048						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.12	--	0.0028	0.12						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.0030	0.13						
			Chemical Total	1.9E-05	--	1.6E-05	--	3.6E-05		0.33	--	0.036	0.37						
			Exposure Point Total				3.6E-05							0.37					
			Exposure Medium Total				3.6E-05							0.37					
			Medium Total				3.6E-05							0.37					

TABLE 9.9 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient									
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total					
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Chromium	1.9E-05	--	1.9E-05	--	3.8E-05	None Specified	0.028	--	0.027	0.055					
			Chemical Total	1.9E-05	--	1.9E-05	--	3.8E-05										
			Exposure Point Total											3.8E-05				
			Exposure Medium Total											3.8E-05				
Medium Total						3.8E-05					0.055							
				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream					8.9E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream				1.9				
				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek					7.9E-05	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek				0.87				

Notes:

1. Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total CVS HI	0.39
Total Dermal HI	0.55
Total GS HI	0.28
Total Hepatic HI	0.061
Total Nervous HI	0.72
Total None Specified HI	0.16
Total Respiratory HI	0.00083
Total Thyroid HI	0.25
Total Urinary HI	0.0059

TABLE 6.10.RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Recreational User
Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient								
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total				
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS GS Nervous Dermal Dermal	0.0050	--	0.00021	0.0052				
			Arsenic	1.6E-06	--	3.4E-07	--	2.0E-06		0.013	--	0.0027	0.015				
			Chromium	2.1E-06	--	3.5E-06	--	5.6E-06		0.0024	--	0.0041	0.0065				
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.012	--	0.00051	0.013				
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		0.0041	--	0.00017	0.0042				
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		0.0096	--	0.00040	0.0100				
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		0.0060	--	0.0003	0.012				
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		0.0098	--	0.00041	0.010				
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		0.0026	--	0.0042	0.0068				
			Chemical Total	3.7E-06	--	3.9E-06	--	7.6E-06		0.064	--	0.019	0.083				
Exposure Point Total				7.6E-06					0.083								
Exposure Medium Total				7.6E-06					0.083								
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	3.2E-10	Nervous Dermal, CVS Respiratory Respiratory NA NA Nervous NA Respiratory	--	0.000041	--	0.000041				
			Arsenic	--	3.2E-10	--	--	3.2E-10		--	0.000017	--	0.000017				
			Chromium	--	1.4E-08	--	--	1.4E-08		--	0.000030	--	0.000030				
			Cobalt	--	3.9E-10	--	--	3.9E-10		--	0.000025	--	0.000025				
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--				
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--				
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.00012	--	0.00012			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--				
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		--	0.000053	--	0.000053				
			Chemical Total	--	1.5E-08	--	--	1.5E-08		--	0.00021	--	0.00021				
Exposure Point Total				1.5E-08					0.00021								
Exposure Medium Total				1.5E-08					0.00021								
Medium Total				7.6E-06					0.083								
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.8E-08	--	1.2E-08	--	3.1E-08	Urinary Hepatic Hepatic Dermal, CVS None Specified Nervous	0.000057	--	0.000038	0.000095				
			Dieldrin	1.7E-07	--	1.9E-06	--	2.1E-06		0.0073	--	0.0094	0.0092				
			Hexachlor Epoxide	4.9E-08	--	3.9E-07	--	4.3E-07		0.0014	--	0.011	0.013				
			Arsenic	2.3E-06	--	1.9E-07	--	2.4E-06		0.017	--	0.0015	0.019				
			Chromium	2.3E-07	--	1.6E-06	--	1.8E-06		0.00027	--	0.0018	0.0021				
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		0.042	--	0.09	0.13				
			Chemical Total	2.7E-06	--	4.1E-06	--	6.7E-06		0.061	--	0.11	0.17				
			Exposure Point Total				6.7E-06					0.17					
			Exposure Medium Total				6.7E-06					0.17					
			Medium Total				6.7E-06					0.17					
Surface Water	Surface Water	Pepiomen Creek	Arsenic	2.9E-07	--	2.4E-08	--	3.1E-07	Dermal, CVS	0.0022	--	0.00019	0.0024				
			Chemical Total	2.9E-07	--	2.4E-08	--	3.1E-07		0.0022	--	0.00019	0.0024				
			Exposure Point Total				3.1E-07					0.0024					
			Exposure Medium Total				3.1E-07					0.0024					
Medium Total				3.1E-07					0.0024								
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	7.0E-07	--	1.5E-07	--	8.5E-07	Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS	0.0064	--	0.0012	0.0066				
			Chromium	2.0E-06	--	3.4E-06	--	5.3E-06		0.0023	--	0.0039	0.0062				
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.011	--	0.00047	0.012				
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		0.012	--	0.00050	0.012				
			Chemical Total	2.7E-06	--	3.5E-06	--	6.2E-06		0.031	--	0.0060	0.037				
Exposure Point Total				6.2E-06					0.037								
Exposure Medium Total				6.2E-06					0.037								
Medium Total				6.2E-06					0.037								

TABLE 6.11.RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Recreational User
Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	6.8E-06	--	9.6E-07	--	7.8E-06						
			Chromium	2.0E-05	--	2.0E-05	--	4.0E-05						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--						
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chemical Total	2.7E-05	--	2.1E-05	--	4.8E-05						
	Exposure Point Total					4.8E-05								
	Exposure Medium Total					4.8E-05								
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	4.2E-10						
			Arsenic	--	4.2E-10	--	--	2.6E-08						
			Chromium	--	2.6E-08	--	--	5.0E-10						
Cobalt			--	5.0E-10	--	--	--							
Copper			--	--	--	--	--							
Iron			--	--	--	--	--							
Manganese			--	--	--	--	--							
Thallium			--	--	--	--	--							
Vanadium			--	--	--	--	--							
Chemical Total			--	2.7E-08	--	--	2.7E-08							
Exposure Point Total					2.7E-08									
Exposure Medium Total					2.7E-08									
Medium Total					4.8E-05									
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	6.8E-08	--	2.0E-08	--	8.8E-08						
			Dieldrin	6.2E-07	--	3.1E-06	--	3.8E-06						
			Heptachlor Epoxide	1.9E-07	--	6.2E-07	--	8.0E-07						
			Arsenic	8.2E-06	--	3.1E-07	--	8.5E-06						
			Chromium	1.9E-06	--	4.2E-06	--	6.1E-06						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chemical Total	1.1E-05	--	8.3E-06	--	1.9E-05						
			Exposure Point Total					1.9E-05						
			Exposure Medium Total					1.9E-05						
			Medium Total					1.9E-05						
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Arsenic	1.0E-06	--	3.9E-08	--	1.1E-06						
			Chemical Total	1.0E-06	--	3.9E-08	--	1.1E-06						
			Exposure Point Total					1.1E-06						
Exposure Medium Total					1.1E-06									
Medium Total					1.1E-06									
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	2.9E-06	--	4.1E-07	--	3.4E-06						
			Chromium	1.9E-05	--	1.9E-05	--	3.8E-05						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chemical Total	2.2E-05	--	2.0E-05	--	4.2E-05						
Exposure Point Total					4.2E-05									
Exposure Medium Total					4.2E-05									
Medium Total					4.2E-05									

TABLE 9.11.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Sediment	Sediment	Perkiomen Creek	Chromium	2.2E-05	--	2.2E-05	--	4.4E-05						
			Chemical Total	2.2E-05	--	2.2E-05	--	4.4E-05						
			Exposure Point Total					4.4E-05						
			Exposure Medium Total					4.4E-05						
Medium Total														
													Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream	1.1E-04
													Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkiomen Creek	9.3E-05

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 6-13.RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Trespasser
Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total			
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS GS Nervous Dermal Dermal	0.0046	--	0.00034	0.0049			
			Arsenic	7.4E-07	--	2.8E-07	--	1.0E-06		0.011	--	0.00043	0.016			
			Chromium	1.4E-06	--	4.3E-06	--	5.7E-06		0.0022	--	0.0066	0.0089			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.011	--	0.00083	0.012			
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		0.0037	--	0.00028	0.0040			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		0.0087	--	0.00065	0.0093			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		0.0064	--	0.010	0.016			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		0.0089	--	0.00067	0.0095			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		0.0023	--	0.0068	0.0091			
			Chemical Total	2.2E-06	--	4.5E-06	--	6.7E-06		--	0.058	--	0.031	0.089		
Exposure Point Total				6.7E-06					0.089							
Exposure Medium Total				6.7E-06					0.089							
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous Dermal, CVS Respiratory Respiratory NA NA Nervous NA Respiratory	--	0.000021	--	0.000021			
			Arsenic	--	8.0E-11	--	--	8.0E-11		--	0.0000087	--	0.0000087			
			Chromium	--	5.4E-09	--	--	5.4E-09		--	0.0000015	--	0.0000015			
			Cobalt	--	9.6E-11	--	--	9.6E-11		--	0.000012	--	0.000012			
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		--	0.000059	--	0.000059			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		--	0.000027	--	0.000027			
			Chemical Total	--	5.6E-09	--	--	5.6E-09		--	--	0.00011	--	0.00011		
Exposure Point Total				5.6E-09					0.00011							
Exposure Medium Total				5.6E-09					0.00011							
Medium Total				6.7E-06					0.089							
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	8.4E-09	--	3.5E-09	--	1.2E-08	Urinary Hepatic Hepatic Dermal, CVS None Specified Nervous	0.000051	--	0.000021	0.000073			
			Dieldrin	7.6E-08	--	5.4E-07	--	6.2E-07		0.00066	--	0.0048	0.0054			
			Hexachlor Epoxide	2.2E-08	--	1.1E-07	--	1.3E-07		0.0013	--	0.0064	0.0077			
			Arsenic	1.0E-06	--	5.3E-08	--	1.1E-06		0.016	--	0.00083	0.016			
			Chromium	1.6E-07	--	6.6E-07	--	8.2E-07		0.00024	--	0.0010	0.0013			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		0.038	--	0.050	0.09			
			Chemical Total	1.3E-06	--	1.4E-06	--	2.6E-06		--	0.056	--	0.063	0.12		
			Exposure Point Total				2.6E-06					0.12				
			Exposure Medium Total				2.6E-06					0.12				
			Medium Total				2.6E-06					0.12				
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	3.2E-07	--	1.2E-07	--	4.4E-07	Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS	0.0060	--	0.0019	0.0068			
			Chromium	1.4E-06	--	4.1E-06	--	5.4E-06		0.0021	--	0.0063	0.0084			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.010	--	0.00076	0.011			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		0.011	--	0.00081	0.012			
			Chemical Total	1.7E-06	--	4.2E-06	--	5.8E-06		--	0.028	--	0.0097	0.038		
			Exposure Point Total				5.8E-06					0.038				
			Exposure Medium Total				5.8E-06					0.038				
			Medium Total				5.8E-06					0.038				
			Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total					Receptor HI Total				
							1.5E-05					0.25				

TABLE S-13.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future Receptor Population: Trespasser Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total CVS HI	0.039
Total Dermal HI	0.058
Total GS HI	0.025
Total Hepatic HI	0.013
Total Nervous HI	0.11
Total None Specified HI	0.015
Total Respiratory HI	0.00007
Total Thyroid HI	0.023
Total Urinary HI	0.000073

TABLE 9.13.RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residuum)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	see Table 9.15 RME for Cancer Risks					Body Weight	0.10	--	0.018	0.12
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.0039	--	0.00038	0.0063
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.049	--	0.0034	0.053
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	1.2	--	0.14	1.4
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.010	--	0.00044	0.011
			2,4-Dichlorobenzene						Nervous	0.12	--	0.0044	0.12
			Benzene						Immune	0.0053	--	0.00070	0.0060
			Bromodichloromethane						Urinary	0.0027	--	0.00017	0.0029
			Chloroform						Hepatic	0.013	--	0.0010	0.014
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						NA	--	--	--	--
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	0.0090	--	0.00090	0.0093
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	0.010	--	0.0053	0.016
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	1.3	--	0.28	2.2
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	0.014	--	0.00096	0.015
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.12	--	0.00099	0.12
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--
			Arsin						Hepatic	0.038	--	0.0038	0.038
			delta-BHC						Hepatic	0.000054	--	0.000035	0.000088
			Dieldrin						Hepatic	0.0064	--	0.010	0.017
			Aluminum						Nervous	0.10	--	0.00046	0.10
			Antimony						Hematologic	0.16	--	0.0048	0.17
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	1.3	--	0.0057	1.3
			Cadmium						Urinary	0.044	--	0.0039	0.048
			Chromium						None Specified	0.22	--	0.078	0.30
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.26	--	0.00047	0.26
			Cyanide						Reproductive	1.5	--	0.0007	1.5
			Iron						GS	0.18	--	0.00079	0.18
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese						Nervous	0.20	--	0.022	0.22
			Nickel						Body Weight	0.023	--	0.00051	0.024
			Thallium						Dermal	0.47	--	0.0021	0.47
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.049	--	0.0093	0.058
			Chemical Total										
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Receptor Total													

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total Body Weight HI	0.14
Total CVS HI	3.9
Total Dermal HI	1.8
Total Developmental HI	2.2
Total GS HI	0.18
Total Hematologic HI	0.17
Total Hepatic HI	1.6
Total Immune HI	2.2
Total Nervous HI	0.47
Total None Specified HI	0.30
Total Reproductive HI	1.5
Total Thyroid HI	0.26
Total Urinary HI	0.24

TABLE 9.14.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residuum)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	see Table 9.15 RME for Cancer Risks					Body Weight	0.061	--	0.011	0.072
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.0036	--	0.00025	0.0038
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.030	--	0.0029	0.032
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	0.74	--	0.096	0.83
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.0061	--	0.00029	0.0064
			2,4-Diclorobenzene						Nervous	0.072	--	0.0029	0.075
			Benzene						Immune	0.0032	--	0.00049	0.0036
			Bromodichloromethane						Urinary	0.0016	--	0.00011	0.0018
			Chloroform						Hepatic	0.079	--	0.00070	0.0086
			Methyl-tert-butyl ether						NA	--	--	--	--
			Methylene chloride						NA	--	--	0.00020	0.0026
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	0.0061	--	0.0005	0.0067
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	1.2	--	0.19	1.3
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	0.0065	--	0.00066	0.0072
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.074	--	0.00026	0.075
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aldrin						Hepatic	0.023	--	0.0023	0.023
			delt-BHC						Hepatic	0.000023	--	0.000023	0.000055
			Dieldrin						Hepatic	0.0038	--	0.0009	0.011
			Aluminum						Nervous	0.063	--	0.00005	0.063
			Antimony						Hematologic	0.097	--	0.0036	0.10
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.78	--	0.0043	0.78
			Cadmium						Urinary	0.026	--	0.0029	0.029
			Chromium						None Specified	0.13	--	0.059	0.19
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.16	--	0.00095	0.16
			Cyanide						Reproductive	0.91	--	0.0051	0.91
			Iron						CS	0.11	--	0.00060	0.11
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese						Nervous	0.12	--	0.017	0.14
			Nickel						Body Weight	0.014	--	0.00039	0.014
			Thallium						Dermal	0.28	--	0.0016	0.28
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.030	--	0.0064	0.036
						Chemical Total							
Exposure Point Total											5.9		
Exposure Medium Total											5.9		
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Hepatic	--	0.39	--	0.39
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Respiratory	--	1.1	--	1.1
			1,1-Dichloroethane						NA	--	--	--	
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	--	3.0	--	3.0
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Nervous	--	0.084	--	0.084
			2,4-Diclorobenzene						Nervous	--	0.19	--	0.19
			Benzene						Immune	--	0.0068	--	0.0068
			Bromodichloromethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			Chloroform						Hepatic	--	0.013	--	0.013
			Methyl-tert-butyl ether						Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	0.00061	--	0.00061
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	--	0.00086	--	0.00086
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	--	0.015	--	0.015
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	4.7	--	4.7
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	--	0.0041	--	0.0041
			1,4-Dioxane						Nervous, Respiratory	--	1.2	--	1.2
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aldrin						NA	--	--	--	--
			delt-BHC						NA	--	--	--	--
			Dieldrin						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aluminum						Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Antimony						NA	--	--	--	--
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--
			Cadmium						Urinary	--	--	--	--
			Chromium						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cobalt						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cyanide						Endocrine	--	11.4	--	11.4
			Iron						NA	--	--	--	--
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--

TABLE 9-14.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Lifetime: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air	Bachhurst Drive Site	Manganese						Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Nickel						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Trifluoromethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			Vanadium						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Chemical Total						--	22.1	--	22.1	
			Exposure Medium Total									22.1	
Medium Total												27.4	
Receptor Total												27.4	

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total Body Weight HI	0.99
Total CVS HI	6.6
Total Dermal HI	1.1
Total Developmental HI	6.1
Total Endocrine HI	11.4
Total GI HI	0.11
Total Hematologic HI	0.18
Total Immune HI	2.9
Total Nervous HI	6.0
Total Respiratory HI	1.8
Total None Specified HI	0.19
Total Reproductive HI	0.91
Total Thyroid HI	3.2
Total Urinary HI	0.13

TABLE 9.15 RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
Receptor Age: Infants (CH3) and Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	See Tables 9.13 RME and 9.14 RME for Hazard Indices				
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	3.9E-07	--	2.4E-08	--	3.7E-07						
			1,1-Dichloroethane	1.4E-06	--	1.1E-06	--	1.6E-05						
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--						
			1,2-Dichloroethane	1.4E-06	--	6.6E-08	--	1.5E-06						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--						
			Benzene	3.0E-07	--	4.3E-08	--	3.4E-07						
			Bromodichloromethane	8.9E-07	--	5.8E-08	--	9.3E-07						
			Chloroform	1.1E-06	--	8.9E-08	--	1.1E-06						
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	8.8E-08	--	1.9E-09	--	8.9E-08						
			Methylene chloride	8.6E-08	--	3.0E-09	--	8.9E-08						
			Tetrachloroethene	3.3E-08	--	1.9E-08	--	5.2E-08						
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	7.2E-06	--	1.1E-06	--	8.3E-06						
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9.2E-06	--	1.4E-06	--	1.1E-05						
			Vinyl chloride	4.8E-05	--	2.7E-06	--	4.9E-05						
			1,4-Dioxane	9.5E-05	--	3.2E-07	--	9.6E-05						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.6E-06	--	--	--	2.6E-06						
			Aldrin	5.8E-06	--	--	--	5.8E-06						
			delta-BHC	7.0E-07	--	4.8E-07	--	1.2E-06						
			Dieldrin	1.3E-06	--	2.3E-06	--	3.6E-06						
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Antimony	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	1.5E-04	--	7.8E-07	--	1.5E-04						
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chromium	2.7E-04	--	1.0E-04	--	3.7E-04						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--						
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--						
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--						
		Chemical Total	6.8E-04	--	1.1E-04	--	7.1E-04							
		Exposure Point Total					7.1E-04							
		Exposure Medium Total					7.1E-04							
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--						
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	1.0E-06	--	--	1.0E-06						
			1,1-Dichloroethane	--	4.3E-05	--	--	4.3E-05						
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--						
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	4.4E-06	--	--	4.4E-06						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--						
			Benzene	--	4.5E-07	--	--	4.5E-07						
			Bromodichloromethane	--	5.6E-06	--	--	5.6E-06						
			Chloroform	--	8.3E-06	--	--	8.3E-06						
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	1.3E-07	--	--	1.3E-07						
			Methylene chloride	--	3.0E-09	--	--	3.0E-09						
			Tetrachloroethene	--	4.4E-08	--	--	4.4E-08						
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	5.3E-06	--	--	5.3E-06						
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	8.2E-06	--	--	8.2E-06						
			Vinyl chloride	--	5.1E-07	--	--	5.1E-07						
			1,4-Dioxane	--	5.1E-05	--	--	5.1E-05						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	1.5E-05	--	--	1.5E-05						
			Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--						
			delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--						
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--						
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Antimony	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--						
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chromium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--						

TABLE 9.15.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario: timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Unborn (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air	Bachurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Trilium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	--	1.4E-04	--	--	1.4E-04					
Exposure Medium Total						1.4E-04							
Medium Total						6.5E-04							
Receptor Total						6.5E-04							

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.16.RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: On-Site Resident
Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residuum)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	See Table 9.16.RME for Cancer Risks					Nervous	0.36	--	0.0086	0.37	
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.91	--	0.11	1.0	
			Chromium						None Specified	0.17	--	0.17	0.34	
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.87	--	0.021	0.89	
			Copper						GS	0.29	--	0.0069	0.30	
			Iron						GS	0.69	--	0.016	0.70	
			Manganese						Nervous	0.43	--	0.26	0.68	
			Thallium						Dermal	0.70	--	0.017	0.72	
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.18	--	0.17	0.35	
			Chemical Total							4.8	--	0.77	5.4	
Exposure Point Total											5.4			
Exposure Medium Total											5.4			
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum						Nervous	--	0.0017	--	0.0017	
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	0.0070	--	0.0070	
			Chromium						Respiratory	--	0.0012	--	0.0012	
			Cobalt						Respiratory	--	0.0010	--	0.0010	
			Copper						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Iron						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese						Nervous	--	0.0048	--	0.0048	
			Thallium						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Vanadium						Respiratory	--	0.0021	--	0.0021	
			Chemical Total							--	0.0065	--	0.0065	
Exposure Point Total											0.0065			
Exposure Medium Total											0.0065			
Medium Total											8.4			
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Body Weight	0.10	--	0.016	0.10	
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.059	--	0.0038	0.063	
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.049	--	0.0034	0.053	
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	1.2	--	0.14	1.4	
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.010	--	0.00044	0.011	
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	0.12	--	0.0044	0.12	
			Benzene						Immune	0.0053	--	0.00070	0.0060	
			Bromodichloromethane						Urinary	0.0027	--	0.00017	0.0029	
			Chloroform						Hepatic	0.013	--	0.0010	0.014	
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	0.0090	--	0.00030	0.0093	
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	0.010	--	0.0053	0.016	
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	1.9	--	0.28	2.2	
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	0.014	--	0.00096	0.015	
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.12	--	0.00059	0.12	
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Aldrin						Hepatic	0.008	--	0.000	0.008	
			Beta-BHC						Hepatic	0.000054	--	0.000035	0.000088	
			Dieldrin						Hepatic	0.0064	--	0.010	0.017	
			Aluminum						Nervous	0.10	--	0.00048	0.10	
			Atrazine						Hematologic	0.16	--	0.0048	0.17	
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	1.3	--	0.0057	1.3	
			Cadmium						Urinary	0.044	--	0.0029	0.048	
			Chromium						None Specified	0.22	--	0.075	0.30	
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.26	--	0.00047	0.26	
			Cyanide						Reproductive	1.5	--	0.0067	1.5	
			Iron						GS	0.18	--	0.00079	0.18	
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese						Nervous	0.20	--	0.022	0.22	
			Nickel						Body Weight	0.023	--	0.00051	0.024	
			Thallium						Dermal	0.47	--	0.0021	0.47	
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.049	--	0.0003	0.050	
			Chemical Total							5.2	--	0.60	6.0	
			Exposure Point Total											6.0
			Exposure Medium Total											6.0
			Medium Total											6.0
			Receptor Total											6.0
														14.2

Notes:
1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.17.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Hepatic	--	0.39	--	0.39
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Respiratory	--	1.1	--	1.1
			1,1-Dichloroethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	--	3.0	--	3.0
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Nervous	--	0.064	--	0.064
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	--	0.19	--	0.19
			Benzene						Immune	--	0.0068	--	0.0068
			Bromodichloromethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			Chloroform						Hepatic	--	0.013	--	0.013
			Methyl-tert-butyl ether						Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	0.00061	--	0.00061
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	--	0.00086	--	0.00086
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	--	0.015	--	0.015
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	4.7	--	4.7
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	--	0.0041	--	0.0041
			1,4-Dioxane						Nervous, Respiratory	--	1.2	--	1.2
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aldrin						NA	--	--	--	--
			delta-BHC						NA	--	--	--	--
			Dieldrin						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aluminum						Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Antimony						NA	--	--	--	--
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--
			Cadmium						Urinary	--	--	--	--
			Chromium						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cobalt						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cyanide						Endocrine	--	11.4	--	11.4
			Iron						NA	--	--	--	--
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese						Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Nickel						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Thallium						NA	--	--	--	--
			Vanadium						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Chemical Total					--	22.1	--	22.1		
			Exposure Point Total								22.1		
			Exposure Medium Total								22.1		
Medium Total											22.1		
Receptor Total											28.0		

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total Body Weight HI	0.088
Total CVS HI	6.9
Total Dermal HI	1.3
Total Developmental HI	6.0
Total Endocrine HI	11.4
Total GS HI	0.20
Total Hematologic HI	0.10
Total Hepatic HI	4.3
Total Immune HI	6.0
Total Nervous HI	1.3
Total None Specified HI	0.28
Total Reproductive HI	0.51
Total Respiratory HI	2.3
Total Thyroid HI	0.24
Total Urinary HI	0.16

TABLE 9.18.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Unborn (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient			
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal
Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--				
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	1.0E-06	--	--	1.0E-06				
			1,1-Dichloroethane	--	4.3E-05	--	--	4.3E-05				
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--				
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	4.4E-06	--	--	4.4E-06				
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--				
			Benzene	--	4.5E-07	--	--	4.5E-07				
			Bromodichloromethane	--	5.6E-06	--	--	5.6E-06				
			Chloroform	--	9.3E-06	--	--	9.3E-06				
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	1.3E-07	--	--	1.3E-07				
			Methylene chloride	--	3.0E-09	--	--	3.0E-09				
			Tetrachloroethene	--	4.4E-08	--	--	4.4E-08				
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	5.3E-06	--	--	5.3E-06				
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	8.2E-06	--	--	8.2E-06				
			Vinyl chloride	--	5.1E-07	--	--	5.1E-07				
			1,4-Dioxane	--	5.1E-05	--	--	5.1E-05				
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	1.5E-05	--	--	1.5E-05				
			Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--				
			delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--				
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--				
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--				
			Antimony	--	--	--	--	--				
			Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--				
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--				
			Chromium	--	--	--	--	--				
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--				
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--				
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--				
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--				
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--				
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--				
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--				
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--				
			Chemical Total	--	1.4E-04	--	--	1.4E-04				
			Exposure Point Total					1.4E-04				
			Exposure Medium Total					1.4E-04				
Medium Total								1.4E-04				
Receptor Total								1.2E-03				

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.1 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	9E-10	--	1E-09	--	2E-08	None Specified	Urinary	0.00004	--	0.00006	0.0001
			Dieldrin	6E-09	--	2E-07	--	2E-07		Hepatic	0.00005	--	0.002	0.002
			Heptachlor Epoxide	2E-09	--	4E-08	--	4E-08		Hepatic	0.00010	--	0.002	0.002
			Arsenic	7E-08	--	1E-08	--	9E-08		Dermal, CVS	0.001	--	0.0002	0.001
			Chromium	1E-08	--	2E-07	--	2E-07		Nervous	0.00002	--	0.0003	0.0003
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--			0.003	--	0.01	0.02
			Chemical Total	9E-08	--	4E-07	--	5E-07			0.004	--	0.02	0.02
	Exposure Point Total					5E-07					0.02			
	Exposure Medium Total					5E-07					0.02			
Medium Total						5E-07					0.02			
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	9E-08	--	1E-08	--	9E-08	None Specified	Dermal, CVS	0.001	--	0.0002	0.001
			Chromium	3E-07	--	4E-07	--	7E-07		Thyroid	0.0005	--	0.0006	0.001
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		GS	0.003	--	0.0008	0.003
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--			0.003	--	0.0008	0.003
			Chemical Total	4E-07	--	4E-07	--	8E-07			0.007	--	0.0010	0.008
			Exposure Point Total					8E-07						0.008
	Exposure Medium Total					8E-07					0.008			
Medium Total						8E-07					0.008			
Receptor Total						1E-06					0.03			

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.2 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Pardonon Creek	Arsenic						Derma, CVS	0.0020	--	0.000068	0.0021
			Chemical Total							0.0020	--	0.000068	0.0021
			Exposure Point Total										
Medium Total												0.0021	
Sediment	Sediment	Pardonon Creek	Chromium						None Specified	0.0057	--	0.0027	0.0084
			Chemical Total							0.0057	--	0.0027	0.0084
			Exposure Point Total										
Medium Total												0.0084	
Receptor Total													0.010

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.3 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient						
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		
Surface Water	Surface Water	Pardonon Creek	Arsenic						See Table 9.4 CTE for Cancer Risks	Derma, CVS	0.00016	--	0.00047	0.00021	
			Chemical Total								0.00016	--	0.00047	0.00021	
			Exposure Point Total												0.00021
Medium Total													0.00021		
Sediment	Sediment	Pardonon Creek	Chromium							None Specified	0.00040	--	0.0022	0.0026	
			Chemical Total								0.00040	--	0.0022	0.0026	
			Exposure Point Total												0.0026
Medium Total													0.0026		
Receptor Total														0.0026	
														Receptor HI Total	0.0026

Notes
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.4 CTE
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Current
Receptor Population: Recreational Users
Receptor Age: 1-30/yr (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk				Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Pardonim Creek	Arsenic	3.3E-08	--	3.4E-09	--	3.7E-08					
			Chemical Total	3.3E-08	--	3.4E-09	--	3.7E-08	See Tables 9.2 CTE and 9.3 CTE for Hazard Indices				
			Exposure Point Total					3.7E-08					
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Pardonim Creek	Chromium	1.9E-06	--	2.7E-06	--	4.6E-06					
			Chemical Total	1.9E-06	--	2.7E-06	--	4.6E-06					
			Exposure Point Total					4.6E-06					
Medium Total													
Receptor Total												4.6E-06	
													4.6E-06

Notes
1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.5 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total			
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.020	--	0.00043	0.020			
			Arsenic	3.2E-07	--	3.4E-08	--	3.6E-07	Dermal, CVS	0.050	--	0.0054	0.056			
			Chromium	2.1E-07	--	1.8E-07	--	3.8E-07	Hematologic	0.0058	--	0.0050	0.011			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.0048	--	0.0010	0.0049			
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.018	--	0.0035	0.017			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.038	--	0.0081	0.039			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.024	--	0.013	0.036			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.0097	--	0.0021	0.0099			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Hematologic	0.0051	--	0.0042	0.0093			
			Chemical Total	5.9E-07	--	2.1E-07	--	7.4E-07		0.17	--	0.029	0.20			
			Exposure Point Total					7.4E-07					0.20			
			Exposure Medium Total					7.4E-07					0.20			
			Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	1.8E-07	--	--	1.8E-07	Nervous	--	0.46	--	0.46
						Arsenic	--	4.0E-06	--	--	4.0E-06	Dermal, CVS	--	0.19	--	0.19
						Chromium	--	2.1E-07	--	--	2.1E-07	Respiratory	--	0.011	--	0.011
Cobalt	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	0.083	--	0.083			
Copper	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Iron	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Manganese	--	--				--	--	--	Nervous	--	1.3	--	1.3			
Thallium	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Vanadium	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	0.059	--	0.059			
Chemical Total	--	4.4E-06				--	--	4.4E-06		--	2.1	--	2.1			
Exposure Point Total								4.4E-06					2.1			
Exposure Medium Total								4.4E-06					2.1			
Medium Total								5.1E-06					2.3			
Receptor Total								5.1E-06					2.3			

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total CVS HI	0.25
Total Dermal HI	0.26
Total GS HI	0.055
Total Hematologic HI	0.020
Total Nervous HI	1.8
Total Respiratory HI	0.15
Total Thyroid HI	0.0049

TABLE 9.6.C.1E
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Farmer
Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	See Table 9.8.C.1E for Cancer Risk					Nervous	0.096	--	0.0011	0.098
			Arsenic	0.24	--	0.014	--	0.26	Dermal, CVS	0.047	--	0.022	0.069
			Chromium					None Specified	0.23	--	0.0028	0.24	
			Cobalt					Thyroid	0.078	--	0.00093	0.079	
			Copper					CS	0.18	--	0.0022	0.19	
			Iron					Nervous	0.11	--	0.034	0.15	
			Manganese					Dermal	0.19	--	0.0022	0.19	
			Thallium					Dermal	0.049	--	0.023	0.072	
			Vanadium										
			Chemical Total						1.2	--	0.10	1.3	
			Exposure Point Total									1.3	
			Exposure Medium Total									1.3	
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum						Nervous	--	0.0011	--	0.0011
			Arsenic	--	0.00047	--	--	0.00047	Dermal, CVS	--	0.00047	--	0.00047
			Chromium					Respiratory	--	0.00081	--	0.00081	
			Cobalt					Respiratory	--	0.00067	--	0.00067	
			Copper					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Iron					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese					Nervous	--	0.0032	--	0.0032	
			Thallium					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Vanadium					Respiratory	--	0.0014	--	0.0014	
			Chemical Total						--	0.0057	--	0.0057	
			Exposure Point Total									0.0057	
			Exposure Medium Total									0.0057	
Medium Total												1.3	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Body Weight	0.042	--	0.0050	0.042
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.0024	--	0.00021	0.0022
			1,1-Dichloroethane					Urinary	0.020	--	0.0019	0.022	
			1,1-Dichloroethene					Hepatic	0.51	--	0.030	0.56	
			1,2-Dichloroethane					Urinary	0.0042	--	0.00024	0.0044	
			2-Hexanone					Nervous	0.049	--	0.0024	0.052	
			Benzene					Immune	0.0022	--	0.00039	0.0026	
			Bromodichloromethane					Urinary	0.0011	--	0.000094	0.0012	
			Chloroform					Hepatic	0.0054	--	0.00058	0.0060	
			Methyl tert-butyl ether					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Methylene chloride					Hepatic	0.0037	--	0.00016	0.0039	
			Tetrachloroethene					Nervous, Ocular	0.0042	--	0.0030	0.0072	
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)					CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.80	--	0.16	0.96	
			Vinyl chloride					Hepatic	0.0058	--	0.00053	0.0064	
			1,4-Dioxane					Hepatic, Urinary	0.021	--	0.00022	0.021	
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Altri					Hepatic	0.016	--	0.0015	0.016	
			Beta-BHC					Hepatic	0.000022	--	0.000019	0.000041	
			Dieldrin					Hepatic	0.0026	--	0.00058	0.0034	
			Aluminum					Nervous	0.043	--	0.0021	0.045	
			Antimony					Hematologic	0.067	--	0.0022	0.069	
			Arsenic					Dermal, CVS	0.53	--	0.0026	0.54	
			Cadmium					Urinary	0.018	--	0.0018	0.020	
			Chromium					None Specified	0.021	--	0.036	0.13	
			Cobalt					Thyroid	0.11	--	0.00021	0.11	
			Cyanide					Reproductive	0.62	--	0.0031	0.63	
			Iron					CS	0.073	--	0.00036	0.074	
			Lead					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese					Nervous	0.089	--	0.010	0.093	
			Nickel					Body Weight	0.0096	--	0.00024	0.0098	
			Thallium					Dermal	0.19	--	0.00095	0.19	
			Vanadium					Dermal	0.020	--	0.0038	0.024	
			Chemical Total						3.4	--	0.32	3.7	
			Exposure Point Total									3.7	
			Exposure Medium Total									3.7	
Medium Total												3.7	
Receptor Total												5.0	

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.7.C.1E
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Farmers
Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.075	--	0.0016	0.076
			Arsenic	1.2E-05	--	1.3E-06	--	1.3E-05	Dermal, CVS	0.19	--	0.020	0.21
			Chromium	1.5E-05	--	1.3E-05	--	2.9E-05	None Specified	0.036	--	0.031	0.067
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.18	--	0.0038	0.18
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--	CS	0.060	--	0.0013	0.062
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	CS	0.14	--	0.0030	0.15
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.089	--	0.048	0.14
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.14	--	0.0031	0.15
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.038	--	0.031	0.070
			Chemical Total	2.8E-05	--	1.9E-05	--	4.2E-05		0.95	--	0.14	1.1
			Exposure Point Total					4.2E-05					1.1
			Exposure Medium Total					4.2E-05					1.1
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.00075	--	0.00075
			Arsenic	--	2.9E-09	--	--	2.9E-09	Dermal, CVS	--	0.00031	--	0.00031
			Chromium	--	1.3E-07	--	--	1.3E-07	Respiratory	--	0.000054	--	0.000054
			Cobalt	--	3.5E-09	--	--	3.5E-09	Respiratory	--	0.00045	--	0.00045
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.0021	--	0.0021
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	0.000096	--	0.000096
			Chemical Total	--	1.4E-07	--	--	1.4E-07		--	0.0038	--	0.0038
			Exposure Point Total					1.4E-07					0.0038
			Exposure Medium Total					1.4E-07					0.0038
Medium Total					4.2E-05					1.1			
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.020	--	0.0086	0.028
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	7.5E-08	--	1.3E-08	--	8.9E-08	Hematologic, Immune	0.0011	--	0.00020	0.0013
			1,1-Dichloroethane	3.1E-06	--	6.0E-07	--	3.7E-06	Urinary	0.0095	--	0.0018	0.011
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	0.24	--	0.078	0.31
			1,2-Dichloroethane	3.1E-07	--	3.7E-08	--	3.4E-07	Urinary	0.0020	--	0.00024	0.0022
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.023	--	0.0024	0.025
			Benzene	6.4E-08	--	2.4E-08	--	8.8E-08	Immune	0.0010	--	0.00039	0.0014
			Bromodichloromethane	1.9E-07	--	3.2E-08	--	2.2E-07	Urinary	0.00053	--	0.00050	0.00062
			Chloroform	2.3E-07	--	4.9E-08	--	2.7E-07	Hepatic	0.0025	--	0.00055	0.0031
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.9E-08	--	1.1E-09	--	2.0E-08	NA	--	--	--	--
			Methylene chloride	1.3E-08	--	1.1E-08	--	1.3E-08	Hepatic	0.0017	--	0.00016	0.0019
			Tetrachloroethene	7.1E-09	--	1.0E-08	--	1.7E-08	Nervous, Ocular	0.0020	--	0.0028	0.0048
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.9E-07	--	3.9E-07	--	1.4E-06	NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	2.0E-06	--	7.8E-07	--	2.8E-06	CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.37	--	0.15	0.52
			Vinyl chloride	1.7E-06	--	3.4E-07	--	2.0E-06	Hepatic	0.0027	--	0.00056	0.0033
			1,4-Dioxane	2.0E-05	--	1.8E-07	--	2.1E-05	Hepatic, Urinary	0.024	--	0.00021	0.024
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.5E-07	--	--	--	3.5E-07	NA	--	--	--	--
			Aldrin	1.1E-06	--	--	--	1.1E-06	Hepatic	0.0074	--	--	0.0074
			Beta-BHC	1.5E-07	--	2.6E-07	--	4.1E-07	Hepatic	0.00010	--	0.000018	0.000018
			Dieldrin	2.8E-07	--	1.3E-06	--	1.5E-06	Hepatic	0.0012	--	0.00055	0.00067
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.020	--	0.00033	0.020
			Arsimony	--	--	--	--	--	Hematologic	0.031	--	0.0034	0.035
			Arsenic	3.2E-05	--	5.9E-07	--	3.3E-05	Dermal, CVS	0.25	--	0.0041	0.25
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	Urinary	0.0084	--	0.0025	0.011
			Chromium	3.7E-05	--	4.8E-05	--	8.4E-05	None Specified	0.043	--	0.056	0.098
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.051	--	0.00033	0.051
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	Reproductive	0.23	--	0.0045	0.30
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	CS	0.034	--	0.00056	0.035
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--

TABLE 9.7.C.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 4

Szenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.039	--	0.016	0.055
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.0045	--	0.00037	0.0049
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.090	--	0.0015	0.092
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.0095	--	0.0060	0.015
			Chemical Total	1.0E-04	--	5.2E-05	--	1.5E-04		1.6	--	0.35	1.9
			Exposure Point Total					1.5E-04					1.9
			Exposure Medium Total					1.5E-04					1.9
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	--	0.28	--	0.28
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	7.0E-07	--	--	7.0E-07	Respiratory	--	0.76	--	0.76
			1,1-Dichloroethane	--	2.9E-05	--	--	2.9E-05	NA	--	--	--	
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	--	2.0	--	2.0
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	2.9E-06	--	--	2.9E-06	Nervous	--	0.056	--	0.056
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.13	--	0.13
			Benzene	--	3.0E-07	--	--	3.0E-07	Immune	--	0.0045	--	0.0045
			Bromodichloromethane	--	3.7E-06	--	--	3.7E-06	NA	--	--	--	--
			Chloroform	--	5.6E-06	--	--	5.6E-06	Hepatic	--	0.0037	--	0.0037
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	9.0E-08	--	--	9.0E-08	Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	0.00040	--	0.00040
			Methylene chloride	--	2.0E-09	--	--	2.0E-09	Hepatic	--	0.00058	--	0.00058
			Tetrachloroethene	--	2.9E-08	--	--	2.9E-08	Nervous, Ocular	--	0.0099	--	0.0099
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	3.6E-06	--	--	3.6E-06	NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	5.5E-06	--	--	5.5E-06	CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	3.1	--	3.1
			Vinyl chloride	--	3.4E-07	--	--	3.4E-07	Hepatic	--	0.0027	--	0.0027
			1,4-Dioxane	--	3.4E-05	--	--	3.4E-05	Nervous, Respiratory	--	0.79	--	0.79
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Aldrin	--	1.0E-05	--	--	1.0E-05	NA	--	--	--	--
			delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	Urinary	--	--	--	--
			Chromium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	Endocrine	--	7.7	--	7.7
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Chemical Total	--	9.6E-05	--	--	9.6E-05		--	14.8	--	14.8
			Exposure Point Total					9.6E-05					14.8
			Exposure Medium Total					9.6E-05					14.8
Medium Total								2.5E-04					16.7
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.00021	--	0.00020	0.00041
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	8.0E-10	--	3.0E-10	--	1.1E-09	Hematologic, Immune	0.000012	--	0.0000046	0.000017
			1,1-Dichloroethane	3.3E-08	--	1.3E-08	--	4.7E-08	Urinary	0.000010	--	0.0000041	0.000014
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	0.00025	--	0.0017	0.0043
			1,2-Dichloroethane	3.3E-09	--	8.3E-10	--	4.1E-09	Urinary	0.000021	--	0.0000053	0.000026
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.00025	--	0.000053	0.00030
			Benzene	6.8E-10	--	5.3E-10	--	1.2E-09	Immune	0.000011	--	0.0000085	0.000019
			Bromodichloromethane	2.0E-09	--	7.3E-10	--	2.7E-09	Urinary	0.0000357	--	0.0000021	0.0000377
			Chloroform	2.4E-09	--	1.1E-09	--	3.5E-09	Hepatic	0.000027	--	0.000018	0.000040
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	2.0E-10	--	2.4E-11	--	2.2E-10	NA	--	--	--	--

TABLE 9.7.C.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total			
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Methylene chloride	1.5E-10	--	2.5E-11	--	1.5E-10	Hepatic	0.00018	--	0.0000036	0.000022			
			Trichloroethene	7.6E-11	--	2.3E-10	--	3.1E-10	Nervous, Ocular	0.00021	--	0.000065	0.000086			
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	1.1E-08	--	9.1E-09	--	2.0E-08	NA	--	--	--	--			
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	2.1E-08	--	1.8E-08	--	3.9E-08	CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.0040	--	0.0034	0.0074			
			Vinyl chloride	1.8E-08	--	7.1E-09	--	2.5E-08	Hepatic	0.00029	--	0.00012	0.000041			
			1,4-Dioxane	2.2E-07	--	4.0E-09	--	2.2E-07	Hepatic, Urinary	0.00025	--	0.000047	0.00026			
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.6E-09	--	--	--	3.6E-09	NA	--	--	--	--			
			Aldrin	1.1E-08	--	--	--	1.1E-08	Hepatic	0.00079	--	--	0.000079			
			delta-BHC	1.6E-09	--	6.1E-09	--	7.7E-09	Hepatic	0.0000011	--	0.0000042	0.0000053			
			Dieldrin	3.0E-09	--	2.9E-08	--	3.2E-08	Hepatic	0.00013	--	0.00013	0.00014			
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.00021	--	0.000038	0.00022			
			Arsimony	--	--	--	--	--	Hematologic	0.00033	--	0.000039	0.00037			
			Arsenic	3.4E-07	--	6.1E-09	--	3.5E-07	Dermal, CVS	0.0027	--	0.000047	0.0027			
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	Urinary	0.00030	--	0.000032	0.00012			
			Chromium	3.9E-07	--	5.5E-07	--	9.4E-07	None Specified	0.00046	--	0.00064	0.0011			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.00054	--	0.000038	0.00055			
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	Reproductive	0.0031	--	0.000055	0.0032			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.00037	--	0.000065	0.00037			
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.00042	--	0.00018	0.00060			
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Body Weight	0.00048	--	0.000042	0.00052			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.00097	--	0.000017	0.00098			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.00010	--	0.000069	0.00017			
						Chemical Total	1.1E-06	--	6.2E-07	--	1.7E-06		0.017	--	0.0068	0.024
						Exposure Point Total					1.7E-06					0.024
						Exposure Medium Total					1.7E-06					0.024
			Air	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	Hepatic	--	0.0000017	--	0.0000017
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	2.8E-13				--	--	2.8E-13	Respiratory	--	0.0000031	--	0.0000031			
1,1-Dichloroethane	--	1.6E-11				--	--	1.6E-11	NA	--	--	--	--			
1,2-Dichloroethane	--	--				--	--	--	Hepatic	0.0000013	--	--	0.0000013			
1,2-Dichloroethane	--	1.3E-12				--	--	1.3E-12	Nervous	--	2.5E-8	--	2.5E-8			
2-Hexanone	--	--				--	--	--	Nervous	--	3.0E-8	--	3.0E-8			
Benzene	--	1.7E-13				--	--	1.7E-13	Immune	--	2.5E-9	--	2.5E-9			
Bromodichloromethane	--	1.8E-12				--	--	1.8E-12	NA	--	--	--	--			
Chloroform	--	2.9E-12				--	--	2.9E-12	Hepatic	--	4.6E-9	--	4.6E-9			
Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	3.4E-14				--	--	3.4E-14	Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	1.5E-10	--	1.5E-10			
Methylene chloride	--	1.0E-15				--	--	1.0E-15	Hepatic	--	3.0E-10	--	3.0E-10			
Tetrachloroethene	--	1.9E-14				--	--	1.9E-14	Nervous, Ocular	--	6.4E-9	--	6.4E-9			
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	2.1E-12				--	--	2.1E-12	NA	--	--	--	--			
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	3.3E-12				--	--	3.3E-12	CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	0.0000019	--	0.0000019			
Vinyl chloride	--	2.4E-13				--	--	2.4E-13	Hepatic	--	1.9E-9	--	1.9E-9			
1,4-Dioxane	--	1.0E-13				--	--	1.0E-13	Nervous, Respiratory	--	2.4E-9	--	2.4E-9			
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Aldrin	--	1.8E-12				--	--	1.8E-12	NA	--	--	--	--			
delta-BHC	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Dieldrin	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Aluminum	--	--				--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--			
Arsimony	--	--				--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--			
Arsenic	--	--				--	--	--	Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--			
Cadmium	--	--				--	--	--	Urinary	--	--	--	--			
Chromium	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--			
Cobalt	--	--				--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--			
Cyanide	--	--				--	--	--	Endocrine	0.0000019	--	--	0.0000019			
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--						

TABLE 9.7.C.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario: Trifluoromethyl Fluoride
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Lead	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	--	--	--
		Chemical Total	--	3.0E-11	--	--	3.0E-11		--	0.0000056	--	0.0000056	
		Exposure Point Total					3.0E-11					0.0000056	
		Exposure Medium Total					1.7E-05					0.024	
Medium Total							2.9E-04					17.6	
Receptor Total													

Notes:

1- Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total Body Weight HI	0.034
Total CVS HI	2.1
Total Dermal HI	0.75
Total Developmental HI	3.6
Total Endocrine HI	7.7
Total OS HI	0.24
Total Hematologic HI	0.025
Total Hepatic HI	2.6
Total Immune HI	3.6
Total Nervous HI	1.3
Total Nerve Specified HI	0.17
Total Reproductive HI	0.30
Total Respiratory HI	16
Total Thyroid HI	0.24
Total Urinary HI	0.050

TABLE 9.8.C.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 4

Szenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient						
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	1.7E-05							
			Arsenic	1.5E-05	--	1.5E-06	--	4.8E-05							
			Chromium	2.9E-05	--	1.9E-05	--	--							
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--							
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--							
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--							
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--							
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--							
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--							
			Chemical Total	4.4E-05	--	2.1E-05	--	6.5E-05							
	Exposure Point Total					6.5E-05									
	Exposure Medium Total					6.5E-05									
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--							
			Arsenic	--	3.8E-09	--	--	3.8E-09							
			Chromium	--	2.6E-07	--	--	2.6E-07							
Cobalt			--	4.5E-09	--	--	4.5E-09								
Copper			--	--	--	--	--								
Iron			--	--	--	--	--								
Manganese			--	--	--	--	--								
Thallium			--	--	--	--	--								
Vanadium			--	--	--	--	--								
Chemical Total			--	2.7E-07	--	--	2.7E-07								
Exposure Point Total					2.7E-07										
Exposure Medium Total					2.7E-07										
Medium Total					6.5E-05										
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--							
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	9.0E-08	--	1.4E-08	--	1.0E-07							
			1,1-Dichloroethane	3.8E-06	--	6.6E-07	--	4.4E-06							
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--							
			1,2-Dichloroethane	3.7E-07	--	4.1E-08	--	4.1E-07							
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--							
			Benzene	7.8E-08	--	2.7E-08	--	1.0E-07							
			Bromodichloromethane	2.3E-07	--	3.5E-08	--	2.6E-07							
			Chloroform	2.7E-07	--	5.4E-08	--	3.3E-07							
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	2.3E-08	--	1.2E-09	--	2.4E-08							
			Methylene chloride	2.1E-08	--	1.5E-09	--	2.2E-08							
			Tetrachloroethene	8.6E-09	--	1.1E-08	--	2.0E-08							
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	1.7E-06	--	5.3E-07	--	2.2E-06							
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	2.4E-06	--	9.7E-07	--	3.3E-06							
			Vinyl chloride	2.2E-05	--	2.2E-06	--	2.4E-05							
			1,4-Dioxane	2.5E-05	--	2.0E-07	--	2.5E-05							
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.0E-07	--	0.0E+00	--	6.0E-07							
			Aldrin	1.3E-06	--	0.0E+00	--	1.3E-06							
			dieldrin	1.9E-07	--	2.9E-07	--	4.7E-07							
			Dieldrin	3.4E-07	--	1.4E-06	--	1.7E-06							
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--							
			Arsimony	--	--	--	--	--							
			Arsenic	3.9E-05	--	5.6E-07	--	4.0E-05							
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--										
Chromium	6.2E-05	--	5.8E-05	--	1.2E-04										
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--										
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--										
Iron	--	--	--	--	--										
Lead	--	--	--	--	--										

TABLE 9.8.C.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	1.6E-04	--	6.5E-05	--	2.2E-04					
			Exposure Point Total					2.2E-04					
			Exposure Medium Total					2.2E-04					
Air	Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	7.0E-07	--	--	7.0E-07					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	--	2.9E-05	--	--	2.9E-05					
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--					
			2-Hexanone	--	2.9E-06	--	--	2.9E-06					
			Benzene	--	3.0E-07	--	--	3.0E-07					
			Bromodichloromethane	--	3.7E-06	--	--	3.7E-06					
			Chloroform	--	5.6E-06	--	--	5.6E-06					
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	9.0E-08	--	--	9.0E-08					
			Methylene chloride	--	2.0E-09	--	--	2.0E-09					
			Tetrachloroethene	--	2.9E-08	--	--	2.9E-08					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	3.6E-06	--	--	3.6E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	5.5E-06	--	--	5.5E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	--	3.4E-07	--	--	3.4E-07					
			1,4-Dioxane	--	3.4E-05	--	--	3.4E-05					
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--					
			Aldrin	--	1.0E-05	--	--	1.0E-05					
			delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--					
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--					
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--					
			Antimony	--	--	--	--	--					
			Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--					
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chromium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--					
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--					
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--					
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--					
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	--	9.6E-05	--	--	9.6E-05					
			Exposure Point Total					9.6E-05					
			Exposure Medium Total					9.6E-05					
			Exposure Point Total					9.6E-05					
Medium Total								9.6E-05					
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	8.0E-10	--	3.0E-10	--	1.1E-09					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	3.3E-08	--	1.3E-08	--	4.7E-08					
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	3.3E-09	--	8.3E-10	--	4.1E-09					
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--					
			Benzene	6.8E-10	--	5.3E-10	--	1.2E-09					
			Bromodichloromethane	2.0E-09	--	7.3E-10	--	2.7E-09					
			Chloroform	2.4E-09	--	1.1E-09	--	3.5E-09					
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	2.0E-10	--	2.4E-11	--	2.2E-10					

TABLE 9.3.C.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 5 OF 4

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Groundwater	Groundwater Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Methylene chloride	1.3E-10	--	2.5E-11	--	1.5E-10						
			Trichloroethene	7.6E-11	--	2.3E-10	--	3.1E-10						
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	1.1E-08	--	9.1E-09	--	2.0E-08						
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	2.1E-08	--	1.8E-08	--	3.9E-08						
			Vinyl chloride	1.8E-08	--	7.1E-09	--	2.5E-08						
			1,4-Dioxane	2.2E-07	--	4.0E-09	--	2.2E-07						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.6E-09	--	0.0E+00	--	3.6E-09						
			Aldrin	1.1E-08	--	0.0E+00	--	1.1E-08						
			delta-BHC	1.6E-09	--	6.1E-09	--	7.7E-09						
			Dieldrin	3.0E-09	--	2.9E-08	--	3.2E-08						
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsimony	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	3.4E-07	--	6.1E-09	--	3.5E-07						
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chromium	3.9E-07	--	5.5E-07	--	9.4E-07						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--						
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--									
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--									
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--									
			Chemical Total	1.1E-06	--	6.2E-07	--	1.7E-06						
			Exposure Point Total					1.7E-06						
			Exposure Medium Total					1.7E-06						
Air	Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--						
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	--	2.8E-13	--	--	2.8E-13						
			1,1-Dichloroethane	--	1.6E-11	--	--	1.6E-11						
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--						
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	1.3E-12	--	--	1.3E-12						
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--						
			Benzene	--	1.7E-13	--	--	1.7E-13						
			Bromodichloromethane	--	1.8E-12	--	--	1.8E-12						
			Chloroform	--	2.9E-12	--	--	2.9E-12						
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	--	3.4E-14	--	--	3.4E-14						
			Methylene chloride	--	1.0E-15	--	--	1.0E-15						
			Tetrachloroethene	--	1.9E-14	--	--	1.9E-14						
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	2.1E-12	--	--	2.1E-12						
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	3.3E-12	--	--	3.3E-12						
			Vinyl chloride	--	2.4E-13	--	--	2.4E-13						
			1,4-Dioxane	--	1.0E-13	--	--	1.0E-13						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--						
			Aldrin	--	1.8E-12	--	--	1.8E-12						
			delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--						
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--						
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--									
Arsimony	--	--	--	--	--									
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--									
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--									
Chromium	--	--	--	--	--									
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--									
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--									
Iron	--	--	--	--	--									

TABLE 9.8 C TE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 4 OF 4

Scenario: Trifluoromethyl Fluoride
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air Ingestion	Baghurst Drive Site	Lead	--	--	--	--	--					
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
		Chemical Total	--	3.0E-11	--	--	3.0E-11						
		Exposure Point Total					3.0E-11						
		Exposure Medium Total					1.7E-05						
Medium Total													
Receptor Total													
								3.9E-04					

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.9 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total			
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS GS Nervous Dermal Dermal	0.011	--	0.00013	0.011			
			Arsenic	3.5E-07	--	2.1E-08	--	3.7E-07		0.027	--	0.0016	0.029			
			Chromium	1.4E-06	--	6.9E-07	--	2.1E-06		0.052	--	0.0025	0.077			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.026	--	0.00031	0.026			
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		0.0087	--	0.00010	0.0088			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		0.020	--	0.00024	0.021			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		0.013	--	0.0038	0.017			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		0.021	--	0.00025	0.021			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		0.0055	--	0.0025	0.0080			
			Chemical Total	1.8E-06	--	7.1E-07	--	2.5E-06		0.14	--	0.011	0.15			
Exposure Point Total				2.5E-06					0.15							
Exposure Medium Total				2.5E-06					0.15							
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous Dermal, CVS Respiratory Respiratory NA NA Nervous NA Respiratory	--	0.000010	--	0.000010			
			Arsenic	--	8.0E-12	--	--	8.0E-12		--	0.0000049	--	0.0000049			
			Chromium	--	1.2E-09	--	--	1.2E-09		--	0.00000753	--	0.0000075			
			Cobalt	--	9.6E-12	--	--	9.6E-12		--	0.0000062	--	0.0000062			
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		--	0.000030	--	0.000030			
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--			
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		--	0.000013	--	0.000013			
			Chemical Total	--	1.2E-09	--	--	1.2E-09		--	0.000053	--	0.000053			
Exposure Point Total				1.2E-09					0.000053							
Exposure Medium Total				1.2E-09					0.000053							
Medium Total				2.5E-06					0.15							
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.7E-09	--	7.6E-10	--	2.5E-09	Urinary Hepatic Hepatic Dermal, CVS None Specified Nervous	0.000052	--	0.000023	0.000075			
			Dieldrin	1.5E-08	--	1.4E-07	--	1.6E-07		0.00067	--	0.0003	0.0009			
			Heptachlor Epoxide	4.5E-09	--	2.9E-08	--	3.3E-08		0.0013	--	0.0004	0.00097			
			Arsenic	2.0E-07	--	9.9E-09	--	2.1E-07		0.016	--	0.00077	0.017			
			Chromium	6.9E-08	--	2.7E-07	--	3.3E-07		0.00025	--	0.00096	0.0012			
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		0.038	--	0.046	0.08			
			Chemical Total	2.9E-07	--	4.5E-07	--	7.4E-07		0.056	--	0.063	0.12			
			Exposure Point Total				7.4E-07					0.12				
			Exposure Medium Total				7.4E-07					0.12				
			Medium Total				7.4E-07					0.12				
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perikomen Creek	Arsenic	2.6E-08	--	1.3E-09	--	2.7E-08	Dermal, CVS	0.0020	--	0.000088	0.0021			
			Chemical Total	2.6E-08	--	1.3E-09	--	2.7E-08		0.0020	--	0.000088	0.0021			
		Exposure Point Total				2.7E-08					0.0021					
		Exposure Medium Total				2.7E-08					0.0021					
Medium Total				2.7E-08					0.0021							
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	1.5E-07	--	8.9E-09	--	1.6E-07	Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS	0.012	--	0.00069	0.012			
			Chromium	1.4E-06	--	6.5E-07	--	2.0E-06		0.0049	--	0.0023	0.0073			
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.024	--	0.00028	0.024			
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		0.025	--	0.00030	0.025			
			Chemical Total	1.5E-06	--	6.6E-07	--	2.2E-06		0.066	--	0.0036	0.069			
			Exposure Point Total				2.2E-06					0.069				
Exposure Medium Total				2.2E-06					0.069							
Medium Total				2.2E-06					0.069							

TABLE 9.9 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient								
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total				
Sediment	Sediment	Perkomen Creek	Chromium	1.9E-06	--	7.5E-07	--	2.3E-06	None Specified	0.0067	--	0.0027	0.0094				
			Chemical Total	1.9E-06	--	7.5E-07	--	2.3E-06						0.0067	--	0.0027	0.0094
			Exposure Point Total	2.3E-06										0.0094			
Exposure Medium Total		2.3E-06					0.0094										
Medium Total				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream					Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream								
				5.4E-06					0.34								
				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkomen Creek					Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkomen Creek								
				4.9E-06					0.16								

Notes:

1. Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total CVS HI	0.000
Total Dermal HI	0.009
Total GS HI	0.055
Total Hepatic HI	0.017
Total Nervous HI	0.11
Total None Specified HI	0.025
Total Respiratory HI	0.000083
Total Thyroid HI	0.050
Total Urinary HI	0.00075

TABLE 6-10 CTE
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Recreational User
Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.00075	--	0.00015	0.00077
			Arsenic	8.5E-08	--	8.6E-09	--	9.4E-08	Dermal, CVS	0.0019	--	0.00019	0.0021
			Chromium	8.6E-08	--	6.9E-08	--	1.6E-07	None Specified	0.00037	--	0.00029	0.00066
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.0018	--	0.000037	0.0019
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.00061	--	0.00012	0.00062
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.0014	--	0.000029	0.0015
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.00090	--	0.00045	0.0013
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.0015	--	0.000029	0.0015
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Dermal	0.00039	--	0.00030	0.00068
			Chemical Total	1.7E-07	--	7.8E-08	--	2.5E-07		0.0096	--	0.0014	0.011
	Exposure Point Total					2.5E-07					0.011		
	Exposure Medium Total					2.5E-07					0.011		
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	2.8E-11	Nervous	--	0.000010	--	0.000010
			Arsenic	--	2.9E-11	--	--	2.8E-11	Dermal, CVS	--	0.00000043	--	0.00000043
			Chromium	--	9.9E-10	--	--	9.9E-10	Respiratory	--	0.00000075	--	0.00000075
Cobalt			--	3.4E-11	--	--	3.4E-11	Respiratory	--	0.0000062	--	0.0000062	
Copper			--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
Iron			--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
Manganese			--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.000030	--	0.000030	
Thallium			--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
Vanadium			--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	0.0000013	--	0.0000013	
Chemical Total			--	1.1E-09	--	--	1.1E-09		--	0.000053	--	0.000053	
Exposure Point Total					1.1E-09					0.000053			
Exposure Medium Total					1.1E-09					0.000053			
Medium Total					2.5E-07					0.011			
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	4.8E-10	--	1.3E-09	--	1.7E-09	Urinary	0.0000042	--	0.000011	0.000015
			Dieldrin	4.3E-09	--	2.4E-07	--	2.4E-07	Hepatic	0.000054	--	0.0030	0.0030
			Hexachlor Epoxide	1.3E-09	--	4.7E-08	--	4.8E-08	Hepatic	0.00011	--	0.0040	0.0041
			Arsenic	5.7E-08	--	1.6E-08	--	7.4E-08	Dermal, CVS	0.0013	--	0.00037	0.0016
			Chromium	4.7E-09	--	1.1E-07	--	1.1E-07	None Specified	0.00020	--	0.00046	0.00048
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.0031	--	0.022	0.025
			Chemical Total	6.8E-08	--	4.1E-07	--	4.8E-07		0.0045	--	0.030	0.034
			Exposure Point Total					4.8E-07					0.034
			Exposure Medium Total					4.8E-07					0.034
			Medium Total					4.8E-07					0.034
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Arsenic	7.3E-09	--	2.1E-09	--	9.4E-09	Dermal, CVS	0.00016	--	0.000047	0.00021
			Chemical Total	7.3E-09	--	2.1E-09	--	9.4E-09		0.00016	--	0.000047	0.00021
			Exposure Point Total					9.4E-09				0.00021	
			Exposure Medium Total					9.4E-09				0.00021	
Medium Total					9.4E-09					0.00021			
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	1.1E-07	--	7.4E-08	--	1.8E-07	Dermal, CVS	0.00082	--	0.00058	0.0014
			Chromium	3.0E-07	--	1.7E-06	--	2.0E-06	None Specified	0.00035	--	0.0020	0.0023
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.0017	--	0.00024	0.0019
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.0018	--	0.00025	0.0020
			Chemical Total	4.0E-07	--	1.7E-06	--	2.2E-06		0.0046	--	0.0030	0.0076
			Exposure Point Total					2.2E-06					0.0076
Exposure Medium Total					2.2E-06					0.0076			
Medium Total					2.2E-06					0.0076			

TABLE 9-10 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
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Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Sediment	Sediment	Parklomen Creek	Chromium	3.4E-07	--	1.9E-06	--	2.3E-06	None Specified	0.00040	--	0.0022	0.0026
			Chemical Total	3.4E-07	--	1.9E-06	--	2.3E-06	0.00040	--	0.0022	0.0026	
			Exposure Point Total						2.3E-06				0.0026
			Exposure Medium Total						2.3E-06				0.0026
Medium Total						2.3E-06				0.0026			
Receptor Total	Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream					2.3E-06	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream			0.053			
Receptor Total	Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Parklomen Creek					3E-06	Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Parklomen Creek			0.014			

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 6-11 CTE
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Recreational User
Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--						
			Arsenic	4.3E-07	--	2.9E-08	--	4.6E-07						
			Chromium	1.5E-06	--	7.6E-07	--	2.3E-06						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--						
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chemical Total	2.0E-06	--	7.6E-07	--	2.7E-06						
	Exposure Point Total					2.7E-06								
	Exposure Medium Total					2.7E-06								
	Medium Total					2.7E-06								
	Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--					
Arsenic				--	3.6E-11	--	--	3.6E-11						
Chromium				--	2.2E-09	--	--	2.2E-09						
Cobalt				--	4.3E-11	--	--	4.3E-11						
Copper				--	--	--	--	--						
Iron				--	--	--	--	--						
Manganese				--	--	--	--	--						
Thallium				--	--	--	--	--						
Vanadium				--	--	--	--	--						
Chemical Total				--	2.2E-09	--	--	2.2E-09						
Exposure Point Total						2.2E-09								
Exposure Medium Total						2.2E-09								
Medium Total						2.2E-09								
Surface Water		Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	2.2E-09	--	2.0E-09	--	4.2E-09					
	Dieldrin			2.0E-08	--	3.9E-07	--	4.0E-07						
	Heptachlor Epoxide			5.7E-09	--	7.5E-08	--	8.1E-08						
	Arsenic			2.6E-07	--	2.6E-08	--	2.9E-07						
	Chromium			7.3E-08	--	3.7E-07	--	4.5E-07						
	Manganese			--	--	--	--	--						
	Chemical Total			3.6E-07	--	8.6E-07	--	1.2E-06						
	Exposure Point Total							1.2E-06						
	Exposure Medium Total							1.2E-06						
	Medium Total							1.2E-06						
	Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkiomen Creek	Arsenic	3.3E-08	--	3.4E-09	--	3.7E-08					
				Chemical Total	3.3E-08	--	3.4E-09	--	3.7E-08					
				Exposure Point Total					3.7E-08					
				Exposure Medium Total					3.7E-08					
Medium Total					3.7E-08									
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	2.5E-07	--	8.3E-08	--	3.4E-07						
			Chromium	1.7E-06	--	2.3E-06	--	4.0E-06						
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--						
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--						
			Chemical Total	1.9E-06	--	2.4E-06	--	4.3E-06						
			Exposure Point Total					4.3E-06						
Exposure Medium Total					4.3E-06									
Medium Total					4.3E-06									

TABLE 9.11 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient								
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total				
Sediment	Sediment	Perkormen Creek	Chromium	1.9E-06	--	2.7E-06	--	4.6E-06									
			Chemical Total	1.9E-06	--	2.7E-06	--	4.6E-06									
			Exposure Point Total					4.6E-06									
			Exposure Medium Total					4.6E-06									
Medium Total																	
													Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream	8.3E-06			
													Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkormen Creek	7.4E-06			

Notes:

1. Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 6-13.CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous Dermal, CVS None Specified Thyroid GS GS Nervous Dermal Dermal	0.0011	--	0.000034	0.0012	
			Arsenic	1.8E-07	--	2.8E-08	--	2.1E-07		0.0029	--	0.00043	0.0033	
			Chromium	3.6E-07	--	4.3E-07	--	7.8E-07		0.0055	--	0.00066	0.0012	
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--		0.0028	--	0.000083	0.0028	
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	0.000028	0.00095	
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--		0.0022	--	0.000065	0.0022	
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--		0.0014	--	0.0010	0.0024	
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--		0.0022	--	0.000067	0.0023	
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--		0.00059	--	0.00068	0.0013	
			Chemical Total	5.4E-07	--	4.5E-07	--	9.9E-07		--	0.015	--	0.0031	0.018
	Exposure Point Total				9.9E-07					0.018				
	Exposure Medium Total				9.9E-07					0.018				
	Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	2.0E-11	Nervous	--	0.0000052	--	0.0000052
				Arsenic	--	2.0E-11	--	--	2.0E-11	Dermal, CVS	--	0.0000022	--	0.0000022
				Chromium	--	1.4E-09	--	--	1.4E-09	Respiratory	--	0.0000038	--	0.0000038
Cobalt				--	2.4E-11	--	--	2.4E-11	Respiratory	--	0.0000031	--	0.0000031	
Copper				--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
Iron				--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--	
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	0.000015	--	0.000015				
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	NA	--	--	--	--				
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	Respiratory	--	0.0000066	--	0.0000066				
Chemical Total	--	1.4E-09	--	--	1.4E-09	--	--	0.000026	--	0.000026				
Exposure Point Total				1.4E-09					0.000026					
Exposure Medium Total				1.4E-09					0.000026					
Medium Total				1.0E-06					0.018					
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	1,1-Dichloroethane	6.2E-10	--	1.0E-09	--	1.6E-09	Urinary	0.0000038	--	0.0000082	0.000010	
			Dieldrin	5.6E-09	--	1.9E-07	--	2.0E-07	Hepatic	0.000049	--	0.0017	0.0017	
			Hexachlor Epoxide	1.6E-09	--	3.8E-08	--	4.0E-08	Hepatic	0.000097	--	0.0023	0.0023	
			Arsenic	7.4E-08	--	1.3E-08	--	8.8E-08	Dermal, CVS	0.0012	--	0.00021	0.0014	
			Chromium	1.2E-08	--	1.7E-07	--	1.8E-07	None Specified	0.000018	--	0.00026	0.00028	
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.0028	--	0.012	0.015	
			Chemical Total	9.4E-08	--	4.1E-07	--	5.0E-07	--	0.0041	--	0.017	0.021	
Exposure Point Total				5.0E-07					0.021					
Exposure Medium Total				5.0E-07					0.021					
Medium Total				5.0E-07					0.021					
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Arsenic	8.6E-08	--	1.2E-08	--	9.2E-08	Dermal, CVS	0.0012	--	0.00019	0.0014	
			Chromium	3.4E-07	--	4.1E-07	--	7.4E-07	None Specified	0.00053	--	0.00063	0.0012	
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	Thyroid	0.0025	--	0.000076	0.0028	
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--	GS	0.0027	--	0.000081	0.0028	
			Chemical Total	4.2E-07	--	4.2E-07	--	8.4E-07	--	0.0070	--	0.00097	0.0080	
			Exposure Point Total				8.4E-07					0.0080		
Exposure Medium Total				8.4E-07					0.0080					
Medium Total				8.4E-07					0.0080					
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total					Receptor HI Total					
				2.3E-06					0.047					

TABLE 9.12.CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total

Notes

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total CVS HI	0.0051
Total Dermal HI	0.0096
Total GS HI	0.0050
Total Hepatic HI	0.0041
Total Nervous HI	0.019
Total Nons-Specified HI	0.0026
Total Respiratory HI	0.000042
Total Thyroid HI	0.0055
Total Urinary HI	0.000010

TABLE 9.19.3.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	See Table 9.19.3.1E for Cancer Risks					Body Weight	0.042	--	0.0090	0.051	
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.0024	--	0.0021	0.0027	
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.020	--	0.0019	0.022	
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	0.51	--	0.080	0.58	
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.0042	--	0.0024	0.0044	
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	0.049	--	0.0024	0.052	
			Benzene						Immune	0.0022	--	0.0039	0.0026	
			Bromodichloromethane						Urinary	0.0011	--	0.00094	0.0012	
			Chloroform						Hepatic	0.0054	--	0.00058	0.0060	
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	0.0037	--	0.0016	0.0039	
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	0.0042	--	0.0030	0.0072	
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.80	--	0.16	0.95	
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	0.0068	--	0.00033	0.0064	
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.051	--	0.00022	0.051	
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Alum						Hepatic	0.016	--	--	0.016	
			delta-BHC						Hepatic	0.000022	--	0.000019	0.000041	
			Dieldrin						Hepatic	0.0026	--	0.0058	0.0084	
			Aluminum						Nervous	0.043	--	0.0021	0.045	
			Antimony						Hematologic	0.067	--	0.0022	0.069	
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.23	--	0.0026	0.24	
			Calcium						Urinary	0.018	--	0.0018	0.020	
			Chromium						None Specified	0.091	--	0.036	0.13	
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.11	--	0.0021	0.11	
			Cyanide						Reproductive	0.62	--	0.0031	0.63	
			Iron						NA	0.073	--	0.00036	0.074	
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese						Nervous	0.093	--	0.010	0.093	
			Nickel						Body Weight	0.0096	--	0.00024	0.0098	
			Thallium						Dermal	0.19	--	0.00055	0.19	
			Zinc						Dermal	0.020	--	0.0038	0.024	
						Chemical Total								3.7
						Exposure Point Total								3.7
						Exposure Medium Total								3.7
			Medium Total											3.7
Receptor Total											3.7			

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total Body Weight HI	0.051
Total CVS HI	1.5
Total Dermal HI	0.25
Total Developmental HI	0.95
Total GS HI	0.074
Total Hematologic HI	0.072
Total Hepatic HI	0.88
Total Immune HI	0.95
Total Nervous HI	0.19
Total None Specified HI	0.13
Total Reproductive HI	0.63
Total Thyroid HI	0.11
Total Urinary HI	0.099

TABLE 9.14.C.1E
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Respiration)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Body Weight	0.020	--	0.0043	0.024
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.011	--	0.00010	0.0012
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.0055	--	0.00059	0.010
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Hepatic	0.24	--	0.038	0.27
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.0020	--	0.00012	0.0021
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	0.023	--	0.011	0.024
			Benzene						Immune	0.0010	--	0.00019	0.0012
			Bromodichloromethane						Urinary	0.00053	--	0.000045	0.00057
			Chloroform						Hepatic	0.0025	--	0.00028	0.0028
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						NA	--	--	--	--
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	0.0017	--	0.000078	0.0018
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	0.0020	--	0.0014	0.0034
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.37	--	0.074	0.45
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	0.027	--	0.00025	0.030
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.024	--	0.00010	0.024
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--
			Alum						Hepatic	0.0074	--	0.00074	0.0074
			Beta-BHC						Hepatic	0.000010	--	0.0000092	0.000020
			Dieldrin						Hepatic	0.0012	--	0.00027	0.0040
			Aluminum						Nervous	0.020	--	0.000082	0.020
			Antimony						Hematologic	0.031	--	0.00085	0.032
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.25	--	0.0010	0.25
			Cadmium						Urinary	0.0084	--	0.00069	0.0091
			Chromium						None Specified	0.043	--	0.014	0.057
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.051	--	0.00088	0.051
			Cyanide						Reproductive	0.29	--	0.012	0.29
			Iron						GS	0.034	--	0.00014	0.035
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese						Nervous	0.039	--	0.0040	0.043
			Nickel						Body Weight	0.0045	--	0.000092	0.0046
			Thallium						Dermal	0.050	--	0.00037	0.051
			Zinc						Dermal	0.0055	--	0.0015	0.011
			Chemical Total							1.6	--	0.15	1.7
			Exposure Point Total										1.7
			Exposure Medium Total										1.7
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Hepatic	--	0.28	--	0.26
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Respiratory	--	0.76	--	0.76
			1,1-Dichloroethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Hepatic	--	2.0	--	2.0
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Nervous	--	0.056	--	0.056
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	--	0.13	--	0.13
			Benzene						Immune	--	0.0045	--	0.0045
			Bromodichloromethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			Chloroform						Hepatic	--	0.0087	--	0.0087
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	0.8040	--	0.8040
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	--	0.0058	--	0.0058
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	--	0.0099	--	0.0099
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	3.1	--	3.1
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	--	0.0027	--	0.0027
			1,4-Dioxane						Nervous, Respiratory	--	0.79	--	0.79
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--	--
			Alum						NA	--	--	--	--
			Beta-BHC						NA	--	--	--	--
			Dieldrin						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aluminum						Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Antimony						NA	--	--	--	--
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--
			Cadmium						Urinary	--	--	--	--
			Chromium						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cobalt						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cyanide						Endocrine	--	7.7	--	7.7
			Iron						NA	--	--	--	--
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--

TABLE 6.15.27E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario: Interim: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air	Bachurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Trinium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	--	3.3E-05	--	--	--	3.3E-05				
Exposure Medium Total							3.3E-05						
Medium Total							3.3E-05						
Receptor Total							1.4E-04						
Receptor Risk Total							1.4E-04						

Notes:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 9.16.C.1E
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: On-Site Resident
Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	See Table 9.16.C.1E for Cancer Risks					Nervous	0.096	--	0.0011	0.098
			Arsenic	0.24	--	0.014	--	0.26	Dermal, CVS	0.047	--	0.022	0.069
			Chromium					None Specified	0.23	--	0.0028	0.24	
			Cobalt					Thyroid	0.078	--	0.00093	0.079	
			Copper					CS	0.18	--	0.0022	0.19	
			Iron					Nervous	0.11	--	0.034	0.15	
			Manganese					Dermal	0.19	--	0.0022	0.19	
			Thallium					Dermal	0.049	--	0.023	0.072	
			Vanadium										
			Chemical Total						1.2	--	0.10	1.3	
			Exposure Point Total									1.3	
			Exposure Medium Total									1.3	
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum						Nervous	--	0.0011	--	0.0011
			Arsenic	--	0.00047	--	--	0.00047	Dermal, CVS	--	0.00047	--	0.00047
			Chromium					Respiratory	--	0.000081	--	0.000081	
			Cobalt					Respiratory	--	0.00067	--	0.00067	
			Copper					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Iron					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese					Nervous	--	0.0032	--	0.0032	
			Thallium					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Vanadium					Respiratory	--	0.00014	--	0.00014	
			Chemical Total						--	0.0057	--	0.0057	
			Exposure Point Total									0.0057	
			Exposure Medium Total									0.0057	
Medium Total												1.3	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Body Weight	0.042	--	0.0050	0.047
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.0024	--	0.00021	0.0022
			1,1-Dichloroethane					Urinary	0.020	--	0.0019	0.022	
			1,1-Dichloroethene					Hepatic	0.51	--	0.030	0.56	
			1,2-Dichloroethane					Urinary	0.0042	--	0.00024	0.0044	
			2-Hexanone					Nervous	0.049	--	0.0024	0.052	
			Benzene					Immune	0.0022	--	0.00039	0.0026	
			Bromodichloromethane					Urinary	0.0011	--	0.000094	0.0012	
			Chloroform					Hepatic	0.0054	--	0.00058	0.0060	
			Methyl tert-butyl ether					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Methylene chloride					Hepatic	0.0037	--	0.00016	0.0039	
			Tetrachloroethene					Nervous, Ocular	0.0042	--	0.0030	0.0072	
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)					CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.80	--	0.16	0.96	
			Vinyl chloride					Hepatic	0.0058	--	0.00053	0.0064	
			1,4-Dioxane					Hepatic, Urinary	0.021	--	0.00022	0.021	
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Allyl					Hepatic	0.016	--	0.0015	0.018	
			Beta-BHC					Hepatic	0.000022	--	0.0000019	0.000041	
			Dieldrin					Hepatic	0.0026	--	0.00058	0.0034	
			Aluminum					Nervous	0.043	--	0.0021	0.045	
			Antimony					Hematologic	0.067	--	0.0022	0.069	
			Arsenic					Dermal, CVS	0.53	--	0.0026	0.54	
			Cadmium					Urinary	0.018	--	0.0018	0.020	
			Chromium					None Specified	0.021	--	0.036	0.13	
			Cobalt					Thyroid	0.11	--	0.00021	0.11	
			Cyanide					Reproductive	0.62	--	0.0031	0.63	
			Iron					CS	0.073	--	0.00036	0.074	
			Lead					NA	--	--	--	--	
			Manganese					Nervous	0.089	--	0.010	0.093	
			Nickel					Body Weight	0.0096	--	0.00024	0.0098	
			Thallium					Dermal	0.19	--	0.00095	0.19	
			Vanadium					Dermal	0.020	--	0.0038	0.024	
			Chemical Total						3.4	--	0.32	3.7	
			Exposure Point Total									3.7	
			Exposure Medium Total									3.7	
Medium Total												3.7	
Receptor Total												5.0	

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 6-17. CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient						
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Respiration)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	See Table 6-18 CTE for Cancer Risks					Nervous	0.0088	--	0.00014	0.0089		
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.017	--	0.0017	0.019		
			Chromium						None Specified	0.0033	--	0.0026	0.0059		
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.016	--	0.00033	0.017		
			Copper						CS	0.0088	--	0.00011	0.0086		
			Iron						CS	0.013	--	0.00028	0.013		
			Manganese						Nervous	0.0081	--	0.0041	0.012		
			Thallium						Dermal	0.013	--	0.00026	0.013		
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.0088	--	0.0027	0.0089		
			Chemical Total							0.087	--	0.012	0.099		
Exposure Point Total								0.099							
Exposure Medium Total								0.099							
Air	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum						Nervous	--	0.0011	--	0.0011		
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	0.00047	--	0.00047		
			Chromium						Respiratory	--	0.00081	--	0.00081		
			Cobalt						Respiratory	--	0.00067	--	0.00067		
			Copper						NA	--	--	--	--		
			Iron						NA	--	--	--	--		
			Manganese						NA	--	0.0032	--	0.0032		
			Thallium						NA	--	--	--	--		
			Vanadium						Respiratory	--	0.0014	--	0.0014		
			Chemical Total							--	0.0067	--	0.0067		
Exposure Point Total								0.0067							
Exposure Medium Total								0.0067							
Medium Total								0.10							
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Body Weight	0.020	--	0.0043	0.024		
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.0011	--	0.00010	0.0012		
			1,1-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.0095	--	0.00089	0.010		
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	0.24	--	0.036	0.27		
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Urinary	0.0020	--	0.00012	0.0021		
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	0.023	--	0.0011	0.024		
			Benzene						Immune	0.0010	--	0.00018	0.0012		
			Bromodichloromethane						Urinary	0.00053	--	0.000045	0.00057		
			Chloroform						Hepatic	0.0025	--	0.00028	0.0028		
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						NA	--	--	--			
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	0.0017	--	0.000078	0.0018		
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	0.0020	--	0.0014	0.0034		
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--			
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.37	--	0.074	0.45		
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	0.0027	--	0.00025	0.0030		
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.024	--	0.00010	0.024		
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene						NA	--	--	--			
			Allyl						Hepatic	0.0074	--	0.000092	0.0074		
			Beta-BHC						Hepatic	0.00010	--	0.0000092	0.00010		
			Dieldrin						Hepatic	0.0012	--	0.00027	0.0015		
			Aluminum						Nervous	0.020	--	0.000082	0.020		
			Antimony						Hematologic	0.031	--	0.00035	0.032		
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.25	--	0.0010	0.25		
			Cadmium						Urinary	0.0084	--	0.00069	0.0091		
			Chromium						None Specified	0.043	--	0.014	0.057		
			Cobalt						Thyroid	0.051	--	0.000083	0.051		
			Cyanide						Reproductive	0.29	--	0.0012	0.29		
			Iron						CS	0.034	--	0.00014	0.035		
			Lead						NA	--	--	--			
			Manganese						Nervous	0.039	--	0.0040	0.043		
			Nickel						Body Weight	0.0045	--	0.000092	0.0046		
			Thallium						Dermal	0.090	--	0.00037	0.091		
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.0085	--	0.0015	0.011		
			Chemical Total							1.8	--	0.15	1.7		
			Exposure Point Total								1.7				
			Exposure Medium Total								1.7				

TABLE 6.17.2.1E
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Hepatic	--	0.26	--	0.26
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Respiratory	--	0.76	--	0.76
			1,1-Dichloroethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	--	2.0	--	2.0
			1,2-Dichloroethane						Nervous	--	0.056	--	0.056
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	--	0.13	--	0.13
			Benzene						Immune	--	0.0045	--	0.0045
			Bromodichloromethane						NA	--	--	--	--
			Chloroform						Hepatic	--	0.0087	--	0.0087
			Methyl tert-butyl ether						Hepatic, Urinary, Ocular	--	0.00040	--	0.00040
			Methylene chloride						Hepatic	--	0.00058	--	0.00058
			Tetrachloroethene						Nervous, Ocular	--	0.0099	--	0.0099
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)						NA	--	--	--	--
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	3.1	--	3.1
			Vinyl chloride						Hepatic	--	0.0027	--	0.0027
			1,4-Dioxane						Nervous, Respiratory	--	0.79	--	0.79
			Benzo(a)pyrene						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aladin						NA	--	--	--	--
			Beta-BHC						NA	--	--	--	--
			Dieldrin						NA	--	--	--	--
			Aluminum						Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Antimony						NA	--	--	--	--
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--
			Cadmium						Urinary	--	--	--	--
			Chromium						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cobalt						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Cyanide						Endocrine	--	7.7	--	7.7
			Iron						NA	--	--	--	--
			Lead						NA	--	--	--	--
			Manganese						Nervous	--	--	--	--
			Nickel						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Thallium						NA	--	--	--	--
			Vanadium						Respiratory	--	--	--	--
			Exposure Point Total					--	14.8	--	14.8		
			Exposure Medium Total								14.8		
Medium Total											14.8		
Receptor Total											16.6		

Notes:

1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

Total Body Weight HI	0.029
Total CVS HI	3.8
Total Dermal HI	0.39
Total Developmental HI	3.8
Total GI HI	0.025
Total Hematologic HI	7.7
Total Hepatic HI	0.033
Total Immune HI	3.6
Total Nervous HI	1.1
Total None Specified HI	0.065
Total Reproductive HI	0.29
Total Respiratory HI	1.6
Total Thyroid HI	0.065
Total Urinary HI	0.047

TABLE 9.19.C.1E
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	See Tables 9.19.C.1E and 9.19.C.1F for Hazard Indices				
			Arsenic	3.9E-06	--	2.6E-07	--	4.2E-06					
			Chromium	1.4E-05	--	6.8E-06	--	2.1E-05					
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--					
			Copper	--	--	--	--	--					
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--					
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	1.8E-05	--	7.1E-06	--	2.5E-05					
	Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	2.5E-05							
	Exposure Medium Total	--	--	--	--	2.5E-05							
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--					
			Arsenic	--	3.9E-09	--	--	3.9E-09					
			Chromium	--	2.3E-07	--	--	2.3E-07					
Cobalt			--	4.7E-09	--	--	4.7E-09						
Copper			--	--	--	--	--						
Chemical Total	--	2.4E-07	--	--	2.4E-07								
Exposure Point Total	--	2.4E-07	--	--	2.4E-07								
Exposure Medium Total	--	2.4E-07	--	--	2.4E-07								
Medium Total					2.5E-05								
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4.2E-08	--	3.7E-09	--	4.6E-08					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	1.7E-06	--	1.6E-07	--	1.9E-06					
			1,1-Dichloroethene	--	--	--	--	--					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	1.7E-07	--	1.0E-08	--	1.8E-07					
			2-Hexanone	--	--	--	--	--					
			Benzene	3.6E-08	--	6.5E-09	--	4.2E-08					
			Bromodichloromethane	1.1E-07	--	8.9E-09	--	1.1E-07					
			Chloroform	1.3E-07	--	1.4E-08	--	1.4E-07					
			Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.1E-08	--	2.9E-10	--	1.1E-08					
			Methylene chloride	1.1E-08	--	5.1E-10	--	1.2E-08					
			Tetrachloroethene	4.0E-09	--	2.8E-09	--	6.8E-09					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	9.6E-07	--	1.9E-07	--	1.1E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	1.1E-06	--	2.2E-07	--	1.3E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	2.1E-05	--	1.9E-06	--	2.2E-05					
			1,4-Dioxane	1.3E-05	--	4.9E-08	--	1.3E-05					
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.4E-07	--	--	--	3.4E-07					
			Alcath	6.1E-07	--	--	--	6.1E-07					
			Beta-BHC	9.4E-08	--	7.4E-08	--	1.6E-07					
			Dieldrin	1.6E-07	--	3.5E-07	--	5.1E-07					
			Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--					
			Antimony	--	--	--	--	--					
			Arsenic	1.8E-05	--	8.0E-08	--	1.8E-05					
			Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chromium	3.5E-05	--	1.3E-05	--	4.9E-05					
			Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--					
			Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--					
			Iron	--	--	--	--	--					
			Lead	--	--	--	--	--					
			Manganese	--	--	--	--	--					
			Nickel	--	--	--	--	--					
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	9.1E-05	--	1.6E-05	--	1.1E-04					
			Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	1.1E-04					
Exposure Medium Total	--	--	--	--	1.1E-04								

RAGS Part D Table 10

Risk Summary

LIST OF TABLES
RAGS PART D TABLE 10
RISK SUMMARY

Table No.
Reasonable Maximum Exposures

- 10.1.RME Current Trespassers
- 10.2.RME Current Child Recreational Users
- 10.3.RME Current Adult Recreational Users
- 10.4.RME Current Lifelong Recreational Users
- 10.5.RME Future Construction Workers
- 10.6.RME Future Child Farmers
- 10.7.RME Future Adult Farmers
- 10.8.RME Future Lifelong Farmers
- 10.9.RME Future Child Recreational Users
- 10.10.RME Future Adult Recreational Users
- 10.11.RME Future Lifelong Recreational Users
- 10.12.RME Future Trespassers
- 10.13.RME Future Off-Site Child Residents
- 10.14.RME Future Off-Site Adult Residents
- 10.15.RME Future Off-Site Lifelong Residents
- 10.16.RME Future On-Site Child Residents
- 10.17.RME Future On-Site Adult Residents
- 10.18.RME Future On-Site Lifelong Residents

Central Tendency Exposures

- 10.1.CTE Current Trespassers
- 10.2.CTE Current Child Recreational Users
- 10.3.CTE Current Adult Recreational Users
- 10.4.CTE Current Lifelong Recreational Users
- 10.5.CTE Future Construction Workers
- 10.6.CTE Future Child Farmers
- 10.7.CTE Future Adult Farmers
- 10.8.CTE Future Lifelong Farmers
- 10.9.CTE Future Child Recreational Users
- 10.10.CTE Future Adult Recreational Users
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- 10.12.CTE Future Trespassers
- 10.13.CTE Future Off-Site Child Residents
- 10.14.CTE Future Off-Site Adult Residents
- 10.15.CTE Future Off-Site Lifelong Residents
- 10.16.CTE Future On-Site Child Residents
- 10.17.CTE Future On-Site Adult Residents
- 10.18.CTE Future On-Site Lifelong Residents

TABLE 10.1 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
			Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
			Exposure Medium Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium Total				All Cancer Risks Within Acceptable Levels					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
			Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
			Exposure Medium Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Medium Total				All Cancer Risks Within Acceptable Levels					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total					Receptor HQ Total				

TABLE 10.2.RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkhomen Creek		See Table 10.4.RME for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total										
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perkhomen Creek		See Table 10.4.RME for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total										
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Receptor Total												Receptor HI Total	

TABLE 10.3.RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkhomen Creek		See Table 10.4.RME for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total										
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perkhomen Creek		See Table 10.4.RME for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total										
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Receptor Total												Receptor HI Total	

TABLE 10.5.F.1E
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	0.10	--	0.05	0.2	
			Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--		0.2	--	0.05	0.3	
			Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	--	--	0.3
	Exposure Medium Total												0.3	
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	Nervous	--	3	--	3	
			Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--		--	3	--	3	
			Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	--		--	--	3	--	3
	Exposure Medium Total												3	
Medium Total													3	
Receptor Total													3	
								Receptor Risk Total						
													Receptor HI Total	3

TABLE 10.6.RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmer
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient						
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum						Nervous	0.4	--	0.009	0.4		
			Arsenic							Dermal, CVS	0.9	--	0.1	1	
			Manganese								Nervous	0.4	--	0.5	0.7
			Thallium								Dermal	0.7	--	0.02	0.7
			Vanadium								Dermal	0.2	--	0.2	0.4
			Chemical Total									2	--	0.5	3
Exposure Point Total												3			
Exposure Medium Total												3			
Medium Total													3		
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	1	--	0.1	1		
			Trichloroethene							CVS, Immune, Developmental	2	--	0.3	2	
			Aluminum								Nervous	0.1	--	0.005	0.1
			Arsenic								Dermal, CVS	1	--	0.005	1
			Cyanide								Reproductive	2	--	0.007	2
			Manganese								Nervous	0.2	--	0.02	0.2
Thallium						Dermal	0.5	--	0.002		0.5				
Chemical Total							6	--	0.4	7					
Exposure Point Total											7				
Exposure Medium Total												7			
Medium Total													7		
Receptor Total											10				

TABLE 10.7.RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Trichloroethylene
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Aluminum	See Table 10.8.RME for Cancer Risks					Nervous	0.2	--	0.007	0.2
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.6	--	0.09	0.7
			Manganese						Nervous	0.3	--	0.2	0.5
			Thallium						Dermal	0.4	--	0.014	0.4
			Vanadium						Dermal	0.11	--	0.14	0.3
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total					1	--	0.5	2		
		Exposure Medium Total									2		
Medium Total												2	
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Body Weight	0.06	--	0.01	0.07
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.004	--	0.0003	0.004
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	0.7	--	0.10	0.8
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	0.07	--	0.003	0.07
			Trichloroethene						CVS, Immune, Developmental	1	--	0.2	1
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic, Urinary	0.07	--	0.0003	0.07
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.6	--	0.004	0.6
			Thallium						Dermal	0.3	--	0.002	0.3
			Cyanide						Reproductive	0.9	--	0.005	1
					Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total					4	--	0.3
		Exposure Medium Total									4		
Medium Total												4	
Groundwater	Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Hepatic	--	0.4	--	0.4
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Respiratory	--	1	--	1
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	--	3	--	3
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	--	0.2	--	0.2
			Trichloroethene						CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	5	--	5
			1,4-Dioxane						Nervous, Respiratory	--	1	--	1
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--
			Thallium						NA	--	--	--	--
			Cyanide						Endocrine	--	11	--	11
					Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total					--	22	--
		Exposure Medium Total									22		
Medium Total												22	
Groundwater	Groundwater - Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels										
			Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total									
			Exposure Medium Total										
Groundwater	Air - Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels										
			Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total									
			Exposure Medium Total										
Medium Total												--	
Receptor III Total												27	

TABLE 10.8 RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 2

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exermal (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Arsenic	7E-05	-	1E-05	-	9E-05	See Tables 10.6 RME and 10.7 RME for Hazard Indices				
			Chromium	2E-04	-	2E-04	-	3E-04					
			Chemical Total	2E-04	-	2E-04	-	4E-04					
	Exposure Point Total						4E-04						
	Exposure Medium Total						4E-04						
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Arsenic	-	2E-06	-	-	2E-06					
			Chromium	-	1E-06	-	-	1E-06					
			Chemical Total	-	1E-06	-	-	1E-06					
	Exposure Point Total						1E-06						
	Exposure Medium Total						1E-06						
Medium Total													
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	3E-07	-	2E-08	-	4E-07					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	1E-05	-	1E-06	-	2E-05					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	1E-06	-	7E-08	-	2E-06					
			Bromodichloromethane	9E-07	-	6E-08	-	9E-07					
			Chloroform	1E-06	-	9E-08	-	1E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	7E-06	-	1E-06	-	8E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	9E-06	-	1E-06	-	1E-05					
			Vinyl chloride	4E-05	-	3E-06	-	4E-05					
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	3E-06	-	-	-	3E-06					
			Aldrin	5E-06	-	-	-	5E-06					
			delta-BHC	7E-07	-	5E-07	-	1E-06					
			Dieldrin	1E-06	-	2E-06	-	4E-06					
			Arsenic	2E-04	-	8E-07	-	2E-04					
			Chromium	3E-04	-	1E-04	-	4E-04					
			Chemical Total	5E-04	-	1E-04	-	6E-04					
			Exposure Point Total						6E-04				
	Exposure Medium Total						6E-04						
Groundwater	Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	-	1E-06	-	-	1E-06					
			1,1-Dichloroethane	-	4E-05	-	-	4E-05					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	-	4E-06	-	-	4E-06					
			Bromodichloromethane	-	6E-06	-	-	6E-06					
			Chloroform	-	8E-06	-	-	8E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	-	5E-06	-	-	5E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	-	8E-06	-	-	8E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	-	5E-07	-	-	5E-07					
			Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	-	-	-	-	-					
			Aldrin	-	2E-05	-	-	2E-05					
			delta-BHC	-	-	-	-	-					
			Dieldrin	-	-	-	-	-					
			Arsenic	-	-	-	-	-					
			Chromium	-	-	-	-	-					
			Chemical Total	-	9E-05	-	-	9E-05					
			Exposure Point Total						9E-05				
	Exposure Medium Total						9E-05						
Medium Total													
Groundwater	Groundwater - Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Chromium	6E-07	-	7E-06	-	7E-06					
			Chemical Total	6E-07	-	7E-06	-	7E-06					
			Exposure Point Total					7E-06					
Exposure Medium Total						7E-06							

TABLE 10.6.RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 2 OF 2

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Farmers
 Receptor Age: Lifelong (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient			
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exermal (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal
Groundwater	Air - Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	Chromium	-	-	-	-	-				
			Chemical Total	-	-	-	-	-				
		Exposure Point Total										
	Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total								7E-06				
Receptor Total								2E-03				

NOTES:
 1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 10.9.RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk				Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total					See Table 10.11 RME for Cancer Risks				All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total									--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total													
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total									--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total															
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total									--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total															
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total									--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total															
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total									--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total															
Sediment	Sediment	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total									--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total															
										Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream				--	
										Receptor HI Total - subsurface Soil and Perfomen Creek				--	

TABLE 10.10 RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk				Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient											
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total						
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total									See Table 10.11 RME for Cancer Risks				All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total													--	--	--	--	
	Exposure Medium Total																		
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels							
		Exposure Point Total													--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total																	
Medium Total																			
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels							
		Exposure Point Total													--	--	--	--	
	Exposure Medium Total																		
Medium Total																			
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels							
		Exposure Point Total													--	--	--	--	
	Exposure Medium Total																		
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels							
		Exposure Point Total													--	--	--	--	
	Exposure Medium Total																		
Medium Total																			
Sediment	Sediment	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels							
		Exposure Point Total													--	--	--	--	
	Exposure Medium Total																		
Medium Total																			
Receptor Total											Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream								
Receptor Total											Receptor HI Total - subsurface Soil and Perfomen Creek								

TABLE 10.11 RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: 1 (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	See Tables 10.9 RME and 10.10 RME for Hazard Indices				
		Exposure Point Total											
	Exposure Medium Total												
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkamen Creek	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perkamen Creek	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream					--				
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkamen Creek					--				

TABLE 10.12 RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Medium Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium Total				--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium Total				--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total		--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Medium Total				--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total				--	Receptor HQ Total				--

TABLE 10.13 RME
RISK SUMMARY
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Interim: Future
Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Respirator)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bachurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	See Table 10.16 RME for Cancer Risks					Hepatic	1	--	0.1	1
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	2	--	0.3	2
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	1	--	0.006	1
			Cyanide						Reproductive	2	--	0.007	2
			Thallium						Dermal	0.5	--	0.002	0.5
			Chemical Total							6	--	0.4	7
		Exposure Point Total									7		
		Exposure Medium Total									7		
Medium Total											7		
Receptor Total											7		
											Receptor HI Total	7	

TABLE 10.14 RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario: Lifetime: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residues)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organs	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bachurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	See Table 10.15 RME for Cancer Risk					Body Weight	0.06	--	0.01	0.07
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Hematologic, Immune	0.004	--	0.0003	0.004
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	0.7	--	0.10	0.8
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	0.07	--	0.003	0.07
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	1	--	0.2	1
			1,4-Dioxane						Hepatic	0.07	--	0.0003	0.07
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	0.6	--	0.004	0.6
			Cyanide						Reproductive	0.6	--	0.005	0.6
			Chemical Total							4	--	0.2	4
			Exposure Point Total										4
	Exposure Medium Total										4		
Air	Air	Bachurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane						Hepatic	--	0.4	--	0.4
			1,1,2-Trichloroethane						Respiratory	--	1	--	1
			1,1-Dichloroethene						Hepatic	--	3	--	3
			2-Hexanone						Nervous	--	0.2	--	0.2
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)						CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	5	--	5
			1,4-Dioxane						Respiratory	--	1	--	1
			Arsenic						Dermal, CVS	--	--	--	--
			Cyanide						Endocrine	--	11	--	11
			Chemical Total							--	22	--	22
			Exposure Point Total										22
	Exposure Medium Total										22		
Medium Total											26		
Receptor Total											26		
											Receptor HI Total	26	

TABLE 10.15 RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Lifetime Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (70/3, 800 Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residuum)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bachurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.4E-05	--	1.1E-06	--	1.6E-05	See Tables 10.13 RME and 10.14 RME for hazard indices					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	1.4E-06	--	6.6E-06	--	1.5E-06						
			Bromodichloromethane	9.8E-07	--	9.8E-08	--	9.3E-07						
			Chloroform	1.1E-06	--	8.9E-08	--	1.1E-06						
			Trichloroethane (Mutagenic)	7.2E-06	--	1.1E-06	--	8.3E-06						
			Trichloroethane (Nonmutagenic)	9.2E-06	--	1.4E-06	--	1.1E-05						
			Vinyl chloride	4.6E-05	--	2.7E-06	--	4.9E-05						
			1,4-Dioxane	9.6E-05	--	3.2E-07	--	9.6E-05						
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.6E-06	--	--	--	2.6E-06						
			Aldrin	5.6E-06	--	--	--	5.6E-06						
			Dieldrin	1.2E-06	--	2.3E-06	--	3.6E-06						
			Arsenic	1.5E-04	--	2.6E-07	--	1.5E-04						
			Chromium	2.7E-04	--	1.0E-04	--	3.7E-04						
			Chemical Total	5.9E-04	--	1.1E-04	--	7.1E-04						
	Exposure Point Total					7.1E-04								
	Exposure Medium Total					7.1E-04								
	Air	Groundwater	Bachurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	--	4.3E-06	--	--	4.3E-06					
				1,2-Dichloroethane	--	4.4E-06	--	--	4.4E-06					
				Bromodichloromethane	--	3.6E-06	--	--	3.6E-06					
				Chloroform	--	8.3E-06	--	--	8.3E-06					
Trichloroethane (Mutagenic)				--	5.3E-06	--	--	5.3E-06						
Trichloroethane (Nonmutagenic)				--	8.2E-06	--	--	8.2E-06						
Vinyl chloride	--	5.1E-07	--	--	5.1E-07									
1,4-Dioxane	--	5.1E-05	--	--	5.1E-05									
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--									
Aldrin	--	1.5E-05	--	--	1.5E-05									
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--									
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--									
Chromium	--	--	--	--	--									
Chemical Total	--	1.4E-04	--	--	1.4E-04									
Exposure Point Total					1.4E-04									
Exposure Medium Total					1.4E-04									
Medium Total					8.5E-04									
Receptor Total					8.5E-04									

TABLE 10.16 RME
 RISK SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario: timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Unknown (Child 800 Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residuum)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Bachurst Drive Site	Arsenic	5E-05	--	6 5E-06	--	8E-05	Site Tables 10.16 RME and 10.17 RME for Hazard Indices				
			Chromium	1E-04	--	1E-04	--	8E-04					
			Chemical Total	2E-04	--	1E-04	--	8E-04					
	Exposure Point Total							8E-04					
	Exposure Medium Total							8E-04					
	Air	Bachurst Drive Site	Arsenic	--	2E-05	--	--	2E-05					
Chromium			--	1E-05	--	--	1E-05						
Chemical Total			--	1E-05	--	--	1E-05						
Exposure Point Total							1E-05						
Exposure Medium Total							1E-05						
Medium Total							8E-04						
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bachurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	1E-05	--	1E-06	--	2E-05					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	1E-05	--	7E-06	--	2E-05					
			Bromodichloromethane	9E-07	--	6E-08	--	9E-07					
			Chloroform	1E-05	--	9E-06	--	1E-05					
			Trichloroethane (Mutagenic)	7E-06	--	1E-06	--	8E-06					
			Trichloroethane (Nonmutagenic)	9E-06	--	1E-06	--	1E-05					
			Vinyl chloride	4E-05	--	3E-06	--	4E-05					
			1,4-Dioxane	1E-04	--	3E-07	--	1E-04					
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3E-06	--	--	--	3E-06					
			Aldrin	5E-06	--	--	--	5E-06					
			Dieldrin	1E-06	--	2E-06	--	4E-06					
			Arsenic	2E-04	--	8E-07	--	2E-04					
			Chromium	3E-04	--	1E-04	--	4E-04					
Chemical Total			6E-04	--	1E-04	--	7E-04						
Exposure Point Total							7E-04						
Exposure Medium Total							7E-04						
Groundwater	Air	Bachurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	--	4E-05	--	--	4E-05					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	4E-05	--	--	4E-05					
			Bromodichloromethane	--	6E-06	--	--	6E-06					
			Chloroform	--	8E-06	--	--	8E-06					
			Trichloroethane (Mutagenic)	--	5E-06	--	--	5E-06					
			Trichloroethane (Nonmutagenic)	--	8E-06	--	--	8E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	--	5E-07	--	--	5E-07					
			1,4-Dioxane	--	5E-05	--	--	5E-05					
			Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--					
			Aldrin	--	2E-05	--	--	2E-05					
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--					
			Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chromium	--	--	--	--	--					
Chemical Total			--	1E-04	--	--	1E-04						
Exposure Point Total							1E-04						
Exposure Medium Total							1E-04						
Medium Total							8E-04						
Receptor Risk Total								1E-03					

TABLE 10.1 CTE
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
			Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
			Exposure Medium Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Medium Total														
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
			Exposure Point Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
			Exposure Medium Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Medium Total														
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total					--	Receptor HQ Total				

TABLE 10.2.CTE
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkhomen Creek		See Table 10.2.CTE for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total						--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perkhomen Creek		All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels									
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total						--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Receptor Total												Receptor HI Total	--

TABLE 10.3.CTE
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent - Current
 Receptor Population: Recreational Users
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkhomen Creek		See Table 10.2.CTE for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total						--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perkhomen Creek		See Table 10.2.CTE for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total						--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Receptor Total												Receptor HI Total	--

TABLE 10.8.C.1E
RISK SUMMARY
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Imminent Future
Receptor Population: Farmers
Receptor Age: 1 (Infants/Children and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Surface/Subsurface Soil	Surface/Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Arsenic	2E-05	--	1E-06	--	2E-05	See Tables 10.8.C.1E and 10.7.C.1E for Hazard Indices				
			Chromium	3E-05	--	2E-05	--	5E-05					
			Chemical Total	4E-05	--	2E-05	--	6E-05					
	Exposure Medium Total							6E-05					
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Arsenic	--	4E-09	--	--	4E-09					
			Chromium	--	2E-07	--	--	2E-07					
			Chemical Total	--	2E-07	--	--	2E-07					
			Exposure Point Total					2E-07					
	Exposure Medium Total							2E-07					
	Medium Total							8E-05					
Groundwater	Groundwater Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	4E-06	--	7E-07	--	4E-06					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	4E-07	--	4E-08	--	4E-07					
			Bromochloromethane	2E-07	--	4E-08	--	2E-07					
			Chloroform	3E-07	--	5E-08	--	3E-07					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	2E-06	--	5E-07	--	2E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	2E-06	--	9E-07	--	3E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	2E-05	--	2E-06	--	2E-05					
			1,4-Dioxane	2E-05	--	2E-07	--	3E-05					
			Aldrin	1E-06	--	0E+00	--	1E-06					
			Dieldrin	3E-07	--	1E-06	--	2E-06					
			Arsenic	4E-05	--	6E-07	--	4E-05					
			Chromium	6E-05	--	6E-05	--	1E-04					
			Chemical Total	2E-04	--	6E-05	--	2E-04					
Exposure Point Total							2E-04						
Exposure Medium Total							2E-04						
Medium Total							2E-04						
Groundwater	Air Potable Use	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	--	3E-05	--	--	3E-05					
			1,2-Dichloroethane	--	3E-06	--	--	3E-06					
			Bromochloromethane	--	4E-06	--	--	4E-06					
			Chloroform	--	6E-06	--	--	6E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	4E-06	--	--	4E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	6E-06	--	--	6E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	--	3E-07	--	--	3E-07					
			1,4-Dioxane	--	3E-05	--	--	3E-05					
			Aldrin	--	1E-05	--	--	1E-05					
			Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--					
			Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chromium	--	--	--	--	--					
			Chemical Total	--	1E-04	--	--	1E-04					
Exposure Point Total							1E-04						
Exposure Medium Total							1E-04						
Medium Total							1E-04						
Groundwater	Groundwater - Irrigation	Baghurst Drive Site	All Cancer Risks Within Acceptable Levels										
			Chemical Total										
			Exposure Point Total										
			Exposure Medium Total										
Air - Air	Baghurst Drive Site	All Cancer Risks Within Acceptable Levels											
		Chemical Total											
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Receptor Total							4E-04						

Notes:
1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

TABLE 10.8 CTE
RISK SUMMARY
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Child

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk				Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient							
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total					See Table 10.11 CTE for Cancer Risks				All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total										--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total														
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total										--	--	--	--
		Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total															
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total										--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total														
Medium Total															
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total										--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total														
Medium Total															
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total										--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total														
Medium Total															
Sediment	Sediment	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total									All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels			
		Exposure Point Total										--	--	--	--
	Exposure Medium Total														
Medium Total															
										Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream				--	
										Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perfomen Creek				--	

TABLE 10.10 CTE
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total						All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total						--	--	--	--		
	Exposure Medium Total												
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total						All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total						--	--	--	--		
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total						All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total						--	--	--	--		
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total						All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total						--	--	--	--		
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total						All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total						--	--	--	--		
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perfomen Creek	Chemical Total						All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total						--	--	--	--		
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Receptor Total								Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream					
Receptor Total								Receptor HI Total - Subsurface Soil and Perfomen Creek					

TABLE 10.11 CTE
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Recreational User
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	See Tables 10.9.1.1.1e and 10.10.1.1.1e for Hazard Indices				
		Exposure Point Total											
	Exposure Medium Total												
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Surface Water	Surface Water	Perkamen Creek	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Sediment	Sediment	Perkamen Creek	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--					
		Exposure Point Total											
	Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total													
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Intermittent Stream					--				
Receptor Total				Receptor Risk Total - Subsurface Soil and Perkamen Creek					--				

TABLE 10.12 CTE
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
 PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Intermittent Future
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient					
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Radiation)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total	
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total												
	Exposure Medium Total													
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total												
		Exposure Medium Total												
Medium Total														
Surface Water	Surface Water	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total												
	Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total														
Sediment	Sediment	Intermittent Stream	Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Exposure Point Total												
	Exposure Medium Total													
Medium Total														
Receptor Total							Receptor Risk Total	--				Receptor HQ Total	--	

TABLE 10.13.C.1E
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario: Lifetime: Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: 0-100

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bachhurst Drive Site		See Table 10.15.C.1E for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Chemical Total							--	--	--	--	
		Exposure Point Total											
Exposure Medium Total												--	
Medium Total												--	
Receptor Total												Receptor HI Total	--

TABLE 10.15 CTE
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario: Imminent Future
 Receptor Population: Off-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Residence)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bachurst Drive Site		All Cancer Risks Within Acceptable Levels					See Tables 10.13 CTE and 10.14 CTE for Hazard Indices				
		Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--						
		Exposure-Medium Total					--						
	Air	Bachurst Drive Site		All Cancer Risks Within Acceptable Levels									
		Chemical Total	--	--	--	--	--						
		Exposure-Medium Total					--						
Medium Total					--								
Receptor Total					--								

TABLE 10.17.CTE
 RISK SUMMARY
 CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
 BACHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Scenario: Interim, Future
 Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Respirator)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Bachhurst Drive Site	Aluminum	See Table 10.19.CTE for Cancer Risks					All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total										
	Exposure Medium Total												
	Air	Bachhurst Drive Site	Aluminum	All Hazard Quotients Within Acceptable Levels									
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total										
		Exposure Medium Total											
Medium Total													
Groundwater	Groundwater	Bachhurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane					Body Weight	0.02	--	0.04	0.02	
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane					Hematologic, Immune	0.001	--	0.001	0.001		
	1,1-Dichloroethene					Hepatic	0.2	--	0.04	0.3			
	Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)					CVS, Immune, Developmental	0.4	--	0.07	0.4			
1,4-Dioxane					Hepatic, Urinary	0.02	--	0.001	0.02				
Arsenic					Dermal, CVS	0.3	--	0.001	0.3				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total					0.9	--	0.1	1		
		Exposure Medium Total									1		
Groundwater	Air	Bachhurst Drive Site	1,1,1-Trichloroethane					Hepatic	--	0.3	--	0.3	
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane					Respiratory	--	0.8	--	0.8		
	1,1-Dichloroethene					Hepatic	--	2	--	2			
	Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)					CVS, Immune, Developmental	--	3	--	3			
1,4-Dioxane					Nervous, Respiratory	--	0.0	--	0.0				
Arsenic					Dermal, CVS	--	7	--	7				
		Exposure Point Total	Chemical Total					--	7	--	7		
		Exposure Medium Total									7		
Medium Total											8		
Receptor Total											8		
											Receptor III Total	6	

TABLE 10.18.C.1E
RISK SUMMARY
CENTRAL TENDENCY EXPOSURES
BAGHURST DRIVE SITE, HARLEYSVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PAGE 1 OF 1

Scenario: Interim: Future
Receptor Population: On-Site Residents
Receptor Age: Lifetime (Child and Adult)

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical of Potential Concern	Carcinogenic Risk					Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	External (Resuspension)	Exposure Routes Total	Primary Target Organ(s)	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Subsurface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Baghurst Drive Site	Arsenic	4E-06	--	3E-07	--	4E-06	See Tables 10.16.C.1E and 10.17.C.1E for Hazard Indices				
			Chromium	1E-05	--	7E-06	--	2E-05					
			Chemical Total	2E-05	--	7E-06	--	2E-05					
			Exposure Point Total					2E-05					
	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	Arsenic	--	4E-09	--	--	4E-09					
			Chromium	--	2E-07	--	--	2E-07					
			Chemical Total	--	2E-07	--	--	2E-07					
			Exposure Point Total					2E-07					
			Exposure Medium Total					2E-07					
			Medium Total					2E-05					
Groundwater	Groundwater	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	2E-06	--	2E-07	--	2E-06					
			Chloroform	1E-07	--	1E-06	--	1E-07					
			Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	1E-06	--	2E-07	--	1E-06					
			Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	1E-06	--	2E-07	--	1E-06					
			Vinyl chloride	2E-05	--	2E-06	--	2E-05					
			1,4-Dioxane	1E-05	--	5E-06	--	1E-05					
			Aldrin	6E-07	--	--	--	6E-07					
			Arsenic	2E-05	--	8E-06	--	2E-05					
			Chromium	4E-05	--	1E-05	--	2E-05					
			Chemical Total	9E-05	--	2E-05	--	1E-04					
			Exposure Point Total					1E-04					
			Exposure Medium Total					1E-04					
			Groundwater	Air	Baghurst Drive Site	1,1-Dichloroethane	--	1E-05	--	--	1E-05		
Chloroform	--	2E-06				--	--	2E-06					
Trichloroethene (Mutagenic)	--	1E-06				--	--	1E-06					
Trichloroethene (Nonmutagenic)	--	2E-06				--	--	2E-06					
Vinyl chloride	--	1E-07				--	--	1E-07					
1,4-Dioxane	--	1E-05				--	--	1E-05					
Aldrin	--	4E-06				--	--	4E-06					
Arsenic	--	--				--	--	--					
Chromium	--	--				--	--	--					
Chemical Total	--	3E-05				--	--	3E-05					
Exposure Point Total								3E-05					
Exposure Medium Total								3E-05					
Medium Total								1E-04					
Receptor Total					2E-04								

Notes:
1 - Mutagenic chemicals were evaluated in accordance with USEPA's Supplemental Guidance for Assessing Susceptibility from Early-Life Exposure to Carcinogens (2005).

APPENDIX D – PADEP Concurrence Letter



May 11, 2022

Mr. Paul Leonard, Director
Superfund & Emergency Management Division
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region III
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Re: Record of Decision (ROD) Concurrence Clarification
Baghurst Superfund Site
Upper Salford Township, Montgomery County

Dear Mr. Leonard:

The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) has received and reviewed the Record of Decision (ROD) for the Baghurst Superfund Site (Site) in Upper Salford Township, Montgomery County. This ROD presents the selected remedial action to prevent future potential human exposure to volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the groundwater, soil, and soil gas and to prevent future release of VOCs to the environment from the impacted soil that would result in groundwater contamination in excess of the cleanup standards.

The selected remedy for the Site includes the following major components:

- In Situ Thermal Remediation (ISTR) to treat sub-surface soils and groundwater within the Source Area;
- In Situ Chemical Oxidation (ISCO) to treat groundwater Hot-Spot areas;
- Groundwater and vapor intrusion monitoring; and
- Institutional Controls (ICs) to prohibit the installation of new groundwater wells at the Site, to prevent disturbance of any component of the Remedial Action, and to require that new residential construction at the Site receive prior written approval from EPA, in consultation with PADEP.

This letter clarifies the previous concurrence issued on April 12, 2022. DEP hereby concurs with EPA's proposed remedy with the following conditions:

- DEP will be given the opportunity to review and comment on documents and provide meaningful input regarding decisions related to the design and implementation of the remedial action, to assure compliance with Pennsylvania's Applicable, Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) and to be considered requirements (TBCs).

- ICs that implement the Activity and Use Limitations (AULs) may be in the form of Environmental Covenants (ECs), pursuant the Section 6517(a)(1) of the Pennsylvania Uniform Environmental Covenants Act (UECA), 27 Pa.C.S. § 6517(a)(1) or Administrative Orders issued under Section 512(a) of HSCA. When ECs are implemented, they will need to comply with Section 6517(a)(1) of the UECA, 27 Pa.C.S. § 6517(a)(1). In cases where property owners refuse to execute an EC, at EPA's request, DEP may issue an Administrative Order under Section 512(a) of HSCA, to implement such restrictions directly. Section 512(a) states that "[a] site at which hazardous substances remain after completion of a response action shall not be put to a use which would disturb or be inconsistent with the response action implemented."
- DEP will have the opportunity to review and comment before any modification to the ROD and the issuance of an Explanation of Significant Difference (ESD).
- State cost share and O&M obligations will be further clarified during design of the remedy and the completion of a Superfund State Contract.
- EPA will assure that the DEP is provided an opportunity to fully participate in any negotiations with responsible parties.
- DEP reserves the right and responsibility to take independent enforcement actions pursuant to state law.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment and concur on this EPA Record of Decision. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,



Patrick L. Patterson
Regional Director
Southeast Regional Office

cc: Mr. Hanieko, EPA Region III
Mr. R. Patel
Ms. Wagner
Ms. McClennen
Mr. Crooks
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Thomas, Esq.
File